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THE

# WORKS

OF

# WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE.

*VOLUME SECOND.*

OWENS COLLEGE LIBRARY MANCHESTER.

THE

# WORKS

OF

# WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE.

*VOLUME SECOND.*

CONTAINING

MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING,
THE MERCHANT OF VENICE,
LOVE'S LABOUR'S LOST,
AS YOU LIKE IT,
THE TAMING OF THE SHREW.

EDINBURGH:

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# MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING *.

## DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

Don Pedro, *Prince of Arragon.*
Leonato, *Governor of Meſſina.*
Don John, *baſtard-brother to Don Pedro.*
Claudio, *a young Lord of Florence, favourite to Don Pedro.*
Benedick, *a young Lord of Padua, favoured likewiſe by Don Pedro.*
Balthazar, *ſervant to Don Pedro.*
Antonio, *brother to Leonato.*
Borachio, *confident to Don John.*
Conrade, *friend to Borachio.*
Dogberry, Verges, } *two fooliſh officers.*
Hero, *daughter to Leonato.*
Beatrice, *niece to Leonato.*
Margaret, Urſula, } *two gentlewomen attending on Hero.*
*A Friar, Meſſenger, Watch, Town-Clerk, Sexton, and Attendants.*

*SCENE, Meſſina in Sicily.*

## ACT I. SCENE I.

*A court before Leonato's houſe.*

*Enter Leonato, Hero, and Beatrice, with a Meſſenger.*

*Leon.* I LEARN in this letter, that Don Pedro of Arragon comes this night to Meſſina.

*Meſſ.* He is very near by this: he was not three leagues off when I left him.

*Leon.* How many gentlemen have you loſt in this action?

*Meſſ.* But few of any ſort, and none of name.

*Leon.* A victory is twice itſelf, when the atchiever brings home full numbers; I find here, that Don Pedro hath beſtowed much honour on a young Florentine, called Claudio.

*Meſſ.* Much deſerved on his part, and equally remembered by Don Pedro: he hath borne himſelf be-



* The ſtory from Arioſto, *Orl. Fur. l. 5. Mr. Pope.*

yond the promiſe of his age, doing in the figure of a lamb the feats of a lion: he hath indeed better bett'er'd expectation, than you muſt expect of me to tell you how.

*Leon.* He hath an uncle here in Meſſina will be very much glad of it.

*Meſſ.* I have already delivered him letters, and there appears much joy in him; even ſo much, that joy could not ſhew itſelf modeſt enough, without a badge of bitterneſs.

*Leon.* Did he break out into tears?

*Meſſ.* In great meaſure.

*Leon.* A kind overflow of kindneſs. There are no faces truer than thoſe that are ſo waſhed. How much better is it to weep at joy, than to joy at weeping!

*Beat.* I pray you, is Signior Montanto * returned from the wars, or no?

*Meſſ.* I know none of that name, Lady; there was none ſuch in the army of any ſort.

*Leon.* What is he that you aſk for; niece?

*Hero.* My couſin means Signior Benedick of Padua.

*Meſſ.* O, he's return'd, and as pleaſant as ever he was.

*Beat.* He ſet up his bills here in Meſſina, and challeng'd Cupid at the flight; and my uncle's fool reading the challenge, ſubſcribed for Cupid, and challenged "him at the bird-bolt. "I pray you, how many hath "he kill'd and eaten in theſe wars? but how many "hath he kill'd? for indeed I promis'd to eat all of his "killing"

*Leon.* Faith, niece, you tax Signior Benedick too much; but he'll be meet with you, I doubt it not.

*Meſſ.* He hath done good ſervice, Lady, in theſe wars.

*Beat.* "You had muſty victuals, and he hath holp "to eat it; he's a very valiant trencher-man, he hath "an excellent ſtomach"

*Meſſ.* And a good ſoldier too, Lady.

*Beat.* And a good ſoldier to a lady? but what is he to a lord?

*Meſſ.*

* She gives him this name, to ridicule in him the character of a bluſtering ſoldier, the word *montanto* in Spaniſh ſignifying a *two handed ſword.*

*Meſſ.* A lord to a lord, a man to a man, ſtuff'd with all honourable virtues.

*Beat.* It is ſo, indeed: he is no leſs than a ſtuff'd man: but for the ſtuffing,——well, we are all mortal.

*Leon.* You muſt not, Sir miſtake my niece; there is a kind of merry war betwixt Signior Benedick and her; they never meet, but there's a ſkirmiſh of wit between them.

*Beat.* Alas, he gets nothing by that. In our laſt conflict, four of his five wits went halting off, and now is the whole man govern'd with one: ſo that, if he have wit enough to keep himſelf from harm, let him bear it for a difference between himſelf and his horſe; for it is all the wealth that he hath left, to be known a reaſonable creature. Who is his companion now? he hath every month a new ſworn brother.

*Meſſ.* Is it poſſible?

*Beat.* Very eaſily poſſible; he wears his faith but as the faſhion of his hat, it ever changes with the next block.

*Meſſ.* I ſee, Lady, the gentleman is not in your books.

*Beat.* "No; an he were, I would burn my ſtudy. "But, I pray you, who is his companion? is there no "young ſquarer now that will make a voyage with him "to the devil?"

*Meſſ.* He is moſt in the company of the Right Noble Claudio.

*Beat.* O Lord, he will hang upon him like a diſeaſe; he is ſooner caught than the peſtilence, and the taker runs preſently mad. God help the Noble Claudio, if he have caught the Benedick; it will coſt him a thouſand pounds ere he be cur'd.

*Meſſ.* I will hold friends with you, Lady.

*Beat.* Do, good friend.

*Leon.* You'll ne'er run mad, niece.

*Beat.* No, not till a hot January.

*Meſſ.* Don Pedro is approach'd.

## SCENE II.

*Enter Don Pedro, Claudio, Benedick, Balthazar, and Don John.*

*Pedro.* Good Signior Leonato, you are come to meet your trouble: the faſhion of the world is to avoid coſt, and you encounter it.

*Leon.* Never came trouble to my houſe in the likeneſs of your Grace: for trouble being gone, comfort ſhould remain; but when you depart from me, ſorrow abides, and happineſs takes his leave.

*Pedro.* You embrace your charge too willingly; I think this is your daughter.

*Leon.* Her mother hath many times told me ſo.

*Bene.* Were you in doubt, Sir, that you aſk'd her?

*Leon.* Signior Benedick, no; for then were you a child.———

*Pedro.* You have it full, Benedick; we may gueſs by this what you are, being a man: truly the lady fathers herſelf; be happy, Lady, for you are like an honourable father.

*Bene.* If Signior Leonato be her father, ſhe would not have his head on her ſhoulders for all Meſſina, as like him as ſhe is.

*Beat.* I wonder that you will ſtill be talking, Signior Benedick; no body marks you.

*Bene.* What, my dear Lady Diſdain! are you yet living?

*Beat.* Is it poſſible Diſdain ſhould die, while ſhe hath ſuch meet food to feed it as Signior Benedick? Courteſy itſelf muſt convert to Diſdain, if you come in her preſence.

*Bene.* Then is Courteſy a turn-coat; but it is certain I am lov'd of all ladies, only you excepted; and I would I could find in my heart that I had not a hard heart; for truly I love none.

*Beat.* A dear happineſs to women; they would elſe have been troubled with a pernicious ſuitor. I thank God and my cold blood, I am of your humour for that; I had rather hear my dog bark at a crow, than a man ſwear he loves me.

*Bene.*

*Bene.* God keep your Ladyſhip ſtill in that mind! ſo ſome gentleman or other ſhall ſcape a predeſtinate ſcratch'd face.

*Beat.* "Scratching could not make it worſe, an 'twere "ſuch a face as yours were."

*Bene.* Well, you are a rare parrot-teacher.

*Beat.* A bird of my tongue is better than a beaſt of yours.

*Bene.* I would my horſe had the ſpeed of your tongue, and ſo good a continuer; but keep your way o' God's name, I have done.

*Beat.* You always end with a jade's trick; I know you of old.

*Pedro.* This is the ſum of all: Leonato,—Signior Claudio, and Signior Benedick,———my dear friend Leonato hath invited you all; I tell him, we ſhall ſtay here at the leaſt a month; and he heartily prays ſome occaſion may detain us longer: I dare ſwear he is no hypocrite, but prays from his heart.

*Leon.* If you ſwear, my Lord, you ſhall not be forſworn.——— Let me bid you welcome, my Lord, being reconciled to the Prince your brother; I owe you all duty.

*John.* I thank you; I am not of many words, but I thank you.

*Leon.* Pleaſe it your Grace lead on?

*Pedro.* Your hand, Leonato; we will go together.

[*Exeunt all but Benedick and Claudio.*

## SCENE III.

*Claud.* Benedick, didſt thou note the daughter of Signior Leonato?

*Bene.* I noted her not, but I look'd on her.

*Claud.* Is ſhe not a modeſt young lady?

*Bene.* Do you queſtion me, as an honeſt man ſhould do, for my ſimple true judgment? or would you have me ſpeak after my cuſtom, as being a profeſſed tyrant to their ſex?

*Claud.* No, I pr'ythee, ſpeak in ſober judgment.

*Bene.* Why, i' faith, methinks ſhe is too low for an high praiſe, too brown for a fair praiſe, and too little for a great praiſe; only this commendation I can "afford

" her, that were ſhe other than ſhe is, ſhe were unhand-
" ſome: and being no other but as ſhe is, I do not like
" her."

*Claud.* Thou think'ſt I am in ſport; I pray thee, tell me truly how thou lik'ſt her.

*Bene.* Would you buy her, that you inquire after her?

*Claud.* Can the world buy ſuch a jewel?

*Bene.* Yea, and a caſe to put it into; but ſpeak you this with a ſad brow? or do you play the flouting Jack, to tell us, Cupid is a good hare-finder, and Vulcan a rare carpenter? Come, in what key ſhall a man take you to go in the ſong?

*Claud.* In mine eye, ſhe is the ſweeteſt lady that I ever look'd on.

*Bene.* I can ſee yet without ſpectacles, and I ſee no ſuch matter; there's her couſin, if ſhe were not poſſeſs'd with ſuch a fury, exceeds her as much in beauty, as the firſt of May doth the laſt of December. But I hope you have no intent to turn huſband, have you?

*Claud.* I would ſcarce truſt myſelf, though I had ſworn the contrary, if Hero would be my wife.

*Bene.* Is't come to this, in faith? hath not the world one man, but he will wear his cap with ſuſpicion? ſhall I never ſee a bachelor of threeſcore again? Go to, i'faith, if thou wilt needs thruſt thy neck into a yoke, wear the print of it, and ſigh away Sundays. Look, Don Pedro is return'd to ſeek you.

## SCENE IV. *Re-enter Don Pedro.*

*Pedro.* What ſecret hath held you here, that you follow'd not to Leonato's houſe?

*Bene.* I would your Grace would conſtrain me to tell.

*Pedro.* I charge thee on thy allegiance.

*Bene.* You hear, Count Claudio, I can be ſecret as a dumb man, I would have you think ſo; but on my allegiance, mark you this, on my allegiance:——he is in love; with whom? now that is your Grace's part: mark, how ſhort his anſwer is, with Hero, Leonato's ſhort daughter.

*Claud.* If this were ſo, ſo were it uttered.

*Bene.* Like the old tale, my Lord, it is not ſo, nor 'twas

'twas not ſo; but, indeed, God forbid it ſhould be ſo.

*Claud.* If my paſſion change not ſhortly, God forbid it ſhould be otherwiſe.

*Pedro.* Amen, if you love her; for the lady is very well worthy.

*Claud* You ſpeak this to fetch me in, my Lord.

*Pedro.* By my troth, I ſpeak my thought.

*Claud.* And, in faith, my Lord, I ſpoke mine.

*Bene.* And by my two faiths and troths, my Lord, I ſpeak mine.

*Claud.* That I love her, I feel.

*Pedro.* That ſhe is worthy, I know.

*Bene.* That I neither feel how ſhe ſhould be loved, nor know how ſhe ſhould be worthy, is the opinion that fire cannot melt out of me; I will die in it at the ſtake.

*Pedro.* Thou waſt ever an obſtinate heretic in the deſpight of beauty.

*Claud.* And never could maintain his part, but in the force of his will.

*Bene.* That a woman conceived me, I thank her; that ſhe brought me up, I likewiſe give her moſt humble thanks; but that I will have a recheate winded in my forehead, or hang my bugle in an inviſible baldric, all women ſhall pardon me; becauſe I will not do them the wrong to miſtruſt any, I will do myſelf the right to truſt none; and the fine is, (for the which I may go the finer,) I will live a bachelor.

*Pedro.* I ſhall ſee thee, ere I die, look pale with love.

*Bene* "With anger, with ſickneſs, or with hunger, "my Lord, not with love: prove, that ever I loſe more "blood with love, than I will get again with drinking, pick out mine eyes with a ballad-maker's pen, and "hang me up at the door of a brothel-houſe for the "ſign of blind Cupid."

*Pedro.* Well, if ever thou doſt fall from this faith, thou wilt prove a notable argument.

*Bene.* If I do, hang me in a bottle like a cat, and ſhoot at me; and he that hits me, let him be clapt on the ſhoulder and call'd Adam *.

*Pedro.*

* Alluding to one Adam Bell, a famous archer of old.

*Pedro.* Well, as time ſhall try; in time the ſavage bull doth bear the yoke.

*Bene.* The ſavage bull may; but if ever the ſenſible Benedick bear it, pluck off the bull's horns, and ſet them in my forehead, and let me be vilely painted; and in ſuch great letters as they write, *Here is good horſe to hire*, let them ſignify under my ſign, *Here you may ſee Benedick the marry'd man.*

*Claud.* If this ſhould ever happen, thou would'ſt be horn-mad.

*Pedro.* Nay, if Cupid hath not ſpent all his quiver in Venice*, thou wilt quake for this ſhortly.

*Bene.* I look for an earthquake too then.

*Pedro.* Well, you will temporiſe with the hours; in the mean time, good Signior Benedick, repair to Leonato's, commend me to him, and tell him I will not fail him at ſupper; for indeed he hath made great preparation.

*Bene.* I have almoſt matter enough in me for ſuch an embaſſage, and ſo I commit you———

*Claud.* To the tuition of God: From my houſe, if I had it,———

*Pedro.* The ſixth of July, your loving friend, Benedick.

*Bene.* Nay, mock not, mock not; the body of your diſcourſe is ſometime guarded with fragments, and the guards are but ſlightly beaſted on neither: ere you flout old ends any further, examine your conſcience, and ſo I leave you. [*Exit.*

## SCENE V.

*Claud.* My Liege, your Highneſs now may do me good.

*Pedro.* My love is thine to teach, teach it but how,
And thou ſhalt ſee how apt it is to learn
Any hard leſſon that may do thee good.

*Claud.*

* Beſides that Venice is as remarkable for freedoms in amorous intrigues as Cyprus was of old, there may be a farther conjecture why this expreſſion is here uſed. The Italians give to each of their principal cities a particular diſtinguiſhing title, as, *Roma la ſanta, Napoli la gentile, Genoa la ſuperba, &c.* and among the reſt it is *Venitia la ricca, Venice the wealthy.* A ſarcaſm, therefore, ſeems to be here implied, that money governs love.

*Claud.* Hath Leonato any ſon, my Lord?
*Pedro.* No child but Hero, ſhe's his only heir:
Doſt thou affect her, Claudio?
*Claud.* O my Lord,
When you went onward in this ended action,
I look'd upon her with a ſoldier's eye;
That lik'd, but had a rougher taſk in hand
Than to drive liking to the name of love;
But now I am return'd, and that war-thoughts
Have left their places vacant; in their rooms
Come thronging ſoft and delicate deſires,
All prompting me how fair young Hero is;
Saying, I lik'd her ere I went to wars.
*Pedro.* Thou wilt be like a lover preſently,
And tire the hearer with a book of words:
If thou doſt love fair Hero, cheriſh it,
And I will break with her: and with her father,
And thou ſhalt have her: was't not to this end
That thou began'ſt to twiſt ſo fine a ſtory?
*Claud.* How ſweetly do you miniſter to love,
That know love's grief by his complexion!
But leſt my liking might too ſudden ſeem,
I would have ſalv'd it with a longer treatiſe.
*Pedro.* What need the bridge much broader than the flood?
The faireſt grant is the neceſſity;
Look, what will ſerve, is fit; 'tis once, thou lov'ſt;
And I will fit thee with the remedy.
I know, we ſhall have revelling to-night;
I will aſſume thy part in ſome diſguiſe,
And tell fair Hero I am Claudio;
And in her boſom I'll unclaſp my heart,
And take her hearing priſoner with the force
And ſtrong encounter of my amorous tale:
Then, after, to her father will I break;
And the concluſion is, ſhe ſhall be thine.
In practice let us put it preſently. [*Exeunt.*

*Re-enter Leonato and Antonio.*

*Leon.* How now, brother, where is my couſin your ſon? hath he provided this muſic?

*Ant.*

*Ant.* He is very buſy about it; but, brother, I can tell you news that you yet dream'd not of.

*Leon.* Are they good?

*Ant.* As the event ſtamps them, but they have a good cover; they ſhow well outward. The Prince and Count Claudio, walking in a thick-pleached alley in my orchard, were thus overheard by a man of mine: The Prince diſcover'd to Claudio, that he lov'd my niece your daughter, and meant to acknowledge it this night in a dance; and if he found her accordant, he meant to take the preſent time by the top, and inſtantly break with you of it.

*Leon.* Hath the fellow any wit that told you this?

*Ant.* A good ſharp fellow; I will ſend for him, and queſtion him yourſelf.

*Leon.* No, no; we will hold it as a dream, till it appear itſelf: but I will acquaint my daughter withal, that ſhe may be the better prepared for anſwer, if peradventure this be true; go you and tell her of it. Couſins, you know what you have to do. [*Several croſs the ſtage here.*] O, I cry you mercy, friend, go you with me, and I will uſe your ſkill; good couſin, have a care this buſy time. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE VI.

*Changes to an apartment in Leonato's houſe.*

*Enter Don John and Conrade.*

*Conr.* What the good-jer, my Lord, why are you thus out of meaſure ſad?

*John.* There is no meaſure in the occaſion that breeds it, therefore the ſadneſs is without limit.

*Conr.* You ſhould hear reaſon.

*John.* And when I have heard it, what bleſſing bringeth it?

*Conr.* If not a preſent remedy, yet a patient ſufferance.

*John.* I wonder, that thou (being, as thou ſay'ſt thou art, born under Saturn) goeſt about to apply a moral medicine to a mortifying miſchief. I cannot hide what I am: I muſt be ſad when I have cauſe, and ſmile at no man's jeſts; eat when I have ſtomach, and wait for

for no man's leiſure; ſleep when I am drowſy, and tend on no man's buſineſs; laugh when I am merry, and claw no man in his humour.

*Conr.* Yea, but you muſt not make the full ſhow of this, till you may do it without controlement. You have of late ſtood out againſt your brother, and he hath ta'en you newly into his grace, where it is impoſſible you ſhould take root, but by the fair weather that you make yourſelf; it is needful that you frame the ſeaſon for your own harveſt.

*John.* I had rather be a canker in a hedge, than a roſe in his grace; and it better fits my blood to be diſdain'd of all, than to faſhion a carriage to rob love from any: in this (though I cannot be ſaid to be a flattering honeſt man) it muſt not be deny'd but I am a plain-dealing villain; I am truſted with a muzzel, and infranchiſed with a clog, therefore I have decreed not to ſing in my cage: if I had my mouth, I would bite; if I had my liberty, I would do my liking: in the mean time let me be that I am, and ſeek not to alter me.

*Conr.* Can you make no uſe of your diſcontent?

*John.* I will make all uſe of it, for I uſe it only. Who comes here? What news, Borachio?

*Enter Borachio.*

*Bora.* I came yonder from a great ſupper; the Prince, your brother, is royally entertain'd by Leonato, and I can give you intelligence of an intended marriage.

*John.* Will it ſerve for any model to build miſchief on? What is he for a fool, that betrothes himſelf to unquietneſs?

*Bora.* Marry, it is your brother's right hand.

*John.* Who, the moſt exquiſite Claudio?

*Bora.* Even he.

*John.* A proper Squire! and who, and who? Which way looks he?

*Bora.* Marry, on Hero, the daughter and heir of Leonato.

*John.* A very forward March chick! How come you to this?

*Bora.*

*Bora.* Being entertain'd for a perfumer, as I was ſmoking a muſty room, comes me the Prince and Claudio hand in hand in ſad conference. I whipt behind the arras, and there heard it agreed upon, that the Prince ſhould woo Hero for himſelf; and having obtain'd her, give her to Count Claudio.

*John.* Come, come, let us thither; this may prove food to my diſpleaſure: that young ſtart-up hath all the glory of my overthrow. If I can croſs him any way, I bleſs myſelf every way; you are both ſure, and will aſſiſt me.

*Conr.* To the death, my Lord.

*John.* Let us to the great ſupper; their cheer is the greater that I am ſubdu'd; would the cook were of my mind!——Shall we go prove what's to be done?

*Bora.* We'll wait upon your Lordſhip. [*Exeunt.*

## ACT II. SCENE I.

*A hall in Leonato's houſe.*

*Enter Leonato, Antonio, Hero, Beatrice, Margaret, and Urſula.*

*Leon.* WAS not Count John here at ſupper?

*Ant.* I ſaw him not.

*Beat.* How tartly that gentleman looks! I never can ſee him, but I am heart-burn'd an hour after.

*Hero.* He is of a very melancholy diſpoſition.

*Beat.* He were an excellent man, that were made juſt in the mid-way between him and Benedick: the one is too like an image, and ſays nothing, and the other too like my Lady's eldeſt ſon, evermore tatling.

*Leon.* Then half Signior Benedick's tongue in Count John's mouth, and half Count John's melancholy in Signior Benedick's face———

*Beat.* With a good leg, and a good foot, uncle, and money enough in his purſe, ſuch a man would win any woman in the world, if he could get her good-will.

*Leon.* By my troth, niece, thou wilt never get thee a huſband, if thou be ſo ſhrewd of thy tongue.

*Ant.* In faith, ſhe's too curs'd.

*Beat.*

*Beat.* Too curs'd is more than curs'd. I ſhall leſſen God's ſending that way: for it is ſaid, God ſends a curs'd cow ſhort horns; but to a cow too curs'd, he ſends none.

*Leon.* So, by being too curs'd, God will ſend you no horns.

*Beat.* Juſt if he ſend me no huſband; for the which bleſſing I am at him upon my knees every morning and evening. Lord! I could not endure a huſband with a beard on his face, I had rather lie in woollen.

*Leon.* You may light upon a huſband that hath no beard.

*Beat.* What ſhould I do with him? dreſs him in my apparel, and make him my waiting-gentlewoman? He that hath a beard is more than a youth, and he that hath no beard is leſs than a man; and he that is more than a youth, is not for me; and he that is leſs than a man, I am not for him: therefore I will even take ſixpence in earneſt of the bear-herd, and lead his apes into hell*.

*Ant.* Well, niece, I truſt, you will be rul'd by your father. [*To Hero.*

*Beat.* Yes, faith, it is my couſin's duty to make curtſy, and ſay, *Father, as it pleaſes you;* but yet for all that, couſin, let him be a handſome fellow, or elſe make another curtſy, and ſay, *Father, as it pleaſes me.*

*Leon.* Well, niece, I hope to ſee you one day fitted with a huſband.

*Beat.* Not till God make men of ſome other metal than earth. Would it not grieve a woman to be overmaſter'd with a piece of valiant duſt? to make account of her life to a clod of wayward marle? No, uncle, I'll none; Adam's ſons are my brethren, and truly, I hold it a ſin to match in my kindred.



* ——into hell.

*Leon.* Well then, go you into hell.——

*Beat.* No, but to the gate; and there will the devil meet me, like an old cuckold, with his horns on his head, and ſay, Get you to heaven, Beatrice, get you to heav'n, here's no place for you maids. So deliver I up my apes, and away to St. Peter, for the heav'ns; he ſhews me where the bachelors ſit, and there live we as merry as the day is long.

*Ant.* Well, niece, &c.

*Leon.* Daughter, remember, what I told you; if the Prince do ſolicit you in that kind, you know your anſwer.

*Beat.* The fault will be in the muſic, couſin, if you be not woo'd in good time. If the Prince be too importunate, tell him, there is meaſure in every thing, and ſo dance out the anſwer: for hear me, Hero, wooing, wedding, and repenting, is as a Scotch jig, a meaſure, and a cinque-pace; the firſt ſuit is hot and haſty, like a Scotch jig, and full as fantaſtical; the wedding mannerly-modeſt, as a meaſure, full of ſtate and anchentry; and then comes repentance, and with his bad legs falls into the cinque-pace faſter and faſter, till he ſinks into his grave.

*Leon.* Couſin, you apprehend paſſing ſhrewdly.

*Beat.* I have a good eye, uncle, I can ſee a church by day-light.

*Leon.* The revellers are entering, brother; make good room.

## SCENE II.

*Enter Don Pedro, Claudio, Benedick, Balthazar and others in maſquerade.*

*Pedro.* Lady, will you walk with your friend?

*Hero.* So you walk ſoftly, and look ſweetly, and ſay nothing, I am yours for the walk, and eſpecially when I walk away.

*Pedro.* With me in your company?

*Hero.* I may ſay ſo when I pleaſe.

*Pedro.* And when pleaſe you to ſay ſo?

*Hero.* When I like your favour; for God defend, the lute ſhould be like the caſe!

*Pedro.* My viſor is Philemon's roof; within the houſe is Jove.

*Hero.* Why, then your viſor ſhould be thatch'd.

*Pedro. Speak low, if you ſpeak love* *.

*Balth.* Well; I would you did like me.

*Marg.* So would not I for your own ſake, for I have many ill qualities.

*Balth.* Which is one?

*Marg.*

* This ſeems to be a line quoted from a ſong, or ſome verſes, commonly known at that time.

*Marg.* I ſay my prayers aloud.

*Balth.* I love you the better; the hearers may cry *Amen.*

*Marg.* God match me with a good dancer!

*Balth.* Amen.

*Marg.* And God keep him out of my ſight when the dance is done! Anſwer, clerk.

*Balth.* No more words, the clerk is anſwer'd.

*Urſ.* I know you well enough; you are Signior Antonio.

*Ant.* At a word, I am not.

*Urſ.* I know you by the wagling of your head.

*Ant.* To tell you true, I counterfeit him.

*Urſ.* You could never do him ſo ill-well, unleſs you were the very man: here's his dry hand up and down; you are he, you are he.

*Ant.* At a word, I am not.

*Urſ.* Come, come, do you think I do not know you by your excellent wit? can virtue hide itſelf? Go to, mum, you are he; graces will appear, and there's an end.

*Beat.* Will you not tell me, who told you ſo?

*Bene.* No, you ſhall pardon me.

*Beat.* Nor will you not tell me who you are?

*Bene.* Not now.

*Beat.* That I was diſdainful, and that I had my good wit out of *The hundred merry tales;* well, this was Signior Benedick that ſaid ſo.

*Bene.* What's he?

*Beat.* I am ſure you know him well enough.

*Bene.* Not I, believe me.

*Beat.* Did he never make you laugh?

*Bene.* I pray you, what is he?

*Beat.* Why, he is the Prince's jeſter: a very dull fool, only his gift is in deviſing impaſſable ſlanders. None but libertines delight in him; and the commendation is not in his wit, but in his villainy; for he both pleaſeth men and angers them, and then they laugh at him, and beat him. I am ſure he is in the fleet: I would he had boarded me.

*Bene.* When I know the gentleman, I'll tell him what you ſay.

*Beat.* Do, do; he'll but break a compariſon or two on me; which, peradventure, not mark'd, or not laugh'd at, ſtrikes him into melancholy, and then there's a partridge-wing ſav'd, for the fool will eat no ſupper that night. We muſt follow the leaders. [*Muſic within.*

*Bene.* In every good thing.

*Beat.* Nay, if they lead to any ill, I will leave them at the next turning. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE III.

*Manent John, Borachio, and Claudio.*

*John.* Sure, my brother is amorous on Hero, and hath withdrawn her father to break with him about it; the ladies follow her, and but one viſor remains.

*Bora.* And that is Claudio; I know him by his bearing.

*John.* Are you not Signior Benedick?

*Claud.* You know me well, I am he.

*John.* Signior, you are very near my brother in his love, he is enamour'd on Hero: I pray you, diſſuade him from her, ſhe is no equal for his birth; you may do the part of an honeſt man in it.

*Claud.* How know ye he loves her?

*John.* I heard him ſwear his affection.

*Bora.* So did I too, and he ſwore he would marry her to-night.

*John.* Come, let us to the banquet.

[*Exeunt John and Bora.*

*Claud.* Thus anſwer I in name of Benedick,
But hear this ill news with the ears of Claudio.
'Tis certain ſo, the Prince wooes for himſelf.
Friendſhip is conſtant in all other things,
Save in the office and affairs of love;
Therefore all hearts, in love, uſe your own tongues!
Let every eye negotiate for itſelf,
And truſt no agent; beauty is a witch,
Againſt whoſe charms faith melteth into blood.
This is an accident of hourly proof,
Which I miſtruſted not. Farewell then, Hero!

*Enter Benedick.*

*Bene.* Count Claudio? *Claud.*

*Claud.* Yea, the ſame.

*Bene.* Come, will you go with me?

*Claud.* Whither.

*Bene.* Even to the next willow, about your own buſineſs, Count. What faſhion will you wear the garland of? about your neck, like an uſurer's chain? or under your arm, like a lieutenant's ſcarf? you muſt wear it one way, for the Prince hath got your Hero.

*Claud.* I wiſh him joy of her.

*Bene.* Why, that's ſpoken like an honeſt drover; ſo they ſell bullocks: but did you think the Prince would have ſerved you thus?

*Claud.* I pray you leave me.

*Bene.* Ho! now you ſtrike like the blind man; 'twas the boy that ſtole your meat, and you'll beat the poſt.

*Claud.* If it will not be, I'll leave you. [*Exit.*

*Bene.* Alas, poor hurt fowle! now will he creep into ſedges. But, that my Lady Beatrice ſhould know me, and not know me! The Prince's fool! ha? it may be I go under that title, becauſe I am merry; yea, but ſo I am apt to do myſelf wrong. I am not ſo reputed. It is the baſe (tho' bitter) diſpoſition of Beatrice, that puts the world into her perſon, and ſo gives me out; well, I'll be reveng'd as I may.

## SCENE IV. *Enter Don Pedro.*

*Pedro.* Now, Signior, where's the Count? did you ſee him?

*Bene.* Troth, my Lord, I have play'd the part of Lady Fame. I found him here as melancholy as a lodge in a warren, I told him, (and I think told him true,) that your Grace had got the will of this young lady; and I offer'd him my company to a willow-tree, either to make him a garland, as being forſaken; or to bind him up a rod, as being worthy to be whipt.

*Pedro.* To be whipt! what's his fault?

*Bene.* The flat tranſgreſſion of a ſchool-boy; who, being overjoy'd with finding a bird's neſt, ſhews it his companion, and he ſteals it.

*Pedro.* Wilt thou make a truſt, a tranſgreſſion? The tranſgreſſion is in the ſtealer.

*Bene.* Yet it had not been amiſs the rod had been made, and the garland too; for the garland he might have worn himſelf, and the rod he might have beſtow'd on you, who (as I take it) have ſtol'n his bird's neſt.

*Pedro.* I will but teach them to ſing, and reſtore them to the owner.

*Bene.* If their ſinging anſwer your ſaying, by my faith, you ſay honeſtly.

*Pedro.* The Lady Beatrice hath a quarrel to you; the gentleman that danc'd with her told her, ſhe is much wrong'd by you.

*Bene.* "O, ſhe miſus'd me paſt the endurance of a "block; an oak, but with one green leaf on it, would "have anſwer'd her; my very viſor began to aſſume life, "and ſcold with her; ſhe told me, not thinking I had "been myſelf, that I was the Prince's jeſter, and that I "was duller than a great thaw; huddling jeſt upon jeſt, "with ſuch impaſſable conveyance upon me, that I ſtood "like a man at a mark, with a whole army ſhooting at "me: ſhe ſpeaks poniards, and every word ſtabs. If "her breath were as terrible as her terminations, there "were no living near her; ſhe would infect to the north-"ſtar." I would not marry her, though ſhe were endowed with all that Adam had left him before he tranſgreſſed: ſhe would have made Hercules have turn'd ſpit; yea, and have cleft his club to make the fire too. Come, talk not of her, you ſhall find her the infernal Até in good apparel. I would to God ſome ſcholar would conjure her: for, certainly, while ſhe is here, a man may live as quiet in hell as in a ſanctuary, and people ſin upon purpoſe, becauſe they would go thither; ſo indeed all diſquiet, horror, and perturbation follow her.

## SCENE V.

*Enter Claudio, Beatrice, Leonato, and Hero.*

*Pedro.* Look, here ſhe comes.

*Bene.* Will your Grace command me any ſervice to the world's end? I will go on the ſlighteſt errand now to the Antipodes that you can deviſe to ſend me on: I will fetch you a tooth-picker now from the fartheſt inch of

of Aſia: bring you the length of Preſter John's foot; fetch you a hair off the great Cham's beard; do you any ambaſſage to the pigmies, rather than hold three words conference with this harpy. You have no employment for me?

*Pedro.* None, but to deſire your good company.

*Bene.* O God, Sir, here's a diſh I love not. I cannot endure this Lady Tongue.

*Pedro.* Come, Lady, come; you have loſt the heart of Signior Benedick.

*Beat.* Indeed, my Lord, he lent it me a while, and I gave him uſe for it, a double heart for a ſingle one; marry, once before he won it of me with falſe dice, therefore your Grace may well ſay I have loſt it.

*Pedro.* You have put him down, Lady, you have put him down.

*Beat.* So I would not he ſhould do me, my Lord, leſt I ſhould prove the mother of fools. I have brought Count Claudio, whom you ſent me to ſeek.

*Pedro.* Why, how now, Count, wherefore are you ſad?

*Claud.* Not ſad, my Lord.

*Pedro.* How then? ſick?

*Claud.* Neither, my Lord.

*Beat.* The Count is neither ſad, nor ſick, nor merry, nor well; but civil, Count, civil as an orange, and ſomething of that jealous complexion.

*Pedro.* I'faith, Lady, I think your blazon to be true; though I'll be ſworn, if he be ſo, his conceit is falſe. Here, Claudio, I have wooed in thy name, and fair Hero is won; I have broke with her father, and his goodwill obtained; name the day of marriage, and God give thee joy.

*Leon.* Count, take of me my daughter, and with her my fortunes: his Grace hath made the match, and all grace ſay Amen to it.

*Beat.* Speak, Count, 'tis your cue.———

*Claud.* Silence is the perfecteſt herald of joy; I were but little happy if I could ſay how much. Lady, as you are mine, I am yours; I give away myſelf for you, and doat upon the exchange.

*Beat.* Speak, couſin, or (if you cannot) ſtop his mouth with a kiſs, and let him not ſpeak neither.

*Pedro.*

*Pedro.* In faith, Lady, you have a merry heart.

*Beat.* Yea, my Lord, I thank it, poor fool, it keeps on the windy ſide of care; my couſin tells him in his ear, that he is in her heart.

*Claud.* And ſo ſhe doth, couſin.

*Beat.* Good Lord, for alliance! thus goes every one to the world but I, and I am ſun-burn'd; I may ſit in a corner, and cry *Heigh ho!* for a huſband.

*Pedro.* Lady Beatrice, I will get you one.

*Beat.* I would rather have one of your father's getting. Hath your Grace ne'er a brother like you? your father got excellent huſbands, if a maid could come by them.

*Pedro.* Will you have me, Lady?

*Beat.* No, my Lord, unleſs I might have another for working-days; your Grace is too coſtly to wear every day: but I beſeech your Grace pardon me, I was born to ſpeak all mirth, and no matter.

*Pedro.* Your ſilence moſt offends me, and to be merry beſt becomes you; for, out of queſtion, you were born in a merry hour.

*Beat.* No, ſure, my Lord, my mother cry'd; but then there was a ſtar danc'd, and under that I was born. Couſins, God give you joy.

*Leon.* Niece, will you look to thoſe things I told you of?

*Beat.* I cry you mercy, uncle: by your Grace's pardon. [*Exit Beatrice.*

## SCENE VI.

*Pedro.* By my troth, a pleaſant-ſpirited lady.

*Leon.* There's little of the melancholy element in her, my Lord; ſhe is never ſad but when ſhe ſleeps; and not ever ſad then; for I have heard my daughter ſay, ſhe hath often dream'd of unhappineſs, and wak'd herſelf with laughing.

*Pedro.* She cannot endure to hear tell of a huſband.

*Leon.* O, by no means, ſhe mocks all her wooers out of ſuit.

*Pedro.* She were an excellent wife for Benedick.

*Leon.*

*Leon.* O Lord, my Lord, if they were but a week marry'd, they would talk themſelves mad.

*Pedro.* Count Claudio, when mean you to go to church?

*Claud.* To-morrow, my Lord; time goes on crutches, till love have all his rites.

*Leon.* Not till Monday, my dear ſon, which is hence a juſt ſeven-night; and a time too brief too to have all things anſwer my mind.

*Pedro.* Come, you ſhake the head at ſo long a breathing; but I warrant thee, Claudio, the time ſhall not go dully by us. I will, in the interim, undertake one of Hercules's labours; which is, to bring Signior Benedick and the Lady Beatrice into a mountain of affection the one with the other. I would fain have it a match; and I doubt not to faſhion it, if you three will but miniſter ſuch aſſiſtance as I ſhall give you direction.

*Leon.* My Lord, I am for you, though it coſt me ten nights watchings.

*Claud.* And I, my Lord.

*Pedro.* And you too, gentle Hero?

*Hero.* I will do any modeſt office, my Lord, to help my couſin to a good huſband.

*Pedro.* And Benedick is not the unhopefulleſt huſband that I know. Thus far I can praiſe him, he is of a noble ſtrain, of approv'd valour, and confirm'd honeſty. I will teach you how to humour your couſin, that ſhe ſhall fall in love with Benedick; and I, with your two helps, will ſo practiſe on Benedick, that in deſpight of his quick wit, and his queaſy ſtomach, he ſhall fall in love with Beatrice. If we can do this, Cupid is no longer an archer, his glory ſhall be ours, for we are the only love-gods. Go in with me, and I will tell you my drift. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE VII.

*Changes to another apartment in Leonato's houſe.*

*Enter Don John and Borachio.*

*John.* It is ſo, the Count Claudio ſhall marry the daughter of Leonato.

*Bora.*

*Bora.* Yea, my Lord, but I can croſs it.

*John.* Any bar, any croſs, any impediment, will be medicinable to me; I am ſick in diſpleaſure to him; and whatſoever comes athwart his affection, ranges evenly with mine. How canſt thou croſs this marriage?

*Bora.* Not honeſtly, my Lord; but ſo covertly, that no diſhoneſty ſhall appear in me.

*John.* Shew me briefly how.

*Bora.* I think I told your Lordſhip a year ſince, how much I am in the favour of Margaret, the waiting-gentlewoman to Hero.

*John.* I remember.

*Bora.* I can, at any unſeaſonable inſtant of the night, appoint her to look out at her lady's chamber-window.

*John.* What life is in that, to be the death of this marriage?

*Bora.* The poiſon of that lies in you to temper. Go you to the Prince your brother; ſpare not to tell him, that he hath wrong'd his honour in marrying the renown'd Claudio (whoſe eſtimation do you mightily hold up) to a contaminated ſtale, ſuch a one as Hero.

*John.* What proof ſhall I make of that?

*Bora.* Proof enough to miſuſe the Prince, to vex Claudio, to undo Hero, and kill Leonato. Look you for any other iſſue?

*John.* Only to deſpite them I will endeavour any thing.

*Bora.* Go then find me a meet hour to draw Don Pedro and the Count Claudio alone; tell them that you know Hero loves me; intend a kind of zeal both to the Prince and Claudio, as in a love of your brother's honour, who hath made this match, and his friend's reputation, (who is thus like to be cozen'd with the ſemblance of a maid,) that you have diſcovered thus. They will hardly believe this without trial: offer them inſtances, which ſhall bear no leſs likelihood than to ſee me at her chamber-window; hear me call Margaret, Hero; hear Margaret term me Claudio; and bring them to ſee this the very night before the intended wedding: for, in the mean time, I will ſo faſhion the matter, that Hero ſhall be abſent; and there ſhall appear ſuch ſeeming truths of Hero's diſloyalty, that jealouſy ſhall

ſhall be called aſſurance, and all the preparation overthrown.

*John.* Grow this to what adverſe iſſue it can, I will put it in practice; be cunning in the working this, and thy fee is a thouſand ducats.

*Bora.* Be thou conſtant in the accuſation, and my cunning ſhall not ſhame me.

*John.* I will preſently go learn their day of marriage.

[*Exeunt.*

## SCENE VIII. *Changes to Leonato's orchard.*

*Enter Benedick, and a boy.*

*Bene.* Boy,———

*Boy.* Signior.

*Bene.* In my chamber-window lies a book, bring it hither to me in the orchard.

*Boy.* I am here already, Sir. [*Exit boy.*

*Bene.* I know that, but I would have thee hence, and here again.——I do much wonder, that one man, ſeeing how much another man is a fool, when he dedicates his behaviours to love, will, after he hat hlaugh'd at ſuch ſhallow follies in others, become the argument of his own ſcorn, by falling in love! and ſuch a man is Claudio. I have known, when there was no muſic with him but the drum and the fife; and now had he rather hear the tabor and the pipe: I have known when he would have walk'd ten miles a-foot to ſee a good armour; and now will he lie ten nights awake, carving the faſhion of a new doublet. He was wont to ſpeak plain, and to the purpoſe, like an honeſt man and a ſoldier; and now he is turn'd orthographer, his words are a very fantaſtical banquet, juſt ſo many ſtrange diſhes. May I be ſo converted, and ſee with theſe eyes; I cannot tell; I think not. I will not be ſworn, but love may transform me to an oyſter; but I'll take my oath on it, till he have made an oyſter of me, he ſhall never make me ſuch a fool. One woman is fair, yet I am well; another is wiſe, yet I am well; another virtuous, yet I am well. But till all graces be in one woman, one woman ſhall not come in my grace. Rich ſhe ſhall be, that's certain; " wiſe, or I'll none; vir-

" tuous,

"tuous, or I'll never cheapen her; fair, or I'll never "look on her;" mild, or come not near me; noble or not, I for an angel; of good discourse, an excellent musician, and her hair shall be of what colour it please God *. Ha! the Prince and Monsieur Love! I will hide me in the arbour. [*Withdraws.*

## SCENE IX.

*Enter Don Pedro, Leonato, Claudio, and Balthazar.*

*Pedro.* Come, shall we hear this music?

*Claud.* Yea, my good Lord; how still the evening is,
As hush'd on purpose to grace harmony!

*Pedro.* See you where Benedick hath hid himself?

*Claud.* O very well, my Lord; the music ended,
We'll fit the hid fox with a pennyworth.

*Pedro,* Come, Balthazar, we'll hear that song again.

*Balth.* O good my Lord, tax not so bad a voice
To slander music any more than once.

*Pedro.* It is the witness still of excellency,
To put a strange face on his own perfection;
I pray thee, sing; and let me woo no more †.

### The SONG.

*Sigh no more, ladies, sigh no more,*
*Men were deceivers ever;*
*One foot in sea, and one on shore,*
*To one thing constant never:*

*Then*

* Hinting satirically at the art used by ladies in dying their hair of a colour different from what it is by nature.

†————woo no more.

*Balth.* Because you talk of wooing, I will sing;
Since many a wooer doth commence his suit
To her he thinks not worthy, yet he wooes;
Yet will he swear he loves.

*Pedro.* Nay, pray thee, come;
Or if thou wilt hold longer argument,
Do it in notes.

*Balth.* Note this before my notes,
There's not a note of mine that's worth the noting.

*Pedro.* Why, these are very crotchets that he speaks,
Note, notes, forsooth, and noting.

*Bene.* Now, divine air; now is his soul ravish'd! Is it not strange, that sheep's guts should hale souls out of men's bodies? Well, a horn for my money, when all's done.

The SONG, &c.

*Then ſigh not ſo, but let them go,*
*And be you blithe and bonny;*
*Converting all your ſounds of woe*
*Into Hey nony, nony.*

*Sing no more ditties, ſing no mo*
*Of dumps ſo dull and heavy:*
*The frauds of men were ever ſo,*
*Since ſummer was firſt leafy.*

*Then ſigh not ſo,* &c.

*Pedro.* By my troth, a good ſong.

*Balth.* And an ill ſinger, my Lord.

*Pedro.* Ha, no; no, faith; thou ſing'ſt well enough for a ſhift.

*Bene.* "If he had been a dog, that ſhould have "howl'd thus, they would have hang'd him; and, I "pray God, his bad voice bode no miſchief:" I had as lief have heard the night-raven, come what plague could have come after it.

*Pedro.* Yea, marry, doſt thou hear, Balthazar? I pray thee, get us ſome excellent muſic; for to-morrow night we would have it at the Lady Hero's chamber-window.

*Balth.* The beſt I can, my Lord.

[*Exit Balthazar.*

*Pedro.* Do ſo: farewell. Come hither, Leonato; what was it you told me of to-day, that your niece Beatrice was in love with Signior Benedick?

*Claud.* O, ay;——ſtalk on, ſtalk on, the fowl ſits I did never think that lady would have loved any man.

*Leon.* No, nor I neither; but moſt wonderful, that ſhe ſhould ſo doat on Signior Benedick, whom ſhe hath in all outward behaviours ſeem'd ever to abhor.

*Bene.* Is't poſſible? ſits the wind in that corner? [*Aſide.*

*Leon.* By my troth, my Lord, I cannot tell what to think of it; but that ſhe loves him with an enraged affection——it is paſt the definite of thought.——

*Pedro.* May be ſhe doth but counterfeit.

*Claud.* Faith, like enough.

*Leon.* O God! counterfeit? there was never counterfeit

terfeit of paſſion came ſo near the life of paſſion, as ſhe diſcovers it.

*Pedro.* Why, what effects of paſſion ſhews ſhe?

*Claud.* Bait the hook well, this fiſh will bite.

[*Aſide.*

*Leon.* What effects, my Lord? ſhe will ſit you, you heard my daughter tell you how.

*Claud.* She did, indeed.

*Pedro.* How, how, I pray you? you amaze me: I would have thought her ſpirit had been invincible againſt all aſſaults of affection.

*Leon.* I would have ſworn it had, my Lord; eſpecially againſt Benedick.

*Bene.* [*Aſide.*] I ſhould think this a gull, but that the white-bearded fellow ſpeaks it; knavery cannot ſure hide himſelf in ſuch reverence.

*Claud.* He hath ta'en th' infection, hold it up.

[*Aſide.*

*Pedro.* Hath ſhe made her affection known to Benedick?

*Leon.* No, and ſwears ſhe never will: that's her torment.

*Claud.* 'Tis true, indeed, ſo your daughter ſays: ſhall I, ſays ſhe, that have ſo oft encounter'd him with ſcorn, write to him that I love him?

*Leon.* This ſays ſhe now, when ſhe is beginning to write to him; for ſhe'll be up twenty times a-night, and there will ſhe ſit in her ſmock, till ſhe have writ a ſheet of paper. My daughter tells us all.

*Claud.* Now you talk of a ſheet of paper, I remember a pretty jeſt your daughter told us of.

*Leon.* O,———when ſhe had writ it, and was reading it over, ſhe found Benedick and Beatrice between the ſheet.

*Claud.* That———

*Leon.* O, ſhe tore the letter into a thouſand halfpence; rail'd at herſelf, that ſhe ſhould be ſo immodeſt, to write to one that ſhe knew wou'd flout her: I meaſure him, ſays ſhe, by my own ſpirit, for I ſhould flout him if he writ to me; yea, though I love him, I ſhould.

*Claud.*

*Claud.* Then down upon her knees ſhe falls. weeps, ſobs, beats her heart, tears her hair, prays, curſes; O ſweet Benedick! God give me patience!

*Leon.* She doth, indeed, my daughter ſays ſo; and the ecſtaſy hath ſo much overborn her, that my daughter is ſometimes afraid, ſhe will do deſperate outrage to herſelf; it is very true.

*Pedro.* It were good, that Benedick knew of it by ſome other, if ſhe will not diſcover it.

*Claud.* To what end? He would but make a ſport of it, and torment the poor lady worſe.

*Pedro.* If he ſhould, it were an alms to hang him; ſhe's an excellent ſweet lady, and (out of all ſuſpicion) ſhe is virtuous.

*Claud.* And ſhe is exceeding wiſe.

*Pedro.* In every thing, but in loving Benedick.

*Leon.* O my Lord, wiſdom and blood combating in ſo tender a body, we have ten proofs to one, that blood hath the victory; I am ſorry for her, as I have juſt cauſe, being her uncle and her guardian.

*Pedro.* I would ſhe had beſtow'd this dotage on me; I would have daſht all other reſpects, and made her half myſelf. I pray you, tell Benedick of it: and hear what he will ſay.

*Leon.* Were it good, think you?

*Claud.* Hero thinks ſurely ſhe will die; for ſhe ſays, ſhe will die if he love her not, and ſhe will die ere ſhe make her love known; and ſhe will die if he woo her, rather than ſhe will bate one breath of her accuſtom'd croſſneſs.

*Pedro.* She doth well; if ſhe ſhould make tender of her love, 'tis very poſſible, he'll ſcorn it; for the man, as you know all, hath a contemptible ſpirit.

*Claud.* He is a very proper man.

*Pedro.* He hath indeed a good outward happineſs.

*Claud.* 'Fore God, and, in my mind, very wiſe.

*Pedro.* He doth indeed ſhew ſome ſparks that are like wit.

*Leon.* And I take him to be valiant.

*Pedro.* As Hector, I aſſure you: and in the managing of quarrels you may ſay he is wiſe; for either he avoids them with great diſcretion, or undertakes them

with a Chriſtian-like fear*. Well, I am ſorry for your niece: ſhall we go ſeek Benedick, and tell him of her love?

*Claud.* Never tell him, my Lord; let her wear it out with good counſel.

*Leon.* Nay, that's impoſſible, ſhe may wear her heart out firſt.

*Pedro.* Well, we will hear further of it by your daughter; let it cool the while. I love Benedick well; and I could wiſh he would modeſtly examine himſelf, to ſee how much he is unworthy to have ſo good a lady.

*Leon.* My Lord, will you walk? dinner is ready.

*Claud.* If he do not doat on her upon this, I will never truſt my expectation. [*Aſide.*

*Pedro.* Let there be the ſame net ſpread for her, and that muſt your daughter and her gentlewoman carry; the ſport will be, when they hold an opinion of one another's dotage, and no ſuch matter; that's the ſcene that I would ſee, which will be merely a dumb ſhow. Let us ſend her to call him to dinner. [*Aſide.*

[*Exeunt.*

## SCENE X. *Benedick advances from the arbour.*

*Bene.* "This can be no trick, the conference was "ſadly borne; they have the truth of this from Hero; "they ſeem to pity the lady; it ſeems her affections "have the full bent. Love me! why, it muſt be re- "quited. I hear how I am cenſur'd: they ſay I will "bear myſelf proudly, if I perceive the love come from "her; they ſay too, that ſhe will rather die than give "any ſign of affection.——I did never think to marry "——I muſt not ſeem proud——Happy are they that "hear their detractions, and can put them to mend- "ing. They ſay the lady is fair; 'tis a truth I can "bear them witneſs: and virtuous;—tis ſo, I cannot "reprove

* ——— a Chriſtian-like fear.

*Leon.* If he do fear God, he muſt neceſſarily keep peace; if he break the peace, he ought to enter into a quarrel with fear and trembling.

*Pedro.* And ſo will he do; for the man doth fear God, howſoever it ſeems not in him, by ſome large jeſts he will make. Well, &c.

" reprove it: and wife, but for loving me——by my troth,
" it is no addition to her wit, nor no great argument
" of her folly; for I will be horribly in love with her.
" ——I may chance to have ſome odd quirks and rem-
" nants of wit broken on me, becauſe I have rail'd ſo
" long againſt marriage. But doth not the appetite al-
" ter? A man loves the meat in his youth, that he can-
" not endure in his age. Shall quips and ſentences,
" and theſe paper-bullets of the brain, awe a man from
" the career of his humour? no; the world muſt be peo-
" pled When I ſaid, I would die a bachelor, I did not
" think I ſhould live till I were marry'd. Here comes
" Beatrice: by this day, ſhe's a fair lady; I do ſpy ſome
" marks of love in her."

*Enter Beatrice.*

*Beat.* Againſt my will, I am ſent to bid you come in to dinner.

*Bene* Fair Beatrice, I thank you for your pains.

*Beat.* I took no more pains for thoſe thanks, than you take pains to thank me; if it had been painful, I would not have come.

*Bene.* You take pleaſure then in the meſſage.

*Beat.* Yea, juſt ſo much as you may take upon a knife's point, and choak a daw withal: you have no ſtomach, Signior; fare you well. [*Exit.*

*Bene.* Ha! *againſt my will I am ſent to bid you come in to dinner;*——there's a double meaning in that. *I took no more pains for thoſe thanks than you took pains to thank me:*——that's as much as to ſay, any pains that I take for you is as eaſy as thanks. If I do not take pity of her, I am a villain; if I do not love her, I am a Jew: I will go get her picture. [*Exit.*

## ACT III. SCENE I.

*Continues in the orchard.*

*Enter Hero, Margaret, and Urſula.*

*Hero.* GOOD Margaret, run thee into the parlour,
There ſhalt thou find my couſin Beatrice,
Propoſing with the Prince and Claudio;

Whiſper her ear, and tell her, I and Urſula
Walk in the orchard, and our whole diſcourſe
Is all of her; ſay, that thou overheard'ſt us;
And bid her ſteal into the pleached bower,
'Where honey-ſuckles, ripen'd by the ſun,
'Forbid the ſun to enter; like to favourites,
'Made proud by princes, that advance their pride
'Againſt that power that bred it:' there will ſhe hide
To liſten our purpoſe: this is thy office;
Bear thee well in it, and leave us alone.

*Marg.* I'll make her come, I warrant, preſently.
[*Exit.*

*Hero.* Now, Urſula, when Beatrice doth come,
As we do trace this alley up and down,
Our talk muſt only be of Benedick.
When I do name him, let it be thy part
To praiſe him more than ever man did merit.
My talk to thee muſt be, how Benedick
Is ſick in love with Beatrice; of this matter
Is little Cupid's crafty arrow made,
That only wounds by hear-ſay. Now begin.

*Enter Beatrice, running towards the arbour.*

For look, where Beatrice, like a lapwing, runs
Cloſe by the ground to hear our conference.

*Urſ.* The pleaſant'ſt angling is to ſee the fiſh
Cut with her golden oars the ſilver ſtream,
And greedily devour the treacherous bait;
So angle we for Beatrice, who e'en now
Is couched in the woodbine-coverture:
Fear you not my part of the dialogue.

*Hero.* Then we go near her, that her ear loſe nothing
Of the falſe ſweet bait that we lay for it.——
No, truly, Urſula, ſhe's too diſdainful;
I know her ſpirits are as coy and wild
As haggards of the rock.

*Urſ.* But are you ſure,
That Benedick loves Beatrice ſo entirely?

*Hero.* So ſays the Prince, and my new-trothed Lord.

*Urſ.* And did they bid you tell her of it, Madam?

*Hero.* They did intreat her to acquaint her of it;
But I perſuaded them, if they lov'd Benedick,

To

To wiſh him wreſtle with affection,
And never to let Beatrice know of it.

*Urſ.* Why did you ſo; doth not the gentleman
Deſerve as full, as fortunate a bed,
As ever Beatrice ſhall couch upon?

*Hero.* O god of love! I know he doth deſerve
As much as may be yielded to a man:
But nature never fram'd a woman's heart
Of prouder ſtuff than that of Beatrice.
Diſdain and ſcorn ride ſparkling in her eyes,
Miſprizing what they look on; and her wit
Values itſelf ſo highly, that to her
All matter elſe ſeems weak; ſhe cannot love,
Nor take no ſhape nor project of affection,
She is ſo ſelf-endeared.

*Urſ.* Sure I think ſo;
And therefore certainly it were not good
She knew his love, leſt ſhe make ſport at it.

*Hero.* Why, you ſpeak truth. I never yet ſaw man,
How wiſe, how noble, young, how rarely featur'd,
But ſhe would ſpell him backward. 'If fair-fac'd,
'She'd ſwear the gentleman ſhould be her ſiſter;
'If black, why, nature, drawing of an antic,
'Made a foul blot; if tall, a launce ill-headed;
'If low, an aglet very vilely cut;
'If ſpeaking, why, a vane blown with all winds;
'If ſilent, why, a block moved with none.'
So turns ſhe every man the wrong ſide out,
And never gives to truth and virtue that
Which ſimpleneſs and merit purchaſeth.

*Urſ.* Sure, ſure, ſuch carping is not commendable.

*Hero.* No; for to be ſo odd, and from all faſhions,
As Beatrice is, cannot be commendable.
But who dare tell ſo? If I ſhould ſpeak,
She'd mock me into air; O ſhe would laugh me
Out of myſelf, preſs me to death with wit.
Therefore let Benedick, like cover'd fire,
Conſume away in ſighs, waſte inwardly;
It were a better death than die with mocks,
Which is as bad as 'tis to die with tickling.

*Urſ.* Yet tell her of it; hear what ſhe will ſay.

*Hero.* No, rather I will go to Benedick,

And counſel him to fight againſt his paſſion.
And, truly, I'll deviſe ſome honeſt ſlanders
To ſtain my couſin with; one doth not know
How much an ill word may impoiſon liking.

*Urſ.* O, do not your couſin ſuch a wrong.
She cannot be ſo much without true judgment,
(Having ſo ſwift and excellent a wit
As ſhe is priz'd to have,) as to refuſe
So rare a gentleman as Benedick.

*Hero.* He is the only man of Italy,
Always excepted my dear Claudio.

*Urſ.* I pray you be not angry with me, Madam,
Speaking my fancy; Signior Benedick,
For ſhape, for bearing, argument, and valour,
Goes foremoſt in report through Italy.

*Hero.* Indeed he hath an excellent good name.

*Urſ.* His excellence did earn it ere he had it.
When are you marry'd, Madam?

*Hero.* Why, every day; to-morrow; come, go in,
I'll ſhew thee ſome attires, and have thy counſel
Which is the beſt to furniſh me to-morrow.

*Urſ.* She's lim'd, I warrant you; we have caught her, Madam.

*Hero.* If it prove ſo, then loving goes by haps:
Some Cupids kill with arrows, ſome with traps. [*Exeunt.*

*Beatrice, advancing.*

*Beat.* What fire is in my ears? can this be true?
Stand I condemn'd for pride and ſcorn ſo much?
Contempt, farewell! and maiden-pride, adieu!
No glory lives behind the back of ſuch.
And, Benedick, love on, I will requite thee;
Taming my wild heart to thy loving hand;
If thou doſt love, thy kindneſs ſhall incite thee
To bind our loves up in a holy band.
For others ſay, thou doſt deſerve; and I
Believe it better than reportingly. [*Exit.*

## SCENE II. *Leonato's houſe.*

*Enter Don Pedro, Claudio, Benedick, and Leonato.*

*Pedro.* I do but ſtay till your marriage be conſummate, and then go I toward Arragon?

*Claud.*

*Claud.* I'll bring you thither my Lord, if you'll vouchſafe me.

*Pedro.* Nay, that would be as great a ſoil in the new gloſs of your marriage, as to ſhew a child his new coat, and forbid him to wear it. I will only be bold with Benedick for his company: for, from the crown of his head to the ſole of his foot, he is all mirth; he hath twice or thrice cut Cupid's bow-ſtring, and the little hangman dare not ſhoot at him: he hath a heart as ſound as a bell, and his tongue is the clapper; for what his heart thinks, his tongue ſpeaks.

*Bene.* Gallants, I am not as I have been.

*Leon.* So ſay I; methinks you are ſadder.

*Claud.* I hope he is in love.

*Pedro.* Hang him, truant, there's no true drop of blood in him, to be truly touch'd with love; if he be ſad, he wants money.

*Bene.* I have the tooth-ach.

*Pedro.* Draw it.

*Bene.* Hang it.

*Claud.* You muſt hang it firſt, and draw it afterwards.

*Pedro.* What! ſigh for the tooth-ach!

*Leon.* Which is but a humour, or a worm.

*Bene.* Well, every one can maſter a grief but he that has it.

*Claud.* Yet ſay I, he is in love

*Pedro.* "There is no appearance of fancy in him, "unleſs it be a fancy that he hath to ſtrange diſguiſes; "as to be a Dutchman to-day, a Frenchman to-mor-"row; or in the ſhape of two countries at once; a "German from the waſte downward, all ſlops; and a "Spaniard from the hip upward, no doublet." Unleſs he have a fancy to this foolery, as it appears he hath, he is no fool for fancy, as you would have it to appear he is.

*Claud.* If he be not in love with ſome woman, there is no believing old ſigns: he bruſhes his hat o'mornings; what ſhould that bode?

*Pedro.* Hath any man ſeen him at the barber's?

*Claud.* No, but the barber's man hath been ſeen with him; and the old ornament of his cheek hath already ſtuff'd tennis-balls.

*Leon.*

*Leon.* Indeed he looks younger than he did by the loſs of a beard.

*Pedro.* Nay, he rubs himſelf with civet; can you ſmell him out by that?

*Claud.* That's as much as to ſay, the ſweet youth's in love.

*Pedro.* The greateſt note of it is his melancholy.

*Claud.* And when was he wont to waſh his face?

*Pedro.* Yea, or to paint himſelf? for the which, I hear what they ſay of him.

*Claud.* Nay, but his jeſting ſpirit, which is now crept into a lute-ſtring, and now govern'd by ſtops——

*Pedro.* Indeed that tells a heavy tale for him. Conclude he is in love.

*Claud.* Nay, but I know who loves him.

*Pedro.* That would I know too: I warrant, one that knows him not.

*Claud.* Yes, and his ill conditions, and in deſpight of all, dies for him.

*Pedro.* She ſhall be bury'd with her face upwards.

*Bene.* Yet is this no charm for the tooth-ach. Old Signior, walk aſide with me; I have ſtudy'd eight or nine wiſe words to ſpeak to you, which theſe hobby-horſes muſt not hear. [*Exeunt Benedick and Leonato.*

*Pedro.* For my life, to break with him about Beatrice.

*Claud.* 'Tis even ſo. Hero and Margaret have by this play'd their parts with Beatrice; and then the two bears will not bite one another when they meet.

## SCENE III. *Enter Don John.*

*John.* My Lord and brother, God ſave you.

*Pedro.* Good den, brotlier.

*John.* If your leiſure ſerv'd, I would ſpeak with you.

*Pedro.* In private?

*John.* If it pleaſe you; yet Count Claudio may hear; for what I would ſpeak of, concerns him.

*Pedro.* What's the matter?

*John.* Means your Lordſhip to be marry'd to morrow? [*To Claudio.*

*Pedro.* You know he does.

*John.*

*John.* I know not that, when he knows what I know.

*Claud.* If there be any impediment, I pray you diſcover it.

*John.* You may think I love you not; let that appear hereafter and aim better at me by that I now will manifeſt; for my brother, I think, he holds you well, and in dearneſs of heart hath holp to effect your enſuing marriage; ſurely, ſuit ill ſpent, and labour ill beſtow'd!

*Pedro.* Why, what's the matter?

*John.* I came hither to tell you, and circumſtances ſhorten'd, (for ſhe hath been too long a-talking of,) the lady is diſloyal.

*Claud.* Who? Hero?

*John.* Even ſhe; Leonato's Hero, your Hero, every man's Hero.

*Claud.* Diſloyal?

*John.* The word is too good to paint out her wickedneſs. I could ſay ſhe were worſe; think you of a worſe title, and I will fit her to it; wonder not till further warrant; go but with me to-night, you ſhall ſee her chamber-window enter'd, even the night before her wedding-day. If you love her, then to-morrow wed her; but it would better fit your honour to change your mind.

*Claud.* May this be ſo?

*Pedro.* I will not think it.———

*John.* If you dare not truſt that you ſee, confeſs not that you know; if you will follow me, I will ſhew you enough; and when you have ſeen more and heard more, proceed accordingly.

*Claud.* If I ſee any thing to-night why I ſhould not marry her to-morrow; in the congregation, where I ſhould wed, there will I ſhame her.

*Pedro.* And as I wooed for thee to obtain her, I will join with thee to diſgrace her.

*John.* I will diſparage her no farther, till you are my witneſſes; bear it coldly but till night, and let the iſſue ſhew itſelf.

*Pedro.* O day untowardly turn'd!

*Claud.* O miſchief ſtrangely thwarting!

*John.*

*John.* O plague right well prevented!
So you will ſay, when you have ſeen the ſequel.

[*Exeunt.*

## SCENE IV. *Changes to the ſtreet.*

*Enter Dogberry and Verges, with the watch.*

*Dogb.* Are you good men and true?

*Verg.* Yea, or elſe it were pity but they ſhould ſuffer ſalvation, body and ſoul.

*Dogb.* Nay, that were a puniſhment too good for them, if they ſhould have any allegiance in them, being choſen for the Prince's watch.

*Verg.* Well, give them their charge, neighbour Dogberry.

*Dogb.* Firſt, who think you the moſt deſartleſs man to be conſtable?

1 *Watch.* Hugh Oatcake, Sir, or George Seacole; for they can write and read.

*Dogb.* Come hither, neighbour Seacole: God hath bleſs'd you with a good name; and to be a well-favour'd man is the gift of fortune, but to write and read comes by nature.

2 *Watch.* Both which, Maſter Conſtable———

*Dogb.* You have: I knew, it would be your anſwer. Well, for your favour, Sir, why, give God thanks, and make no boaſt of it; and for your writing and reading, let that appear when there is more need of ſuch vanity; you are thought here to be the moſt ſenſeleſs and fit man for the conſtable of the watch, therefore bear you the lanthorn: this is your charge: you ſhall comprehend all vagrom men; you are to bid any man ſtand, in the Prince's name.

2 *Watch.* How if he will not ſtand!

*Dogb.* Why, then take no note of him, but let him go; and preſently call the reſt of the watch together, and thank God you are rid of a knave.

*Verg.* If he will not ſtand when he is bidden, he is none of the Prince's ſubjects.

*Dogb.* True, and they are to meddle with none but the Prince's ſubjects. You ſhall alſo make no noiſe in the

the ſtreets; for, for the watch to babble and talk, is moſt tolerable, and not to be endur'd.

2 *Watch.* "We will rather ſleep than talk; we know "what belongs to a watch."

*Dogb.* "Why, you ſpeak like an ancient and moſt "quiet watchman, for I cannot ſee how ſleeping ſhould "offend; only have a care that your bills be not ſtolen. "Well, you are to call at all the ale-houſes, and bid them "that are drunk get them to bed."

2 *Watch.* How if they will not?

*Dogb.* Why then let them alone till they are ſober; if they make you not then the better anſwer, you may ſay, they are not the men you took them for.

2 *Watch.* Well, Sir.

*Dogb.* If you meet a thief, you may ſuſpect him by virtue of your office to be no true man; and for ſuch kind of men, the leſs you meddle or make with them, why, the more is for your honeſty.

2 *Watch.* If we know him to be a thief, ſhall we not lay hands on him?

*Dogb.* Truly, by your office you may; but, I think, they that touch pitch will be defil'd: the moſt peaceable way for you, if you do take a thief, is, to let him ſhew himſelf what he is, and ſteal out of your company.

*Verg.* You have been always call'd a merciful man, partner.

*Dogb.* Truly, I would not hang a dog by my will, much more a man who hath any honeſty in him.

*Verg.* If you hear a child cry in the night, you muſt call to the nurſe and bid her ſtill it.

2 *Watch.* How if the nurſe be aſleep, and will not hear us?

*Dogb.* Why, then depart in peace, and let the child wake her with crying: for the ewe that will not hear her lamb when it baes, will never anſwer a calf when he bleats.

*Verg.* 'Tis very true,

*Dogb.* This is the end of the charge: you, conſtable, are to preſent the Prince's own perſon; if you meet the Prince in the night, you may ſtay him.

*Verg.* Nay, By'rlady, that, I think, he cannot.

*Dogb.* Five ſhillings to one on't with any man that knows the ſtatutes, he may ſtay him; marry, not without the Prince be willing; for indeed the watch ought to offend no man; and it is an offence to ſtay a man againſt his will.

*Verg.* By'rlady, I think it be ſo.

*Dogb.* Ha, ha, ha! well, maſters, good night; an there be any matter of weight chances, call up me; keep your fellow's counſels and your own, and good night. Come, neighbour.

2 *Watch.* Well, maſters, we hear our charge; let us go ſit here upon the church-bench till two, and then all to bed.

*Dogb.* One word more, honeſt neighbours. I pray you watch about Signior Leonato's door, for the wedding being there to-morrow, there is a great coil to-night. Adieu; be vigilant, I beſeech you.

[*Exeunt Dogberry and Verges.*

## SCENE V. *Enter Borachio and Conrade.*

*Bora.* What? Conrade———

*Watch.* Peace, ſtir not. [*Aſide.*

*Bora.* Conrade, I ſay.

*Conr.* Here, man, I am at thy elbow.

*Bora.* Maſs, and my elbow itch'd, I thought there would a ſcab follow.

*Conr.* I will owe thee an anſwer for that, and now forward with thy tale.

*Bora.* Stand thee cloſe then under this pent-houſe, for it drizzles rain, and I will, like a true drunkard, utter all to thee.

*Watch.* Some treaſon, maſters; yet ſtand cloſe.

*Bora.* Therefore know, I have earned of Don John a thouſand ducats.

*Conr.* Is it poſſible that any villainy ſhould be ſo dear?

*Bora.* Thou ſhould'ſt rather aſk, if it were poſſible any villain ſhould be ſo rich? for when rich villains have need of poor ones, poor ones may make what price they will.

*Conr.* I wonder at it.

*Bora.*

*Bora.* That ſhews, thou art unconfirm'd; thou knoweſt, that the faſhion of a doublet, or a hat, or a cloak, is nothing to a man.

*Conr.* Yes, it is apparel.

*Bora.* I mean the faſhion.

*Conr.* Yes, the faſhion is the faſhion.

*Bora.* Tuſh, I may as well ſay, the fool's the fool; but ſee'ſt thou not, what a deformed thief this faſhion is?

*Watch.* I know that Deformed; he has been a vile thief theſe ſeven years; he goes up and down like a gentleman: I remember his name.

*Bora.* Didſt thou not hear ſome body?

*Conr.* No, 'twas the vane on the houſe.

*Bora.* Seeſt thou not, I ſay, what a deformed thief this faſhion is? how giddily he turns about all the hot-bloods between fourteen and five and thirty, ſometimes faſhioning them like Pharaoh's ſoldiers in the reachy painting; ſometimes like the God Bel's prieſts in the old church window; ſometimes like the ſhaven Hercules* in the ſmirch worm-eaten tapeſtry, where his codpiece ſeems as maſſy as his club.

*Conr.* All this I ſee, and ſee that the faſhion wears out more apparel than the man; but art not thou thyſelf giddy with the faſhion too, that thou haſt ſhifted out of thy tale into telling me of the faſhion?

*Bora.* Not ſo neither; but know, that I have to-night wooed Margaret, the Lady Hero's gentlewoman, by the name of Hero; ſhe leans me out at her miſtreſs's chamber-window, bids me a thouſand times good night——I tell this tale vilely——I ſhould firſt tell thee, how the Prince, Claudio, and my maſter, planted and placed, and poſſeſſed by my maſter Don John, ſaw afar off in the orchard this amiable encounter.

*Conr.* And thought they Margaret was Hero?

*Bora.* Two of them did, the Prince and Claudio; but the devil my maſter knew ſhe was Margaret; and partly by his oaths, which firſt poſſeſs'd them; partly by the dark night, which did deceive them; but chiefly by my villiany, which did confirm any ſlander that Don John had made, away went Claudio enraged; ſwore, he would meet her as he was appointed next morning at the



* Meaning Samſon.

temple, and there, before the whole congregation, ſhame her with what he ſaw o'er night, and ſend her home again without a huſband.

1 *Watch.* We charge you in the Prince's name, ſtand.

2 *Watch.* Call up the right Maſter Conſtable; we have here recovered the moſt dangerous piece of lechery that ever was known in the common-wealth.

1 *Watch.* And one Deformed is one of them; I know him, he wears a lock.

*Conr.* Maſters, Maſters,———

2 *Watch.* You'll be made bring Deformed forth, I warrant you.

*Conr.* Maſters,———

1 *Watch.* Never ſpeak; we charge you, let us obey you to go with us.

*Bora.* We are like to prove a goodly commodity, being taken up of theſe mens bills.

*Conr.* A commodity in queſtion, I warrant you: come, we'll obey you. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE VI. *Hero's apartment in Leonato's houſe.*

*Enter Hero, Margaret, and Urſula.*

*Hero.* Good Urſula, wake my couſin Beatrice, and deſire her to riſe.

*Urſ.* I will, Lady.

*Hero.* And bid her come hither.

*Urſ.* Well. [*Exit.*

*Marg.* Troth, I think your other rebato were better.

*Hero.* No, pray thee, good Meg, I'll wear this.

*Marg.* By my troth, it's not ſo good; and I warrant your couſin will ſay ſo.

*Hero.* My couſin's a fool, and thou art another. I'll wear none but this.

*Marg.* I like the new tire within excellently, if the hair were a thought browner; and your gown's a moſt rare faſhion, i'faith. I ſaw the Ducheſs of Milan's gown, that they praiſe ſo.

*Hero.* O, that exceeds, they ſay.

*Marg.* By my troth, it's but a night-gown in reſpect of yours; cloth of gold and cuts, and lac'd with ſilver, ſet with pearls, down-ſleeves, ſide-ſleeves and ſkirts round,

round, underborne with a blueiſh tinſel; but for a fine, quaint, graceful, and excellent faſhion, yours is worth ten on't.

*Hero.* God give me joy to wear it, for my heart is exceeding heavy!

*Marg.* 'Twill be heavier ſoon by the weight of a man.

*Hero.* Fie upon thee, art not aſham'd?

*Marg.* Of what, Lady? of ſpeaking honourably? Is not marriage honourable in a beggar? is not your Lord honourable without marriage? I think you would have me ſay (ſaving your reverence) a huſband. If bad thinking do not wreſt true ſpeaking, I'll offend no body; is there any harm in—the heavier for a huſband? None, I think, if it be the right huſband, and the right wife, otherwiſe 'tis light and not heavy. Aſk my Lady Beatrice elſe, here ſhe comes.

## SCENE VII. *Enter Beatrice.*

*Hero.* Good morrow, coz.

*Beat.* Good morrow, ſweet Hero.

*Hero.* Why, how now? do you ſpeak in the ſick tune?

*Beat.* I am out of all other tune, methinks.

*Marg.* Clap us into *Light o' love*; that goes without a burden; do you ſing it, and I'll dance it.

*Beat.* Yes, *Light o' love* with your heels; then if your huſband have ſtables enough, you'll look he ſhall lack no barns.

*Marg.* O illegitimate conſtruction! I ſcorn that with my heels.

*Beat.* 'Tis almoſt five o'clock, couſin; 'tis time you were ready: by my troth, I am exceeding ill; hey ho!

*Marg.* For a hawk, a horſe, or a huſband?

*Beat.* For the letter that begins them all, H.

*Marg.* Well, if you be not turn'd Turk, there's no more ſailing by the ſtar.

*Beat.* What means the fool, trow?

*Marg.* Nothing I, but God ſend every one their heart's deſire!

*Hero.* Theſe gloves the Count ſent me; they are an excellent perfume.

*Beat.* I am ſtuff'd, couſin, I cannot ſmell.

*Marg.* A maid, and ſtuff'd! there's goodly catching of cold.

*Beat.* O, God help me, God help me, how long have you profeſs'd apprehenſion?

*Marg.* Ever ſince you left it; doth not my wit become me rarely?

*Beat.* It is not ſeen enough, you ſhould wear it in your cap. By my troth, I am ſick.

*Marg.* Get you ſome of this diſtill'd *Carduus Benedictus*, and lay it to your heart; it is the only thing for a qualm.

*Hero.* There thou prick'ſt her with a thiſtle.

*Beat. Benedictus?* why *Benedictus?* you have ſome moral in this *Benedictus*.

*Marg.* Moral? no, by my troth, I have no moral meaning, I meant plain holy-thiſtle. You may think, perchance, that I think you are in love: nay, By'rlady, I am not ſuch a fool to think what I liſt; nor I liſt not to think what I can; nor indeed I cannot think, if I would think my heart out with thinking, that you are in love, or that you will be in love, or that you can be in love. Yet Benedick was ſuch another, and now is he become a man. He ſwore he would never marry; and yet now, in deſpight of his heart, he eats his meat without grudging: and how you may be converted, I know not; but methinks you look with your eyes as other women do.

*Beat.* What pace is this that thy tongue keeps?

*Marg.* Not a falſe gallop.

*Enter Urſula.*

*Urſ.* Madam, withdraw; the Prince, the Count, Signior Benedick, Don John, and all the gallants of the town, are come to fetch you to church.

*Hero.* Help to dreſs me, good coz, good Meg, good Urſula. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE VIII. *Another apartment in Leonato's houſe.*

*Enter Leonato, with Dogberry and Verges.*

*Leon.* What would you with me, honeſt neighbour?

*Dogb.* Marry, Sir, I would have ſome confidence with you, that decerns you nearly.

*Leon.*

*Leon.* Brief, I pray you; for, you ſee, 'tis a buſy time with me.

*Dogb.* Marry, this it is, Sir.

*Verg.* Yes, in truth it is, Sir.

*Deon.* What is it, my good friends?

*Dogb.* Goodman Verges, Sir, ſpeaks a little of the matter; an old man, Sir, and his wits are not ſo blunt, as, God help, I would deſire they were; but, in faith, honeſt as the ſkin between his brows.

*Verg.* "Yes, I thank God, I am as honeſt as any "man living, that is an old man, and no honeſter "than I."

*Dogb.* Compariſons are odorous; *palabras*, neighbour Verges.

*Leon.* Neighbours, you are tedious.

*Dogb.* It pleaſes your worſhip to ſay ſo, but we are the poor Duke's officers; but truly, for mine own part, if I were as tedious as a King, I could find in my heart to beſtow it all of your Worſhip.

*Leon.* All thy tediouſneſs on me, ha?

*Dogb.* Yea, and 'twere a thouſand times more than 'tis, for I hear as good exclamation on your Worſhip as of any man in the city; and though I be but a poor man, I am glad to hear it.

*Verg.* And ſo am I.

*Leon.* I would fain know what you have to ſay.

*Verg.* Marry, Sir, our watch to-night, excepting your Worſhip's preſence, hath ta'en a couple of as arrant knaves as any in Meſſina.

*Dogb.* "A good old man, Sir; he will be talking; "as they ſay, When the age is in, the wit is out; God "help us, it is a world to ſee: well ſaid, i' faith, "neighbour Verges, well, he's a good man; an two "men ride of a horſe, one muſt ride behind; an honeſt "ſoul, i' faith, Sir, by my troth he is, as ever broke "bread; but God is to be worſhipp'd; all men are "not alike, alas, good neighbour!"

*Leon.* Indeed, neighbour, he comes too ſhort of you.

*Dogb.* Gifts, that God gives.

*Leon.* I muſt leave you.

*Dogb.* One word, Sir; our watch have, indeed, comprehended two auſpicious perſons; and we would have

have them this morning examin'd before your Worſhip.

*Leon.* Take their examination yourſelf, and bring it me; I am now in great haſte, as may appear unto you.

*Dogb.* It ſhall be ſuffigance.

*Leon.* Drink ſome wine ere you go: fare you well.

*Enter a Meſſenger.*

*Meſſ.* My Lord, they ſtay for you to give your daughter to her huſband.

*Leon.* I'll wait upon them. I am ready. [*Ex. Leon.*

*Dogb.* Go, good partner, go get you to Francis Seacoal, bid him bring his pen and inkhorn to the jail; we are now to examine thoſe men.

*Verg.* And we muſt do it wiſely.

*Dogb.* "We will ſpare for no wit, I warrant; here's "that ſhall drive ſome of them to a non-com." Only get the learned writer to ſet down our excommunication, and meet me at the jail. [*Exeunt.*

## ACT IV. SCENE I.

*A Church.*

*Enter Don Pedro, Don John, Leonato, Friar, Claudio, Benedick, Hero, and Beatrice.*

*Leon.* COME, Friar Francis, be brief; only to the plain form of marriage, and you ſhall recount their particular duties afterwards.

*Friar.* You come hither, my Lord, to marry this lady?

*Claud.* No.

*Leon.* To be marry'd to her, Friar; you come to marry her.

*Friar.* Lady, you come hither to be marry'd to this Count.

*Hero.* I do.

*Friar.* If either of you know any inward impediment why you ſhould not be conjoin'd, I charge you on your ſouls to utter it.

*Claud.* Know you any, Hero?

*Hero.* None, my Lord.

*Friar.* Know you any, Count?

*Leon.*

*Leon.* I dare make his anſwer, None.

*Claud.* O what men dare do! what men may do! what men daily do! not knowing what they do!

*Bene.* How now! interjections? why, then ſome be of laughing, as Ha, ha, he!

*Claud.* Stand thee by, Friar. Father, by your leave,
Will you with free and unconſtrained ſoul
Give me this maid your daughter?

*Leon.* As freely, ſon, as God did give her me.

*Claud.* And what have I to give you back, whoſe worth
May counterpoiſe this rich and precious gift?

*Pedro.* Nothing, unleſs you render her again.

*Claud.* Sweet Prince, you learn me noble thankfulneſs:
There, Leonato, take her back again;
Give not this rotten orange to your friend.
She's but the ſign and ſemblance of her honour;
Behold; how like a maid ſhe bluſhes here!
O, what authority and ſhew of truth
Can cunning ſin cover itſelf withal!
Comes not that blood, as modeſt evidence,
To witneſs ſimple virtue? would you not ſwear,
All you that ſee her, that ſhe were a maid,
By theſe exterior ſhews? But ſhe is none:
She knows the heat of a luxurious bed;
Her bluſh is guiltineſs, not modeſty.

*Leon.* What do you mean, my Lord?

*Claud.* Not to be marry'd,
Not knit my ſoul to an approved wanton.

*Leon.* Dear my Lord, if you in your own approof
Have vanquiſh'd the reſiſtance of her youth,
And made defeat of her virginity———

*Claud.* I know what you would ſay: if I have known her,
You'll ſay ſhe did embrace me as a huſband,
And ſo extenuate the forehand ſin.
No, Leonato,
I never tempted her with word too large;
But, as a brother to his ſiſter, ſhew'd
Baſhful ſincerity, and comely love.

*Hero.* And ſeem'd I ever otherwiſe to you?

*Claud.* Out on thy ſeeming! I will rate againſt it;

You

You ſeem to me as Dian in her orb,
As chaſte as is the bud ere it be blown:
But you are more intemperate in your blood
Than Venus, or thoſe pamper'd animals
That rage in ſavage ſenſuality.
*Hero.* Is my Lord well, that he doth ſpeak ſo wide?
*Leon.* Sweet Prince, why ſpeak not you?
*Pedro.* What ſhould I ſpeak?
I ſtand diſhonour'd, that have gone about
To link my dear friend to a common ſtale.
*Leon.* Are theſe things ſpoken, or do I but dream?
*John* Sir, they are ſpoken, and theſe things are true.
*Bene.* This looks not like a nuptial.
*Hero.* True! O God!
*Claud.* Leonato, ſtand I here?
Is this the Prince? Is this the Prince's brother?
Is this face Hero's? are our eyes our own?
*Leon.* All this is ſo; but what of this, my Lord?
*Claud.* Let me but move one queſtion to your daughter,
And, by that fatherly and kindly power
That you have in her, bid her anſwer truly.
*Leon.* I charge thee do ſo, as thou art my child.
*Hero.* O God defend me, how am I beſet!
What kind of catechiſing call you this?
*Claud.* To make you anſwer truly to your name.
*Hero.* Is it not Hero? who can blot that name
With any juſt reproach?
*Claud.* Marry, that can Hero;
Hero herſelf can blot out Hero's virtue.
What man was he talk'd with you yeſternight
Out at your window betwixt twelve and one?
Now, if you are a maid, anſwer to this
*Hero.* I talk'd with no man at that hour, my Lord.
*Pedro.* Why, then you are no maiden. Leonato,
I am ſorry, you muſt hear; upon mine honour,
Myſelf, my brother, and this grieved Count
Did ſee her, hear her, at that hour laſt night,
Talk with a ruffian at her chamber-window;
Who hath indeed, like an illiberal villain,
Confeſs'd the vile encounters they have had
A thouſand times in ſecret.
*John.* Fie, fie, they are not to be nam'd, my Lord,

Not

Not to be ſpoken of:
There is not chaſtity enough in language,
Without offence, to utter them: thus, pretty Lady,
I am ſorry for thy much miſgovernment.

*Claud.* O Hero! what a Hero hadſt thou been,
If half thy outward graces had been plac'd
About the thoughts and counſels of thy heart?
But fare thee well, moſt foul, moſt fair! farewell
Thou pure impiety, and impious purity!
For thee I'll lock up all the gates of love,
And on my eye-lids ſhall conjecture hang,
To turn all beauty into thoughts of harm;
And never ſhall it more be gracious.

*Leon.* Hath no man's dagger here a point for me?

[*Hero ſwoons.*

*Beat.* Why, how now, couſin? wherefore ſink you down?

*John.* Come, let us go; theſe things come thus to light,
Smother her ſpirits up.

[*Exeunt Don Pedro, Don John and Claud.*

## SCENE II.

*Bene.* How doth the lady?

*Beat.* Dead, I think; help, uncle.
Hero! why, Hero! uncle! Signior Benedick! Friar!

*Leon.* O fate! take not away thy heavy hand;
Death is the faireſt cover for her ſhame,
That may be wiſh'd for.

*Beat.* How now, couſin Hero?

*Friar* Have comfort, Lady.

*Leon.* Doſt thou look up?

*Friar.* Yea, wherefore ſhould ſhe not?

*Leon.* Wherefore? why, doth not every earthly thing
Cry ſhame upon her? could ſhe here deny
The ſtory that is printed in her blood?
Do not live, Hero, do not ope thine eyes:
For did I think thou wouldſt not quickly die,
Thought I thy ſpirits were ſtronger than thy ſhames,
Myſelf would on the rereward of reproaches
Strike at thy life. Griev'd I, I had but one?
Chid I for that at frugal nature's frame?
I've one too much by thee. Why had I one?

Why

Why ever waſt thou lovely in my eyes?
Why had I not, with charitable hand,
Took up a beggar's iſſue at my gates?
Who ſmeared thus, and mir'd with infamy,
I might have ſaid, no part of it is mine;
This ſhame derives itſelf from unknown loins.
But mine, as mine I lov'd, as mine I prais'd,
As mine that I was proud on, mine ſo much,
That I myſelf was to myſelf not mine,
Valuing of her; why, ſhe,——O, ſhe, is fall'n
Into a pit of ink, that the wide ſea
Hath drops too few to waſh her clean again;
And ſalt too little, which may ſeaſon give
To her foul tainted fleſh!

*Bene.* Sir, Sir, be patient;
For my part, I am ſo attir'd in wonder,
I know not what to ſay.

*Beat.* O, on my ſoul, my couſin is bely'd.

*Bene.* Lady, were you her bedfellow laſt night?

*Beat.* No, truly, not; although until laſt night
I have this twelvemonth been her bedfellow.

*Leon.* Confirm'd, confirm'd! O, that is ſtronger made,
Which was before barr'd up with ribs of iron.
Would the two princes lie? and Claudio lie,
Who lov'd her ſo, that, ſpeaking of her foulneſs,
Waſh'd it with tears? Hence from her, let her die.

*Friar.* Hear me a little,
For I have only been ſilent ſo long,
And given way unto this courſe of fortune,
By noting of the lady. I have mark'd
A thouſand bluſhing apparitions
To ſtart into her face; a thouſand innocent ſhames
In angel-whiteneſs bear away thoſe bluſhes;
And in her eye there hath appear'd a fire,
To burn the errors that theſe princes hold
Againſt her maiden truth. Call me a fool,
Truſt not my reading, nor my obſervations,
Which with experimental ſeal do warrant
The tenor of my book; truſt not my age,
My reverence, calling, nor divinity,
If this ſweet lady lie not guiltleſs here
Under ſome biting error.

*Leon.*

*Leon.* Friar, it cannot be.
Thou ſeeſt that all the grace that ſhe hath left,
Is, that ſhe will not add to her damnation
A ſin of perjury; ſhe not denies it:
Why ſeek'ſt thou then to cover with excuſe
That which appears in proper nakedneſs?
*Friar.* Lady, what man is he you are accus'd of?
*Hero.* They know that do accuſe me; I know none:
If I know more of any man alive,
Than that which maiden modeſty doth warrant,
Let all my ſins lack mercy!—O my father!
Prove you that any man with me convers'd
At hours unmeet, or that I yeſternight
Maintain'd the change of words with any creature—
Refuſe me, hate me, torture me to death.
*Friar.* There is ſome ſtrange miſpriſion in the princes.
*Bene.* Two of them have the very bent of honour,
And if their wiſdoms be miſled in this,
The practice of it lives in John the baſtard,
Whoſe ſpirits toil in frame of villanies.
*Leon.* I know not: if they ſpeak but truth of her,
Theſe hands ſhall tear her; if they wrong her honour,
The proudeſt of them ſhall well hear of it.
Time hath not yet ſo dry'd this blood of mine,
Nor age ſo eat up my invention,
Nor fortune made ſuch havock of my means,
Nor my bad life reft me ſo much of friends,
But they ſhall find, awak'd in ſuch a kind,
Both ſtrength of limb, and policy of mind,
Ability in means, and choice of friends,
To quit me of them thoroughly.
*Friar.* Pauſe a while,
And let my counſel ſway you in this caſe.
Your daughter here the princes left for dead;
Let her a while be ſecretly kept in,
And publiſh it that ſhe is dead indeed:
Maintain a mourning oſtentation,
And on your family's old monument
Hang mournful epitaphs, and do all rites
That appertain unto a burial.
*Leon.* What ſhall become of this? what will this do?
*Friar.* Marry, this, well carry'd, ſhall on her behalf

Change ſlander to remorſe; that is ſome good;
But not for that dream I on this ſtrange courſe,
But on this travail look for greater birth.
She dying, as it muſt be ſo maintain'd,
Upon the inſtant that ſhe was accus'd,
Shall be lamented, pity'd, and excus'd,
Of every hearer; for it ſo falls out,
That what we have we prize not to the worth,
Whiles we enjoy it; but being lack'd and loſt,
Why, then we rack the value; then we find
The virtue that poſſeſſion would not ſhew us
Whilſt it was ours.—So will it fare with Claudio.
'When he ſhall hear ſhe dy'd upon his words,
'Th' idea of her life ſhall ſweetly creep
'Into his ſtudy of imagination,
'And every lovely organ of her life
'Shall come apparell'd in more precious habit;
'More moving, delicate, and full of life,
'Into the eye and proſpect of his ſoul,
'Than when ſhe liv'd indeed.' Then ſhall he mourn,
If ever love had intereſt in his liver,
And wiſh he had not ſo accuſed her;
No, though he thought his accuſation true.
Let this be ſo, and doubt not but ſucceſs
Will faſhion the event in better ſhape
Than I can lay it down in likelihood.
But if all aim but this be levell'd falſe,
The ſuppoſition of the lady's death
Will quench the wonder of her infamy.
And, if it ſort not well, you may conceal her,
As beſt befits her wounded reputation,
In ſome recluſive and religious life,
Out of all eyes, tongues, minds, and injuries.

*Bene.* Signior Leonato, let the Friar adviſe you.
And though, you know, my inwardneſs and love
Is very much unto the Prince and Claudio;
Yet, by mine honour, I will deal in this
As ſecretly and juſtly as your ſoul
Should with your body.

*Leon.* Being that I flow in grief,
The ſmalleſt twine may lead me.

*Friar.*

*Friar.* 'Tis well conſented, preſently away;
For to ſtrange ſores, ſtrangely they ſtrain the cure—
Come, Lady, die to live; this wedding-day
Perhaps is but prolong'd: have patience, and endure.
[*Exeunt.*

## SCENE III. *Manent Benedick and Beatrice.*

*Bene.* Lady Beatrice, have you wept all this while?

*Beat.* Yea, and I will weep a while longer.

*Bene.* I will not deſire that.

*Beat.* You have no reaſon, I do it freely.

*Bene.* Surely I do believe your fair couſin is wrong'd.

*Bene.* Ah, how much might the man deſerve of me, that would right her!

*Bene.* Is there any way to ſhew ſuch friendſhip?

*Beat.* A very even way, but no ſuch friend.

*Bene.* May a man do it?

*Beat.* It is a man's office, but not yours.

*Bene.* I do love nothing in the world ſo well as you; is not that ſtrange?

*Beat.* As ſtrange as the thing I know not. It were as poſſible for me to ſay, I loved nothing ſo well as you; but believe me not, and yet I lie not; I confeſs nothing, nor I deny nothing. I am ſorry for my couſin.

*Bene.* By my ſword, Beatrice, thou lov'ſt me.

*Beat.* Do not ſwear by it, and eat it.

*Bene.* I will ſwear by it, that you love me; and I will make him eat it that ſays I love not you.

*Beat.* Will you not eat your word?

*Bene.* With no ſauce that can be devis'd to it; I proteſt I love thee.

*Beat.* Why then, God forgive me.

*Bene.* What offence, ſweet Beatrice?

*Beat.* You have ſtay'd me in a happy hour; I was about to proteſt I lov'd you.

*Bene.* And do it with all thy heart.

*Beat.* I love you with ſo much of my heart, that none is left to proteſt.

*Bene.* Come, bid me do any thing for thee.

*Beat.* Kill Claudio.

*Bene.* Ha! not for the wide world.

*Beat.* You kill me to deny; farewell.

*Bene.* Tarry, ſweet Beatrice.

*Beat.* I am gone, tho' I am here; there is no love in you; nay, I pray you, let me go.

*Bene.* Beatrice,——

*Beat.* In faith, I will go.

*Bene.* We'll be friends firſt.

*Beat.* You dare eaſier be friends with me, than fight with mine enemy?

*Bene.* Is Claudio thine enemy?

*Beat.* Is he not approved in the height a villain, that hath ſlander'd, ſcorn'd, diſhonour'd my kinſwoman! O that I were a man! What! bear her in hand until they come to take hands, and then, with public accuſation, uncover'd ſlander, unmitigated rancour——O God, that I were a man! I would eat his heart in the market-place.

*Bene.* Hear me, Beatrice.

*Beat.* Talk with a man out at a window!——a proper ſaying!

*Bene.* Nay, but Beatrice.

*Beat.* Sweet Hero! ſhe is wrong'd, ſhe is ſlander'd, ſhe is undone.

*Bene.* Beat.——

*Beat.* Princes and Counts! ſurely, a princely teſtimony, a goodly count-comfect, a ſweet gallant, ſurely! O that I were a man for his ſake! or that I had any friend would be a man for my ſake! But manhood is melted into courteſies, valour into compliment, and men are only turn'd into tongue, and trim ones too. He is now as valiant as Hercules, that only tells a lie, and ſwears it. I cannot be a man with wiſhing, therefore I will die a woman with grieving.

*Bene.* Tarry, good Beatrice; by this hand I love thee.

*Beat.* Uſe it for my love ſome other way than ſwearing by it.

*Bene.* Think you in your ſoul the Count Claudio hath wrong'd Hero?

*Beat.* Yea, as ſure as I have a thought or a ſoul.

*Bene.* Enough; I am engag'd; I will challenge him, I will kiſs your hand, and ſo leave you; by this hand,

Claudio

Claudio ſhall render me a dear account; as you hear of me, ſo think of me: go comfort your couſin: I muſt ſay ſhe is dead; and ſo farewell. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE IV. *Changes to a priſon.*

*Enter Dogberry, Verges, Borachio, Conrade, the Town-Clerk, and Sexton in gowns.*

*To. Cl.* Is our whole diſſembly appear'd?

*Dogb.* O, a ſtool and a cuſhion for the Sexton!

*Sexton.* Which be the malefactors?

*Verg.* Marry, that am I and my partner.

*Dogb.* Nay, that's certain, we have the exhibition to examine.

*Sexton.* But which are the offenders that are to be examin'd? let them come before Maſter Conſtable.

*To. Cl.* Yea, marry, let them come before me. What is your name, friend?

*Bora.* Borachio.

*To. Cl.* Pray, write down, *Borachio.* Your's, ſirrah?

*Conr.* I am a gentleman, Sir, and my name is *Conrade.*

*To. Cl.* Write down, *Maſter Gentleman Conrade.* Maſters, do you ſerve God?

*Both.* Yea, Sir, we hope.

*To. Cl.* Write down, that they hope they ſerve God? and write God firſt, for God defend, but God ſhould go before ſuch villains.——Maſters, it is proved already, that you are little better than falſe knaves, and it will go near to be thought ſo ſhortly; how anſwer you for yourſelves?

*Conr.* Marry, Sirs, we ſay we are none.

*To. Cl.* A marvellous witty fellow, I aſſure you, but "I will go about with him. Come you hither, ſirrah, "a word in your ear, Sir; I ſay to you, it is thought "you are both falſe knaves."

*Bora.* Sir, I ſay to you, We are none.

*To. Cl.* "Well, ſtand aſide; 'fore God, they are "both in a tale; have you writ down, that they are "none?"

*Sexton.* Maſter Town-Clerk, you go not the way to

examine, you muſt call the watch that are their accuſers.

*To. Cl.* Yea, marry, that's the eſteſt way; let the watch come forth. Maſters, I charge you in the Prince's name accuſe theſe men.

*Enter Watchman.*

1 *Watch.* This man ſaid, Sir, that Don John the Prince's-brother was a villain.

*To. Cl.* Write down, Prince John a villain; why this is flat perjury, to call a Prince's brother villain.

*Bora.* Maſter Town-clerk———

*To. Cl.* Pray thee, fellow, peace; I do not like thy look, I promiſe thee.

*Sexton.* What heard you him ſay elſe?

2 *Watch.* Marry, that he had receiv'd a thouſand ducats of Don John, for accuſing the Lady Hero wrongfully.

*To. Cl.* Flat burglary, as ever was committed.

*Dogb.* Yea, by th' maſs, that it is.

*Sexton.* What elſe, fellow?

1 *Watch.* And that Count Claudio did mean, upon his words, to diſgrace Hero before the whole aſſembly, and not marry her.

*To. Cl.* O villain! thou wilt be condemn'd into everlaſting redemption for this.

*Sexton.* What elſe?

2 *Watch.* This is all.

*Sexton.* And this is more, Maſters, than you can deny. Prince John is this morning ſecretly ſtol'n away: Hero was in this manner accus'd, and in this very manner refus'd, and upon the grief of this ſuddenly dy'd. Maſter Conſtable, let theſe men be bound, and brought to Leonato; I will go before, and ſhew him their examination.

*Dogb.* Come, let them be opinion'd.

*Sexton.* Let them be in hand. [*Exit.*

*Conr.* Off, Coxcomb!

*Dogb.* God's my life, where's the Sexton? let him write down the Prince's officer *Coxcomb*. Come, bind them, thou naughty varlet.

*Conr.* Away! you are an aſs, you are an aſs.———

*Dogb.*

*Dogb.* Doſt thou not ſuſpect my place? doſt thou not ſuſpect my years? O, that he were here to write me down an aſs! but, Maſters, remember, that I am an aſs; though it be not written down, yet forget not that I am an aſs. No, thou villain, thou art full of piety, as ſhall be prov'd upon thee by good witneſs "I am a wiſe "fellow, and which is more, an officer; and which is "more, an houſholder; and which is more, as pretty a "piece of fleſh as any in Meſſina, and one that knows "the law; go to, and a rich fellow enough; go to, and a "fellow that hath had loſſes; and one that hath two "gowns, and every thing handſome about him. Bring "him away; O that I had been writ down an aſs!"——

[*Exeunt.*

## ACT V. SCENE I.

*Before Leonato's houſe.*

*Enter Leonato and Antonio.*

*Ant.* IF you go on thus, you will kill yourſelf,
And 'tis not wiſdom thus to ſecond grief
Againſt you-ſelf.

*Leon.* I pray thee, ceaſe thy counſel,
Which falls into mine ears as profitleſs
As water in a ſieve; give not me counſel,
Nor let no comforter delight mine ear,
But ſuch a one whoſe wrongs do ſuit with mine.
Bring me a father, that ſo lov'd his child,
Whoſe joy of her is overwhelm'd like mine,
And bid him ſpeak of patience;
Meaſure his woe the length and breadth of mine,
And let it anſwer every ſtrain for ſtrain:
As thus for thus, and ſuch a grief for ſuch,
In every lineament, branch, ſhape, and form.
If ſuch a one will ſmile, and ſtroke his beard,
And ſorrow wave; cry, Hem! when he ſhould groan;
'Patch grief with proverbs; make misfortune drunk
'With candle-waſters; bring him yet to me,
'And I of him will gather patience.
'But there is no ſuch man; for, brother, men

'Can

'Can counſel, and give comfort to that grief
'Which they themſelves not feel; but taſting it,
'Their counſel turns to paſſion, which before
'Would give preceptial medicine to rage;
'Fetter ſtrong madneſs in a ſilken thread;
'Charm ach with air, and agony with words.
'No, no; 'tis all mens' office to ſpeak patience
'To thoſe that wring under the load of ſorrow;
'But no man's virtue, nor ſufficiency,
'To be ſo moral, when he ſhall endure
'The like himſelf: therefore give me no counſel;
'My griefs cry louder than advertiſement.'

*Ant.* Therein do men from children nothing differ.

*Leon.* I pray thee, peace; I will be fleſh and blood;
'For there was never yet philoſopher,
'That could endure the tooth-ach patiently;
'However they have writ the ſtyle of gods,
'And made a piſh at chance and ſufferance.'

*Ant.* Yet bend not all the harm upon yourſelf:
Make thoſe that do offend you, ſuffer too.

*Leon.* There thou ſpeak'ſt reaſon; nay, I will do ſo.
My ſoul doth tell me, Hero is bely'd;
And that ſhall Claudio know, ſo ſhall the Prince;
And all of them that thus diſhonour her.

## SCENE II. *Enter Don Pedro and Claudio.*

*Ant.* Here comes the Prince and Claudio haſtily.

*Pedro.* Good den, good den.

*Claud.* Good day to both of you.

*Leon.* Hear you, my Lords?

*Pedro.* We have ſome haſte, Leonato.

*Leon.* Some haſte, my Lord! well, fare you well, my Lord.
Are you ſo haſty now? well, all is one.

*Pedro.* Nay, do not quarrel with us, good old man.

*Ant.* If he could right himſelf with quarrelling,
Some of us would lie low.

*Claud.* Who wrongs him?

*Leon.* Marry, thou doſt wrong me, thou diſſembler, thou!

Nay,

Nay, never lay thy hand upon thy ſword,
I fear thee not.
*Claud.* Marry, beſhrew my hand,
If it ſhould give your age ſuch cauſe of fear;
In faith, my hand meant nothing to my ſword.
*Leon.* Tuſh, tuſh, man, never ſleer and jeſt at me.
I ſpeak not like a dotard, nor a fool;
As, under privilege of age, to brag
What I have done being young, or what would do,
Were I not old. Know, Claudio, to thy head,
Thou haſt ſo wrong'd my innocent child and me,
That I am forc'd to lay my reverence by;
And, with grey hairs, and bruiſe of many days,
Do challenge thee to trial of a man:
I ſay, thou haſt bely'd mine innocent child,
Thy ſlander hath gone through and through her heart;
And ſhe lies bury'd with her anceſtors,
O, in a tomb where never ſcandal ſlept,
Save this of hers, fram'd by thy villainy!
*Claud.* My villainy?
*Leon.* Thine, Claudio; thine, I ſay.
*Pedro.* You ſay not right, old man.
*Leon.* My Lord, my Lord.
I'll prove it on his body, if he dare;
Deſpight his nice fence and his active practice,
His May of youth, and bloom of luſtyhood.
*Claud.* Away, I will not have to do with you.
*Leon.* Can'ſt thou ſo doſſe me? thou haſt kill'd my child;
If thou kill'ſt me, boy, thou ſhalt kill a man.
*Ant.* He ſhall kill two of us, and men indeed;
But that's no matter, let him kill one firſt;
Win me and wear me, let him anſwer me;
Come, follow me, boy; come, boy, follow me;
Sir boy, I'll whip you from you foining fence;
Nay, as I am a gentleman, I will.
*Leon.* Brother,———
*Ant.* Content yourſelf; God knows, I lov'd my niece;
And ſhe is dead, ſlander'd to death by villains,
That dare as well anſwer a man, indeed,
As I dare take a ſerpent by the tongue.
Boys, apes, braggarts, jacks, milkſops!

*Leon.*

*Leon.* Brother Anthony———

*Ant.* " Hold you content; what, man? I know them,
" yea,
" And what they weigh, even to the utmoſt ſcruple:
" Scambling, out-facing, faſhion-mongring boys,
" That lie, and cog, and flout, deprave, and ſlander,
" Go antickly, and ſhow an outward hideouſneſs,
" And ſpeak off half a dozen dangerous words,
" How they might hurt their enemies, if they durſt;
" And this is all."

*Leon.* But, brother Anthony,———

*Ant.* Come, 'tis no matter;
Do not you meddle, let me deal in this.

*Pedro.* Gentlemen both, we will not wrack your patience.
My heart is ſorry for your daughter's death;
But, on my honour, ſhe was charg'd with nothing
But what was true, and very full of proof.

*Leon.* My Lord, my Lord———

*Pedro.* I will not hear you.

*Leon.* No! come, brother, away, I will be heard.

*Ant.* And ſhall, or ſome of us will ſmart for it.

[*Exeunt ambo.*

## SCENE III. *Enter Benedick.*

*Pedro.* See, ſee, here comes the man we went to ſeek.

*Claud.* Now, Signior, what news?

*Bene.* Good day, my Lord.

*Pedro.* Welcome, Signior; you are almoſt come to part almoſt a fray.

*Claud.* We had like to have had our two noſes ſnapt off with two old men without teeth.

*Pedro.* Leonato and his brother; what think'ſt thou? had we fought, I doubt we ſhould have been too young for them.

*Bene.* In a falſe quarrel there is no true valour; I came to ſeek you both.

*Claud.* We have been up and down to ſeek thee; for we are high-proof melancholy, and would fain have it beaten away. Wilt thou uſe thy wit?

*Bene.*

*Bene.* It is in my ſcabbard; ſhall I draw it?

*Pedro.* Doſt thou wear thy wit by thy ſide?

*Claud.* Never any did ſo, though very many have been beſide their wit. I will bid thee draw, as we do the minſtrels; draw, to pleaſure us.

*Pedro.* As I am an honeſt man, he looks pale: art thou ſick or angry?

*Claud.* What! courage, man: what tho' care kill'd a cat, thou haſt mettle enough in thee to kill care.

*Bene.* Sir, I ſhall meet your wit in the career, if you charge it againſt me.——I pray you chuſe another ſubject.

*Claud.* Nay, then give him another ſtaff; this laſt was broke croſs.

*Pedro.* By this light, he changes more and more. I think he be angry indeed.

*Claud.* If he be, he knows how to turn his girdle.

*Bene.* Shall I ſpeak a word in your ear?

*Claud.* God bleſs me from a challenge!

*Bene.* You are a villain; I jeſt not. I will make it good how you dare, with what you dare, and when you dare. Do me right, or I will proteſt your cowardice. You have kill'd a ſweet lady, and her death ſhall fall heavy on you. Let me hear from you.

*Claud.* Well, I will meet you, ſo I may have good cheer.

*Pedro.* What, a feaſt?

*Claud.* I' faith, I thank him; he hath bid me to a calves-head and a capon; the which if I do not carve moſt curiouſly, ſay, my knife's naught. Shall I not find a wood-cock too?

*Bene.* Sir, your wit ambles well; it goes eaſily.

*Pedro.* I'll tell thee how Beatrice prais'd thy wit the other day. I ſaid, thou hadſt a fine wit; right, ſays ſhe, a fine little one; no, ſaid I, a great wit; juſt, ſaid ſhe, a great groſs one; nay, ſaid I, a good wit; juſt, ſaid ſhe, it hurts no body; nay, ſaid I, the gentleman is wiſe; certain, ſaid ſhe, a wiſe gentleman; nay, ſaid I, he hath the tongues; that I believe, ſaid ſhe, for he ſwore a thing to me on Monday night, which he forſwore on Tueſday morning; there's a double tongue, there's two tongues. Thus did ſhe an hour together

tranſ-ſhape thy particular virtues; yet at laſt ſhe concluded with a ſigh, thou waſt the propereſt man in Italy.

*Claud.* For the which ſhe wept heartily, and ſaid ſhe car'd not.

*Pedro.* Yea, that ſhe did; but yet for all that, and if ſhe did not hate him deadly, ſhe would love him dearly; the old man's daughter told us all.

*Claud.* All, all; and moreover, *God ſaw him when he was hid in the garden.*

*Pedro.* But when ſhall we ſet the ſavage bull's horns on the ſenſible Benedick's head?

*Claud.* Yea, and text underneath, *Here dwells Benedick the married man.*

*Bene.* Fare you well, boy, you know my mind; I will leave you now to your goſſip-like humour; you break jeſts as braggarts do their blades, which, God be thank'd, hurt not. My Lord, for your many courteſies I thank you; I muſt diſcontinue your company; your brother, the baſtard, is fled, from Meſſina; you have among you killed a ſweet and innocent lady. For my Lord Lack-beard there, he and I ſhall meet; and till then, peace be with him! [*Exit Benedick.*

*Pedro.* He is in earneſt.

*Claud.* In moſt profound earneſt, and, I'll warrant you, for the love of Beatrice.

*Pedro.* And hath challeng'd thee?

*Claud.* Moſt ſincerely.

*Pedro.* What a pretty thing man is, when he goes in his doublet and hoſe, and leaves off his wit!

## SCENE IV.

*Enter Dogberry, Verges, Conrade and Borachio guarded.*

*Claud.* He is then a giant to an ape; but then is an ape a doctor to ſuch a man.

*Pedro.* But, ſoft you, let me ſee, pluck up my heart and be ſad; did he not ſay, my brother was fled?

*Dogb.* Come, you, Sir; if Juſtice cannot tame you, ſhe ſhall ne'er weigh more reaſons in her balance; nay,

an

an you be a curſing hypocrite once, you muſt be look'd to.

*Pedro* How now, two of my brother's men bound? Borachio one?

*Claud.* Hearken after their offence, my Lord.

*Pedro.* Officers, what offence have theſe men done?

*Dogb.* Marry, Sir, they have committed falſe report; moreover, they have ſpoken untruths; ſecondarily, they are ſlanders; ſixth and laſtly, they have bely'd a lady; thirdly, they have verify'd unjuſt things; and, to conclude, they are lying knaves.

*Pedro.* Firſt, I aſk thee what they have done; thirdly, I aſk thee what's their offence; ſixth and laſtly, why they are committed; and, to conclude, what you lay to their charge?

*Claud.* Rightly reaſon'd, and in his own diviſion; and, by my troth. there's one meaning well-ſuited.

*Pedro.* Whom have you offended, Maſters, that you are thus bound to your anſwer? This learned conſtable is too cunning to be underſtood. What's your offence?

*Bora.* Sweet Prince, let me go no further to mine anſwer: do you hear me, and let this Count kill me. I have deceiv'd even your very eyes: what your wiſdoms could not diſcover, theſe ſhallow fools have brought to light, who in the night overheard me confeſſing to this man, how Don John your brother incens'd me to ſlander the Lady Hero; how you were brought into the orchard, and ſaw me court Margaret in Hero's garments; how you diſgrac'd her, when you ſhould marry her. My villany they have upon record, which I had rather ſeal with my death, than repeat over to my ſhame. The lady is dead upon mine and my maſter's falſe accuſation; and, briefly, I deſire nothing but the reward of a villain.

*Pedro.* Runs not this ſpeech like iron through your blood?

*Claud.* I have drunk poiſon while he utter'd it.

*Pedro.* But did my brother ſet thee on to this?

*Bora.* Yea, and paid me richly for the practice of it.

*Pedro.* He is compos'd and fram'd of treachery;
And fled he is upon this villany.

*Claud.* Sweet Hero! now thy image doth appear
In the rare ſemblance that I lov'd it firſt.

*Dogb.* Come, bring away the plaintiffs; by this time our Sexton hath reform'd Signior Leonato of the matter; and, Maſters, do not forget to ſpecify, when time and place ſhall ſerve, that I am an aſs.

*Verg.* Here, here comes Maſter Signior Leonato, and the Sexton too.

## SCENE V. *Enter Leonato and Sexton.*

*Leon.* Which is the villain? let me ſee his eyes.
" That when I note another man like him,
" I may avoid him; which of theſe is he?"

*Bora.* If you would know your wronger, look on me.

*Leon.* Art thou, art thou the ſlave, that with thy breath
Haſt kill'd mine innocent child?

*Bora.* Yea, even I alone.

*Leon.* No, not ſo, villain; thou bely'ſt thyſelf;
Here ſtand a pair of honourable men,
A third is fled, that had a hand in it.
I thank you, princes, for my daughter's death;
Record it with your high and worthy deeds;
'Twas bravely done, if you bethink you of it.

*Claud.* I know not how to pray your patience,
Yet I muſt ſpeak: Chuſe your revenge yourſelf;
Impoſe me to what penance your invention
Can lay upon my ſin. Yet ſinn'd I not,
But in miſtaking.

*Pedro.* By my ſoul, nor I;
And yet, to ſatisfy this good old man,
I would bend under any heavy weight,
That he'll enjoin me to.

*Leon.* You cannot bid my daughter live again;
That were impoſſible; but, I pray you both,
Poſſeſs the people in Meſſina here
How innocent ſhe dy'd; and if your love
Can labour aught in ſad invention,
Hang her an epitaph upon her tomb,
And ſing it to her bones; ſing it to-night:
To-morrow morning come you to my houſe;
And ſince you could not be my ſon-in-law,

Be

Be yet my nephew; my brother hath a daughter,
Almoſt the copy of my child that's dead,
And ſhe alone is heir to both of us;
Give her the right you ſhould have given her couſin,
And ſo dies my revenge.

*Claud.* O Noble Sir?
Your over-kindneſs doth wring tears from me.
I do embrace your offer; and diſpoſe
For henceforth of poor Claudio.

*Leon.* To-morrow then I will expect your coming,
To-night I take my leave. This naughty man
Shall face to face be brought to Margaret,
Who, I believe, was pack'd in all this wrong,
Hir'd to it by your brother.

*Bora.* No, by my ſoul, ſhe was not;
Nor knew not what ſhe did, when ſhe ſpoke to me.
But always hath been juſt and virtuous,
In any thing that I do know by her.

*Dogb.* Moreover, Sir, which indeed is not under white and black, this plaintiff here, the offender, did call me aſs. I beſeech you, let it be remember'd in his puniſhment; "and alſo the watch heard them talk of one Deformed. "They ſay he wears a key in his ear, and a lock hang-"ing by it; and borrows money in God's name, the "which he hath us'd ſo long, and never paid, that now "men grow hard-hearted, and will lend nothing for "God's ſake." Pray you, examine him upon that point.

*Leon.* I thank thee for thy care and honeſt pains.

*Dogb.* Your Worſhip ſpeaks like a moſt thankful and reverend youth; and I praiſe God for you.

*Leon.* There's for thy pains.

*Dogb.* God ſave the foundation!

*Leon.* Go, I diſcharge thee of thy priſoner; and I thank thee.

*Dogb.* I leave an errant knave with your Worſhip, which I beſeech your Worſhip to correct yourſelf, for the example of others. God keep your Worſhip; I wiſh your Worſhip well. God reſtore you to health: I humbly give you leave to depart; and if a merry meeting may be wiſh'd, God prohibit it. Come, neighbour.

[*Exeunt.*

*Leon.* Until to-morrow morning, Lords, farewell.

*Ant.* Farewell, my Lords; we look for you to-morrow.

*Pedro.* We will not fail.

*Claud.* To-night I'll mourn with Hero.

*Leon.* Bring you theſe fellows on; we'll talk with Margaret,
How her acquaintance grew with this lewd fellow.

[*Exeunt ſeverally.*

## SCENE VI. *Changes to Leonato's houſe.*

*Enter Benedick and Margaret.*

*Bene.* Pray thee, ſweet Miſtreſs Margaret, deſerve well at my hands, by helping me to the ſpeech of Beatrice.

*Marg.* Will you then write me a ſonnet in praiſe of my beauty?

*Bene.* In ſo high a ſtyle, Margaret, that no man living ſhall come over it; for, in moſt comely truth, thou deſerveſt it.

*Marg.* To have no man come over me? why ſhall I always keep above ſtairs?

*Bene.* Thy wit is as quick as the greyhound's mouth; it catches.

*Marg.* And yours as blunt as the fencer's foils, which hit, but hurt not.

*Bene.* A moſt manly wit, Margaret, it will not hurt a woman; and ſo, I pray thee, call Beatrice; I give thee the bucklers.

*Marg.* Give us the ſwords; we have bucklers of our own.

*Bene.* If you uſe them, Margaret, you muſt put in the pikes with a vice, and they are dangerous weapons for maids.

*Marg.* Well, I will call Beatrice to you, who, I think, hath legs. [*Exit Margaret.*

*Bene.* And therefore will come. [*Sings.*] *The God of love that ſits above, and knows me, and knows me, how pitiful I deſerve,*———I mean, in ſinging; but in loving, Leander the good ſwimmer, Troilus the firſt employer of pandars, and a whole book full of theſe quondam

dam carpet-mongers, whoſe names yet run ſmoothly in the even road of a blank verſe; why, they were never ſo truly turn'd over and over, as my poor ſelf, in love; marry, I cannot ſhew it in rhyme; I have try'd; I can find out no rhyme to *lady* but *baby*, an innocent's rhyme; for *ſcorn*, *horn*, a hard rhyme; for *ſchool*, *fool*, a babbling rhyme; very ominous endings; no, I was not born under a rhyming planet, for I cannot woo in feſtival terms.

## SCENE VII. *Enter Beatrice.*

Sweet Beatrice, would'ſt thou come when I call thee?

*Beat.* Yea, Signior, and depart when you bid me.

*Bene.* O, ſtay but till then.

*Beat.* Then, is ſpoken; fare you well now; and yet ere I go, let me go with that I came for; which is, with knowing what hath paſs'd between you and Claudio.

*Bene.* Only foul words; and thereupon I will kiſs thee.

*Beat.* Foul words are but foul wind, and foul wind is but foul breath, and foul breath is noiſome; therefore I will depart unkiſs'd.

*Bene.* Thou haſt frighted the word out of its right ſenſe, ſo forcible is thy wit; but, I muſt tell thee plainly, Claudio undergoes my challenge; and either I muſt ſhortly hear from him, or I will ſubſcribe him a coward; and I pray thee, now tell me, for which of my bad parts didſt thou firſt fall in love with me?

*Beat.* For them all together; which maintain'd ſo politic a ſtate of evil, that they will not admit any good part to intermingle with them. But for which of my good parts did you firſt ſuffer love for me?

*Bene.* Suffer love! a good epithet: I do ſuffer love, indeed, for I love thee againſt my will.

*Beat.* In ſpight of your heart, I think; alas! poor heart, if you ſpight it for my ſake, I will ſpight it for yours; for I will never love that which my friend hates.

*Bene.* Thou and I are too wiſe to woo peaceably.

*Beat.* It appears not in this confeſſion; there's not one wiſe man among twenty that will praiſe himſelf.

*Bene.* "An old, an old inſtance, Beatrice, that liv'd "in the time of good neighbours;" if a man do not

erect in this age his own tomb ere he dies, he ſhall live no longer in monuments, than the bells ring, and the widow weeps.

*Beat.* And how long is that, think you?

*Bene.* Queſtion?——why, an hour in clamour, and a quarter in rheum; therefore it is moſt expedient for the wiſe, if Don Worm (his conſcience) find no impediment to the contrary, to be the trumpet of his own virtues, as I am to myſelf. So much for praiſing myſelf; who, I myſelf will bear witneſs, is praiſe worthy. And now tell me, how doth your couſin?

*Beat.* Very ill.

*Bene.* And how do you?

*Beat.* Very ill too.

*Bene.* Serve God, love me, and mend; there will I leave you too, for here comes one in haſte.

*Enter Urſula.*

*Urſ.* Madam, you muſt come to your uncle; yonder's old coil at home; it is proved my Lady Hero hath been falſely accus'd; the Prince and Claudio mightily abus'd; and Don John is the author of all, who is fled and gone. Will you come preſently?

*Beat.* Will you go hear this news, Signior?

*Bene.* I will live in thy eyes, die in thy lap, and be bury'd in thy heart; and, moreover, I will go with thee to thy uncle. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE VIII. *Changes to a church.*

*Enter Don Pedro, Claudio, and attendants with tapers.*

*Claud.* Is this the monument of Leonato?

*Attend.* It is, my Lord.

### *EPITAPH.*

*Done to death by ſlanderous tongues*
*Was the Hero that here lies:*
*Death, in guerdon of her wrongs,*
*Gives her fame which never dies.*
*So the life that dy'd with ſhame,*
*Lives in death with glorious fame.*
*Hang thou there upon the tomb,*
*Praiſing her when I am dumb.*

*Claud.*

*Claud.* Now, muſic, ſound, and ſing the ſolemn hymn.

*SONG.*

*Pardon, goddeſs of the night,*
*Thoſe that ſlew thy virgin knight;*
*For the which, with ſongs of woe,*
*Round about her tomb they go.*
*Midnight, aſſiſt our moan;*
*Help us to ſigh and groan*
*Heavily, heavily:*
*Graves, yawn, and yield your dead,*
*Till death be uttered,*
*Heavily, heavily.*

*Claud.* Now unto thy bones good night!
Yearly will I do this rite.
*Pedro.* Good morrow, Maſters, put your torches out;
The wolves have prey'd; and, look, the gentle day,
Before the wheels of Phœbus, round about
Dapples the drowſy eaſt with ſpots of grey:
Thanks to you all, and leave us; fare you well.
*Claud.* Good morrow, Maſters; each his ſeveral way.
*Pedro.* Come, let us hence, and put on other weeds;
And then to Leonato's we will go.
*Claud.* And Hymen now with luckier iſſue ſpeed 's,
Than this for whom we render'd up this woe!

[*Exeunt.*

## SCENE IX. *Changes to Leonato's houſe.*

*Enter Leonato, Benedick, Margaret, Urſula, Antonio, Friar, and Hero.*

*Friar.* Did I not tell you ſhe was innocent?
*Leon.* So are the Prince and Claudio, who accus'd her,
Upon the error that you heard debated.
But Margaret was in ſome fault for this;
Although againſt her will, as it appears,
In the true courſe of all the queſtion.
*Ant.* Well; I am glad that all things ſort ſo well.
*Bene.* And ſo am I, being elſe by faith enforc'd

To

To call young Claudio to a reckoning for it.

*Leon.* Well, daughter, and you gentlewomen all,
Withdraw into a chamber by yourſelves,
And when I ſend for you, come hither maſk'd:
The Prince and Claudio promis'd by this hour
To viſit me; you know your office, brother,
You muſt be father to your brother's daughter,
And give her to young Claudio. [*Exeunt ladies.*

*Ant.* Which I will do with confirm'd countenance.

*Bene.* Friar, I muſt intreat your pains, I think.

*Friar.* To do what, Signior?

*Bene.* To bind me, or undo me, one of them.
Signior Leonato, truth it is, good Signior,
Your niece regards me with an eye of favour.

*Leon.* That eye my daughter lent her, 'tis moſt true.

*Bene.* And I do with an eye of love requite her.

*Leon* The ſight whereof, I think, you had from me,
From Claudio, and the Prince. But what's your will?

*Bene.* Your anſwer, Sir, is enigmatical;
But for my will, my will is, your good-will
May ſtand with ours, this day to be conjoin'd
I' th' ſtate of honourable marriage;
In which, good Friar, I ſhall deſire your help.

*Leon.* My heart is with your liking.

*Friar.* And my help.

## SCENE X.

*Enter Don Pedro and Claudio, with attendants.*

*Pedro.* Good morrow to this fair aſſembly.

*Leon.* Good morrow, Prince; good morrow, Claudio,
We here attend you; are you yet determin'd
To-day to marry with my brother's daughter?

*Claud.* I'll hold my mind, were ſhe an Ethiope.

*Leon.* Call her forth, brother, here's the Friar ready.
[*Exit Antonio.*

*Pedro.* Good morrow, Benedick; why, what's the matter,
That you have ſuch a February face,
So full of froſt, of ſtorm and cloudineſs?

*Claud.* I think he thinks upon the ſavage bull:
Tuſh, fear not, man, we'll tip thy horns with gold,
And ſo all Europe ſhall rejoice at thee;

As

As once Europa did at luſty Jove,
When he would play the noble beaſt in love.
*Bene.* Bull Jove, Sir, had an amiable low,
And ſome ſuch ſtrange bull leap'd your father's cow;
And got a calf, in that ſame noble feat,
Much like to you; for you have juſt his bleat.

## SCENE XI.

*Enter Antonio, with Hero, Beatrice, Margaret, and Urſula, maſk'd.*

*Claud.* For this I owe you. Here come other reckonings.
Which is the lady I muſt ſeize upon?
*Ant.* This ſame is ſhe, and I do give you her.
*Claud.* Why, then ſhe's mine; ſweet, let me ſee your face.
*Leon.* No, that you ſhall not till you take her hand
Before this Friar, and ſwear to marry her.
*Claud.* Give me your hand. Before this holy Friar,
I am your huſband if you like of me.
*Hero.* And when I liv'd, I was your other wife;
[*Unmaſking.*
And when you lov'd, you were my other huſband.
*Claud.* Another Hero?
*Hero.* Nothing certainer.
One Hero dy'd defil'd, but I do live;
And, ſurely, as I live, I am a maid.
*Pedro.* The former Hero! Hero, that is dead!
*Leon.* She dy'd, my Lord, but whiles her ſlander liv'd.
*Friar.* All this amazement can I qualify;
When, after that the holy rites are ended,
I'll tell thee largely of fair Hero's death:
Mean time let wonder ſeem familiar,
And to the chapel let us preſently.
*Bene.* Soft and fair, Friar. Which is Beatrice?
*Beat.* I anſwer to that name; what is your will?
*Bene.* Do not you love me?
*Beat.* Why, no, no more than reaſon.
*Bene.* Why, then your uncle, and the Prince, and Claudio, have been deceiv'd; they ſwore you did.
*Beat.* Do not you love me?

*Bene.*

*Bene.* Troth, no, no more than reaſon.

*Beat.* Why, then, my couſin, Margaret, and Urſula,
Have been deceiv'd; for they did ſwear you did.

*Bene.* They ſwore you were almoſt ſick for me.

*Beat.* They ſwore you were well-nigh dead for me.

*Bene.* 'Tis no matter; then you do not love me?

*Beat.* No, truly, but in friendly recompence.

*Leon.* Come, couſin, I am ſure you love the gentleman.

*Claud.* And I'll be ſworn upon't that he loves her;
For here's a paper written in his hand,
A halting ſonnet of his own pure brain,
Faſhion'd to Beatrice.

*Hero.* And here's another,
Writ in my couſin's hand, ſtolen from her pocket,
Containing her affection unto Benedick.

*Bene.* A miracle! here's our own hands againſt our hearts; come, I will have thee; but, by this light, I take thee for pity.

*Beat.* I would not deny you; but, by this good day, I yield upon great perſuaſion, and partly to ſave your life; for, as I was told, you were in a conſumption.

*Bene.* Peace, I will ſtop your mouth.——— [*Kiſſing her.*

*Pedro.* How do'ſt thou, Benedick, the married man?

*Bene.* I'll tell thee what, Prince; a college of wit-crackers cannot flout me out of my humour. Doſt thou think I care for a ſatyr, or an epigram? No: "if a man "will be beaten with brains, he ſhall wear nothing hand-"ſome about him." In brief, ſince I do purpoſe to marry, I will think nothing to any purpoſe that the world can ſay againſt it; and therefore never flout at me for what I have ſaid againſt it; for man is a giddy thing, and this is my concluſion. For thy part, Claudio, I did think to have beaten thee; but in that thou art like to be my kinſman, live unbruis'd, and love my couſin.

*Claud.* I had well hoped thou wouldſt have denied Beatrice, that I might have cudgell'd thee out of thy ſingle life, to make thee a double dealer; which, out of queſtion, thou wilt be, if my couſin do not look exceeding narrowly to thee.

*Bene.* Come, come, we are friends; let's have a dance

dance ere we are marry'd, that we may lighten our own hearts, and our wives heels.

*Leon.* We'll have dancing afterwards.

*Bene.* Firſt, o' my word; therefore, play, muſic. Prince, thou art ſad, get thee a wife, get thee a wife; there is no ſtaff more reverend than one tipt with horn.

*Enter Meſſenger.*

*Meſſ.* My Lord, your brother John is ta'en in flight, And brought with armed men back to Meſſina.

*Bene.* Think not on him till to-morrow: I'll deviſe thee brave puniſhments for him. Strike up, pipers.

[*Dance.*

[*Exeunt omnes.*

THE

OWENS COLLEGE LIBRARY MANCHESTER

# THE MERCHANT OF VENICE.

## DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

DUKE *of Venice*
Morochius, *a Mooriſh prince* } *ſuitors to Portia.*
Prince *of Arragon.* }
Anthonio, *the merchant of Venice.*
Baſſanio, *his friend, in love with Portia.*
Salanio, } *friends to Anthonio and Baſſanio.*
Solarino, }
Gratiano, }
Lorenzo, *in love with Jeſſica.*
Shylock, *a Jew.*
Tubal, *a Jew, his friend.*
Launcelot, *a clown, ſervant to the Jew.*
Gobbo, *an old man, father to Launcelot.*
Leonardo, *ſervant to Baſſanio.*
Balthazar, } *ſervants to Portia.*
Stephano, }
Portia, *an heireſs of great quality and fortune.*
Neriſſa, *confident to Portia.*
Jeſſica, *daughter to Shylock.*
*Senators of Venice, Officers, Jailor, Servants, and other Attendants.*

*SCENE, partly at Venice; and partly at Belmont, the ſeat of Portia upon the continent.*

## ACT I. SCENE I.

*A ſtreet in Venice.*

*Enter Anthonio, Solarino, and Salanio.*

*Anth.* IN ſooth, I know not why I am ſo ſad.
It wearies me; you ſay, it wearies you.
But how I caught it, found it, or came by it,
What ſtuff 'tis made of, whereof it is born,
I am to learn———
And ſuch a want-wit ſadneſs makes of me,
That I have much ado to know myſelf.
*Sal.* Your mind is toſſing on the ocean;
There, where your Argoſies with portly ſail,
Like ſigniors and rich burghers on the flood,
Or as it were the pageants of the ſea,
Do overpeer the petty traffickers,

That

That curtſy to them, do them reverence,
As they fly by them with their woven wings.

*Sola.* Believe me, Sir, had I ſuch venture forth,
The better part of my affections would
Be with my hopes abroad. I ſhould be ſtill
Plucking the graſs, to know where ſits the wind;
Peering in maps for ports, and piers, and roads;
And every object that might make me fear
Misfortune to my ventures, out of doubt,
Would make me ſad.

*Sal.* My wind, cooling my broth,
Would blow me to an ague, when I thought
What harm a wind too great might do at ſea.
I ſhould not ſee the ſandy hour-glaſs run,
But I ſhould think of ſhallows and of flats;
And ſee my wealthy Andrew dock'd in ſand,
Vailing her high top lower than her ribs,
To kiſs her burial. Should I go to church,
And ſee the holy edifice of ſtone;
And not bethink me ſtrait of dangerous rocks;
Which, touching but my gentle veſſel's ſide,
Would ſcatter all her ſpices on the ſtream,
Enrobe the roaring waters with my ſilks;
And, in a word, but even now worth this,
And now worth nothing? Shall I have the thought
To think on this, and ſhall I lack the thought,
That ſuch a thing, bechanc'd, would make me ſad?
But tell not me;—I know, Anthonio
Is ſad to think upon his merchandize.

*Anth.* Believe me, no: I thank my fortune for it,
My ventures are not in one bottom truſted,
Nor to one place; nor is my whole eſtate
Upon the fortune of this preſent year:
Therefore my merchandize makes me not ſad.

*Sola.* Why then you are in love.

*Anth.* Fie, fie!

*Sola.* Not in love neither! then let's ſay, you're ſad,
Becauſe you are not merry; and 'twere as eaſy
For you to laugh and leap, and ſay, you're merry,
Becauſe you are not ſad. "Now, by two-headed Janus,
"Nature hath fram'd ſtrange fellows in her time:
"Some that will evermore peep through their eyes,

" And laugh, like parrots, at a bag-piper;
" And others of ſuch vinegar-aſpect.
" That they'll not ſhow their teeth in way of ſmile,
" Though Neſtor ſwear the jeſt be laughable."

*Enter Baſſanio, Lorenzo, and Gratiano.*

*Sal.* Here come Baſſanio, your moſt noble kinſman,
Gratiano and Lorenzo: fare ye well;
We leave ye now with better company.
*Sola.* I would have ſtaid till I had made you merry,
If worthier friends had not prevented me.
*Anth.* Your worth is very dear in my regard:
I take it, your own buſineſs calls on you,
And you embrace th' occaſion to depart.
*Sal.* Good morrow, my good Lords.
*Baſſ.* Good Signiors both, when ſhall we laugh? ſay, when?
You grow exceeding ſtrange; muſt it be ſo?
*Sal.* We'll make our leiſures to attend on yours.
*Sola.* My Lord Baſſanio, ſince you've found Anthonio,
We two will leave you; but at dinner-time,
I pray you have in mind where we muſt meet.
*Baſſ.* I will not fail you. [*Exeunt Solar. and Sola.*
*Gra.* You look not well, Signior Anthonio;
You have too much reſpect upon the world:
They loſe it, that do buy it with much care.
Believe me, you are marvellouſly chang'd.
*Anth.* I hold the world but as the world, Gratiano,
A ſtage, where every man muſt play his part,
And mine a ſad one.
*Gra.* Let me play the fool;———
With mirth, and laughter, let old wrinkles come;
And let my liver rather heat with wine,
Than my heart cool with mortifying groans.
" Why ſhould a man, whoſe blood is warm within,
" Sit like his grandſire cut in alabaſter?
" Sleep when he wakes, and creep into the jaundice
" By being peeviſh? I tell thee what, Anthonio,
" (I love thee, and it is my love that ſpeaks,)
" There are a ſort of men, whoſe viſages
" Do cream and mantle like a ſtanding pond;
" And do a wilful ſtillneſs entertain.

" With

" With purpoſe to be dreſs'd in an opinion
" Of wiſdom, gravity, profound conceit;
" As who ſhould ſay, I am *Sir Oracle*,
" And when I ope my lips, let no dog bark!
" O my Anthonio, I do know of thoſe,
" That therefore only are reputed wiſe,
" For ſaying nothing;" who, I'm very ſure,
If they ſhould ſpeak, would almoſt damn thoſe ears,
Which, hearing them, would call their brothers fools *.
I'll tell thee more of this another time:
But fiſh not with this melancholy bait,
For this fool gudgeon, this opinion.
Come, good Lorenzo; fare ye well a while;
I'll end my exhortation after dinner.

*Lor.* Well, we will leave you then till dinner-time.
I muſt be one of theſe ſame dumb wiſe men;
For Gratiano never lets me ſpeak.

*Gra.* Well, keep me company but two years more,
Thou ſhalt not know the ſound of thine own tongue.

*Anth.* Farewell; I'll grow a talker for this gear.

*Gra.* Thanks, i' faith; for ſilence is only commendable
In a neat's tongue dry'd, and a maid not vendible.

[*Exeunt Gra. and Loren.*

*Anth.* Is that any thing now?

*Baſſ.* Gratiano ſpeaks an infinite deal of nothing, more than any man in all Venice: his reaſons are as two grains of wheat hid in two buſhels of chaff; you ſhall ſeek all day ere you find them; and when you have them, they are not worth the ſearch.

*Anth.* Well; tell me now, what lady is the ſame,
To whom you ſwore a ſecret pilgrimage,
That you to-day promis'd to tell me of?

*Baſſ.* 'Tis unknown to you, Anthonio,
How much I have diſabled mine eſtate,
By ſhewing ſomething a more ſwelling port,
Than my faint means would grant continuance;
Nor do I now make moan to be abridg'd
From ſuch a noble rate; but my chief care
Is to come fairly off from the great debts,



* Alluding to what is ſaid in the goſpel, that *whoſoever ſhall ſay his brother, Thou fool, ſhall be in danger of hell-fire.*

Wherein my time, ſomething too prodigal,
Hath left me gaged: to you, Anthonio,
I owe the moſt in money, and in love;
And from your love I have a warranty
T'unburthen all my plots and purpoſes,
How to get clear of all the debts I owe.

*Anth.* I pray you, good Baſſanio, let me know it:
And if it ſtand, as you yourſelf ſtill do,
Within the eye of honour, be aſſur'd,
My purſe, my perſon, my extremeſt means,
Lie all unlock'd to your occaſions.

*Baſſ.* In my ſchool-days, when I had loſt one ſhaft,
I ſhot his fellow of the ſelf-ſame flight
The ſelf-ſame way, with more adviſed watch,
To find the other forth; by vent'ring both,
I oft found both. I urge this childhood proof,
Becauſe what follows is pure innocence.
I owe you much, and, like a witleſs youth,
That which I owe is loſt; but if you pleaſe
To ſhoot another arrow that ſelf way
Which you did ſhoot the firſt, I do not doubt,
As I will watch the aim, or to find both,
Or bring your latter hazard back again,
And thankfully reſt debtor for the firſt.

*Anth.* You know me well: and herein ſpend but time,
To wind about my love with circumſtance;
And, out of doubt, you do me now more wrong,
In making queſtion of my uttermoſt,
Than if you had made waſte of all I have.
Then do but ſay to me, what I ſhould do,
That in your knowledge may by me be done,
And I am preſs'd unto it; therefore, ſpeak.

*Baſſ.* In Belmont is a lady richly left,
And ſhe is fair, and, fairer than that word,
Of wond'rous virtues. Some time from her eyes
I did receive fair ſpeechleſs meſſages.
Her name is Portia, nothing undervalu'd
To Cato's daughter, Brutus' Portia.
Nor is the wide world ign'rant of her worth;
For the four winds blow in from every coaſt
Renowned ſuitors; and her ſunny locks

Hang

Hang on her temples like a golden fleece;
Which makes her ſeat of Belmont, Colchos' ſtrond;
And many Jaſons come in queſt of her.
O my Anthonio, had I but the means
To hold a rival place with one of them,
I have a mind preſages me ſuch thrift *,
That I ſhould queſtionleſs be fortunate.

*Anth.* Thou know'ſt, that all my fortunes are at ſea,
Nor have I money, nor commodity
To raiſe a preſent ſum: therefore go forth;
Try what my credit can in Venice do;
That ſhall be rack'd even to the uttermoſt,
To furniſh thee to Belmont, to fair Portia:
Go, preſently inquire, and ſo will I,
Where money is; and I no queſtion make,
To have it of my truſt, or for my ſake. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE II. *Changes to Belmont.*

*Three caſkets are ſet out, one of gold, another of ſilver, and another of lead.*

*Enter Portia and Neriſſa.*

*Por.* By my troth, Neriſſa, my little body is weary of this great world.

*Ner.* You would be, ſweet Madam, if your miſeries were in the ſame abundance as your good fortunes are; and yet, for aught I ſee, they are as ſick that ſurfeit with too much, as they that ſtarve with nothing: therefore it is no mean happineſs to be ſeated in the mean; ſuperfluity comes ſooner by white hairs, but competency lives longer.

*Por.* Good ſentences, and well pronounc'd.

*Ner.* They would be better, if well follow'd.

*Por.* If to do were as eaſy as to know what were good to do, chapels had been churches, and poor mens' cottages princes' palaces. He is a good divine that follows his own inſtructions: I can eaſier teach twenty what were good to be done, than to be one of the twenty to follow my own teaching. The brain may deviſe laws for the blood, but a hot temper leaps o'er



* Thrift, for thriving. Mr. Pope.

a cold decree; ſuch a hare is madneſs the youth, to ſkip o'er the meſhes of good counſel the cripple! But this reaſoning is not in faſhion to chuſe me a huſband: O me, the word, *chuſe!* I may neither chuſe whom I would, nor refuſe whom I diſlike; ſo is the will of a living daughter curb'd by the will of a dead father. Is it not hard, Neriſſa, that I cannot chuſe one, nor refuſe none?

*Ner.* Your father was ever virtuous; and holy men at their death have good inſpirations: therefore the lottery that he hath deviſed in theſe three cheſts of gold, ſilver, and lead, (whereof who chuſes his meaning, chuſes you,) will no doubt never be choſen by any rightly, but one whom you ſhall rightly love. But what warmth is there in your affection towards any of theſe princely ſuitors that are already come?

*Por.* I pray thee, over-name them; and as thou nam'ſt them, I will deſcribe them; and, according to my deſcription, level at my affection.

*Ner.* Firſt, there is the Neapolitan Prince.

*Por.* Ay, that's a colt indeed, for he doth nothing but talk of his horſe; and he makes it a great appropriation to his own good parts, that he can ſhoe him himſelf. I am much afraid my Lady his mother play'd falſe with a ſmith.

*Ner.* Then, there is the Count Palatine.

*Por.* He doth nothing but frown, as who ſhould ſay, If you will not have me, chuſe. He hears merry tales, and ſmiles not; I fear he will prove the weeping philoſopher when he grows old, being ſo full of unmannerly ſadneſs in his youth. I had rather be married to a death's head with a bone in his mouth, than to either of theſe. God defend me from theſe two!

*Ner.* How ſay you by the French Lord, Monſieur Le Bon?

*Por.* God made him, and therefore let him paſs for a man; in truth, I know it is a ſin to be a mocker; but, he! why, he hath a horſe better than the Neapolitan's; a better bad habit of frowning than the Count Palatine; he is every man in no man; if a throſtle ſing, he falls ſtrait a capering; he will fence with his own ſhadow. If I ſhould marry him, I ſhould marry twenty huſbands.

huſbands. If he would deſpiſe me, I would forgive him; for if he love me to madneſs, I ſhall never requite him.

*Ner.* What ſay you then to Faulconbridge, the young Baron of England?

*Por.* You know I ſay nothing to him, for he underſtands not me, nor I him; he hath neither Latin, French, nor Italian; and you may come into the court, and ſwear, that I have a poor pennyworth in the Engliſh. He is a proper man's picture; but, alas! who can converſe with a dumb ſhow? how oddly he is ſuited! I think he bought his doublet in Italy, his round hoſe in France, his bonnet in Germany, and his behaviour every where.

*Ner.* What think you of the Scottiſh Lord, his neighbour?

*Por.* That he hath a neighbourly charity in him; for he borrow'd a box of the ear of the Engliſhman. and ſwore he would pay him again when he was able. I think the Frenchman became his ſurety, and ſealed under for another.

*Ner.* How like you the young German, the Duke of Saxony's nephew?

*Por.* Very vilely in the morning when he is ſober, and moſt vilely in the afternoon when he is drunk; when he is beſt, he is a little worſe than a man; and when he is worſt, he is little better than a beaſt; and the worſt fall that ever fell, I hope I ſhall make ſhift to go without him.

*Ner.* If he ſhould offer to chuſe, and chuſe the right caſket, you ſhould refuſe to perform your father's will, if you ſhould refuſe to accept him.

*Por.* Therefore, for fear of the worſt, I pray thee, ſet a deep glaſs of Rheniſh wine on the contrary caſk; for if the devil be within, and that temptation without, I know he will chuſe it. I will do any thing, Neriſſa, ere I will be marry'd to a ſpunge.

*Ner.* You need not fear, Lady, the having any of theſe lords: they have acquainted me with their determinations, which is, indeed, to return to their home, and to trouble you with no more ſuit; unleſs you may be

be won by ſome other ſort than your father's impoſition, depending on the caſkets.

*Por.* If I live to be as old as Sibylla, I will die as chaſte as Diana, unleſs I be obtain'd by the manner of my father's will. I am glad this parcel of wooers are ſo reaſonable; for there is not one among them but I doat on his very abſence, and wiſh them a fair departure.

*Ner.* Do you not remember, Lady, in your father's time, a Venetian, a ſcholar and a ſoldier, that came hither in company of the Marquis of Mountferrat?

*Por.* Yes, yes, it was Baſſanio: as I think he was ſo call'd.

*Ner.* True, Madam; he, of all the men that ever my fooliſh eyes look'd upon, was the beſt deſerving a fair lady.

*Por.* I remember him well, and I remember him worthy of thy praiſe. How now? what news?

*Enter a Servant.*

*Ser.* The four ſtrangers ſeek for you, Madam, to take their leave; and there is a forerunner come from a fifth, the Prince of Morocco, who brings word, the Prince his maſter will be here to-night.

*Por.* If I could bid the fifth welcome with ſo good heart as I can bid the other four farewell, I ſhould be glad of his approach; if he have the condition of a ſaint, and the complexion of a devil, I had rather he ſhould ſhrive me, than wive me. Come, Neriſſa. Sirrah, go before; while we ſhut the gate upon one wooer, another knocks at the door. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE III. *A public place in Venice.*

*Enter Baſſanio and Shylock.*

*Shy.* Three thouſand ducats? well.

*Baſſ.* Ay, Sir, for three months.

*Shy.* For three months? well.

*Baſſ.* For the which, as I told you, Anthonio ſhall be bound.

*Shy.* Anthonio ſhall become bound? well.

*Baſſ.* May you ſtead me? will you pleaſure me? ſhall I know your anſwer?

*Sly.*

*Shy.* Three thouſand ducats for three months, and Anthonio bound?

*Baſſ.* Your anſwer to that.

*Shy.* Anthonio is a good man.

*Baſſ.* Have you heard any imputation to the contrary?

*Shy.* No, no, no, no; my meaning, in ſaying he is a good man, is to have you underſtand me, that he is ſufficient. Yet his means are in ſuppoſition: he hath an Argoſie bound to Tripolis, another to the Indies; I underſtand more overupon the Rialto, he hath a third at Mexico, a fourth for England; and other ventures he hath ſquander'd abroad. But ſhips are but boards, ſailors but men; there be land-rats and water-rats, water-thieves and land-thieves, I mean pirates; and then there is the peril of waters, winds, and rocks. The man is, notwithſtanding, ſufficient; three thouſand ducats? I think I may take his bond.

*Baſſ.* Be aſſur'd you may.

*Shy.* I will be aſſur'd I may; and that I may be aſſur'd, I will bethink me. May I ſpeak with Anthonio?

*Baſſ.* If it pleaſe you to dine with us.

*Shy.* Yes, to ſmell pork; to eat of the habitation, which your Prophet the Nazarite conjur'd the devil into! I will buy with you, ſell with you, talk with you, walk with you, and ſo following: but I will not eat with you, drink with you, nor pray with you. What news on the Rialto?———who is he comes here?

*Enter Anthonio.*

*Baſſ.* This is Signior Anthonio

*Shy.* [*Aſide.*] How like a fawning Publican he looks!
I hate him, for he is a Chriſtian:
But more, for that in low ſimplicity
He lends out money *gratis*, and brings down
The rate of uſance here with us in Venice.
If I can catch him once upon the hip,
I will feed fat the ancient grudge I bear him.
He hates our ſacred nation; and he rails,
Ev'n there where merchants moſt do congregate,
On me, my bargains, and my well-won thrift,
Which he calls intereſt. Curſed be my tribe,
If I forgive him!

*Baſſ.*

*Baſſ.* Shylock, do you hear?——

*Shy.* I am debating of my preſent ſtore,
And by the near gueſs of my memory,
I cannot inſtantly raiſe up the groſs
Of full three thouſand ducats: what of that?
Tubal, a wealthy Hebrew of my tribe,
Will furniſh me; but ſoft, how many months
Do you deſire? Reſt you fair, good Signior;
[*To Anth.*
Your Worſhip was the laſt man in our mouths.

*Anth.* Shylock, although I never lend nor borrow,
By taking, nor by giving of exceſs;
Yet, to ſupply the ripe wants of my friend,
I'll break a cuſtom.—Is he yet poſſeſs'd,
How much you would?

*Shy.* Ay, ay, three thouſand ducats.

*Anth.* And for three months.

*Shy.* I had forgot, three months you told me ſo;
Well then, your bond; and let me ſee,—but hear you,
Methought you ſaid you neither lend nor borrow
Upon advantage.

*Anth.* I do never uſe it.

*Shy.* When Jacob graz'd his uncle Laban's ſheep,—
This Jacob from our holy Abraham was
(As his wiſe mother wrought in his behalf)
The third poſſeſſor; ay, he was the third.

*Anth.* And what of him? did he take intereſt?

*Shy.* No, not take int'reſt; not, as you would ſay,
Directly, int'reſt; mark what Jacob did.
When Laban and himſelf were compromis'd,
That all the yeanlings, which were ſtreak'd and pied,
Should fall as Jacob's hire; the ewes, being rank,
In th' end of autumn turned to the rams;
And when the work of generation was
Between theſe wooily breeders in the act,
The ſkilful ſhepherd peel'd me certain wands;
And, in the doing of the deed of kind,
He ſtuck them up before the fulſome ewes;
Who, then conceiving, did in yeaning time
Fall party-colour'd lambs, and thoſe were Jacob's.
This was a way to thrive, and he was bleſs'd;
And thrift is bleſſing, if men ſteal it not.

*Anth.*

*Anth.* This was a venture, Sir, that Jacob ſerv'd for;
A thing not in his power to bring to paſs,
But ſway'd, and faſhion'd, by the hand of heav'n.
Was this inſerted to make int'reſt good?
Or is your gold and ſilver, ewes and rams?
*Shy.* I cannot tell; I make it breed as faſt;
But note me, Signior.
*Anth.* Mark you this, Baſſanio?
The devil can cite ſcripture for his purpoſe.
An evil ſoul, producing holy witneſs,
Is like a villain with a ſmiling cheek;
A goodly apple rotten at the heart.
O, what a goodly outſide's falſehood hath!
*Shy.* Three thouſand ducats! 'tis a good round ſum.
Three months from twelve, then let me ſee the rate.
*Anth.* Well, Shylock, ſhall we be beholden to you?
*Shy.* Signior Anthonio, many a time and oft
In the Ryalto you have rated me,
About my monies and my uſances.
Still have I born it with a patient ſhrug;
(For ſufferance is the badge of all our tribe.)
You call me miſbeliever, cut-throat dog,
And ſpit upon my Jewiſh gaberdine;
And all for uſe of that which is my own.
Well then, it now appears, you need my help:
Go to then; you come to me, and you ſay,
Shylock, we would have monies; you ſay ſo;
You, that did void your rheum upon my beard,
And foot me, as you ſpurn a ſtranger cur
Over your threſhold: money is your ſuit;
What ſhould I ſay to you? ſhould I not ſay,
Hath a dog money? Is it poſſible
A cur can lend three thouſand ducats? Or,
Shall I bend low, and in a bondman's key,
With 'bated breath, and whiſp'ring humbleneſs,
Say this,—Fair Sir, you ſpit on me laſt Wedneſday,
You ſpurn'd me ſuch a day; another time
You call'd me dog; and for theſe courteſies
I'll lend you thus much monies?
*Anth.* I am as like to call thee ſo again,
To ſpit on thee again, to ſpurn thee too.
If thou wilt lend this money, lend it not

As

As to thy friend, (for when did friendſhip take
A breed * for barren metal of his friend?)
But lend it rather to thine enemy;
Who, if he break, thou may'ſt with better face
Exact the penalty.

*Shy.* Why, how you ſtorm?
I would be friends with you, and have your love;
Forget the ſhames that you have ſtain'd me with;
Supply your preſent wants, and take no doit
Of uſance for my monies, and you'll not hear me:
This is kind I offer.

*Anth.* This were kindneſs.

*Shy.* This kindneſs will I ſhow;
Go with me to a notary, ſeal me there
Your ſingle bond; and in a merry ſport,
If you repay me not on ſuch a day,
In ſuch a place, ſuch ſum, or ſums. as are
Expreſs'd in the condition, let the forfeit
Be nominated for an equal pound
Of your fair fleſh, to be cut off and taken
In what part of your body it ſhall pleaſe me.

*Anth.* Content, in faith; I'll ſeal to ſuch a bond,
And ſay, there is much kindneſs in the Jew.

*Baſſ.* You ſhall not ſeal to ſuch a bond for me,
I'll rather dwell in my neceſſity.

*Anth.* Why, fear not, man; I will not forfeit it;
Within theſe two months (that's a month before
This bond expires) I do expect return
Of thrice three times the value of this bond.

*Shy.* O father Abraham, what theſe Chriſtians are!
Whoſe own hard dealings teach them to ſuſpect
The thoughts of others! Pray you, tell me this,
If he ſhould break his day, what ſhould I gain
By the exaction of the forfeiture?
A pound of man's fleſh, taken from a man,
Is not ſo eſtimable or profitable,
As fleſh of muttons, beefs, or goats. I ſay,
To buy his favour, I extend this friendſhip;
If he will take it, ſo; if not, adieu;

And

* Breed of metal, *meaning money at uſury* money that breeds more——*The old editions (two of them) have it*, A bribe of barren metal——

And for my love, I pray you, wrong me not.
*Anth.* Yes, Shylock, I will ſeal unto this bond.
*Shy.* Then meet me forthwith at the notary's.
Give him direction for this merry bond,
And I will go and purſe the ducats ſtrait;
See to my houſe, left in the fearleſs guard
Of an unthrifty knave, and preſently
I will be with you. [*Exit.*
*Anth.* Hie thee gentle Jew.
This Hebrew will turn Chriſtian; he grows kind.
*Baſſ.* I like not fair terms, and a villain's mind.
*Anth.* Come on, in this there can be no diſmay;
My ſhips come home a month before the day. [*Exeunt.*

## ACT II. SCENE I.

*Belmont.*

*Enter Morochius, a Tawny-Moor, all in white; and three or four followers accordingly; with Portia, Neriſſa, and her train. Flouriſh cornets.*

*Mor.* MISLIKE me not for my complexion,
The ſhadow'd livery of the burniſh'd ſun,
To whom I am a neighbour, and near bred.
Bring me the faireſt creature northward born,
Where Phœbus' fire ſcarce thaws the icicles,
And let us make inciſion for your love,
To prove whoſe blood is reddeſt, his or mine.
I tell thee, Lady, this aſpect of mine
Hath fear'd the valiant; by my love, I ſwear,
The beſt-regarded virgins of our clime
Have lov'd it too: I would not change this hue,
Except to ſteal your thoughts, my gentle Queen.
*Por.* In terms of choice I am not ſolely led
By nice direction of a maiden's eyes:
Beſides, the lottery of my deſtiny
Bars me the right of voluntary chuſing.
But if my father had not ſcanted me,
And hedg'd me by his wit to yield myſelf
His wife, who wins me by that means I told you;
Yourſelf, renowned Prince, then ſtood as fair,

As any comer I have look'd on yet,
For my affection.

*Mor.* Ev'n for that I thank you;
Therefore, I pray you, lead me to the caſkets
To try my fortune. By this ſcimitar,
That ſlew the Sophy and a Perſian prince,
That won three fields of Sultan Solyman,
I would outſtare the ſterneſt eyes that look,
Outbrave the heart moſt daring on the earth,
Pluck the young ſucking cubs from the ſhe-bear,
Yea, mock the lion when he roars for prey,
To win thee, Lady. But, alas the while!
If Hercules and Lichas play at dice
Which is the better man, the greater throw
May turn by fortune from the weaker hand:
So is Alcides beaten by his page;
And ſo may I, blind fortune leading me,
Miſs that, which one unworthier may attain;
And die with grieving.

*Por.* You muſt take your chance,
And either not attempt to chuſe at all,
Or ſwear, before you chuſe, if you chuſe wrong,
Never to ſpeak to lady afterward
In way of marriage; therefore be adviſ'd.

*Mor.* Nor will not; therefore bring me to my chance.

*Por.* Firſt, forward to the temple; after dinner
Your hazard ſhall be made.

*Mor.* Good fortune then, [*Cornets.*
To make me bleſs'd, or curſed'ſt among men! [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE II. *Changes to Venice.*

*Enter Launcelot alone.*

*Laun.* Certainly my conſcience will ſerve me to run from this Jew my maſter. The fiend is at mine elbow, and tempts me, ſaying to me, Gobbo, Launcelot Gobbo, good Launcelot, or good Gobbo, or good Launcelot Gobbo, uſe your legs, take the ſtart, run away. My conſcience ſays, No; take heed, honeſt Launcelot; take heed, honeſt Gobbo; or, as aforeſaid, honeſt Launcelot Gobbo, do not run; ſcorn running with thy heels. Well, the moſt courageous fiend bids me pack;

*Via!*

*Via!* ſays the fiend; Away! ſays the fiend; for the heav'ns rouſe up a brave mind, ſays the fiend, and run. Well, my conſcience, hanging about the neck of my heart, ſays very wiſely to me, My honeſt friend Launcelot, being an honeſt man's ſon, or rather an honeſt-woman's ſon———(for indeed my father did ſome thing ſmack, ſomething grow to; he had a kind of taſte;)———well, my conſcience ſays, Budge not; Budge, ſays the fiend; Budge not, ſays my conſcience; Conſcience, ſay I, you counſel ill; Fiend, ſay I, you counſel ill. To be rul'd by my conſcience, I ſhould ſtay with the Jew my maſter, who, God bleſs the mark, is a kind of devil; and to run away from the Jew, I ſhould be rul'd by the fiend, who, ſaving your reverence, is the devil himſelf. Certainly the Jew is the very devil incarnal; and in my conſcience, my conſcience is but a kind of hard conſcience, to offer to counſel me to ſtay with the Jew. The fiend gives the more friendly counſel; I will run, fiend, my heels are at your commandment, I will run

*Enter old Gobbo, with a baſket.*

*Gob.* Maſter young man, you, I pray you, which is the way to Maſter Jew's?

*Laun.* O heav'ns, this is my true-begotten father, who being more than ſand-blind, high-gravel-blind, knows me not; I will try confuſions with him.

*Gob.* Maſter young Gentleman, I pray you, which is the way to Maſter Jew's?

*Laun.* Turn up, on your right-hand at the next turning, but, at the next turning of all, on your left; marry, at the very next turning turn of no hand, but turn down, indirectly to the Jew's houſe.

*Gob.* By God's ſonties, 'twill be a hard way to hit; can you tell me whether one Launcelot, that dwells with him, dwell with him or no?

*Laun.* Talk you of young Maſter Launcelot? (mark me now, now will I raiſe the waters;) talk you of young Maſter Launcelot?

*Gob.* No, Maſter, Sir, but a poor man's ſon. His father, though I ſay't, is an honeſt exceeding poor man, and, God be thanked, well to live.

*Laun.* Well, let his father be what he will, we talk of young Maſter Launcelot.

*Gob.* Your Worſhip's friend and Launcelot, Sir.

*Laun.* But I pray you *ergo*, old man; *ergo*, I beſeech you, talk you of young Maſter Launcelot?

*Gob.* Of Launcelot, an't pleaſe your Maſterſhip.

*Laun. Ergo*, Maſter Launcelot; talk not of Maſter Launcelot, father, for the young gentleman (according to fates and deſtinies, and ſuch odd ſayings, the ſiſters three, and ſuch branches of learning) is indeed deceaſed; or, as you would ſay, in plain terms, gone to heav'n.

*Gob.* Marry, God forbid! the boy was the very ſtaff of my age, my very prop.

*Laun.* Do I look like a cudgel, or a hovel-poſt, a ſtaff or a prop? Do you know me, father?

*Gob.* Alack the day, I know you not, young gentleman; but I pray you, tell me, is my boy, God reſt his ſoul, alive or dead?

*Laun.* Do you not know me, father?

*Gob.* Alack, Sir, I am ſand-blind, I know you not.

*Laun.* Nay, indeed, if you had your eyes, you might fail of the knowing me: it is a wiſe father that knows his own child. Well, old man, I will tell you news of your ſon; give me your bleſſing, truth will come to light; murder cannot be hid long, a man's ſon may; but in the end, truth will out.

*Gob.* Pray you, Sir, ſtand up; I am ſure you are not Launcelot my boy.

*Laun.* Pray you, let's have no more fooling about it, but give me your bleſſing; I am Launcelot, your boy that was, your ſon that is, your child that ſhall be.

*Gob.* I cannot think you are my ſon.

*Laun.* I know not what I ſhall think of that: but I am Launcelot the Jew's man, and, I am ſure, Margery your wife is my mother.

*Gob.* Her name is Margery, indeed. I'll be ſworn, if thou be Launcelot, thou art my own fleſh and blood: Lord worſhipp'd might he be! what a beard haſt thou got! thou haſt got more hair on thy chin, than Dobbin my thill-horſe has on his tail.

*Laun.*

*Laun.* It ſhould ſeem then, that Dobbin's tail grows backward; I am ſure, he had more hair on his tail, than I have on my face, when I laſt ſaw him.

*Gob.* Lord, how art thou chang'd! how doſt thou and thy maſter agree? I have brought him a preſent; how agree you now?

*Laun.* Well, well. But for mine own part, as I have ſet up my reſt to run away, ſo I will not reſt till I have run ſome ground. My maſter's a very Jew: give him a preſent! give him a halter: I am famiſh'd in his ſervice. You may tell every finger I have with my ribs. Father, I am glad you are come; give me your preſent to one Maſter Baſſanio, who indeed gives rare new liveries; if I ſerve him not, I will run as far as God has any ground. O rare fortune, here comes the man; to him, father, for I am a Jew, if I ſerve the Jew any longer.

*Enter Baſſanio with Leonardo, and a follower or two more.*

*Baſſ.* You may do ſo; but let it be ſo haſted, that ſupper be ready at the fartheſt by five of the clock: ſee theſe letters deliver'd, put the liveries to making, and deſire Gratiano to come anon to my lodging.

*Laun.* To him, father.

*Gob.* God bleſs your Worſhip!

*Baſſ.* Gramercy, wouldſt thou aught with me?

*Gob.* Here's my ſon, Sir, a poor boy,———

*Laun.* Not a poor boy, Sir, but the rich Jew's man, that would, Sir, as my father ſhall ſpecify,——

*Gob.* He hath a great infection, Sir, as one would ſay, to ſerve.

*Laun.* Indeed, the ſhort and the long is, I ſerve the Jew, and have a deſire, as my father ſhall ſpecify,——

*Gob.* His maſter and he, ſaving your Worſhip's reverence, are ſcarce catercouſins.

*Laun.* To be brief, the very truth is, that the Jew, having done me wrong, doth cauſe me, as my father, being I hope an old man, ſhall frutify unto you,——

*Gob.* I have here a diſh of doves, that I would beſtow upon your Worſhip; and my ſuit is———

*Laun.* In very brief, the ſuit is impertinent to myſelf, as your Worſhip ſhall know by this honeſt old man?

and, though I ſay it, though old man, yet poor man my father.

*Baſſ.* One ſpeak for both, what would you?

*Laun.* Serve you, Sir.

*Gob.* This is the very defect of the matter, Sir.

*Baſſ.* I know thee well, thou haſt obtain'd thy ſuit;
Shylock, thy maſter, ſpoke with me this day,
And hath preferr'd thee; if it be preferment
To leave a rich Jew's ſervice to become
The follower of ſo poor a gentleman.

*Laun.* The old proverb is very well parted between my maſter Shylock and you, Sir; you have the grace of God, Sir, and he hath enough.

*Baſſ.* Thou ſpeak'ſt it well; go, father, with thy ſon:
Take leave of thy old maſter, and inquire
My lodging out; give him a livery,
More guarded than his fellows: ſee it done.

*Laun.* Father, in; I cannot get a ſervice, no? I have ne'er a tongue in my head? well, if any man in Italy have a fairer table *, which doth ****** † offer to ſwear upon a book, I ſhall have good fortune; go to, here's a ſimple line of life; here's a ſmall trifle of wives. Alas, fifteen wives is nothing, eleven widows and nine maids is a ſimple coming-in for one man! and then to 'ſcape drowning thrice, and to be in peril of my life with the edge of a feather-bed, here are ſimple 'ſcapes! well, if fortune be a woman, ſhe's a good wench for this geer. Father, come; I'll take my leave of the Jew in the twinkling of an eye.

[*Exeunt Laun. and Gob.*

*Baſſ.* I pray thee, good Leonardo, think on this.
Theſe things being bought and orderly beſtowed,
Return in haſte, for I do feaſt to-night
My beſt-eſteem'd acquaintance; hie thee, go.

*Leon.* My beſt endeavours ſhall be done herein.

## SCENE III. *Enter Gratiano.*

*Gra.* Where is your maſter?

*Leon.* Yonder, Sir, he walks. [*Exit Leonardo.*

* Looking on his own hand.

† *The chaſm may be thus ſupplied,* doth [promiſe good luck I am miſtaken. I durſt almoſt] offer, &c.

*Gra.* Signior Baſſanio,———

*Baſſ.* Gratiano!

*Gra.* I have a ſuit to you.

*Baſſ.* You have obtain'd it.

*Gra.* You muſt not deny me; I muſt go with you to Belmont.

*Baſſ.* Why, then you muſt: but hear thee, Gratiano,
Thou art too wild, too rude, and bold of voice;
Parts that become thee happily enough,
And in ſuch eyes as ours appear not faults:
But where thou art not known, why, there they ſhew
Something too liberal; pray thee, take pain
T'allay with ſome cold drops of modeſty
Thy ſkipping ſpirit; leſt, through thy wild behaviour,
I be miſconſtru'd in the place I go to,
And loſe my hopes.

*Gra.* Signior Baſſanio, hear me,
If I do not put on a ſober habit,
Talk with reſpect, and ſwear but now and then,
Wear prayer-books in my pocket, look demurely;
Nay more, while grace is ſaying, hood mine eyes
Thus with my hat, and ſigh, and ſay, *Amen;*
Uſe all th' obſervance of civility,
Like one well ſtudied in a ſad oſtent
To pleaſe his grandam; never truſt me more.

*Baſſ.* Well, we ſhall ſee your bearing.

*Gra.* Nay, but I bar to-night, you ſhall not gage me
By what we do to-night.

*Baſſ.* No, that were pity,
I would intreat you rather to put on
Your boldeſt ſuit of mirth, for we have friends
That purpoſe merriment: but fare you well,
I have ſome buſineſs.

*Gra.* And I muſt to Lorenzo and the reſt:
But we will viſit you at ſupper-time. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE IV. *Changes to Shylock's houſe.*

*Enter Jeſſica and Launcelot.*

*Jeſ.* I'm ſorry thou wilt leave my father ſo;
Our houſe is hell, and thou, a merry devil,
Didſt rob it of ſome taſte of tedioufneſs;

But

But fare thee well, there is a ducat for thee.
And, Launcelot, ſoon at ſupper ſhalt thou ſee
Lorenzo, who is thy new maſter's gueſt,
Give him this letter; do it ſecretly,
And ſo farewell: I would not have my father
See me talk with thee.

*Laun.* Adieu! tears exhibit my tongue; moſt beautiful Pagan, moſt ſweet Jew! if a Chriſtian do not play the knave and get thee, I am much deceiv'd. But, adieu! theſe fooliſh drops do ſomewhat drown my manly ſpirit: adieu! [*Exit.*

*Jeſ.* Farewell, good Launcelot.
Alack, what heinous ſin is it in me,
To be aſham'd to be my father's child?
But though I am a daughter to his blood,
I am not to his manners. O Lorenzo,
If thou keep promiſe, I ſhall end this ſtrife,
Become a Chriſtian, and thy loving wife. [*Exit.*

## SCENE V. *The ſtreet.*

*Enter Gratiano, Lorenzo, Salarino, and Salanio.*

*Lor.* Nay, we will ſlink away in ſupper-time, diſguiſe us at my lodging, and return all in an hour.

*Gra.* We have not made good preparation.

*Sal.* We have not ſpoke as yet of torch-bearers.

*Sala.* 'Tis vile, unleſs it may be quaintly ordered,
And better in my mind not undertook.

*Lor.* 'Tis now but four o'clock, we have two hours
To furniſh us. Friend Launcelot, what's the news?

*Enter Launcelot, with a letter.*

*Laun.* An it ſhall pleaſe you to break up this, it ſhall ſeem to ſignify.

*Lor.* I know the hand; in faith, 'tis a fair hand;
And whiter than the paper it writ on,
Is the fair hand that writ.

*Gra.* Love-news, in faith.

*Laun.* By your leave, Sir.

*Lor.* Whither goeſt thou?

*Laun.* Marry, Sir, to bid my old maſter the Jew to ſup to-night with my new maſter the Chriſtian.

*Lor.*

*Lor.* Hold, here, take this; tell gentle Jeſſica,
I will not fail her; ſpeak it privately.
Go.——Gentlemen, will you prepare for this maſque to-night?
I am provided of a torch-bearer. [*Exit Laun.*
*Sal.* Ay, marry, I'll be gone about it ſtrait.
*Sala.* And ſo will I.
*Lor.* Meet me, and Gratiano,
At Gratiano's lodging ſome hour hence.
*Sal.* 'Tis good, we do ſo. [*Exit.*
*Gra.* Was not that letter from fair Jeſſica?
*Lor.* I muſt needs tell thee all; ſhe hath directed,
How I ſhall take her from her father's houſe,
What gold and jewels ſhe is furniſh'd with,
What page's ſuit ſhe hath in readineſs.
If e'er the Jew her father come to heav'n,
It will be for his gentle daughter's ſake;
And never dare misfortune croſs her foot,
Unleſs ſhe doth it under this excuſe,
That ſhe is iſſue to a faithleſs Jew.
Come, go with me; peruſe this, as thou goeſt;
Fair Jeſſica ſhall be my torch-bearer. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE VI. *Shylock's houſe.*

*Enter Shylock and Launcelot.*

*Shy.* Well, thou ſhalt ſee, thy eyes ſhall be thy judge,
The difference of old Shylock and Baſſanio.
What, Jeſſica!——thou ſhalt not gormandize,
As thou haſt done with me—what, Jeſſica!—
And ſleep and ſnore, and rend apparel out.
Why, Jeſſica! I ſay.
*Laun.* Why, Jeſſica!
*Shy.* Who bids thee call? I did not bid thee call.
*Laun.* Your Worſhip was wont to tell me, that I could do nothing without bidding.

*Enter Jeſſica.*

*Jeſ.* Call you? what is your will?
*Shy.* I am bid forth to ſupper, Jeſſica;

There

There are my keys. But wherefore ſhould I go?
I am not bid for love; they flatter me:
But yet I'll go in hate, to feed upon
The prodigal Chriſtian. Jeſſica, my girl,
Look to my houſe; I am right loath to go;
There is ſome ill a-brewing towards my reſt,
For I did dream of money-bags to-night.

*Laun.* I beſeech you, Sir, go; my young maſter doth expect your reproach.

*Shy.* So do I his.

*Laun.* And they have conſpired together, I will not ſay you ſhall ſee a maſque; but if you do, then it was not for nothing that my noſe fell a bleeding on black Monday laſt, at ſix o'clock i' th' morning, falling out that year on Aſh-Wedneſday was four year in the afternoon.

*Shy.* What? are there maſques? hear you me, Jeſſica.
Lock up my doors; and when you hear the drum,
And the vile ſqueaking of the wry-neck'd fife,
Clamber not you up to the caſements then,
Nor thruſt your head into the public ſtreet,
To gaze on Chriſtian fools with varniſh'd faces.
But ſtop my houſe's ears; I mean, my caſements;
Let not the ſound of ſhallow foppery enter
My ſober houſe. By Jacob's ſtaff, I ſwear,
I have no mind of feaſting forth to-night.
But I will go; go you before me, ſirrah.
Say, I will come.

*Laun.* I will go before, Sir.
Miſtreſs. look out at window, for all this;
There will come a Chriſtian by,
Will be worth a Jeweſs' eye. [*Exit Laun.*

*Shy.* What ſays that fool of Hagar's offspring, ha?

*Jeſ.* His words were, Farewell, Miſtreſs; nothing elſe.

*Shy.* The patch is kind enough, but a huge feeder:
Snail-ſlow in profit, but he ſleeps by day
More than the wild cat; drones hive not with me,
Therefore I part with him; and part with him
To one, that I would have him help to waſte
His borrow'd purſe. Well, Jeſſica, go in;
Perhaps I will return immediately;
Do, as I bid you.———

Shut

Shut the doors after you: *Faſt bind, faſt find;*
A proverb never ſtale in thrifty mind. [*Exit.*

*Jeſ.* Farewell; and if my fortune be not croſt,
I have a father, you a daughter, loſt. [*Exit.*

## SCENE VII. *The ſtreet.*

*Enter Gratiano and Salanio in maſquerade.*

*Gra.* This is the pent-houſe, under which Lorenzo deſired us to make a ſtand.

*Sal.* His hour is almoſt paſt.

*Gra.* And it is marvel he out-dwells his hour,
For lovers ever run before the clock.

*Sal.* O, ten times faſter Venus' pidgeons fly
To ſeal love's bonds new made, than they are wont
To keep obliged faith unforfeited!

*Gra.* That ever holds. Who riſeth from a feaſt.
With that keen appetite that he ſits down?
Where is the horſe, that doth untread again
His tedious meaſures with the unbated fire,
That he did pace them firſt? All things that are,
Are with more ſpirit chaſed than enjoy'd.
How like a younker, or a prodigal,
The ſcarfed bark puts from her native bay,
Hugg'd and embraced by the ſtrumpet wind!
How like the prodigal doth ſhe return,
With over-weather'd ribs and ragged ſails,
Lean, rent, and beggar'd by the ſtrumpet wind?

*Enter Lorenzo.*

*Sal.* Here comes Lorenzo: more of this hereafter.

*Lor.* Sweet friends, your patience for my long abode;
Not I, but my affairs, have made you wait;
When you ſhall pleaſe to play the thieves for wives,
I'll watch as long for you then: come, approach;
Here dwells my father Jew. Hoa, who's within?

*Jeſſica above, in boy's clothes.*

*Jeſ.* Who are you? tell me for more certainty,
Albeit I'll ſwear that I do know your tongue.

*Lor.* Lorenzo, and thy love.

*Jeſ.* Lorenzo certain, and my love, indeed;

For

For who love I ſo much? and now who knows,
But you, Lorenzo, whether I am yours?
*Lor.* Heav'n and thy thoughts are witneſs that thou art.
*Jeſ.* Here catch this caſket, it is worth the pains.
I'm glad, 'tis night, you do not look on me;
For I am much aſham'd of my exchange;
But love is blind, and lovers cannot ſee
The pretty follies that themſelves commit;
For if they could, Cupid himſelf would bluſh
To ſee me thus transformed to a boy.
*Lor.* Deſcend, for you muſt be my torch-bearer.
*Jeſ.* What, muſt I hold a candle to my ſhames?
They in themſelves, goodſooth, are too, too light.
Why, 'tis an office of diſcovery, love,
And I ſhould be obſcur'd.
*Lor.* So are you, ſweet.
Ev'n in the lovely garniſh of a boy.
But come at once——
For the cloſe night doth play the run-away,
And we are ſtaid for at Baſſanio's feaſt.
*Jeſ.* I will make faſt the doors, and gild myſelf
With ſome more ducats, and be with you ſtrait.
[*Exit from above.*
*Gra.* Now by my hood, a Gentile, and no Jew.
*Lor.* Beſhrew me, but I love her heartily;
For ſhe is wiſe, if I can judge of her;
And fair ſhe is, if that mine eyes be true;
And true ſhe is, as ſhe hath prov'd herſelf;
And therefore like herſelf, wiſe, fair, and true,
Shall ſhe be placed in my conſtant ſoul.

*Enter Jeſſica, to them.*

What, art thou come? on, Gentlemen, away;
Our maſquing mates by this time for us ſtay. [*Exit.*

*Enter Anthonio.*

*Anth.* Who's there?
*Gra.* Signior Anthonio,——
*Anth.* Fie, Gratiano, where are all the reſt?
'Tis nine o'clock, our friends all ſtay for you;
No maſque to-night: the wind is come about,
Baſſanio preſently will go aboard;

I have ſent twenty out to ſeek for you.

*Gra.* I am glad on't; I deſire no more delight
Than to be under ſail, and gone to-night. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE VIII. *Changes to Belmont.*

*Enter Portia with Morochius, and both their trains.*

*Por.* Go, draw aſide the curtains, and diſcover
The ſev'ral caſkets to this Noble Prince.
Now make your choice. [*Three caſkets are diſcover'd.*

*Mor.* The firſt of gold, which this inſcription bears,
*Who chuſeth me, ſhall gain what many men deſire.*
The ſecond ſilver, which this promiſe carries,
*Who chuſeth me, ſhall get as much as he deſerves.*
This third, dull lead, with warning all as blunt,
*Who chuſeth me, muſt give and hazard all he hath.*
How ſhall I know, if I do chuſe the right?

*Por.* The one of them contains my picture, Prince;
If you chuſe that, then I am yours withal.

*Mor.* Some God direct my judgment! let me ſee,
I will ſurvey th' inſcriptions back again;
What ſays this leaden caſket?
*Who chuſeth me, muſt give and hazard all he hath.*
Muſt give, for what? for lead? hazard for lead?
This caſket threatens. Men that hazard all,
Do it in hope of fair advantages:
A golden mind ſtoops not to ſhows of droſs;
I'll then not give, nor hazard, aught for lead.
What ſays the ſilver, with her virgin hue?
*Who chuſeth me, ſhall get as much as he deſerves.*
As much as he deſerves? pauſe there, Morochius;
And weigh thy value with an even hand.
If thou be'ſt rated by thy eſtimation,
Thou doſt deſerve enough; and yet enough
May not extend ſo far as to the lady;
And yet to be afraid of my deſerving,
Were but a weak diſabling of myſelf.
As much as I deſerve?——why, that's the lady:
I do in birth deſerve her, and in fortunes,
In graces, and in qualities of breeding:
But more than theſe, in love I do deſerve.
What if I ſtray'd no farther, but choſe here?

Let's ſee once more this ſaying grav'd in gold.
*Who chuſeth me, ſhall gain what many men deſire.*
Why, that's the lady; all the world deſires her;
From the four corners of the earth they come
To kiſs this ſhrine, this mortal breathing ſaint.
Th' Hyrcanian deſerts, and the vaſty wilds
Of wide Arabia, are as thorough-fares now,
For princes to come view fair Portia.
The wat'ry kingdom, whoſe ambitious head
Spits in the face of heav'n, is no bar
To ſtop the foreign ſpirits; but they come,
As o'er a brook, to ſee fair Portia.
One of theſe three contains her heav'nly picture.
Is't like, that lead contains her? 'twere damnation,
To think ſo baſe a thought: it were too groſs
To rib her cerecloth in the obſcure grave.
Or ſhall I think, in ſilver ſhe's immur'd,
Being ten times undervalu'd to try'd gold?
O ſinful thought, never ſo rich a gem
Was ſet in worſe than gold! they have, in England,
A coin, that bears the figure of an angel
Stamped in gold, but that's inſculpt upon:
But here an angel in a golden bed
Lies all within. Deliver me the key;
Here do I chuſe, and thrive I as I may!

*Por.* There take it, Prince; and if my form lie there,
Then I am yours. [*Unlocking the gold caſket.*

*Mor.* O hell! what have we here? a carrion death,
Within whoſe empty eye there is a ſcroll:
I'll read the writing.

*All that gliſters is not gold,*
*Often have you heard that told;*
*Many a man his life hath ſold,*
*But my outſide to behold.*
*Gilded wood may worms infold:*
*Had you been as wiſe as bold,*
*Young in limbs, in judgment old,*
*Your anſwer had not been inſcrol'd,*
*Fare you well, your ſuit is cold.*

*Mor.* Cold, indeed, and labour loſt;
Then farewell heat, and welcome froſt:

Portia,

Portia, adieu! I have too griev'd a heart
To take a tedious leave: thus loſers part. [*Exit.*
*Por.* A gentle riddance: draw the curtains; go—
Let all of his complexion chuſe me ſo. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE IX. *Changes to Venice.*

*Enter Solarino and Salanio.*

*Sal.* Why, man, I ſaw Baſſanio under ſail;
With him is Gratiano gone along;
And in their ſhip I'm ſure Lorenzo is not.
*Sola.* The villain Jew with outcries rais'd the Duke,
Who went with him to ſearch Baſſanio's ſhip.
*Sal.* He came too late, the ſhip was under ſail;
But there the Duke was given to underſtand,
That in a gondola were ſeen together
Lorenzo and his am'rous Jeſſica:
Beſides, Anthonio certify'd the Duke,
They were not with Baſſanio in his ſhip.
*Sola.* I never heard a paſſion ſo confus'd,
So ſtrange, outrageous, and ſo variable,
As the dog Jew did utter in the ſtreets;
My daughter! O my ducats! O my daughter,
Fled with a Chriſtian? O my Chriſtian ducats!
Juſtice, the law, my ducats, and my daughter!
A ſealed bag, two ſealed bags of ducats,
Of double ducats, ſtol'n from me by my daughter!
And jewels too, ſtones, rich and precious ſtones,
Stol'n by my daughter! Juſtice! find the girl;
She hath the ſtones upon her, and the ducats.
*Sal.* Why, all the boys in Venice follow him,
Crying his ſtones, his daughter, and his ducats.
*Sola.* Let good Anthonio look he keep his day;
Or he ſhall pay for this.
*Sal.* Marry, well remember'd.
I reaſon'd with a Frenchman yeſterday,
Who told me, in the narrow ſeas that part
The French and Engliſh, there miſcarried
A veſſel of our country richly fraught:
I thought upon Anthonio, when he told me,
And wiſh'd in ſilence that it were not his.
*Sola.* You were beſt to tell Anthonio what you hear;

Yet do not ſuddenly, for it may grieve him.
*Sal.* A kinder gentleman treads not the earth.
I ſaw Baſſanio and Anthonio part.
Baſſanio told him, he would make ſome ſpeed
Of his return. He anſwer'd, Do not ſo;
Slubber not buſineſs for my ſake, Baſſanio;
But ſtay the very riping of the time:
And for the Jew's bond which he hath of me,
Let it not enter in your mind of love:
Be merry, and employ your chiefeſt thoughts
To courtſhip, and ſuch fair oſtents of love,
As ſhall conveniently become you there.
And even there, his eye being big with tears,
Turning his face, he put his hand behind him,
And, with affection wond'rous ſenſible,
He wrung Baſſanio's hand, and ſo they parted.
*Sola.* I think he only loves the world for him.
I pray thee, let us go and find him out,
And quicken his embraced heavineſs
With ſome delight or other.
*Sal.* Do we ſo. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE X. *Changes to Belmont.*

*Enter Neriſſa with a ſervant.*

*Ner.* Quick, quick, I pray thee, draw the curtain ſtrait;
The Prince of Arragon has ta'en his oath,
And comes to his election preſently.

*Enter Arragon, his train, Portia. Flor. Cornets. The caſkets are diſcover'd*

*Por.* Behold, there ſtand the caſkets, Noble Prince:
If you chuſe that wherein I am contain'd,
Strait ſhall our nuptial rites be ſolemniz'd;
But if you fail, without more ſpeech, my Lord,
You muſt be gone from hence immediately.
*Ar.* I am injoin'd by oath t' obſerve three things:
Firſt, never to unfold to any one
Which caſket 'twas I choſe; next, if I fail
Of the right caſket, never in my life
To woo a maid in way of marriage;
Laſt, if I fail in fortune of my choice,

Immediately

Immediately to leave you, and be gone.

*Por.* To theſe injunctions every one doth ſwear,
That comes to hazard for my worthleſs ſelf.

*Ar.* And ſo have I addreſs'd me; fortune now
To my heart's hope! gold, ſilver, and baſe lead.
*Who chuſeth me, muſt give and hazard all he hath.*
You ſhall look fairer, ere I give or hazard.
What ſays the golden cheſt? ha, let me ſee;
*Who chuſeth me, ſhall gain what many men deſire.*
What many men deſire—that may be meant
Of the fool-multitude, that chuſe by ſhow,
Not learning more than the fond eye doth teach:
Which pry not to th' interior, but, like the martlet,
Builds in the weather on the outward wall,
Ev'n in the force and road of caſualty.
I will not chuſe what many men deſire,
Becauſe I will not jump with common ſpirits,
And rank me with the barb'rous multitudes.
Why, then, to thee, thou ſilver treaſure-houſe;
Tell me once more, what title thou doſt bear.
*Who chuſeth me, ſhall get as much as he deſerves;*
And well ſaid too, for who ſhall go about
To cozen fortune, and be honourable
Without the ſtamp of merit? Let none preſume
To wear an undeſerved dignity:
O that eſtates, degrees, and offices,
Were not deriv'd corruptly, that clear honour
Were purchas'd by the merit of the wearer!
How many then ſhould cover, that ſtand bare?
How many be commanded, that command?
How much low peaſantry would then be gleaned
From the true ſeed of honour? how much honour
Pick'd from the chaff and ruin of the times,
To be new vanned? Well, but to my choice:
*Who chuſeth me, ſhall get as much as he deſerves:*
I will aſſume deſert; give me a key for this,
And inſtantly unlock my fortunes here.

*Por.* Too long a pauſe for that which you find there.

[*Unlocking the ſilver caſket.*

*Ar.* What's here! the portrait of a blinking ideot,
Preſenting me a ſchedule? I will read it.
How much unlike art thou to Portia?

How much unlike my hopes and my deſervings?
*Who chuſes me, ſhall have as much as he deſerves.*
Did I deſerve no more than a fool's head?
Is that my prize? are my deſerts no better?

*Por.* To offend, and judge, are diſtinct offices;
And of oppoſed natures.

*Ar.* What is here?

*The fire ſev'n times tried this;*
*Sev'n times tried that judgment is,*
*That did never chuſe amiſs.*
*Some there be that ſhadows kiſs;*
*Such have but a ſhadow's bliſs:*
*There be fools alive, I wis,*
*Silver'd o'er, and ſo was this.*
*Take what wife you will to bed,*
*I will ever be your head:*
*So be gone, Sir, you are ſped.*

*Ar.* Still more fool I ſhall appear,
By the time I linger here.
With one fool's head I came to woo,
But I go away with two.
Sweet, adieu! I'll keep my oath,
Patiently to bear my wrath. [*Exit.*

*Por.* Thus hath the candle ſing'd the moth:
O theſe deliberate fools! when they do chuſe,
They have the wiſdom by their wit to loſe.

*Ner.* The ancient ſaying is no hereſy,
Hanging and wiving goes by deſtiny.

*Por.* Come, draw the curtain, Neriſſa.

*Enter a Servant.*

*Serv.* Where is my Lady?

*Por.* Here, what would my Lord?

*Serv.* Madam, there is alighted at your gate
A young Venetian, one that comes before
To ſignify th' approaching of his Lord,
From whom he bringeth ſenſible regrets;
To wit, beſides commends and courteous breath,
Gifts of rich value; yet, I have not ſeen
So likely an ambaſſador of love.
A day in April never came ſo ſweet,

To

To ſhow how coſtly ſummer was at hand,
As this fore-ſpurrer comes before his Lord.

*Por.* No more, I pray thee; I am half afraid,
Thou'lt ſay anon, he is ſome kin to thee;
Thou ſpend'ſt ſuch high-day wit in praiſing him:
Come, come, Neriſſa, for I long to ſee
Quick Cupid's poſt, that comes ſo mannerly.

*Ner.* Baſſanio, Lord Love, if thy will it be!

[*Exeunt.*

## ACT III. SCENE I.

*A ſtreet in Venice.*

*Enter Salanio and Salarino.*

*Sola.* NOW, what news on the Ryalto?

*Sal.* Why, yet it lives there uncheck'd, that Anthonio hath a ſhip of rich lading wreck'd on the narrow ſeas; the Godwins, I think, they call the place; a very dangerous flat, and fatal, where the carcaſes of many a tall ſhip lie bury'd, as they ſay, if my goſſip Report be an honeſt woman of her word

*Sola.* I would ſhe were as lying a goſſip in that, as ever knapt ginger, or made her neighbours believe ſhe wept for the death of a third huſband. But it is true, without any ſlips of prolixity, or croſſing the plain highway of talk, that the good Anthonio, the honeſt Anthonio—O that I had a title good enough to keep his name company!

*Sal.* Come, the full ſtop.

*Sola.* Ha, what ſay'ſt thou? why, the end is, he hath loſt a ſhip.

*Sal.* I would it might prove the end of his loſſes.

*Sola.* Let me ſay *Amen* betimes, leſt the devil croſs thy prayer, for here he comes in the likeneſs of a Jew. How now, Shylock, what news among the merchants?

*Enter Shylock.*

*Shy.* You knew (none ſo well, none ſo well as you) of my daughter's flight.

*Sal.*

*Sal.* That's certain; I, for my part, knew the tailor that made the wings ſhe flew withal.

*Sola.* And Shylock, for his own part, knew the bird was fledg'd, and then it is the complexion of them all to leave the dam.

*Shy.* She is damn'd for it.

*Sal.* That's certain, if the devil may be her judge.

*Shy.* My own fleſh and blood to rebel!

*Sola.* Out upon it, old carrion, rebels it at theſe years?

*Shy.* I ſay, my daughter is my fleſh and blood.

*Sal.* There is more difference between thy fleſh and hers, than between jet and ivory; more between your bloods, than there is between red wine and rheniſh: but tell us, do you hear, whether Anthonio have had any loſs at ſea or no?

*Shy.* There I have another bad match; a bankrupt, for a prodigal, who dares ſcarce ſhew his head on the Ryalto; a beggar, that us'd to come ſo ſmug upon the mart! let him look to his bond; he was wont to call me *uſurer;* let him look to his bond; he was wont to lend money for a Chriſtian courteſy; let him look to his bond.

*Sal.* Why, I am ſure, if he forfeit, thou wilt not take his fleſh: what's that good for?

*Shy.* To bait fiſh withal. If it will feed nothing elſe, it will feed my revenge. He hath diſgrac'd me, and hinder'd me of half a million, laugh'd at my loſſes, mock'd at my gains, ſcorn'd my nation, thwarted my bargains, cool'd my friends, heated mine enemies. And what's his reaſon? I am a Jew. Hath not a Jew eyes? hath not a Jew hands, organs, dimenſions, ſenſes, affections, paſſions? fed with the ſame food, hurt with the ſame weapons, ſubject to the ſame diſeaſes, heal'd by the ſame means, warm'd and cool'd by the ſame winter and ſummer, as a Chriſtian is? If you prick us, do we not bleed? if you tickle us, do we not laugh? if you poiſon us, do we not die? and if you wrong us, ſhall we not revenge? If we are like you in the reſt, we will reſemble you in that. If a Jew wrong a Chriſtian, what is his humility? revenge. If a Chriſtian wrong a Jew, what ſhould his ſufferance be by Chriſtian example? why, revenge. The villany you teach me,

I will execute; and it ſhall go hard but I will better the inſtruction.

*Enter a ſervant from Anthonio.*

*Serv.* Gentlemen, my maſter Anthonio is at his houſe, and deſires to ſpeak with you both.

*Sal.* We have been up and down to ſeek him.

*Enter Tubal.*

*Sola.* Here comes another of the tribe; a third cannot be match'd unleſs the devil himſelf turn Jew.

[*Exeunt Sala. and Solar.*

*Shy.* How now, Tubal, what news from Genoa? haſt thou found my daughter?

*Tub.* I often came where I did hear of her, but cannot find her.

*Shy.* Why there, there, there, there! a diamond gone, coſt me two thouſand ducats in Francfort! the curſe never fell upon our nation till now, I never felt it till now; two thouſand ducats in that, and other precious, precious jewels! I would my daughter were dead at my foot, and the jewels in her ear; O would ſhe were hers'd at my foot, and the ducats in her coffin. No news of them; why, ſo! and I know not what's ſpent in the ſearch: why, thou loſs upon loſs! the thief gone with ſo much, and ſo much to find the thief; and no ſatisfaction, no revenge, nor no ill luck ſtirring, but what lights o' my ſhoulders; no ſighs but o' my breathing, no tears but o' my ſhedding.

*Tub* Yes, other men have ill luck too; Anthonio, as I heard in Genoa—

*Shy.* What, what, what? ill luck, ill luck?

*Tub.* Hath an Argoſie caſt away, coming from Tripolis.

*Shy.* I thank God, I thank God; is it true? is it true?

*Tub.* I ſpoke with ſome of the ſailors that eſcaped the wreck.

*Shy.* I thank thee, good Tubal; good news, good news; ha, ha, where? in Genoa?

*Tub.* Your daughter ſpent in Genoa, as I heard, one night, fourſcore ducats.

*Shy.*

*Shy.* Thou ſtick'ſt a dagger in me; I ſhall never ſee my gold again; fourſcore ducats at a ſitting, fourſcore ducats!

*Tub.* There came divers of Anthonio's creditors in my company to Venice, that ſwear he cannot chuſe but break.

*Shy.* I am glad of it, I'll plague him, I'll torture him; I am glad of it.

*Tub.* One of them ſhew'd me a ring, that he had of your daughter for a monkey.

*Shy.* Out upon her! thou tortureſt me, Tubal; it was my Turquoiſe, I had it of Leah when I was a bachelor; I would not have given it for a wilderneſs of monkies.

*Tub.* But Anthonio is certainly undone.

*Shy.* Nay, that's true, that's very true; go ſee me an officer, beſpeak him a fortnight before. I will have the heart of him, if he forfeit; for were he out of Venice, I can make what merchandize I will. Go, go, Tubal, and meet me at our ſynagogue; go, good Tubal; at our ſynagogue, Tubal. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE II. *Changes to Belmont.*

*Enter Baſſanio, Portia, Gratianio, and attendants.*

*The caſkets are ſet out.*

*Por.* I pray you, tarry; pauſe a day or two,
Before you hazard; for in chuſing wrong
I loſe your company; therefore forbear a while,
There's ſomething tells me (but it is not love)
I would not loſe you; and you know yourſelf,
Hate counſels not in ſuch a quality.
But leſt you ſhould not underſtand me well,
And yet a maiden hath no tongue but thought,
I would detain you here ſome month or two,
Before you venture for me. I could teach you
How to chuſe right, but I am then forſworn.
So will I never be; ſo you may miſs me:
But if you do, you'll make me wiſh a ſin,
That I had been forſworn. Beſhrew your eyes,
They have o'erlook'd me, and divided me;

One

One half of me is yours, the other half yours,
Mine own, I would ſay: but if mine, then yours;
And ſo all yours. Alas! theſe naughty times
Put bars between the owners and their rights:
And ſo tho' yours, not yours, prove it ſo,
Let fortune go to hell for it. Not I.
I ſpeak too long, but 'tis to peize the time,
To ecke it, and to draw it out in length,
To ſtay you from election.

*Baſſ.* Let me chuſe;
For as I am, I live upon the rack.

*Por.* Upon the rack, Baſſanio? then confeſs,
What treaſon there is mingled with your love.

*Baſſ.* None, but that ugly treaſon of miſtruſt,
Which makes me fear th' enjoying of my love.
There may as well be amity and life
'Tween ſnow and fire, as treaſon and my love.

*Por.* Ay, but, I fear, you ſpeak upon the rack;
Where men enforced do ſpeak any thing.

*Baſſ.* Promiſe me life, and I'll confeſs the truth.

*Por.* Well then, confeſs, and live.

*Baſſ.* Confeſs, and love,
Had been the very ſum of my confeſſion.
O happy torment, when my torturer
Doth teach me anſwers for deliverance!
But let me to my fortune and the caſkets.

*Por.* Away then! I am lock'd in one of them;
If you do love me, you will find me out.
Neriſſa, and the reſt, ſtand all aloof,
Let muſic ſound, while he doth make his choice;
Then, if he loſe, he makes a ſwan-like end,
Fading in muſic. That the compariſon
May ſtand more juſt, my eye ſhall be the ſtream
And wat'ry death-bed for him: he may win,
And what is muſic then? then muſic is
Even as the flouriſh, when true ſubjects bow
To a new-crowned monarch: ſuch it is,
As are thoſe dulcet ſounds in break of day,
That creep into the dreaming bridegroom's ear,
And ſummon him to marriage. Now he goes,
With no leſs preſence, but with much more love,
Than young Alcides, when he did redeem

The virgin-tribute, paid by howling Troy
To the ſea-monſter: I ſtand for ſacrifice;
The reſt aloof are the Dardanian wives,
With bleared viſages come forth to view
The iſſue of th' exploit. Go, Hercules!
Live thou, I live; with much, much more diſmay
I view the fight, than thou that mak'ſt the fray.

[*Muſic within.*

*A ſong, whilſt Baſſanio comments on the caſkets to himſelf.*

*Tell me, where is fancy bred,*
*Or in the heart, or in the head?*
*How begot, how nouriſhed?*
*Reply, reply.*
*It is engender'd in the eyes,*
*With gazing fed, and fancy dies*
*In the cradle where it lies:*
*Let us all ring fancy's knell.*
I'll begin it.
*Ding, dong, bell.*
All, *Ding, dong, bell.*

*Baſſ.* So may the outward ſhows be leaſt themſelves:
The world is ſtill deceiv'd with ornament.
In law, what plea ſo tainted and corrupt,
But being ſeaſon'd with a gracious voice,
Obſcures the ſhow of evil? In religion,
What damned error, but ſome ſober brow
Will bleſs it, and approve it with a text,
Hiding the groſſneſs with fair ornament?
There is no vice ſo ſimple, but aſſumes
Some mark of virtue on its outward parts.
How many cowards, whoſe hearts are all as falſe
As ſtairs of ſand, wear yet upon their chins
The beards of Hercules and frowning Mars;
Who, inward ſearch'd, have livers white as milk?
And theſe aſſume but valour's excrement *,
To render them redoubted. Look on beauty,
And you ſhall ſee 'tis purchas'd by the weight,
Which therein works a miracle in nature,
Making them lighteſt that wear moſt of it.

So

* That is, a *beard*

So are thoſe criſped ſnaky golden locks,
Which make ſuch wanton gambols with the wind
Upon ſuppoſed fairneſs, often known
To be the dowry of a ſecond head,
The ſkull, that bred them, in the ſepulchre.
Thus ornament is but the guilty ſhore
To a moſt dang'rous ſea; the beauteous ſcarf
Vailing an Indian beauty; in a word,
The ſeeming truth which cunning times put on
T' intrap the wiſeſt. Then, thou gaudy gold,
Hard food for Midas, I will none of thee;
Nor none of thee, thou pale and common drudge
'Tween man and man: But thou, thou meagre lead,
Which rather threat'neſt, than doſt promiſe aught,
Thy plainneſs moves me more than eloquence;
And here chuſe I; joy be the conſequence!

*Por.* How all the other paſſions fleet to air,
As doubtful thoughts, and raſh-embrac'd deſpair,
And ſhudd'ring fear, and green-ey'd jealouſy.
O love, be moderate, allay thy ecſtaſy;
In meaſure rain thy joy, ſcant this exceſs,
I feel too much thy bleſſing, make it leſs,
For fear I ſurfeit. [*Opening the leaden caſket.*

*Baſſ.* What find I here?
Fair Portia's counterfeit? What demy-god
Hath come ſo near creation? Move theſe eyes?
Or whether, riding on the balls of mine,
Seem they in motion? Here are ſever'd lips
Parted with ſugar breath; ſo ſweet a bar
Should ſunder ſuch ſweet friends: here in her hairs
The painter plays the ſpider, and hath woven
A golden meſh t' intrap the hearts of men,
Faſter than gnats in cobwebs: but her eyes,—
How could he ſee to do them? having made one,
Methinks it ſhould have power to ſteal both his,
And leave itſelf unfiniſh'd. Yet how far
The ſubſtance of my praiſe doth wrong this ſhadow
In underprizing it, ſo far this ſhadow
Doth limp behind the ſubſtance. Here's the ſcroll,
The continent and ſummary of my fortune.

*You that chuſe not by the view,*
*Chance as fair, and chuſe as true:*
*Since this fortune falls to you,*
*Be content, and ſeek no new.*
*If you be well pleas'd with this,*
*And hold your fortune for your bliſs,*
*Turn you where your lady is,*
*And claim her with a loving kiſs.*

A gentle ſcroll; fair Lady, by your leave; [*Kiſſing her.*
I come by note to give, and to receive.
Like one of two contending in a prize,
That thinks he hath done well in people's eyes;
Hearing applauſe and univerſal ſhout,
Giddy in ſpirit, gazing ſtill in doubt,
Whether thoſe peals of praiſe be his or no;
So (thrice fair Lady) ſtand I, even ſo,
As doubtful whether what I ſee be true,
Until confirm'd, ſign'd, ratify'd by you.

*Por.* You ſee me, Lord Baſſanio, where I ſtand,
Such as I am: tho' for myſelf alone,
I would not be ambitious in my wiſh,
To wiſh myſelf much better; yet for you,
I would be treble twenty times myſelf,
A thouſand times more fair; ten thouſand times
More rich; that, to ſtand high in your account,
I might in virtues, beauties, livings, friends,
Exceed account; but the full ſum of me
Is ſum of ſomething, which, to term in groſs,
Is an unleſſon'd girl, unſchool'd, unpractis'd:
Happy in this, ſhe is not yet ſo old
But ſhe may learn; more happy then in this,
She is not bred ſo dull but ſhe can learn;
Happieſt of all, is, that her gentle ſpirit
Commits itſelf to yours to be directed,
As from her lord, her governor, her king:
Myſelf, and what is mine, to you and yours
Is now converted. But now I was the lord
Of this fair manſion, maſter of my ſervants,
Queen o'er myſelf; and even now, but now,
This houſe, theſe ſervants, and this ſame myſelf,

Are

Are yours, my Lord: I give them with this ring,
Which when you part from, loſe or give away,
Let it preſage the ruin of your love,
And be my vantage to exclaim on you.
*Baſſ.* Madam, you have bereft me of all words,
Only my blood ſpeaks to you in my veins;
And there is ſuch confuſion in my pow'rs,
As, after ſome oration fairly ſpoke
By a beloved prince, there doth appear
Among the buzzing pleaſed multitude;
Where every ſomething, being blent together,
Turns to a wild of nothing, ſave of joy
Expreſs'd, and not expreſs'd. But when this ring
Parts from this finger, then parts life from hence;
O, then be bold to ſay, Baſſanio's dead.
*Ner.* My Lord and Lady, it is now our time,
That have ſtood by, and ſeen our wiſhes proſper,
To cry, Good joy, good joy, my Lord and Lady!
*Gra.* My Lord Baſſanio, and my gentle Lady,
I wiſh you all the joy that you can wiſh;
For, I am ſure, you can wiſh none from me*:
And when your Honours mean to ſolemnize
The bargain of your faith, I do beſeech you,
Ev'n at that time I may be married too.
*Baſſ.* With all my heart, ſo thou canſt get a wife.
*Gra.* I thank your Lordſhip, you have got me one.
My eyes, my Lord, can look as ſwift as yours;
You ſaw the miſtreſs, I beheld the maid;
You lov'd, I lov'd; for intermiſſion
No more pertains to me, my Lord, than you.
Your fortune ſtood upon the caſket there;
And ſo did mine too, as the matter falls:
For wooing here until I ſweat again,
And ſwearing, till my very roof was dry
With oaths of love; at laſt, if promiſe laſt,
I got a promiſe of this fair one here,
To have her love, provided that your fortune
Atchiev'd her miſtreſs.
*Por.* Is this true, Neriſſa?
*Ner.* Madam, it is, ſo you ſtand pleas'd withal.



* *That is*, diſtinct from me and my wiſhes.

*Baſſ.* And do you, Gratiano, mean good faith?

*Gra.* Yes, faith, my Lord.

*Baſſ.* Our feaſt ſhall be much honour'd in your marriage.

*Gra.* We'll play with them, the firſt boy for a thouſand ducats.

*Ner.* What, and ſtake down?

*Gra.* No, we ſhall ne'er win at that ſport, and ſtake down.
But who comes here? Lorenzo and his infidel?
What, and my old Venetian friend, Salanio?

## SCENE III.

*Enter Lorenzo, Jeſſica, and Salanio.*

*Baſſ.* Lorenzo and Salanio, welcome hither;
If that the youth of my new intereſt here
Have power to bid you welcome. By your leave,
I bid my very friends and country-men,
(Sweet Portia,) welcome.

*Por.* So do I, my Lord; they are entirely welcome.

*Lor.* I thank your Honour: for my part, my Lord,
My purpoſe was not to have ſeen you here;
But meeting with Salanio by the way,
He did intreat me, paſt all ſaying nay,
To come with him along.

*Sal.* I did, my Lord,
And I have reaſon for't; Signior Anthonio
Commends him to you. [*Gives Baſſanio a letter.*

*Baſſ.* Ere I ope this letter,
I pray you tell me how my good friend doth.

*Sal.* Not ſick, my Lord, unleſs it be in mind;
Nor well, unleſs in mind; his letter there
Will ſhew you his eſtate. [*Baſſanio opens the letter.*

*Gra.* Neriſſa, cheer yon' ſtranger: bid her welcome.
Your hand, Salanio; what's the news from Venice?
How doth that royal merchant, good Anthonio?
I know he will be glad of our ſucceſs:
We are the Jaſons, we have won the fleece.

*Sal.* Would you had won the fleece that he hath loſt!

*Por.*

*Por.* There are ſome ſhrewd contents in yon' ſame paper,
That ſteal the colour from Baſſanio's cheek:
Some dear friend dead; elſe nothing in the world
Could turn ſo much the conſtitution
Of any conſtant man. What, worſe and worſe!
With leave, Baſſanio, I am half yourſelf,
And I muſt have the half of any thing
That this ſame paper brings you.

*Baſſ.* O ſweet Portia!
Here are a few of the unpleaſant'ſt words
That ever blotted paper. Gentle Lady,
When I did firſt impart my love to you,
I freely told you, all the wealth I had
Ran in my veins, I was a gentleman:
And then I told you true; and yet, dear Lady,
Rating myſelf at nothing, you ſhall ſee
How much I was a braggart. When I told you,
My ſtate was nothing, I ſhould then have told you,
That I was worſe than nothing. For indeed
I have engag'd myſelf to a dear friend,
Engag'd my friend to his mere enemy,
To feed my means. Here is a letter, Lady,
The paper, as the body of my friend;
And every word in it a gaping wound,
Iſſuing life-blood. But is it true, Salanio?
Have all his ventures fail'd? what, not one hit?
From Tripolis, from Mexico, from England,
From Liſbon, Barbary, and India?
And not one veſſel 'ſcap'd the dreadful touch
Of merchant-marring rocks?

*Sal.* Not one, my Lord.
Beſides, it ſhould appear, that if he had
The preſent money to diſcharge the Jew,
He would not take it. Never did I know
A creature, that did bear the ſhape of man,
So keen and greedy to confound a man.
He plies the Duke at morning and at night,
And doth impeach the freedom of the ſtate,
If they deny him juſtice. Twenty merchants,
The Duke himſelf, and the magnificoes
Of greateſt port, have all perſuaded with him;
But none can drive him from the envious plea

Of forfeiture, of juſtice, and his bond.

*Jeſ.* When I was with him, I have heard him ſwear,
To Tubal and to Chus his countrymen,
That he would rather have Anthonio's fleſh,
Than twenty times the value of the ſum
That he did owe him; and I know, my Lord,
If law, authority, and pow'r deny not,
It will go hard with poor Anthonio.

*Por.* Is it your dear friend that is thus in trouble?

*Baſſ.* The deareſt friend to me, the kindeſt man,
The beſt condition'd: an unweary'd ſpirit
In doing courteſies; and one in whom
The ancient Roman honour more appears
Than any that draws breath in Italy.

*Por.* What ſum owes he the Jew?

*Baſſ.* For me three thouſand ducats.

*Por.* What, no more?
Pay him ſix thouſand, and deface the bond;
Double ſix thouſand, and then treble that,
Before a friend of this deſcription
Shall loſe a hair through my Baſſanio's fault.
Firſt, go with me to church, and call me wife,
And then away to Venice to your friend:
For never ſhall you lie by Portia's ſide
With an unquiet ſoul. You ſhall have gold
To pay the petty debt twenty times over.
When it is paid, bring your true friend along;
My maid Neriſſa and myſelf, mean time,
Will live as maids and widows: come, away!
For you ſhall hence upon your wedding-day *.
But let me hear the letter of your friend.

*Baſſ.* [reads.] *Sweet Baſſanio, my ſhips have all miſcarry'd, my creditors grow cruel, my eſtate is very low, my bond to the Jew is forfeit; and ſince, in paying it, it is impoſſible I ſhould live, all debts are cleared between you and me, if I might but ſee you at my death; notwithſtanding, uſe your pleaſure: if your love do not perſuade you to come, let not my letter.*

*Por.*

*——— your wedding-day.
Bid your friends welcome, ſhew a merry cheer;
Since you are dear bought, I will love you dear.
But let me hear, &c.

*Por.* O love! diſpatch all buſineſs, and be gone.
*Baſſ.* Since I have your good leave to go away,
I will make haſte; but till I come again,
No bed ſhall e'er be guilty of my ſtay;
No reſt be interpoſer 'twixt us twain. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE IV. *Changes to a ſtreet in Venice.*

*Enter Shylock, Solarino, Anthonio, and the Goaler.*

*Shy.* Goaler, look to him: tell not me of mercy.
This is the fool that lent out money *gratis*.
Goaler, look to him.
*Ant.* Hear me yet, good Shylock.
*Shy.* I'll have my bond; ſpeak not againſt my bond:
I've ſworn an oath that I will have my bond.
Thou call'dſt me dog before thou hadſt a cauſe;
But ſince I am a dog, beware my fangs:
The Duke ſhall grant me juſtice. I do wonder,
Thou naughty goaler, that thou art ſo fond
To come abroad with him at his requeſt.
*Ant.* I pray thee, hear me ſpeak.
*Shy.* I'll have my bond; I will not hear thee ſpeak:
I'll have my bond; and therefore ſpeak no more;
I'll not be made a ſoft and dull-ey'd fool,
To ſhake the head, relent, and ſigh, and yield
To Chriſtian interceſſors. Follow not;
I'll have no ſpeaking; I will have my bond.
[*Exit Shylock.*
*Sola.* It is the moſt impenetrable cur
That ever kept with men.
*Ant.* Let him alone,
I'll follow him no more with bootleſs pray'rs:
He ſeeks my life; his reaſon well I know;
I oft deliver'd from his forfeitures
Many, that have at times made moan to me;
Therefore he hates me.
*Sola.* I am ſure the Duke
Will never grant this forfeiture to hold.
*Ant.* The Duke cannot deny the courſe of law;
For the commodity that ſtrangers have
With us in Venice, if it be deny'd,
Will much impeach the juſtice of the ſtate;

Since

Since that the trade and profit of the city
Conſiſteth of all nations. Therefore go,
Theſe griefs and loſſes have ſo 'bated me,
That I ſhall hardly ſpare a pound of fleſh
To-morrow to my bloody creditor,
Well, goaler, on; pray God, Baſſanio come
To ſee me pay his debt, and then I care not! [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE V. *Changes to Belmont.*

*Enter Portia, Neriſſa, Lorenzo, Jeſſica, and Balthazar.*

*Lor.* Madam, although I ſpeak it in your preſence,
You have a noble and a true conceit
Of God-like amity; which appears moſt ſtrongly
In bearing thus the abſence of your Lord,
But if you knew to whom you ſhew this honour,
How true a gentleman you ſend relief to,
How dear a lover of my Lord your huſband;
I know you would be prouder of the work,
Than cuſtomary bounty can inforce you.

*Por.* I never did repent of doing good,
And ſhall not now; for in companions
That do converſe and waſte the time together,
Whoſe ſouls do bear an equal yoke of love,
There muſt needs be a like proportion
Of lineaments of manners, and of ſpirit:
Which makes me think, that this Anthonio,
Being the boſom-lover of my Lord,
Muſt needs be like my Lord. If it be ſo,
How little is the coſt I have beſtowed,
In purchaſing the ſemblance of my ſoul
From out the ſtate of helliſh cruelty?
This comes too near the praiſing of myſelf;
Therefore, no more of it: hear other things.
Lorenzo, I commit into your hands
The huſbandry and manage of my houſe,
Until my Lord's return. For mine own part,
I have tow'rd heaven breath'd a ſecret vow,
To live in prayer and contemplation,
Only attended by Neriſſa here,
Until her huſband and my Lord's return.
There is a monaſtery two miles off,

And

And there we will abide. I do desire you,
Not to deny this imposition:
The which my love and some necessity
Now lays upon me.
*Lor.* Madam, with all my heart;
I shall obey you in all fair commands.
*Por.* My people do already know my mind,
And will acknowledge you and Jessica
In place of Lord Bassanio and myself.
So fare you well till we shall meet again.
*Lor.* Fair thoughts and happy hours attend on you!
*Jes.* I wish your Ladyship all heart's content.
*Por.* I thank you for your wish, and am well pleased
To wish it back on you: fare you well, Jessica.
[*Exeunt Jessica and Lorenzo.*
Now, Balthazar,
As I have ever found thee honest, true,
So let me find thee still: take this same letter,
And use thou all th' endeavour of a man,
In speed to Padua; see thou render this
Into my cousin's hand, Doctor Bellario;
And look what notes and garments he doth give thee,
Bring them, I pray thee, with imagin'd speed
Unto the Traject, to the common ferry
Which trades to Venice: waste no time in words,
But get thee gone; I shall be there before thee.
*Bal.* Madam, I go with all convenient speed. [*Exit.*
*Por.* Come on, Nerissa; I have work in hand,
That you yet know not of: we'll see our husbands,
Before they think of us.
*Ner.* Shall they see us?
*Por.* They shall, Nerissa; but in such a habit,
That they shall think we are accomplished
With what we lack. I'll hold thee any wager,
When we are both apparell'd like young men,
I'll prove the prettier fellow of the two,
And wear my dagger with the braver grace;
'And speak between the change of man and boy,
'With a reed voice; and turn two mincing steps
'Into a manly stride; and speak of frays,
'Like a fine bragging youth; and tell quaint lies,
'How honourable ladies sought my love,

'Which

'Which I denying, they fell ſick, and dy'd;
'I could not do with all: then I'll repent,
'And wiſh, for all that, that I had not kill'd them.
'And twenty of theſe puny lies I'll tell;
'That men ſhall ſwear I've diſcontinued ſchool
'Above a twelvemonth.' I have in my mind
A thouſand raw tricks of theſe bragging jacks,
Which I will practiſe.

*Ner.* Shall we turn to men?

*Por.* Fie, what a queſtion's that?
If thou wert near a lewd interpreter!
But come, I'll tell thee all my whole device
When I am in my coach, which ſtays for us
At the park-gate; and therefore haſte away,
For we muſt meaſure twenty miles to-day. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE VI. *Enter Launcelot and Jeſſica.*

*Laun.* Yes, truly: for look you, the ſins of the father are to be laid upon the children; therefore I promiſe you, I fear you. I was always plain with you; and ſo now I ſpeak my agitation of the matter: therefore be of good cheer; for truly I think you are damn'd. There is but one hope in it that can do you any good, and that is but a kind of baſtard hope neither.

*Jeſ.* And what hope is that, I pray thee?

*Laun.* Marry, you may partly hope that your father got you not, that you are not the Jew's daughter.

*Jeſ.* That were a kind of baſtard hope indeed; ſo the ſins of my mother ſhould be viſited upon me.

*Laun.* Truly, then, I fear you are damn'd both by father and mother. Thus, when you ſhun Scylla your father, you fall into Charybdis your mother: well, you are gone both ways.

*Jeſ.* I ſhall be ſaved by my huſband; he hath made me a Chriſtian.

*Laun.* Truly, the more to blame he. We were Chriſtians enough before, e'en as many as could well live one by another. This making of Chriſtians will raiſe the price of hogs; if we grow all to be pork-eaters, we ſhall not ſhortly have a raſher on the coals for money.

*Enter*

*Enter Lorenzo.*

*Jeſ.* I'll tell my huſband, Launcelot, what you ſay: here he comes.

*Lor.* I ſhall grow jealous of you ſhortly, Launcelot, if you thus get my wife into corners.

*Jeſ.* Nay, you need not fear us, Lorenzo; Launcelot and I are out; he tells me flatly there is no mercy for me in heaven, becauſe I am a Jew's daughter: and he ſays, you are no good member of the commonwealth; for, in converting Jews to Chriſtians, you raiſe the price of pork.

*Lor.* I ſhall anſwer that better to the commonwealth, than you can the getting up of the negro's belly: the Moor is with child by you, Launcelot.

*Laun.* It is much that the *Moor* ſhould be *more* than reaſon; but if ſhe be *leſs* than an honeſt woman, ſhe is indeed *more* than I took her for.

*Lor.* How every fool can play upon the world! I think the beſt grace of wit will ſhortly turn into ſilence, and diſcourſe grow commendable in none but parrots. Go in, ſirrah, bid them prepare for dinner.

*Laun.* That is done, Sir; they have all ſtomachs.

*Lor.* Good Lord, what a wit-ſnapper are you! then bid them prepare dinner.

*Laun.* That is done too, Sir; only *cover* is the word.

*Lor.* Will you cover then, Sir?

*Laun.* Not ſo, Sir, neither; I know my duty.

*Lor.* Yet more quarrelling with occaſion! wilt thou ſhew the whole wealth of thy wit in an inſtant? I pray thee underſtand a plain man in his plain meaning. Go to thy fellows, bid them cover the table, ſerve in the meat, and we will come in to dinner.

*Laun.* For the table, Sir, it ſhall be ſerv'd in; for the meat, Sir, it ſhall be covered; for your coming in to dinner, Sir, why, let it be as humours and conceits ſhall govern. [*Exit Laun.*

*Lor.* O dear diſcretion, how his words are ſuited!

'The fool hath planted in his memory
'An army of good words; and I do know
'A many fools that ſtand in better place,
'Garniſh'd like him, that for a trickſy word

'Defy

'Defy the matter.' How far'ſt thou, Jeſſica?
And now, good ſweet, ſay thy opinion,
How doſt thou like the Lord Baſſanio's wife?

*Jeſ.* Paſt all expreſſing: it is very meet
The Lord Baſſanio live an upright life.
For, having ſuch a bleſſing in his Lady,
He finds the joys of heaven here on earth:
And if on earth he do not merit it,
In reaſon he ſhould never come to heav'n.
Why, if two gods ſhould play ſome heav'nly match,
And on the wager lay two earthly women,
And Portia one, there muſt be ſomething elſe
Pawn'd with the other; for the poor rude world
Hath not her fellow.

*Lor.* Even ſuch a huſband
Haſt thou of me, as ſhe is for a wife.

*Jeſ.* Nay, but aſk my opinion too of that.

*Lor.* I will anon: firſt, let us go to dinner.

*Jeſ.* Nay, let me praiſe you while I have a ſtomach.

*Lor.* No, pray thee, let it ſerve for table-talk;
Then, howſoe'er thou ſpeak'ſt, 'mong other things,
I ſhall digeſt it.

*Jeſ.* Well, I'll ſet you forth. [*Exeunt.*

## ACT IV. SCENE I.

*The ſenate-houſe in Venice.*

*Enter the Duke, the Senators; Anthonio, Baſſanio, and Gratiano, at the bar.*

*Duke.* WHAT, is Anthonio here?

*Ant.* Ready, ſo pleaſe your Grace.

*Duke.* I am ſorry for thee; thou art come to anſwer
A ſtony adverſary, an inhuman wretch
Uncapable of pity, void and empty
From any dram of mercy.

*Ant.* I have heard,
Your Grace hath ta'en great pains to qualify
His rig'rous courſe: but ſince he ſtands obdurate,
And that no lawful means can carry me
Out of his Envy's reach, I do oppoſe
My patience to his fury; and am arm'd

To

To ſuffer, with a quietneſs of ſpirit,
The very tyranny and rage of his.

*Duke.* Go one, and call the Jew into the court.

*Sal.* He's ready at the door: he comes, my Lord.

*Enter Shylock.*

*Duke.* Make room, and let him ſtand before our face.
Shylock, the world thinks, and I think ſo too,
That thou but lead'ſt this faſhion of thy malice
To the laſt hour of act; and then 'tis thought,
Thou'lt ſhew thy mercy and remorſe more ſtrange,
Than is thy ſtrange apparent cruelty.
And, where thou now exact'ſt the penalty,
Which is a pound of this poor merchant's fleſh,
Thou wilt not only loſe the forfeiture,
But, touch'd with human gentleneſs and love,
Forgive a moiety of the principal;
Glancing an eye of pity on his loſſes,
That have of late ſo huddled on his back,
Enough to preſs a royal merchant down;
And pluck commiſeration of his ſtate
From braſſy boſoms, and rough hearts of flint;
From ſtubborn Turks and Tartars, never train'd
To offices of tender courteſy.
We all expect a gentle anſwer, Jew.

*Shy.* I have poſſeſs'd your Grace of what I purpoſe:
And by our holy Sabbath have I ſworn,
To have the due and forfeit of my bond.
If you deny it, let the danger light
Upon your charter, and your city's freedom!
You'll aſk me, why I rather chuſe to have
A weight of carrion fleſh, than to receive
Three thouſand ducats? I'll now anſwer that,
By ſaying 'tis my humour; is it anſwer'd?
What if my houſe be troubled with a rat,
And I be pleas'd to give ten thouſand ducats
To have it baned? What, are you anſwer'd yet?
Some men there are love not a gaping pig;
Some that are mad if they behold a cat;
And others, when the bag-pipe ſings i' th' noſe,
Cannot contain their urine for affection *.



* *That is*, they are ſo affected with it.

Maſters of paſſion ſway it to the mood
Of what it likes, or loaths. Now, for your anſwer.
As there is no firm reaſon to be render'd,
Why he cannot abide a gaping pig;
Why he, a harmleſs neceſſary cat;
Why he, a woollen bag-pipe; but of force
Muſt yield to ſuch inevitable ſhame.
As to offend, himſelf being offended:
So can I give no reaſon, nor I will not,
More than a lodg'd hate and a certain loathing
I bear Anthonio, that I follow thus
A loſing ſuit againſt him. Are you anſwer'd?

*Baſſ.* This is no anſwer, thou unfeeling man,
T' excuſe the current of thy cruelty.

*Shy.* I am not bound to pleaſe thee with my anſwer.

*Baſſ.* Do all men kill the thing they do not love?

*Shy.* Hates any man the thing he would not kill?

*Baſſ.* Ev'ry offence is not a hate at firſt.

*Shy.* What, would'ſt thou have a ſerpent ſting thee twice?

*Ant.* I pray you, think, you queſtion with a Jew.
You may as well go ſtand upon the beach,
And bid the main flood 'bate his uſual height.
You may as well uſe queſtion with the wolf,
Why he hath made the ewe bleat for the lamb.
You may as well forbid the mountain-pines
To wag their high tops, and to make a noiſe,
When they are fretted with the guſts of heav'n.
You may as well do any thing moſt hard,
As ſeek to ſoften that, (than which what's harder?)
His Jewiſh heart. Therefore, I do beſeech you,
Make no more offers, uſe no farther means;
But with all brief and plain conveniency
Let me have judgment, and the Jew his will.

*Baſſ.* For thy three thouſand ducats here is ſix.

*Shy.* If ev'ry ducat in ſix thouſand ducats
Were in ſix parts, and ev'ry part a ducat,
I would not draw them; I would have my bond.

*Duke.* How ſhalt thou hope for mercy, rend'ring none?

*Shy.* What judgment ſhall I dread, doing no wrong?
You have among you many a purchas'd ſlave,
Which, like your aſſes, and your dogs, and mules,

You

You uſe in abject and in ſlaviſh part,
Becauſe you bought them. Shall I ſay to you,
Let them be free; marry them to your heirs;
Why ſweat they under burdens? let their beds
Be made as ſoft as yours, and let their palates
Be ſeaſon'd with ſuch viands: you will anſwer,
The ſlaves are ours. So do I anſwer you.
The pound of fleſh which I demand of him,
Is dearly bought; 'tis mine, and I will have it.
If you deny me, fie upon your law!
There is no force in the decrees of Venice.
I ſtand for judgment; anſwer; ſhall I have it?

*Duke.* Upon my pow'r I may diſmiſs this court,
Unleſs Bellario, a learned Doctor,
Whom I have ſent for to determine this,
Come here to-day.

*Sal.* My Lord, here ſtays without,
A meſſenger with letters from the Doctor,
New come from Padua.

*Duke.* Bring us the letters, call the meſſenger.

*Baſſ.* Good cheer, Anthonio; what, man, courage yet,
The Jew ſhall have my fleſh, blood, bones, and all,
Ere thou ſhalt loſe for me one drop of blood.

*Ant.* I am a tainted wether of the flock,
Meeteſt for death: the weakeſt kind of fruit
Drops earlieſt to the ground, and ſo let me.
You cannot better be employ'd, Baſſanio,
Than to live ſtill, and write mine epitaph.

## SCENE II.

*Enter Neriſſa, dreſs'd like a lawyer's clerk.*

*Duke.* Came you from Padua, from Bellario?

*Ner.* From both, my Lord Bellario greets your Grace.

*Baſſ.* Why doſt thou whet thy knife ſo earneſtly?

[*The Jew whetting his knife on the ſole of his ſhoe.*]

*Shy.* To cut the forfeit from that bankrupt there.

*Gra.* Not on thy ſole, but on thy ſoul, harſh Jew,
Thou mak'ſt thy knife keen; for no metal can,
No, not the hangman's ax, bear half the keenneſs
Of thy ſharp envy. Can no prayers pierce thee?

*Shy.* No, none that thou haſt wit enough to make.

*Gra.* O be thou damn'd, inexorable dog,
And for thy life let juſtice be accus'd!
Thou almoſt mak'ſt me waver in my faith,
To hold opinion with Pythagoras,
That ſouls of animals infuſe themſelves
Into the trunks of men. Thy curriſh ſpirit
Govern'd a wolf, who, hang'd for human ſlaughter,
Ev'n from the gallows did his fell ſoul fleet,
And, whilſt thou lay'ſt in thy unhallow'd dam,
Infus'd itſelf in thee: for thy deſires
Are wolfiſh, bloody, ſtarv'd, and ravenous.

*Shy.* Till thou canſt rail the ſeal from off my bond,
Thou but offend'ſt thy lungs to ſpeak ſo loud.
Repair thy wit, good youth, or it will fall
To cureleſs ruin. I ſtand here for law.

*Duke.* This letter from Bellario doth commend
A young and learned doctor to our court.
Where is he?

*Ner.* He attendeth here hard by
To know your anſwer, whether you'll admit him.

*Duke.* With all my heart. Some three or four of you
Go give him courteous conduct to this place.
Mean time the court ſhall hear Bellario's letter.

*YOUR Grace ſhall underſtand, that, at the receipt of your letter, I am very ſick: but at the inſtant that your meſſenger came, in loving viſitation was with me a young Doctor of Rome, his name is Balthaſar. I acquainted him with the cauſe in controverſy between the Jew and Anthonio the merchant. We turn'd o'er many books together: he is furniſhed with my opinion, which, bettered with his own learning, (the greatneſs whereof I cannot enough commend,) comes with him at my importunity, to fill up your Grace's requeſt in my ſtead. I beſeech you, let his lack of years be no impediment, to let him lack a reverend eſtimation; for I never knew ſo young a body with ſo old a head. I leave him to your gracious acceptance, whoſe trial ſhall better publiſh his commendation.*

*Enter Portia, dreſs'd like a Doctor of Laws.*

*Duke.* You hear the learn'd Bellario, what he writes,
And

And here, I take it, is the Doctor come.
Give me your hand. Came you from old Bellario?
*Por.* I did, my Lord.
*Duke.* You're welcome; take your place.
Are you acquainted with the difference
That holds this preſent queſtion in the court?
*Por.* I am informed throughly of the caſe.
Which is the merchant here? and which the Jew?
*Duke.* Anthonio and old Shylock, both ſtand forth.
*Por.* Is your name Shylock?
*Shy.* Shylock is my name.
*Por.* Of a ſtrange nature is the ſuit you follow;
Yet in ſuch rule, that the Venetian law
Cannot impugn you, as you do proceed.
You ſtand within his danger; do you not? [*To Anth.*
*Ant.* Ay, ſo he ſays.
*Por.* Do you confeſs the bond?
*Ant.* I do.
*Por.* Then muſt the Jew be merciful.
*Shy.* On what compulſion muſt I? tell me that.
*Por.* 'The quality of mercy is not ſtrain'd;
'It droppeth, as the gentle rain from heav'n
'Upon the place beneath. It is twice bleſs'd;
'It bleſſeth him that gives, and him that takes.
'Tis mightieſt in the mightieſt; it becomes
'The throned monarch better than his crown:
'His ſceptre ſhews the force of temporal pow'r,
'The attribute to awe and majeſty,
'Wherein doth ſit the dread and fear of kings;
'But mercy is above this ſcepter'd ſway,
'It is enthroned in the hearts of kings;
'It is an attribute to God himſelf;
'And earthly power doth then ſhew likeſt God's,
'When mercy ſeaſons juſtice.' Therefore, Jew,
Tho' juſtice be thy plea, conſider this,
That in the courſe of juſtice none of us
Should ſee ſalvation. We do pray for mercy;
And that ſame pray'r doth teach us all to render
The deeds of mercy. I have ſpoke thus much
To mitigate the juſtice of thy plea;
Which if thou follow, this ſtrict court of Venice
Muſt needs give ſentence 'gainſt the merchant there.

*Shy.* My deeds upon my head! I crave the law,
The penalty and forfeit of my bond.
*Por.* Is he not able to diſcharge the money?
*Baſſ.* Yes, here I tender it for him in the court,
Yea, twice the ſum; if that will not ſuffice,
I will be bound to pay it ten times o'er,
On forfeit of my hands, my head, my heart.
If this will not ſuffice, it muſt appear
That malice bears down truth. And I beſeech you,
Wreſt once the law to your authority.
To do a great right, do a little wrong;
And curb this cruel devil of his will.
*Por.* It muſt not be; there is no pow'r in Venice
Can altar a decree eſtabliſhed.
'Twill be recorded for a precedent:
And many an error, by the ſame example,
Will ruſh into the ſtate. It cannot be.
*Shy.* A Daniel come to judgment! yea, a Daniel.
O wiſe young judge, how do I honour thee!
*Por.* I pray you, let me look upon the bond.
*Shy.* Here 'tis, Moſt Rev'rend Doctor, here it is.
*Por.* Shylock, there's thrice thy money offer'd thee.
*Shy.* An oath, an oath,—I have an oath in heav'n.
Shall I lay perjury upon my ſoul?
No, not for Venice.
*Por.* Why, this bond is forfeit;
And lawfully by this the Jew may claim
A pound of fleſh, to be by him cut off
Neareſt the merchant's heart. Be merciful,
Take thrice thy money, bid me tear the bond.
*Shy.* When it is paid according to the tenor.
It doth appear you are a worthy judge;
You know the law; your expoſition
Hath been moſt ſound. I charge you by the law,
Whereof you are a well-deſerving pillar,
Proceed to judgment. By my ſoul I ſwear,
There is no power in the tongue of man
To alter me. I ſtay here on my bond.
*Ant.* Moſt heartily I do beſeech the court
To give the judgment.
*Por.* Why, then thus it is;
You muſt prepare your boſom for his knife.

*Shy.*

*Shy.* O noble judge! O excellent young man!
*Por.* For the intent and purpoſe of the law
Hath full relation to the penalty,
Which here appeareth due upon the bond.
*Shy.* 'Tis very true. O wiſe and upright judge,
How much more elder art thou than thy looks!
*Por.* Therefore lay bare your boſom.
*Shy.* Ay, his breaſt;
So ſays the bond; doth it not, noble judge?
Nearеſt his heart, thoſe are the very words.
*Por.* It is ſo. Are there ſcales to weigh the fleſh?
*Shy.* I have them ready.
*Por.* Have by ſome ſurgeon, Shylock, on your charge,
To ſtop his wounds, leſt he ſhould bleed to death.
*Shy.* Is it ſo nominated in the bond?
*Por.* It is not ſo expreſs'd; but what of that?
'Twere good, you do ſo much for charity.
*Shy.* I cannot find it; 'tis not in the bond.
*Por.* Come, merchant, have you any thing to ſay?
*Ant.* But little. I am arm'd, and well prepar'd.
Give me your hand, Baſſanio, fare you well!
Grieve not that I am fall'n to this for you:
" For herein fortune ſhews herſelf more kind,
" Than is her cuſtom. It is ſtill her uſe,
" To let the wretched man outlive his wealth,
" To view with hollow eye, and wrinkled brow,
" An age of poverty:" from which ling'ring penance
Of ſuch a miſery doth ſhe cut me off.
Commend me to your honourable wife;
Tell her the proceſs of Anthonio's end:
Say, how I lov'd you; ſpeak me fair in death;
And when the tale is told, bid her be judge,
Whether Baſſanio had not once a love.
Repent not you that you ſhall loſe your friend;
And he repents not that he pays your debt:
For if the Jew do cut but deep enough,
I'll pay it inſtantly with all my heart.
*Baſſ.* Anthonio, I am married to a wife,
Which is as dear to me as life itſelf;
But life itſelf, my wife, and all the world,
Are not with me eſteem'd above thy life.

I would loſe all; ay, ſacrifice them all
Here to this devil, to deliver you.
*Por.* Your wife would give you little thanks for that,
If ſhe were by to hear you make the offer.
*Gra.* I have a wife, whom, I proteſt, I love;
I would ſhe were in heav'n, ſo ſhe could
Intreat ſome pow'r to change this curriſh Jew.
*Ner.* 'Tis well you offer it behind her back;
The wiſh would make elſe an unquiet houſe.
*Shy.* Theſe be the Chriſtian huſbands. I've a daughter;
Would any of the ſtock of Barrabas
Had been her huſband, rather than a Chriſtian! [*Aſide.*
We triſle time: I pray thee, purſue ſentence.
*Por.* A pound of that ſame merchant's fleſh is thine;
The court awards it, and the law doth give it.
*Shy.* Moſt rightful judge!
*Por.* And you muſt cut this fleſh from off his breaſt;
The law allows it, and the court awards it.
*Shy.* Moſt learned judge! a ſentence: come, prepare.
*Por.* Tarry a little, there is ſomething elſe.
This bond doth give thee here no jot of blood;
The words expreſsly are, a pound of fleſh.
Then take thy bond, take thou thy pound of fleſh;
But, in the cutting it, if thou doſt ſhed
One drop of Chriſtian blood, thy lands and goods
Are, by the laws of Venice, confiſcate
Unto the ſtate of Venice.
*Gra.* O upright judge! mark, Jew; O learned judge!
*Shy.* Is that the law?
*Por.* Thyſelf ſhalt ſee the act:
For as thou urgeſt juſtice, be aſſur'd,
Thou ſhalt have juſtice, more than thou deſir'ſt.
*Gra.* O learned judge! mark, Jew; a learned judge!
*Shy.* I take this offer then, pay the bond thrice,
And let the Chriſtian go.
*Baſſ.* Here is the money.
*Por.* The Jew ſhall have all juſtice; ſoft! no haſte;
He ſhall have nothing but the penalty.
*Gra.* O Jew! an upright judge, a learned judge!
*Por.* Therefore prepare thee to cut off the fleſh;
Shed thou no blood, nor cut thou leſs, nor more,

But

But juſt a pound of fleſh: if thou tak'ſt more
Or leſs than a juſt pound, be't but ſo much
As makes it light or heavy in the ſubſtance,
On the diviſion of the twentieth part
Of one poor ſcruple; nay, if the ſcale turn
But in the eſtimation of a hair,
Thou dieſt, and all thy goods are confiſcate.
*Gra.* A ſecond Daniel, a Daniel, Jew!
Now, infidel, I have thee on the hip.
*Por.* Why doth the Jew pauſe? take the forfeiture.
*Shy.* Give me my principal, and let me go.
*Baſſ.* I have it ready for thee; here it is.
*Por.* He hath refus'd it in the open court;
He ſhall have merely juſtice, and his bond.
*Gra.* A Daniel, ſtill ſay I; a ſecond Daniel!
I thank thee, Jew, for teaching me that word.
*Shy.* Shall I not barely have my principal?
*Por.* Thou ſhalt have nothing but the forfeiture,
To be ſo taken at thy peril, Jew.
*Shy.* Why, then the devil give him good of it!
I'll ſtay no longer queſtion.
*Por.* Tarry, Jew.
The law hath yet another hold on you.
It is enacted in the laws of Venice,
If it be prov'd againſt an alien,
That, by direct or indirect attempts,
He ſeeks the life of any citizen
The party 'gainſt the which he doth contrive,
Shall ſeize on half his goods; the other half
Comes to the privy coffer of the ſtate;
And the offender's life lies in the mercy
Of the Duke only, 'gainſt all other voice.
In which predicament, I ſay, thou ſtand'ſt.
For it appears by manifeſt proceeding,
That indirectly, and directly too,
Thou haſt contriv'd againſt the very life
Of the defendant; and thou haſt incurr'd
The danger formally by me rehears'd.
Down, therefore, and beg mercy of the Duke.
*Gra.* Beg, that thou may'ſt have leave to hang thyſelf;
And yet thy wealth being forfeit to the ſtate,
Thou haſt not left the value of a cord;

Therefore

Therefore thou muſt be hang'd at the ſtate's charge.

*Duke.* That thou may'ſt ſee the diff'rence of our ſpirit,
I pardon thee thy life before thou aſk it.
For half thy wealth, it is Anthonio's:
The other half comes to the general ſtate,
Which humbleneſs may drive unto a fine.

*Por.* Ay, for the ſtate; not for Anthonio.

*Shy.* Nay, take my life and all: pardon not that.
You take my houſe, when you do take the prop
That doth ſuſtain my houſe: you take my life,
When you do take the means whereby I live.

*Por.* What mercy can you render him, Anthonio?

*Gra.* A halter *gratis;* nothing elſe, for God's ſake.

*Ant.* So pleaſe my Lord the Duke, and all the court,
To quit the fine for one half of his goods,
I am content; ſo he will let me have
The other half in uſe, to render it
Upon his death unto the gentleman
That lately ſtole his daughter.
Two things provided more, that for this favour
He preſently become a Chriſtian;
The other, that he do record a gift
Here in the court, of all he dies poſſeſs'd,
Unto his ſon Lorenzo and his daughter.

*Duke.* He ſhall do this, or elſe I do recant
The pardon that I late pronounced here.

*Por.* Art thou contented, Jew? what doſt thou ſay?

*Shy.* I am content.

*Por.* Clerk, draw a deed of gift.

*Shy.* I pray you give me leave to go from hence;
I am not well; ſend the deed after me,
And I will ſign it.

*Duke.* Get thee gone, but do it.

*Gra.* In chriſt'ning thou ſhalt have two godfathers.
Had I been judge, thou ſhould'ſt have had ten more,
To bring thee to the gallows, not the font.

[*Exit Shylock.*

*Duke.* Sir, I intreat you home with me to dinner.

*Por.* I humbly do deſire your Grace of pardon;
I muſt away this night to Padua,
And, it is meet I preſently ſet forth.

*Duke.* I'm ſorry that your leiſure ſerves you not.

Anthonio,

Anthonio, gratify this gentleman;
For in my mind you are much bound to him.

[*Exit Duke and his train.*

## SCENE III.

*Baſſ.* Moſt worthy gentleman! I and my friend
Have by your wiſdom been this day acquitted
Of grievous penalties; in lieu whereof,
Three thouſand ducats, due unto the Jew,
We freely cope your courteous pains withal.
*Ant.* And ſtand indebted, over and above,
In love and ſervice to you evermore
*Por.* He is well paid that is well ſatisfy'd:
And I, delivering you, am ſatisfy'd,
And therein do account myſelf well paid;
My mind was never yet more mercenary.
I pray you, know me, when we meet again;
I wiſh you well, and ſo I take my leave.
*Baſſ.* Dear Sir, of force I muſt attempt you further.
Take ſome remembrance of us, for a tribute,
Not as a fee: grant me two things, I pray you,
Not to deny me, and to pardon me.
*Por.* You preſs me far, and therefore I will yield.
Give me your gloves, I'll wear 'em for your ſake;
And, for your love, I'll take this ring from you.
Do not draw back your hand, I'll take no more;
And you in love ſhall not deny me this.
*Baſſ.* This ring, good Sir, alas, it is a trifle;
I will not ſhame myſelf to give you this.
*Por.* I will have nothing elſe but only this;
And now, methinks, I have a mind to it.
*Baſſ.* There's more depends on this, than on the value.
The deareſt ring in Venice will I give you,
And find it out by proclamation;
Only for this, I pray you, pardon me.
*Por.* I ſee, Sir, you are liberal in offers;
You taught me firſt to beg; and now, methinks,
You teach me how a beggar ſhould be anſwer'd.
*Baſſ* Good Sir, this ring was giv'n me by my wife;
And when ſhe put it on, ſhe made me vow,
That I ſhould neither ſell, nor give, nor loſe it.

*Por.*

*Por.* That 'ſcuſe ſerves many men to ſave their gifts;
And if your wife be not a mad woman,
And know how well I have deſerv'd the ring,
She would not hold out enmity for ever,
For giving it to me. Well, peace be with you!
[*Exit with Neriſſa.*

*Ant.* My Lord Baſſanio, let him have the ring.
Let his deſervings, and my love withal,
Be valu'd 'gainſt your wife's commandment.

*Baſſ.* Go, Gratiano, run and overtake him,
Give him the ring; and bring him, if thou can'ſt.
Unto Anthonio's houſe: away, make haſte. [*Exit Gra.*
Come, you and I will thither preſently;
And in the morning early will we both
Fly toward Belmont; come, Anthonio. [*Exeunt.*

*Re-enter Portia with Neriſſa.*

*Por.* Inquire the Jew's houſe out, give him this deed,
And let him ſign it; we'll away to-night,
And be a day before our huſbands home:
This deed will be well welcome to Lorenzo.

*Enter Gratiano.*

*Gra.* Fair Sir, you are well o'erta'en:
My Lord Baſſanio, upon more advice,
Hath ſent you here this ring, and doth intreat
Your company at dinner.

*Por.* That cannot be.
This ring I do accept moſt thankfully,
And ſo, I pray you, tell him; furthermore,
I pray you, ſhew my youth old Shylock's houſe.

*Gra.* That will I do.

*Ner.* Sir, I would ſpeak with you.
I'll ſee if I can get my huſband's ring: [*To Por.*
Which I did make him ſwear to keep for ever.

*Por.* Thou may'ſt, I warrant. We ſhall have old
That they did give the rings away to men; [ſwearing,
But we'll out-face them, and out-ſwear them too:
Away, make haſte, thou know'ſt where I will tarry.

*Ner.* Come, good Sir, will you ſhew me to this houſe?
[*Exeunt.*

ACT

## ACT V. SCENE I.

*Belmont. A grove or green place before Portia's houſe.*

*Enter Lorenzo and Jeſſica.*

*Lor.* THE moon ſhines bright: in ſuch a night as this,
When the ſweet wind did gently kiſs the trees,
And they did make no noiſe; in ſuch a night
Troilus, methinks, mounted the Trojan wall;
And ſigh'd his ſoul toward the Grecian tents,
Where Creſſid lay that night.

*Jeſ.* In ſuch a night
Did Thiſbe fearfully o'er-trip the dew;
And ſaw the lion's ſhadow ere himſelf,
And ran diſmay'd away.

*Lor.* In ſuch a night
Stood Dido with a willow in her hand
Upon the wild ſea banks, and wav'd her love
To come again to Carthage.

*Jeſ.* In ſuch a night
Medea gather'd the inchanted herbs,
That did renew old Æſon.

*Lor.* In ſuch a night
Did Jeſſica ſteal from the wealthy Jew,
And with an unthrift love did run from Venice,
As far as Belmont.

*Jeſ.* And in ſuch a night
Did young Lorenzo ſwear he lov'd her well;
Stealing her ſoul with many vows of faith,
And ne'er a true one.

*Lor.* And in ſuch a night
Did pretty Jeſſica, (like a little ſhrew,)
Slander her love, and he forgave it her.

*Jeſ.* I would out-night you, did no body come:
But hark, I hear the footing of a man.

*Enter Stephano.*

*Lor.* Who comes ſo faſt in ſilence of the night?

*Meſ.* A friend.

*Lor.* What friend? Your name, I pray you, friend?

*Meſ.* Stephano is my name, and I bring word,
My miſtreſs will before the break of day

Be here at Belmont: ſhe doth ſtray about
By holy croſſes, where ſhe kneels, and prays,
For happy wedlock hours.

*Lor.* Who comes with her?

*Meſ.* None but a holy hermit and her maid.
I pray you, is my maſter yet return'd?

*Lor.* He is not, nor have we yet heard from him.
But go we in, I pray thee, Jeſſica,
And ceremoniouſly let us prepare
Some welcome for the miſtreſs of the houſe.

*Enter Launcelot.*

*Laun.* Sola, ſola, wo ha, ho, ſola, ſola!

*Lor.* Who calls?

*Laun.* Sola! did you ſee Maſter Lorenzo and Miſtreſs Lorenzo? ſola, ſola! [*Exit.*

*Lor.* Leave hollowing, man: here.

*Laun.* Sola! where? where?

*Lor.* Here.

*Laun.* Tell him, there's a poſt come from my maſter with his horn full of good news. My maſter will be here ere morning.

*Lor.* Sweet love, let's in, and there expect their coming.
And yet no matter: why ſhould we go in?
My friend Stephano, ſignify, I pray you,
Within the houſe, your miſtreſs is at hand; [*Exit Stephano.*
And bring your muſic forth into the air.
'How ſweet the moon-light ſleeps upon this bank!
'Here will we ſit, and let the ſounds of muſic
'Creep in our ears; ſoft ſtillneſs, and the night
'Become the touches of ſweet harmony.
'Sit, Jeſſica: look how the floor of heav'n
'Is thick inlay'd with patens of bright gold;
'There's not the ſmalleſt orb which thou behold'ſt,
'But in his motion like an angel ſings,
'Still quiring to the young-ey'd cherubims;
'Such harmony is in immortal ſounds!
'But whilſt this muddy veſture of decay
'Doth groſsly cloſe us in, we cannot hear it.'
Come, ho, and wake Diana with a hymn;
With ſweeteſt touches pierce your miſtreſs' ear,
And draw her home with muſic.

*Jeſ.* I'm never merry when I hear ſweet muſic. [*Muſic.*

*Lor.*

*Lor.* 'The reaſon is, your ſpirits are attentive;
'For do but note a wild and wanton herd,
'Or race of youthful and unhandled colts,
'Fetching mad bounds, bellowing and neighing loud,
'(Which is the hot condition of their blood,)
'If they perchance but hear a trumpet ſound,
'Or any air of muſic touch their ears,
'You ſhall perceive them make a mutual ſtand;
'Their ſavage eyes turn'd to a modeſt gaze,
'By the ſweet power of muſic. Therefore the poet
'Did feign that Orpheus drew trees, ſtones, and floods;
'Since nought ſo ſtockiſh, hard, and full of rage,
'But muſic for the time doth change his nature.
'The man that hath no muſic in himſelf,
'Nor is not mov'd with concord of ſweet ſounds,
'Is fit for treaſons, ſtratagems, and ſpoils;
'The motions of his ſpirit are dull as night,
'And his affections dark as Erebus:
'Let no ſuch man be truſted—Mark the muſic.'

*Enter Portia and Neriſſa.*

*Por.* That light we ſee, is burning in my hall:
How far that little candle throws his beams!
So ſhines a good deed in a naughty world.

*Ner.* When the moon ſhone, we did not ſee the candle.

*Por.* So doth the greater glory dim the leſs;
A ſubſtitute ſhines brightly as a King,
Until a King be by; and then his ſtate
Empties itſelf, as doth an inland brook
Into the main of waters. Muſic, hark! [*Muſic.*

*Ner.* It is the muſic, Madam, of your houſe.

*Por.* Nothing is good, I ſee, without reſpect:
Methinks it ſounds much ſweeter than by day.

*Ner.* Silence beſtows the virtue on it, Madam.

*Por.* The crow doth ſing as ſweetly as the lark,
When neither is attended; and, I think
The nightingale, if ſhe ſhould ſing by day,
When every gooſe is cackling, would be thought
No better a muſician than the wren.
How many things by ſeaſon ſeaſon'd are
To their right praiſe, and true perfection?
Peace! how the moon ſleeps with Endymion,
And would not be awak'd! [*Muſic ceaſes.*

*Lor.* That is the voice,
Or I am much deceiv'd, of Portia.
*Por.* He knows me as the blind man knows the cuckow,
By the bad voice.
*Lor.* Dear Lady, welcome home.
*Por.* We have been praying for our husbands healths,
Which speed we hope the better for our words.
Are they return'd?
*Lor.* Madam, they are not yet;
But there is come a messenger before,
To signify their coming.
*Por.* Go, Nerissa,
Give order to my servants, that they take
No note at all of our being absent hence;
Nor you, Lorenzo; Jessica, nor you. [*Trumpet sounds.*
*Lor.* Your husband is at hand, I hear his trumpet:
We are no tell-tales, Madam, fear you not.
*Por.* This night, methinks, is but the day-light sick;
It looks a little paler; 'tis a day,
Such as the day is when the sun is hid.

*Enter Bassanio, Anthonio, Gratiano, and their followers.*

*Bass* We should hold day with the Antipodes,
If you would walk in absence of the sun.
*Por.* Let me give light, but let me not be light;
For a light wife doth make a heavy husband;
And never be Bassanio so from me;
But God sort all! You're welcome home, my Lord.
*Bass.* I thank you, Madam: give welcome to my friend;
This is the man, this is Anthonio,
To whom I am so infinitely bound.
*Por.* You should in all sense be much bound to him;
For, as I hear, he was much bound for you.
*Ant.* No more than I am well acquitted of
*Por.* Sir, you are very welcome to our house;
It must appear in other ways than words;
Therefore I scant this breathing courtesy.
*Gra.* By yonder moon I swear you do me wrong;
In faith, I gave it to the judge's clerk. [*To Nerissa.*
Would he were gelt that had it, for my part,
Since you do take it, love, so much at heart,
*Por.* A quarrel, ho, already! what's the matter?

*Gra.*

*Gra.* About a hoop of gold, a paltry ring,
That ſhe did give me, whoſe poeſy was,
For all the world, like cutlers poetry
Upon a knife: *Love me, and leave me not.*

*Ner.* What, talk you of the poeſy, or the value?
You ſwore to me, when I did give it you,
That you would wear it till your hour of death;
And that it ſhould lie with you in your grave:
Though not for me, yet for your vehement oaths,
You ſhould have been reſpective, and have kept it.
Gave it a judge's clerk! but well I know,
The clerk will ne'er wear hair on's face that had it.

*Gra.* He will, an' if he live to be a man.

*Ner.* Ay, if a woman live to be a man.

*Gra.* Now, by this hand, I gave it to a youth,
A kind of boy, a little ſcrubbed boy,
No higher than thyſelf, the judge's clerk;
A prating boy, that begg'd it as a fee:
I could not for my heart deny it him.

*Por.* You were to blame, I muſt be plain with you,
To part ſo ſlightly with your wife's firſt gift;
A thing ſtuck on with oaths upon your finger,
And riveted with faith unto your fleſh.
I gave my love a ring, and made him ſwear
Never to part with it; and here he ſtands,
I dare be ſworn for him, he would not leave it,
Nor pluck it from his finger, for the wealth
That the world maſters. Now, in faith, Gratiano,
You give your wife too unkind a cauſe of grief;
An 'twere to me, I ſhould be mad at it.

*Baſſ.* Why, I were beſt to cut my left hand off,
And ſwear I loſt the ring defending it. [*Aſide.*

*Gra.* My Lord Baſſanio gave his ring away
Unto the judge that begg'd it, and indeed
Deſerv'd it too; and then the boy his clerk,
That took ſome pains in writing, he begg'd mine;
And neither man nor maſter would take aught
But the two rings.

*Por.* What ring gave you, my Lord?
Not that, I hope, which you receiv'd of me.

*Baſſ.* If I could add a lie unto a fault,
I would deny it; but you ſee my finger

Hath not the ring upon it, it is gone.
*Por.* Even ſo void is your falſe heart of truth.
By Heaven, I will ne'er come in your bed
Until I ſee the ring.
*Ner.* Nor I in yours,
Till I again ſee mine.
*Baſſ.* Sweet Portia,
If you did know to whom I gave the ring,
If you did know for whom I gave the ring,
And would conceive for what I gave the ring,
And how unwillingly I left the ring,
When nought would be accepted but the ring,
You would abate the ſtrength of your diſpleaſure.
*Por.* If you had known the virtue of the ring,
Or half her worthineſs that gave the ring,
Or your own honour to retain the ring,
You would not then have parted with the ring.
What man is there ſo much unreaſonable,
If you had pleas'd to have defended it
With any terms of zeal, wanted the modeſty
To urge the thing held as a ceremony?
Neriſſa teaches me what to believe;
I'll die for't, but ſome woman had the ring.
*Baſſ.* No, by mine honour, Madam, by my ſoul,
No woman had it, but a civil Doctor,
Who did refuſe three thouſand ducats of me,
And begg'd the ring; the which I did deny him,
And ſuffer'd him to go diſpleas'd away;
Ev'n he that did uphold the very life
Of my dear friend. What ſhould I ſay, ſweet Lady?
I was inforc'd to ſend it after him;
I was beſet with ſhame and courteſy;
My honour would not let ingratitude
So much beſmear it. Pardon me, good Lady;
And by theſe bleſſed candles of the night,
Had you been there, I think you would have begg'd
The ring of me to give the worthy Doctor.
*Por.* Let not that Doctor e'er come near my houſe.
Since he hath got the jewel that I lov'd,
And that which you did ſwear to keep for me:
I will become as liberal as you;
I'll not deny him any thing I have,

No

No not my body, nor my husband's bed:
Know him I shall, I am well sure of it.
Lie not a night from home; watch me, like Argus:
If you do not, if I be left alone,
Now, by mine honour, which is yet my own,
I'll have that Doctor for my bedfellow.

*Ner.* And I his clerk; therefore be well advis'd,
How you do leave me to mine own protection.

*Gra.* Well, do you so; let me not take him then:
For if I do, I'll mar the young clerk's pen.

*Ant.* I am th' unhappy subject of these quarrels.

*Por.* Sir, grieve not you; you are welcome, notwithstanding.

*Bass.* Portia, forgive me this inforced wrong.
And in the hearing of these many friends,
I swear to thee, e'en by thine own fair eyes,
Wherein I see myself———

*Por.* Mark you but that!
In both mine eyes he doubly sees himself;
In each eye, one; swear by your double self,
And there's an oath of credit!

*Bass.* Nay, but hear me:
Pardon this fault, and by my soul I swear
I never more will break an oath with thee.

*Ant.* I once did lend my body for his weal;
Which but for him that had your husband's ring, [*To Por.*
Had quite miscarry'd. I dare be bound again,
My soul upon the forfeit, that your Lord
Will never more break faith advisedly.

*Por.* Then you shall be his surety; give him this,
And bid him keep it better than the other.

*Ant.* Here, Lord Bassanio, swear to keep this ring.

*Bass.* By heav'n, it is the same I gave the Doctor.

*Por.* I had it of him: pardon me, Bassanio;
For by this ring the Doctor lay with me.

*Ner.* And pardon me, my gentle Gratiano,
For that same scrubbed boy, the Doctor's clerk,
In lieu of this, last night did lie with me.

*Gra.* Why, this is like the mending of high-ways
In summer, where the ways are fair enough:
What! are we cuckolds ere we have deserv'd it?

*Por.* Speak not so grossly; you are all amaz'd:
Here is a letter, read it at your leisure;

It comes from Padua, from Bellario:
There you ſhall find, that Portia was the Doctor;
Neriſſa there, her clerk. Lorenzo, here,
Shall witneſs I ſet forth as ſoon as you,
And even but now return'd: I have not yet
Enter'd my houſe. Anthonio, you are welcome;
And I have better news in ſtore for you,
Than you expect: unſeal this letter ſoon;
There you ſhall find, three of your Argoſies
Are richly come to harbour ſuddenly.
You ſhall not know by what ſtrange accident
I chanced on this letter.

*Ant.* I am dumb.

*Baſſ.* Were you the Doctor, and I knew you not?

*Gra.* Were you the clerk that is to make me cuckold?

*Ner.* Ay, but the clerk that never means to do it,
Unleſs he live until he be a man.

*Baſſ.* Sweet Doctor, you ſhall be my bedfellow;
When I am abſent, then lie with my wife.

*Ant.* Sweet Lady, you have giv'n me life and living;
For here I read for certain, that my ſhips
Are ſafely come to road.

*Por.* How now, Lorenzo?
My clerk hath ſome good comforts too for you.

*Ner.* Ay, and I'll give them him without a fee.
There do I give to you and Jeſſica,
From the rich Jew, a ſpecial deed of gift,
After his death, of all he dies poſſeſs'd of.

*Lor.* Fair Ladies, you drop manna in the way
Of ſtarved people.

*Por.* It is almoſt morning,
And yet I'm ſure you are not ſatisfy'd
Of theſe events at full. Let us go in,
And charge us there upon interr'gatories,
And we will anſwer all things faithfully.

*Gra.* Let it be ſo. The firſt interr'gatory,
That my Neriſſa ſhall be ſworn on, is,
Whether till the next night ſhe had rather ſtay,
Or go to bed now, being two hours to day?
But were the day come, I ſhould wiſh it dark,
Till I were couching with the Doctor's clerk.
Well, while I live, I'll fear no other thing
So ſore, as keeping ſafe Neriſſa's ring. [*Exeunt omnes.*

OWENS COLLEGE LIBRARY MANCHESTER

# LOVE'S LABOUR'S LOST*

## DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

FERDINAND, *King of Navarre.*

Biron, Longaville, Dumain, } *three Lords, attending upon the King in his retirement.*

Boyet, Macard, } *Lords, attending upon the Princeſs of France.*

Don Adriano de Armado, *a fantaſtical Spaniard.*

Nathaniel, *a curate.*

Dull, *a conſtable.*

Holofernes, *a ſchoolmaſter.*

Coſtard, *a clown.*

Moth, *page to Don Adriano de Armado.*

*A Foreſter.*

*Princeſs of France.*

Roſaline, Maria, Catharine, } *Ladies, attending on the Princeſs.*

Jaquenetta, *a country-wench.*

*Officers, and others, attendants upon the King and Princeſs.*

*SCENE, the King of Navarre's palace, and the country near it.*

## ACT I. SCENE I.

*The palace.*

*Enter the King, Biron, Longaville, and Dumain.*

*King.* LET fame, that all hunt after in their lives,
Live regiſt'red upon our brazen tombs †;
When, ſpight of cormorant devouring time,
Th' endeavour of this preſent breath may buy
That honour which ſhall 'bate his ſcythe's keen edge;
And make us heirs of all eternity.

* In this play are to be perceived ſeveral ſtrokes of Shakeſpeare's pen, but the whole ought by no means to paſs for the works of it.

† ——— brazen tombs;
And then grace us in the diſgrace of death:
When, ſpight of, &c.

Therefore, brave conquerors! for ſo you are,
That war againſt your own affections,
And the huge army of the world's deſires;
Our late edict ſhall ſtrongly ſtand in force.
Navarre ſhall be the wonder of the world;
Our court ſhall be a little academy,
Still and contemplative in living arts.
You three, Biron, Dumain, and Longaville,
Have ſworn for three years' term to live with me,
My fellow-ſcholars; and to keep thoſe ſtatutes,
That are recorded in this ſchedule here.
Your oaths are paſs'd, and now ſubſcribe your names:
That his own hand may ſtrike his honour down,
That violates the ſmalleſt branch herein:
If you are arm'd to do as ſworn to do,
Subſcribe to your deep oaths, and keep them too.

*Long.* I am reſolv'd; 'tis but a three years' faſt:
The mind ſhall banquet though the body pine;
Fat paunches have lean pates; and dainty bits
Make rich the ribs, but bankerout the wits.

*Dum.* My loving Lord, Dumain is mortify'd:
The groſſeſt manner of theſe world's delights
He throws upon the groſs world's baſer ſlaves:
To love, to wealth, to pomp, I pine and die;
With all theſe living in philoſophy.

*Biron.* I can but ſay their proteſtation over,
So much (dear Liege) I have already ſworn,
That is, to live and ſtudy here three years.
But there are other ſtrict obſervances:
As, not to ſee a woman in that term;
Which I hope well is not inrolled there:
And one day in a week to touch no food,
And but one meal on every day beſide:
The which I hope is not inrolled there:
And then to ſleep but three hours in the night,
And not be ſeen to wink of all the day;
(When I was wont to think no harm all night,
And make a dark night too of half the day;)
Which I hope well is not inrolled there.
O, theſe are barren taſks, too hard to keep;
Not to ſee ladies, ſtudy, faſt, not ſleep.

*King.* Your oath is paſs'd to paſs away from theſe.

*Biron.*

*Biron.* Let me ſay, No, my Liege, an' if you pleaſe;
I only ſwore to ſtudy with your Grace,
And ſtay here in your court for three years' ſpace.
*Long.* You ſwore to that, Biron, and to the reſt.
*Biron.* By yea and nay, Sir, then I ſwore in jeſt.
What is the end of ſtudy? let me know.
*King.* Why, that to know, which elſe we ſhould not know.
*Biron.* Things hid and barr'd (you mean) from common ſenſe.
*King.* Ay, that is ſtudy's god-like recompence.
*Biron.* Come on then, I will ſwear to ſtudy ſo,
To know the thing I am forbid to know;
As thus; to ſtudy where I well may dine,
When I to feaſt expreſsly am forbid;
Or ſtudy where to meet ſome miſtreſs fine,
When miſtreſſes from common ſenſe are hid;
Or, having ſworn too hard-a-keeping oath,
Study to break it, and not break my troth.
If ſtudy's gain be this, and this be ſo,
Study knows that which yet it doth not know:
Swear me to this, and I will ne'er ſay, No.
*King.* Theſe be the ſtops that hinder ſtudy quite,
And train our intellects to vain delight.
*Biron.* Why, all delights are vain; but that moſt vain,
Which, with pain purchas'd, doth inherit pain;
As, painfully to pore upon a book,
To ſeek the light of truth; while truth the while
Doth falſely blind the eye-ſight of his look:
Light, ſeeking light, doth light of light beguile;
So, ere you find where light in darkneſs lies,
Your light grows dark by loſing of your eyes.
Study me how to pleaſe the eye indeed,
By fixing it upon a fairer eye;
Who dazzling ſo, that eye ſhall be his heed,
And give him light, that it was blinded by.
Study is like the heaven's glorious ſun,
That will not be deep-ſearch'd with ſaucy looks;
Small have continual plodders ever won,
Save baſe authority from others' books.
Theſe earthly godfathers of heaven's lights
That give a name to every fixed ſtar,

Have

Have no more profit of their ſhining nights,
Than thoſe that walk, and wot not what they are.
" Too much to know, is to know nought: but feign;
" And every godfather can give a name."

*King.* How well he's read, to reaſon againſt reading!

*Dum.* Proceeded well, to ſtop all good proceeding.

*Long.* He weeds the corn, and ſtill let's grow the weeding.

*Biron.* The ſpring is near when green geeſe are a-breeding.

*Dum.* How follows that?

*Biron.* Fit in his place and time.

*Dum.* In reaſon nothing.

*Biron.* Something then in rhyme.

*Long.* Biron is like an envious ſneaping froſt,
That bites the firſt-born infants of the ſpring.

*Biron.* Well; ſay, I am; why ſhould proud ſummer boaſt,
Before the birds have any cauſe to ſing?
Why ſhould I joy in an abortive birth?
At Chriſtmas I no more deſire a roſe,
Than wiſh a ſnow in May's new-fangled ſhows:
But like of each thing that in ſeaſon grows.
So you, to ſtudy now it is too late,
Climb o'er the houſe t'unlock the little gate.

*King.* Well, ſit you out—Go home, Biron: adieu!

*Biron.* No, my good Lord, I've ſworn to ſtay with you.
And though I have for barbariſm ſpoke more,
Than for that angel knowledge you can ſay;
Yet confident I'll keep what I have ſwore,
And 'bide the penance of each three years' day.
Give me the paper, let me read the ſame;
And to the ſtricteſt decrees I'll write my name.

*King.* How well this yielding reſcues thee from ſhame!

*Biron. Item,* That no woman ſhall come within a mile of my court. [*reading.*
Hath this been proclaimed?

*Long.* Four days ago.

*Biron.* Let's ſee the penalty.
On pain of loſing her tongue.——— [*reading.*

Who

Who devis'd this penalty?

*Long.* Marry, that did I.

*Biron.* Sweet Lord, and why?

*Long.* To fright them hence with that dread penalty.

*Biron.* A dangerous law againſt gentility!

*Item.* [*reading.*] If any man be ſeen to talk with a woman within the term of three years, he ſhall endure ſuch public ſhame as the reſt of the court can poſſibly deviſe.

This article, my Liege, yourſelf muſt break;
For, well you know, here comes in embaſſy
The French King's daughter, with yourſelf to ſpeak,
A maid of grace and complete majeſty,
About ſurrender up of Aquitain
To her decrepit, ſick, and bed-rid father:
Therefore this article is made in vain,
Or vainly comes th' admired Princeſs hither.

*King.* What ſay you, Lords? why, this was quite forgot.

*Biron.* So ſtudy evermore is overſhot;
While it doth ſtudy to have what it would,
It doth forget to do the thing it ſhould;
And when it hath the thing it hunteth moſt,
'Tis won, as towns with fire; ſo won, ſo loſt.

*King.* We muſt, of force, diſpenſe with this decree;
She muſt lie here on mere neceſſity.

*Biron.* Neceſſity will make us all forſworn
Three thouſand times within this three years' ſpace:
For every man with his affects is born:
Not by might maſter'd, but by ſpecial grace.
If I break faith, this word ſhall ſpeak for me:
I am forſworn on mere neceſſity.———
So to the laws at large I write my name,
And he that breaks them in the leaſt degree,
Stands in attainder of eternal ſhame.
Suggeſtions are to others as to me;
But I believe, although I ſeem ſo loath,
I am the laſt that will laſt keep his oath.
But is there no quick recreation granted?

*King.* Ay, that there is; our court, you know, is haunted

With a refined traveller of Spain,
A man in all the world's new faſhion planted,
That hath a mint of phraſes in his brain:
" One, whom the muſic of his own vain tongue
" Doth raviſh, like inchanting harmony:
" A man of compliments, whom right and wrong
" Have choſe as umpire of their mutiny.
" This child of fancy, that Armado hight,
" For interim to our ſtudies, ſhall relate
" In high-born words the worth of many a knight
" From tawny Spain, loſt in the world's debate."
How you delight, my Lords, I know not, I;
But, I proteſt, I love to hear him lie;
And I will uſe him for my minſtrelſy.

*Biron.* Armado is a moſt illuſtrious wight,
A man of fire-new words, faſhion's own knight.

*Long.* Coſtard the ſwain, and he, ſhall be our ſport;
And, ſo to ſtudy, three years are but ſhort.

## SCENE II. *Enter Dull and Coſtard with a letter.*

*Dull.* Which is the King's own perſon?

*Biron.* This, fellow; what would's?

*Dull.* I myſelf reprehend his own perſon, for I am his Grace's Tharborough: but I would ſee his own perſon in fleſh and blood.

*Biron.* This is he.

*Dull.* Signior Arme,——Arme——commends you. There's villany abroad; this letter will tell you more.

*Coſt.* Sir, the contempts thereof are as touching me.

*King.* A letter from the magnificent Armado.

*Biron.* How low ſoever the matter, I hope in God for high words.

*Long.* A high hope for a low having; God grant us patience!

*Biron.* To hear, or forbear hearing?

*Long.* To hear meekly, Sir, to laugh moderately, or to forbear both.

*Biron.* Well, Sir, be it as the ſtyle ſhall give us cauſe to climb in the merrineſs.

*Coſt.*

*Coſt.* The matter is to me, Sir, as concerning Jaquenetta.
The manner of it is, I was taken in the manner.

*Biron.* In what manner!

*Coſt.* In manner and form, following, Sir; all thoſe three. I was ſeen with her in the manor-houſe, ſitting with her upon the form, and taken following her into the park; which, put together, is, in manner and form following. Now, Sir, for the manner: it is the manner of a man to ſpeak to a woman; for the form, in ſome form.

*Biron.* For the following, Sir?

*Coſt.* As it ſhall follow in my correction; and God defend the right!

*King.* Will you hear the letter with attention!

*Biron.* As we would hear an oracle.

*Coſt.* Such is the ſimplicity of man to hearken after the fleſh.

*King.* [reads] *Great deputy, the welkin's vicegerent, and ſole dominator of Navarre, my ſoul's earth's God, and body's foſtering patron*———

*Coſt.* Not a word of Coſtard yet.

*King. So it is*———

*Coſt.* It may be ſo; but if he ſay it is ſo, he is, in telling true, but ſo, ſo.

*King.* Peace———

*Coſt.* Be to me, and every man that dares not fight!

*King.* No words———

*Coſt.* Of other mens ſecrets, I beſeech you.

*King. So it is, beſieged with ſable-coloured melancholy, I did commend the black oppreſſing humour to the moſt wholeſome phyſic of the health-giving air; and as I am a gentleman, betook myſelf to walk. The time, when? about the ſixth hour, when beaſts moſt graze, birds beſt peck, and men ſit down to that nouriſhment which is call'd ſupper: ſo much for the time, when. Now for the ground, which? which, I mean, I walk'd upon; it is ycleped, thy park. Then for the place, where? where, I mean, I did encounter that obſcene and moſt prepoſterous event, that draweth from my ſnow-white pen the ebon-colour'd ink, which here thou vieweſt, beholdeſt, ſurveyeſt, or ſeeſt. But to the place, where?*

*where? it ſtandeth north-north-eaſt, and by eaſt from the weſt corner of thy curious-knotted garden. There did I ſee that low-ſpirited ſwain, that baſe minow of thy mirth, (Coſt.* Me?*) that unletter'd ſmall-knowing ſoul, (Coſt.* Me?*) that ſhallow vaſſal, (Coſt.* Still me?*) which, as I remember, hight Coſtard, (Coſt.* O me!*) ſort and conſorted, contrary to thy eſtabliſhed proclaimed edict and continent canon, with, with,——O with,——but with this I paſſion to ſay wherewith:*

*Coſt.* With a wench.

*King. With a child of our grandmother Eve, a female; or for thy more underſtanding, a woman; him, I (as my ever-eſteem'd duty pricks me on) have ſent to thee, to receive the need of puniſhment, by thy ſweet Grace's officer, Anthony Dull, a man of good repute, carriage, bearing, and eſtimation.*

*Dull.* Me, an't ſhall pleaſe you: I am Anthony Dull.

*King. For Jaquenetta, (ſo is the weaker veſſel call'd,) which I apprehended with the aforeſaid ſwain, I keep her as a vaſſal of thy law's fury, and ſhall at the leaſt of thy ſweet notice bring her to trial. Thine in all compliments of devoted and heart-burning heat of duty,*

Don Adriano de Armado.

*Biron.* This is not ſo well as I look'd for, but the beſt that ever I heard.

*King.* Ay; the beſt for the worſt. But, ſirrah, what ſay you to this?

*Coſt.* Sir, I confeſs the wench.

*King.* Did you hear the proclamation?

*Coſt.* I do confeſs much of the hearing it, but little of the marking of it.

*King.* It was proclaim'd a year's impriſonment to be taken with a wench.

*Coſt.* I was taken with none, Sir, I was taken with a damoſel.

*King.* Well, it was proclaimed damoſel.

*Coſt.* This was no damoſel neither, Sir, ſhe was a virgin.

*King.* It is ſo varied too, for it was proclaim'd virgin.

*Coſt.*

*Coſt.* If it were, I deny her virginity: I was taken with a maid.

*King.* This maid will not ſerve your turn, Sir.

*Coſt.* This maid will ſerve my turn, Sir.

*King.* Sir, I will pronounce ſentence; you ſhall faſt a week with bran and water.

*Coſt.* I had rather pray a month with mutton and porridge.

*King.* And Don Armado ſhall be your keeper. My Lord Biron, ſee him deliver'd o'er.
And go we, Lords, to put in practice that,
Which each to other hath ſo ſtrongly ſworn.
[*Exeunt.*

*Biron.* I'll lay my head to any good man's hat,
Theſe oaths and laws will prove an idle ſcorn.
Sirrah, come on.

*Coſt.* I ſuffer for the truth, Sir: for true it is, I was taken with Jaquenetta, and Jaquenetta is a true girl; and therefore welcome to the ſour cup of proſperity: affliction may one day ſmile again, and until then, ſit thee down, ſorrow. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE III. *Changes to Armado's houſe.*

*Enter Armado and Moth.*

*Arm.* Boy, what ſign is it, when a man of great ſpirit grows melancholy?

*Moth.* A great ſign, Sir, that he will look ſad.

*Arm.* Why, ſadneſs is one and the ſelf-ſame thing, dear imp.

*Moth.* No, no; O Lord, Sir, no.

*Arm.* How can'ſt thou part ſadneſs and melancholy, my tender juvenile?

*Moth.* By a familiar demonſtration of the working, my tough Signior.

*Arm.* Why tough Signior? why tough Signior?

*Moth.* Why tender juvenile? why tender juvenile?

*Arm.* I ſpoke it, tender juvenile, as a congruent epitheton, appertaining to thy young days, which we may nominate tender.

*Moth.* And I, tough Signior, as an appertinent title to your old time, which we may name tough.

*Arm.* Pretty and apt.

*Moth.* How mean you, Sir? I pretty, and my ſaying apt! or I apt, and my ſaying pretty?

*Arm.* Thou pretty, becauſe little.

*Moth.* Little! pretty, becauſe little; wherefore apt?

*Arm.* And therefore apt, becauſe quick

*Moth.* Speak you this in my praiſe, Maſter?

*Arm.* In thy condign praiſe.

*Moth.* I will praiſe an eel with the ſame praiſe.

*Arm.* What? that an eel is ingenious.

*Moth.* That an eel is quick.

*Arm.* I do ſay, thou art quick in anſwers. Thou heat'ſt my blood.——

*Moth.* I am anſwer'd, Sir.

*Arm.* I love not to be croſs'd.

*Moth.* He ſpeaks the clean contrary, croſſes * love not him.

*Arm.* I have promis'd to ſtudy three years with the King.

*Moth.* You may do it in an hour, Sir.

*Arm.* Impoſſible.

*Moth.* How many is one thrice told?

*Arm.* I am ill at reckoning, it fits the ſpirit of a tapſter.

*Moth.* You are a gentleman, and a gameſter.

*Arm.* I confeſs both; they are both the varniſh of a complete man.

*Moth.* Then, I am ſure, you know how much the groſs ſum of deuce-ace amounts to.

*Arm.* It doth amount to one more than two.

*Moth.* Which the baſe vulgar call three.

*Arm.* True.

*Moth.* Why, Sir, is this ſuch a piece of ſtudy? Now here's three ſtudied ere you'll thrice wink; and how eaſy is it to put years to the word three, and ſtudy three years in two words, the dancing-horſe will tell you.

*Arm.* A moſt fine figure.

*Moth.* To prove you a cypher.

*Arm.* I will hereupon confeſs, I am in love; and, as it

* *Meaning*, money.

it is baſe for a ſoldier to love, ſo I am in love with a baſe wench. If drawing my ſword againſt the humour of affection would deliver me from the reprobate thought of it, I would take deſire priſoner; and ranſom him to any French courtier for a new-devis'd court'ſy. I think it ſcorn to ſigh; methinks I ſhould out-ſwear Cupid. Comfort me, boy; what great men have been in love?

*Moth.* Hercules, Maſter.

*Arm.* Moſt ſweet Hercules! More authority, dear boy, name more; and, ſweet my child, let them be men of good repute and carriage.

*Moth.* Samſon, Maſter; he was a man of good carriage; great carriage; for he carried the town-gates on his back like a porter, and he was in love.

*Arm.* O well-knit Samſon, ſtrong-jointed Samſon! I do excel thee in my rapier, as much as thou didſt me in carrying gates. I am in love too. Who was Samſon's love, my dear Moth?

*Moth.* A woman, Maſter.

*Arm.* Of what complexion?

*Moth.* Of all the four, or the three, or the two, or one of the four.

*Arm.* Tell me preciſely of what complexion?

*Moth.* Of the ſea-water green, Sir.

*Arm.* Is that one of the four complexions?

*Moth.* As I have read, Sir, and the beſt of them too.

*Arm.* Green, indeed, is the colour of lovers; but to have a love of that colour, methinks, Samſon had ſmall reaſon for it. He, ſurely, affected her for her wit.

*Moth.* It was ſo, Sir, for ſhe had a green wit.

*Arm* My love is moſt immaculate white and red.

*Moth* Moſt maculate thoughts, Maſter, are maſk'd under ſuch colours.

*Arm.* Define, define, well-educated infant.

*Moth.* My father's wit, and my mother's tongue, aſſiſt me!

*Arm* Sweet invocation of a child, moſt pretty and pathetical!

*Moth.* If ſhe be made of white and red,
Her faults will ne'er be known;
For bluſhing cheeks by faults are bred,
And fears by pale-white ſhown;

Then

Then if ſhe fear, or be to blame,
By this you ſhall not know;
For ſtill her cheeks poſſeſs the ſame,
Which native ſhe doth owe.

A dangerous rhyme, Maſter, againſt the reaſon of white and red.

*Arm.* Is there not a ballad, boy, of the king and the beggar?

*Moth.* "The world was guilty of ſuch a ballad ſome "three ages ſince, but, I think, now 'tis not to be "found;" or if it were, it would neither ſerve for the writing, nor the tune.

*Arm.* I will have that ſubject newly writ o'er, that I may example my digreſſion by ſome mighty preſident. Boy, I do love that country-girl, that I took in the park with the rational hind Coſtard; ſhe deſerves well—

*Moth.* To be whipp'd; and yet a better love than my maſter deſerves. [*Aſide.*

*Arm.* Sing, boy; my ſpirit grows heavy in love.

*Moth.* And that's greater marvel loving a light wench.

*Arm.* I ſay, ſing.

*Moth.* Forbear, till this company is paſs'd.

## SCENE IV.

*Enter Coſtard, Dull, Jaquenetta a maid.*

*Dull.* Sir, the King's pleaſure is, that you keep Coſtard ſafe; and you muſt let him take no delight, nor no penance; but he muſt faſt three days a-week. For this damſel, I muſt keep her at the park, ſhe is allow'd for the day-woman. Fare you well.

*Arm.* I do betray myſelf with bluſhing. Maid,—

*Jaq.* Man,——

*Arm.* I will viſit thee at the lodge.

*Jaq.* That's here by.

*Arm.* I know where it is ſituate.

*Jaq.* Lord, how wiſe you are!

*Arm.* I will tell thee wonders.

*Jaq.* With that face?

*Arm.* I love thee.

*Jaq.* So I heard you ſay.

*Arm.* And ſo farewell.

*Jaq.*

*Jaq.* Fair weather after you!

*Dull.* Come, Jaquenetta, away.

[*Exeunt Dull and Jaquenetta.*

*Arm.* Villain, thou ſhalt faſt for thy offence, ere thou be pardoned.

*Coſt.* Well, Sir, I hope, when I do it, I ſhall do it on a full ſtomach.

*Arm.* Thou ſhalt be heavily puniſh'd.

*Coſt* I am more bound to you, than your followers; for they are but lightly rewarded.

*Arm.* Take away this villain, ſhut him up.

*Moth.* Come, you tranſgreſſing ſlave, away.

*Coſt.* Let me not be pent up, Sir; I will faſt, being looſe.

*Moth.* No, Sir, that were faſt and looſe; thou ſhalt to priſon.

*Coſt.* Well, if ever I do ſee the merry days of deſolation that I have ſeen, ſome ſhall ſee——

*Moth.* What ſhall ſome ſee?

*Coſt.* Nay, nothing, Maſter Moth, but what they look upon. It is not for priſoners to be ſilent in their words, and therefore I will ſay nothing; I thank God, I have as little patience as another man, and therefore I can be quiet. [*Exeunt Moth and Coſtard.*

*Arm* I do affect the very ground (which is baſe) where her ſhoe (which is baſer) guided by her foot (which is baſeſt) doth tread. I ſhall be forſworn, which is a great argument of falſehood, if I love. And how can that be true love, which is falſely attempted? Love is a familiar, love is a devil: there is no evil angel but love; yet Samſon was ſo tempted, and he had an excellent ſtrength; yet was Solomon ſo ſeduced, and he had a very good wit. Cupid's but-ſhaft is too hard for Hercules's club, and therefore too much odds for a Spaniard's rapier; the firſt and ſecond cauſe will not ſerve my turn; the Paſſado he reſpects not, the Duello he regards not; his diſgrace is to be call'd boy; but his glory is to ſubdue men. Adieu, valour! ruſt, rapier! be ſtill, drum! for your manager is in love; yea, he loveth. Aſſiſt me, ſome extemporal god of rhyme, for I am ſure I ſhall turn ſonneteer Deviſe wit, write pen, for I am for whole volumes in folio. [*Exit.*

ACT

## ACT II. SCENE I.

*Before the King of Navarre's palace.*

*Enter the Princeſs of France, Roſaline, Maria, Catharine, Boyet, Lords, and other attendants.*

*Boyet.* NOW, Madam, ſummon up your deareſt ſpirits;
Conſider, whom the King your father ſends;
To whom he ſends, and what's his embaſſy.
Yourſelf, held precious in the world's eſteem,
To parley with the ſole inheritor
Of all perfections that a man may owe,
Matchleſs Navarre; the plea, of no leſs weight
Than Aquitain, a dowry for a Queen.
Be now as prodigal of all dear grace,
As nature was in making graces dear,
When ſhe did ſtarve the general world beſide,
And prodigally gave them all to you.

*Prin.* Good Lord Boyet, my beauty, though but mean,
Needs not the painted flouriſh of your praiſe;
Beauty is bought by judgment of the eye,
Not utter'd by baſe ſale of chapmens tongues.
I am leſs proud to hear you tell my worth,
Than you much willing to be counted wiſe,
In ſpending thus your wit in praiſe of mine.
But now, to taſk the taſker; good Boyet,
You are not ignorant, all-telling fame
Doth noiſe abroad, Navarre hath made a vow,
Till painful ſtudy ſhall out-wear three years,
No woman may approach his ſilent court;
Therefore to us ſeems it a needful courſe,
Before we enter his forbidden gates,
To know his pleaſure; and in that behalf,
Bold of your worthineſs, we ſingle you
As our beſt-moving fair ſolicitor.
Tell him, the daughter of the King of France,
On ſerious buſineſs, craving quick diſpatch,
Importunes ſpecial conference with his Grace.
Haſte, ſignify ſo much, while we attend,

Like

Like humble-viſag'd ſuitors, his high will.
*Boyet.* Proud of employment, willingly I go. [*Exit.*
*Prin.* All pride is willing pride, and yours is ſo.
Who are the votaries, my loving Lords,
That are vow-fellows with this virtuous King?
*Lord.* Longaville is one.
*Prin.* Know ye the man?
*Mar.* I knew him, Madam, at a marriage-feaſt,
Between Lord Perigort and the beauteous heir
Of Jaques Faulconbridge ſolemnized.
In Normandy ſaw I this Longaville,
A man of ſovereign parts he is eſteem'd;
Well fitted in the arts, glorious in arms,
Nothing becomes him ill, that he would well.
The only ſoil of his fair virtue's gloſs,
(If virtue's gloſs will ſtain with any ſoil,)
Is a ſharp wit, match'd with too blunt a will;
Whoſe edge hath power to cut, whoſe will ſtill wills
It ſhould ſpare none that come within his power.
*Prin.* Some merry-mocking Lord, belike; is't ſo?
*Mar.* They ſay ſo moſt, that moſt his humours know.
*Prin.* Such ſhort-liv'd wits do wither as they grow.
Who are the reſt?
*Cath.* The young Dumain, a well-accompliſh'd youth,
Of all that virtue love, for virtue lov'd.
Moſt power to do moſt harm, leaſt knowing ill;
For he hath wit to make an ill ſhape good,
And ſhape to win grace, though he had no wit.
I ſaw him at the Duke Alanſon's once,
And much too little of that good I ſaw,
Is my report to his great worthineſs.
*Roſ.* Another of theſe ſtudents at that time
Was there with him, as I have heard a truth;
Biron they call him: but a merrier man,
Within the limit of becoming mirth,
I never ſpent an hour's talk withal,
His eye begets occaſion for his wit;
For every object that the one doth catch,
The other turns to a mirth-moving jeſt;
Which his fair tongue (conceit's expoſitor)
Delivers in ſuch apt and gracious words,
That aged ears play truant at his tales;

And

And younger hearings are quite raviſhed;
So ſweet and voluble is his diſcourſe.

*Prin.* God bleſs my ladies, are they all in love,
That every one her own hath garniſhed
With ſuch bedecking ornaments of praiſe!

*Mar.* Here comes Boyet.

*Enter Boyet.*

*Prin.* Now, what admittance, Lord?

*Boyet.* Navarre had notice of your fair approach;
And he and his competitors in oath
Were all addreſs'd to meet you, gentle Lady,
Before I came. Marry, thus much I've learn'd,
He rather means to lodge you in the field,
Like one that comes here to beſiege his court,
Than ſeek a diſpenſation for his oath,
To let you enter his unpeopled houſe.
Here comes Navarre.

## SCENE II.

*Enter the King, Longaville, Dumain, Biron, and attendants.*

*King.* Fair Princeſs, welcome to the court of Navarre.

*Prin.* Fair I give you back again; and welcome I have not yet: the roof of this court is too high to be yours; and welcome to the wide fields, too baſe to be mine.

*King* You ſhall be welcome, Madam, to my court.

*Prin.* I will be welcome then; conduct me thither.

*King.* Hear me, dear Lady, I have ſworn an oath.

*Prin.* Our Lady help my Lord! he'll be forſworn.

*King.* Not for the world, fair Madam, by my will.

*Prin.* Why, will ſhall break its will, and nothing elſe.

*King.* Your Ladyſhip is ignorant what it is.

*Prin.* Were my Lord ſo, his ignorance were wiſe,
Where now his knowledge muſt prove ignorance.
I hear your Grace hath ſworn out houſe-keeping:
'Tis deadly ſin to keep that oath, my Lord;
Not ſin to break it.———
But pardon me, I am too ſudden bold:
To teach a teacher ill beſeemeth me.

Vouchſafe

Vouchſafe to read the purpoſe of my coming,
And ſuddenly reſolve me in my ſuit.
*King.* Madam, I will, if ſuddenly I may.
*Prin.* You will the ſooner, that I were away;
For you'll prove perjur'd, if you make me ſtay.
*Biron.* Did not I dance with you in Brabant once?
*Roſ.* Did not I dance with you in Brabant once?
*Biron.* I know you did.
*Roſ.* How needleſs was it then to aſk the queſtion?
*Biron.* You muſt not be ſo quick.
*Roſ.* 'Tis long of you, that ſpur me with ſuch queſtions.
*Biron* Your wit's too hot, it ſpeeds too faſt, 'twill tire.
*Roſ.* Not till it leave the rider in the mire.
*Biron.* What time o' day?
*Roſ.* The hour that fools ſhould aſk.
*Biron* Now fair befal your maſk!
*Roſ.* Fair fall the face it covers!
*Biron.* And ſend you many lovers!
*Roſ.* Amen, ſo you be none!
*Biron.* Nay, then will I be gone.
*King.* Madam, your father here doth intimate
The payment of a hundred thouſand crowns;
Being but th' one half of an intire ſum,
Diſburſed by my father in his wars.
But ſay, that he, or we, as neither have
Receiv'd that ſum; yet there remains unpaid
A hundred thouſand more; in ſurety of the which,
One part of Aquitain is bound to us,
Although not valu'd to the money's worth:
If then the King your father will reſtore
But that one half which is unſatisfy'd,
We will give up our right in Aquitain,
And hold fair friendſhip with his Majeſty.
But that it ſeems he little purpoſeth,
For here he doth demand to have repaid
An hundred thouſand crowns, and not demands,
On payment of a hundred thouſand crowns,
To have his title live in Aquitain;
Which we much rather had depart withal,
And have the money by our father lent,
Than Aquitain ſo gelded as it is.

Dear Princeſs, were not his requeſts ſo far
From reaſon's yielding, your fair ſelf ſhould make
A yielding 'gainſt ſome reaſon in my breaſt;
And go well ſatisfied to France again.

*Prin.* You do the King my father too much wrong,
And wrong the reputation of your name,
In ſo unſeeming to confeſs receipt
Of that which hath ſo faithfully been paid.

*King.* I do proteſt I never heard of it;
And if you prove it, I'll repay it back,
Or yield up Aquitain.

*Prin.* We arreſt your word.
Boyet, you can produce acquittances
For ſuch a ſum, from ſpecial officers
Of Charles his father.

*King.* Satisfy me ſo.

*Boyet.* So pleaſe your Grace, the packet is not come
Where that and other ſpecialties are bound:
To-morrow you ſhall have a ſight of them.

*King.* It ſhall ſuffice me; at which interview,
All liberal reaſon I will yield unto:
Mean time receive ſuch welcome at my hand,
As honour without breach of honour may
Make tender of, to thy true worthineſs.
You may not come, fair Princeſs, in my gates;
But here, without, you ſhall be ſo received,
As you ſhall deem yourſelf lodg'd in my heart,
Though ſo deny'd fair harbour in my houſe:
Your own good thoughts excuſe me, and farewell;
To-morrow we ſhall viſit you again.

*Prin.* Sweet health and fair deſires conſort your Grace!

*King.* Thy own wiſh wiſh I thee in every place.

[*Exit.*

*Biron.* Lady, I will commend you to my own heart.

*Roſ.* I pray you, do my commendations;
I would be glad to ſee it.

*Biron.* I would you heard it grone. *

*Dum.*

* ——— heard it grone.
*Roſ.* Is the † fool ſick?
*Biron.* Sick at the heart.

† *Soul.*

*Roſ.*

*Dum.* Sir, I pray you a word: what lady is that fame?
*Boyet.* The heir of Alenoçn, Roſaline her name.
*Dum.* A gallant lady: Monſieur, fare you well. [*Exit.*
*Long.* I beſeech you a word: what, is ſhe in white †?
*Boyet.* She is an heir of Faulconbridge ‡.
*Long.* She is a moſt ſweet lady.
*Boyet.* Not unlike, Sir; that may be ‖. [*Exit Long.*



*Roſ.* Alack, let it blood.
*Biron.* Would that do it good?
*Roſ.* My phyſic ſays. Ay.
*Biron.* Will you prick't with your eye?
*Roſ.* *No, point*, With my knife.
*Biron* Now. God ſave thy life!
*Roſ.* And yours from long living!
*Biron.* I cannot ſtay thankſgiving. [*Exit.*
*Dum.* Sir, &c.

† ——— ſhe in white?
*Boyet.* A woman ſometimes, if you ſaw her in the light.
*Long.* Perchance light in the light. I deſire her name.
*Boyet.* She hath but one for herſelf; to deſire that were a ſhame.
*Long.* Pray you, Sir, whoſe daughter?
*Boyet.* Her mother's, I have heard.
*Long* God's bleſſing on your beard!
*Boyet.* Good Sir, be not offended.
She is an, &c.

‡ ——— Faulconbridge.
*Long.* Nay, my choler is ended:
She is, &c.

‖ ——— that may be.
*Biron.* What's her name in the cap?
*Boyet* Catharine, by good hap.
*Biron* Is ſhe wedded, or no?
*Boyet.* To her will, Sir, or ſo.
*Biron.* You are welcome, Sir: adieu!
*Boyet.* Farewell to me, Sir, and welcome to you. [*Exit Biron.*
*Mar.* That laſt is Biron, the merry mad-cap lord;
Not a word with him but a jeſt.
*Boyet.* And every jeſt but a word.
*Prin.* It was well done of you to take him at his word.
*Boyet.* I was as willing to grapple as he was to board.
*Mar.* Two hot ſheeps, marry.
*Boyet.* And wherefore not ſhips?
No ſheep, (ſweet lamb,) unleſs we feed on your lips.
*Mar.* You ſheep, and I paſture; ſhall that finiſh the jeſt?

*Boyet.*

If my obſervation, (which very ſeldom lies,)
By the heart's ſtill rhetoric, diſcloſed with eyes,
Deceive me not now, Navarre is infected *.

*Roſ.* Thou art an old love-monger, and ſpeakeſt ſkillfully.

*Mar.* He is Cupid's grandfather, and learns news of him.

*Roſ.* Then was Venus like her mother, for her father is but grim.

*Boyet.* Do you hear, my mad wenches?

*Mar.* No.

*Boyet.* What then? do you ſee?

*Roſ.*

*Boyet.* So you grant paſture for me.

*Mar.* Not ſo, gentle beaſt;
My lips are no common, though ſeveral they be.

*Boyet.* Belonging to whom?

*Mar.* To my fortunes and me.

*Prin.* Good wits will be jangling; but, gentles, agree.
This civil war of wits were much better us'd
On Navarre and his book-men; for here 'tis abus'd.
If my obſervation, &c.

* ——— is infected.

*Prin.* With what?

*Boyet.* With that which we lovers intitle affected.

*Prin.* Your reaſon?

*Boyet.* Why all his behaviours did make their retire.
To the court of his eye, peeping thorough deſire:
His heart, like an agate with your print impreſſed,
Proud with his form, in his eye pride expreſſed:
His tongue, all impatient to ſpeak and not ſee,
Did ſtumble with haſte in his eye-ſight to be:
All ſenſes to that ſenſe did make their repair,
To feel only looking on faireſt of fair;
Methought all his ſenſes were lock'd in his eye,
As jewels in cryſtal for ſome prince did buy;
Who tend'ring their own worth, from whence they were glaſs'd,
Did point out to buy them, along as you paſs'd.
His face's own margent did quote ſuch a mazes.
That all eyes ſaw his eyes inchanted with gazes:
I'll give you Aquitain, and all that is his,
An' you give him for my ſake but one loving kiſs.

*Prin.* Come, to your pavilion: Boyet is diſpos'd——

*Boyet.* But to ſpeak that in words which his eye hath diſclos'd;
I only have made a mouth of his eye,
By adding a tongue which I know will not lie.

*Roſ.* Thou art, &c.

*Roſ.* Ay, our way to be gone.

*Boyet.* You are too hard for me. [*Exeunt.*

## ACT III. SCENE I.

*The park, near the palace.*

*Enter Armado and Moth.*

*Arm.* WARBLE, child; make paſſionate my ſenſe of hearing.

*Moth.* Concolinel——— [*Singing.*

*Arm.* Sweet air! go, tenderneſs of years; take this key, give enlargement to the ſwain; bring him feſtinately hither: I muſt employ him in a letter to my love.

*Moth.* Maſter, will you win your love with a French brawl?

*Arm.* How mean'ſt thou, brawling in French?

*Moth.* No, my complete Maſter; but to jig off a tune at the tongue's end, canary to it with your feet, humour it with turning up your eye-lids; ſigh a note and ſing a note; ſometimes through the throat, as if you ſwallow'd love with ſinging love; ſometimes through the noſe, as if you ſnuff'd up love by ſmelling love; with your hat penthouſe-like, o'er the ſhop of your eyes; with your arms croſs'd on your thin-belly doublet, like a rabbit on a ſpit; or your hands in your pocket, like a man after the old painting; and keep not too long in one tune, but a ſnip, and away: theſe are 'compliſhments, theſe are humours; theſe betray nice wenches that would be betray'd without theſe, and make them men of note (do you note me?) that are moſt affected to theſe?

*Arm.* How haſt thou purchas'd this experience?

*Moth.* By my pen of obſervation.

*Arm.* But O, but O———

*Moth.* *The hobby horſe is forgot* *.

*Arm.* Call'ſt thou my love *hobby-horſe?*

*Moth.* No, Maſter; the hobby-horſe is but a colt, and your love perhaps a hackney: but have you forgot your love?

*Arm.* Almoſt I had.



* The burden of an old ſong.

*Moth.* Negligent ſtudent! learn her by heart.

*Arm.* By heart, and in her heart, boy.

*Moth.* And out of heart, Maſter: all thoſe three I will prove.

*Arm.* What wilt thou prove?

*Moth.* A man, if I live: and this *by*, and *in*, and *out of*, upon the inſtant: *by* heart you love her, becauſe your heart cannot come by her; *in* heart you love her, becauſe your heart is in love with her; and *out of* heart you love her, being out of heart that you cannot enjoy her.

*Arm.* I am all theſe three.

*Moth.* And three times as much more; and yet nothing at all.

*Arm.* Fetch hither the ſwain, he muſt carry me a letter.

*Moth.* A meſſage well ſympathiz'd; a horſe to be ambaſſador for an aſs.

*Arm.* Ha, ha; what ſay'ſt thou?

*Moth.* Marry, Sir, you muſt ſend the aſs upon the horſe, for he is very ſlow-gated: but I go.

*Arm.* The way is but ſhort; away.

*Moth.* As ſwift as lead, Sir.

*Arm.* Thy meaning, pretty ingenious?
Is not lead of metal heavy, dull, and ſlow?

*Moth.* *Minimé*, honeſt Maſter; or rather, Maſter, no.

*Arm.* I ſay, lead is ſlow.

*Moth.* You are too ſwift, Sir, to ſay ſo.
Is that lead ſlow, Sir, which is fir'd from a gun?

*Arm.* Sweet ſmoak of rhetoric!
He reputes me a cannon; and the bullet, that's he:
I ſhoot thee at the ſwain.

*Moth.* Thump then, and I fly. [*Exit.*

*Arm.* A moſt acute juvenile, voluble, and free of grace;
By thy favour, ſweet welkin, I muſt ſigh in thy face.
Moſt rude melancholy, valour gives thee place.
My herald is return'd.

SCENE

## SCENE II. *Re-enter Moth and Coſtard.* *

*Arm.* I give thee thy liberty, ſet thee from durance; and, in lieu thereof, impoſe on thee nothing but this: bear

* ——— *and* Coſtard.

*Moth.* A wonder, Maſter; here's a Coſtard broken in a ſhin.

*Arm.* Some enigma, ſome riddle; come, thy *l'envoy* begin.

*Coſt.* No egma, no riddle, no *l'envoy;* no ſalve in the mail, Sir. O ſir, plantain, a plain plantain; no *l'envoy*, no *l'envoy*, or ſalve, Sir, but plantan.

*Arm.* By virtue, thou enforceſt laughter; thy ſilly thought, my ſpleen; the heaving of my lungs provokes me to ridiculous ſmiling: O pardon me, my ſtars! doth the inconſiderate take ſalve for *l'envoy*, and the word *l'envoy* for a ſalve?

*Moth.* Doth the wiſe think them other? is not *l'envoy* a ſalve?

*Arm.* No, page, it is an epilogue or diſcourſe, to make plain
Some obſcure precedence that hath tofore been ſain.
I will example it. Now will I begin your moral, and do you follow with my *l'envoy*.
The fox, the ape, and the humble bee,
Were ſtill at odds, being but three.
There's the moral, now the *l'envoy*.

*Moth.* I will add the *l'envoy;* ſay the moral again.

*Arm.* The fox, the ape, and the humble bee,
Were ſtill at odds, being but three.

*Moth.* Until the gooſe came out of door,
And ſtay'd the odds by adding four.
A good *l'envoy*, ending in the gooſe; would you deſire more?

*Coſt.* The boy hath ſold him a bargain; a gooſe, that's flat;
Sir, your pennyworth is good, an' your gooſe be fat.
To ſell a bargain well is as cunning as faſt and looſe,
Let me ſee a fat *l'envoy*; I, that's a fat gooſe.

*Arm.* Come hither, come hither;
How did this argument begin?

*Moth.* By ſaying, that a Coſtard was broken in a ſhin.
Then call'd you for a *l'envoy*.

*Coſt.* True, and I for a plantain;
Thus came the argument in;
Then the boy's fat *l'envoy*, the gooſe that you bought,
And he ended the market.

*Arm.* But tell me, how was there a Coſtard broken in a ſhin?

*Moth.* I will tell you ſenſibly.—

*Coſt.* Thou haſt no feeling of it, Moth.
I will ſpeak that *l'envoy*.—
I, Coſtard, running out, that was ſafely within,
Fell over the threſhold, and broke my ſhin.

*Arm.* We will talk no more of this matter.

*Coſt.*

bear this ſignificant to the country-maid Jaquenetta; there is remuneration; for the beſt ward of mine honours is rewarding my dependents. Moth, follow.——

[*Exit.*

*Moth.* Like the ſequel, I. Signior Coſtard, adieu!

[*Exit.*

*Coſt.* My ſweet ounce of man's fleſh, my in-cony jewel! Now will I look to his remuneration. Remuneration! O, that's the Latin word for three farthings! three farthings, remuneration. What's the price of this incle? a penny. No, I'll give you a remuneration: why, it carries it. Remuneration!—why, it is a fairer name than a French crown. I will never buy and ſell out of this word.

## SCENE III. *Enter Biron.*

*Biron.* O my good knave Coſtard, exceedingly well met.

*Coſt.* Pray you, Sir, how much carnation ribbon may a man buy for a remuneration?

*Biron.* What is a remuneration?

*Coſt.* Marry, Sir, half-penny farthing.

*Biron.* O, why then three farthings worth of ſilk.

*Coſt.* I thank your Worſhip, God be with you.

*Biron.* O ſtay, ſlave, I muſt employ thee:
As thou wilt win my favour, my good knave,
Do one thing for me that I ſhall intreat.

*Coſt.* When would you have it done, Sir?

*Biron.* O, this afternoon.

*Coſt.* Well, I will do it, Sir: fare you well.

*Biron.* O, thou knoweſt not what it is.

*Coſt.* I ſhall know, Sir, when I have done it.

*Biron.* Why, villain, thou muſt know firſt.

*Coſt.*

*Coſt.* Till there be more matter in the ſhin.

*Arm.* Sirrah, Coſtard, I will infranchiſe thee.

*Coſt.* O, marry me to one Frances; I ſmell ſome *l' envoy*, ſome goole in this.

*Arm.* By my ſweet ſoul, I mean, ſetting thee at liberty; enfreedoming thy perſon; thou wert immur'd, reſtrained, captivated, bound.

*Coſt.* True, true; and now you will be my purgation, and let me looſe.

*Arm.* I give, &c.

*Coſt.* I will come to your Worſhip to-morrow morning.

*Biron.* It muſt be done this afternoon.
Hark, ſlave, it is but this:
The Princeſs comes to hunt here in the park:
And in her train there is a gentle lady;
When tongues ſpeak ſweetly, then they name her name,
And Roſaline they call her; aſk for her,
And to her ſweet hand ſee thou do commend
This ſeal'd-up counſel. There's thy guerdon; go.

*Coſt.* Guerdon,——O ſweet guerdon! better than remuneration, eleven pence farthing better: moſt ſweet guerdon! I will do it, Sir, in print. Guerdon, remuneration.——— [*Exit.*

*Biron.* O! and I, forſooth, in love!
I, that have been love's whip;
A very beadle to a humorous ſigh:
A critic; nay, a night-watch conſtable;
A domineering pedant o'er the boy,
Than whom no mortal more magnificent,
This whimpled, whining, purblind, wayward boy,
This Signior Junio's giant-dwarf, Dan Cupid,
Regent of love rhymes, lord of folded arms,
Th' anointed ſovereign of ſighs and groans:
Liege of all loiterers and malcontents:
Dread prince of plackets, king of codpieces:
Sole imperator, and great general
Of trotting parators: (O my little heart!)
And I to be a corporal of his file,
And wear his colours! like a tumbler, ſtoop!
What? I love! I ſue! I ſeek a wife!
A woman, that is like a German clock,
Still a repairing; ever out of frame,
And never going aright, being a watch,
But being watch'd, that it may ſtill go right!
Nay, to be perjur'd, which is worſt of all;
And, among three, to love the worſt of all;
A whitely wanton with a velvet brow,
With two pitch-balls ſtuck in her face for eyes;
Ay, and by Heav'n, one that will do the deed,
Though Argus were her eunuch and her guard;
And I to ſigh for her! to watch for her!
To pray for her! go to:—it is a plague,

That

That Cupid will impoſe for my neglect
Of his almighty, dreadful, little, might.
Well, I will love, write, ſigh, pray, ſue, and groan:
Some men muſt love my Lady, and ſome Joan. [*Exit.*

## ACT IV. SCENE I.

*A pavilion in the park near the palace.*

*Enter the Princeſs, Roſaline, Maria, Catharine, Lords, attendants, and a Foreſter.*

*Prin.* WAS that the King that ſpurr'd his horſe ſo hard
Againſt the ſteep upriſing of the hill?
*Boyet.* I know not; but I think it was not he.
*Prin.* Whoe'er he was, he ſhew'd a mounting mind.
Well, Lords, to-day we ſhall have our diſpatch;
On Saturday we will return to France.
Then, Foreſter, my friend, where is the buſh,
That we muſt ſtand and play the murderer in?
*For.* Here by, upon the edge of yonder coppice;
A ſtand, where you may make the faireſt ſhoot *.

*Boyet.*

* ——— the faireſt ſhoot.
*Prin.* I thank my beauty, I am fair, that ſhoot;
And thereupon thou ſpeak'ſt the faireſt ſhoot.
*For.* Pardon me, Madam; for I meant not ſo.
*Prin.* What, what? firſt praiſe me, then again ſay, no?
O ſhort liv'd pride! not fair? alack, for wo!
*For.* Yes, Madam, fair.
*Prin.* Nay, never paint me now;
Where fair is not, praiſe cannot mend the brow.
Here, good my glaſs, take this for telling true;
Fair payment for foul words is more than due.
*For.* Nothing but fair is that which you inherit.
*Prin.* See, ſee, my beauty will be ſav'd by merit.
O hereſy in fair, fit for theſe days!
A giving hand, though foul, ſhall have fair praiſe.
But come, the bow; now mercy goes to kill,
And ſhooting well is then accounted ill.
Thus will I ſave my credit in the ſhoot,
Not wounding, pity would not let me do't:
If wounding, then it was to ſhew my ſkill;
That more for praiſe, than purpoſe, meant to kill.

And,

*Boyet.* Here comes a member of the commonwealth †.

*Coſt.* I have a letter from Monſieur Biron, to one Lady Roſaline.

*Prin.* O thy letter, thy letter: he's a good friend of mine.

Stand aſide, good bearer.——Boyet, you can carve:
Break up this capon *.

*Boyet.* I am bound to ſerve.
This letter is miſtook, it importeth none here;
It is writ to Jaquenetta.

*Prin.* We will read it, I ſwear.
Break the neck of the wax, and every one give ear.

*Boyet reads.*

*By heaven, that thou art fair, is moſt infallible; true, that thou art beauteous: truth itſelf, that thou art lovely; more fairer than fair, beautiful than beauteous, truer than truth itſelf; have commiſeration on thy heroical vaſſal*

And, out of queſtion, ſo it is ſometimes;
Glory grows guilty of deteſted crimes;
When for fame's ſake, for praiſe, an outward part,
We bend to that the working of the heart.
As I for praiſe alone now ſeek to ſpill
The poor deer's blood, that my heart means no ill.

*Boyet.* Do not curs'd wives hold that ſelf-ſovereignty
Only for praiſe-ſake, when they ſtrive to be
Lords o'er their lords?

*Prin.* Only for praiſe: and praiſe we may afford
To any lady that ſubdues her lord.

*Enter Coſtard.*

*Boyet.* Here comes, &c.

† ——— commonwealth.

*Coſt.* God dig you-den all; pray you, which is the head lady?

*Prin.* Thou ſhalt know her, fellow, by the reſt that have no heads.

*Coſt.* Which is the greateſt lady, the higheſt?

*Prin.* The thickeſt and the talleſt.

*Coſt.* The thickeſt and the talleſt; it is ſo, truth is truth.
An' my waſte, miſtreſs, were as ſlender as your wit,
One o' theſe maids girdles for my waſte ſhould be fit.
Are not you the chief woman? you are the thickeſt here.

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*vaſſal. The magnanimous and moſt illuſtrate King Cophetua ſet eye upon the pernicious and indubitate beggar Zenelophen; and he it was that might rightly ſay,* Veni, vidi, vici; *which to anatomize in the vulgar, (O baſe and obſcure vulgar!)* videlicet, *He came, ſaw, and overcame; he came, one; ſaw, two; overcame, three. Who came? the King. Why did he come? to ſee. Why did he ſee! to overcome. To whom came he? to the beggar. What ſaw he? the beggar. Who overcame he? the beggar. The concluſion is victory; on whoſe ſide? the King's; the captive is enrich'd: on whoſe ſide? the beggar's. The cataſtrophe is a nuptial: on whoſe ſide? the King's: no, on both in one, or one in both. I am the King, (for ſo ſtands the compariſon:) thou the beggar, for ſo witneſſeth thy lowlineſs. Shall I command thy love? I may. Shall I inforce thy love? I could. Shall I intreat thy love? I will. What ſhalt thou exchange for rags? robes; for tittles? titles: for thyſelf? me. Thus expecting thy reply, I profane my lips on thy foot, my eyes on thy picture, and my heart on thy every part.*

Thine in the deareſt deſign of induſtry,

*Don Adriano de Armado.*

Thus doſt thou hear the Nemean lion roar
'Gainſt thee, thou lamb, that ſtandeſt as his prey;
Submiſſive fall his princely feet before,
And he from forage will incline to play.
But if thou ſtrive, (poor ſoul,) what art thou then?
Food for his rage, repaſture for his den.

*Prin.* What plume of feathers is he that indited this letter?
What vane? what weathercock? did you ever hear better?

*Boyet.* I am much deceived, but I remember the ſtyle.

*Prin.* Elſe your memory is bad, going o'er it ere while.

*Boyet.* This Armado is a Spaniard that keeps here in court,
A phantaſm, a monarcho, and one that makes ſport
To the Prince, and his book-mates.

*Prin.* Thou, fellow, a word:
Who gave thee this letter?

*Coſt.*

*Coſt.* I told you; my Lord.

*Prin.* To whom ſhould'ſt thou give it?

*Coſt.* From my Lord to my Lady.

*Prin.* From which Lord to which Lady?

*Coſt.* From my Lord Biron, a good maſter of mine,
To a Lady of France, that he call'd Roſaline.

*Prin.* Thou haſt miſtaken his letter. Come, Lords, away.
Here, ſweet, put up this; 'twill be thine another day*.

[*Exit Princeſs attended.*



* ——— another day.

*Boyet.* Who is the ſhooter? who is the ſhooter?

*Roſ.* Shall I teach you to know?

*Boyet* Ay, my continent of beauty.

*Roſ.* Why, ſhe that bears the bow. Finely put off.

*Boyet.* My Lady goes to kill horns: but if thou marry,
Hang me by the neck, if horns that year miſcarry.
Finely put on.———

*Roſ.* Well then, I am the ſhooter.

*Boyet.* And who is your deer?

*Roſ.* If we chuſe by horns, yourſelf; come not near.
Finely put on, indeed. ———

*Mar.* You ſtill wrangle with her, Boyet, and ſhe ſtrikes at the brow.

*Boyet.* But ſhe herſelf is hit lower. Have I hit her now?

*Roſ.* Shall I come upon thee with an old ſaying, that was a man when King Pippen of France was a little boy, as touching the hit it?

*Boyet.* So I may anſwer thee with one as old, that was a woman when Queen Guinover of Britain was a little wench, as touching the hit it.

*Roſ. Thou can'ſt not hit it, hit it, hit it;*
*Thou can'ſt not hit it, my good man.* [*Singing.*

*Boyet. An I cannot, cannot, cannot;*
*An I cannot, another can.* [*Exit Roſ.*

*Coſt* By my troth, moſt pleaſant; how both did fit it.

*Mar.* A mark marvellous well ſhot; for they both did hit it.

*Boyet.* A mark? O, mark but that mark! a mark, ſays my Lady;
Let the mark have a prick in't; to mete at, if it may be.

*Mar.* Wide o' th' bow-hand; i' faith, your hand is out.

*Coſt.* Indeed, a'muſt ſhoot nearer, or he'll ne'er hit the clout.

*Boyet.* An if my hand be out, then, belike, your hand is in.

*Coſt.* Then will ſhe get the upſhot by cleaving the pin.

*Mar.* Come, come, you talk greaſily; your lips grow foul.

*Coſt.* She's too hard for you at pricks, Sir, challenge her to bowl.

*Boyet.* I fear too much rubbing; good night, my good owl.

[*Exeunt all but Coſtard.*

[*Coſt.*

## SCENE II.

*Enter Dull, Holofernes, and Sir Nathaniel.*

*Nath.* Very reverend ſport, truly; and done in the teſtimony of a good conſcience.

*Hol.* The deer was (as you know) *ſanguis*, in blood, ripe as a pomewater, who now hangeth like a jewel in the ear of *cælo*, the ſky, the welkin, the heav'n; and anon falleth like a crab on the face of *terra*, the ſoil, the land, the earth.

*Nath.* Truly, Maſter Holofernes, the epithets are ſweetly varied, like a ſcholar at the leaſt. But, Sir, I aſſure ye, it was a buck of the firſt head.

*Hol.* Sir Nathaniel, *haud credo.*

*Dull.* 'Twas not a *haud credo;* 'twas a pricket.

*Hol.* Moſt barbarous intimation; yet a kind of inſinuation, as it were *in via*, in way of explication; *facere*, as it were, replication: or rather, *oſtentare*, to ſhow, as it were, his inclination; after his undreſſed, unpoliſhed, uneducated, unpruned, untrained, or rather unlettered, or rathereſt unconfirmed faſhion, to inſert again my *haud credo* for a deer.

*Dull.* I ſaid, the deer was not a *haud credo;* 'twas a pricket.

*Hol.* Twice ſod ſimplicity, *bis coctus;* O thou monſter Ignorance, how deformed doſt thou look?

*Nath.* Sir, he hath never fed on the dainties that are bred in a book. He hath not eat paper, as it were; he hath not drunk ink. His intellect is not repleniſhed. He is only an animal, only ſenſible in the duller parts; and ſuch barren plants are ſet before us, that we thankful

*Coſt.* By my ſoul, a ſwain; a moſt ſimple clown!
Lord, Lord! how the ladies and I have put him down!
O' my troth, moſt ſweet jeſts, moſt incony vulgar wit,
When it comes ſo ſmoothly off, ſo obſcenely; as it were, ſo fit,
Armado o' th' one ſide,——O, a moſt dainty man;
To ſee him walk before a lady, and to bear her fan.
To ſee him kiſs his hand, and how moſt ſweetly he will ſwear;
And his page o't'other ſide, that handful of wit:
Ah, heav'ns! it is a moſt pathetical nit.

[*Exit Coſtard.*

[*Shooting within.*

ful ſhould be for thoſe parts (which we taſte and feel *ingradare*) that do fructify in us, more than he.
For as it would ill become me to be vain, indiſcreet, or
a fool;
So were there a patch ſet on learning, to ſee him in a
ſchool.
But *omne bene*, ſay I; being of an old father's mind,
Many can brook the weather, that love not the wind.

*Dull.* You two are book-men; can you tell by your wit,
What was a month old at Cain's birth, that's not five weeks old as yet?

*Hol.* Dictynna, good-man Dull; Dictynna, good man Dull.

*Dull.* What is Dictynna?

*Nath.* A title to Phœbe, to Luna, to the Moon.

*Hol.* The moon was a month old, when Adam was no more:
And raught not to five weeks, when he came to five-ſcore.
Th' alluſion holds in the exchange.

*Dull.* 'Tis true indeed; the colluſion holds in the exchange.

*Hol.* God comfort thy capacity! I ſay, the alluſion holds in the exchange.

*Dull.* And I ſay, the pollution holds in the exchange; for the moon is never but a month old: and I ſay beſide, that 'twas a pricket that the Princeſs kill'd.

*Hol.* Sir Nathaniel, will you hear an extemporal epitaph on the death of the deer? and to humour the ignorant, I have call'd the deer the Princeſs kill'd, a *pricket*.

*Nath.* *Perge*, good Maſter Holofernes, *perge*; ſo it ſhall pleaſe you to abrogate ſcurrility.

*Hol.* I will ſomething affect the letter; for it argues facility.

*The praiſeful Princeſs pierc'd and prickt*
*A pretty pleaſing pricket;*
*Some ſay, a ſore; but not a ſore,*
*Till now made ſore with ſhooting,*
*The dogs did yell; put L to ſore,*
*Then ſore! jumpt from thicket;*

*Or pricket ſore, or elſe ſorel,*
*The people fall a hooting.*
*If ſore be ſore, then L to ſore*
*Makes fifty ſores of ſorel.*
*Of one ſore I an hundred make,*
*By adding but one more L.*

*Nath.* A rare talent!

*Dull.* If a talent be a claw, look how he claws him with a talent.

*Hol.* This is a gift that I have, ſimple, ſimple; a fooliſh extravagant ſpirit, full of forms, figures, ſhapes, objects, ideas, apprehenſions, motions, revolutions. Theſe are begot in the ventricle of memory, nouriſh'd in the womb of *pia mater*, and deliver'd upon the mellowing of occaſion; but the gift is good in thoſe in whom it is acute, and I am thankful for it.

*Nath.* Sir, I praiſe the Lord for you, and ſo may my pariſhioners; for their ſons are well tutor'd by you, and their daughters profit very greatly under you; you are a good member of the commonwealth.

*Hol.* Mehercle, if their ſons be ingenious, they ſhall want no inſtruction: if their daughters be capable, I will put it to them. But *vir ſapit, qui pauca loquitur;* a ſoul feminine ſaluteth us.

## SCENE III. *Enter Jaquenetta, and Coſtard.*

*Jaq.* God give you good morrow, Maſter Parſon *. Good Maſter Parſon, be ſo good as read me this letter; it was given me by Coſtard, and ſent me from Don Armatho; I beſeech you, read it. [*Nath. reads to himſelf.*

*Hol. Fauſte, precor, gelida quando pecus omne ſub umbra*
*Ruminat,*

* ——— Maſter Parſon.

*Hol.* Maſter Parſon, *quaſi* Perſon. And if one ſhould be pierc'd, which is the one?

*Coſt.* Marry, Maſter Schoolmaſter, he that is likeſt to a hogſhead.

*Hol* Of piercing a hogſhead, a good luſtre of conceit in a turf of earth, fire enough for a flint, pearl enough for a ſwine: 'Tis pretty, it is well.

*Jaq.* Good Maſter, &c.

*Ruminat*, and ſo forth. Ah, good old Mantuan *, I may ſpeak of thee as the traveller doth of Venice; *Vinegia, Vinegia! qui non te vedi, ci non te pregia.* Old Mantuan, old Mantuan! who underſtandeth thee not, loves thee not:—*ut re ſol la mi fa.* Under pardon, Sir, what are the contents? Or rather, as Horace ſays in his: What! my ſoul! verſes?

*Nath.* Ay, Sir, and very learned.

*Hol.* Let me hear a ſtaff, a ſtanza, a verſe; *Lege, Domine.*

*Nath.* If love make me forſworn, how ſhall I ſwear to love?
Ah, never faith could hold, if not to beauty vow'd;
Tho' to myſelf forſworn, to thee I'll faithful prove;
Thoſe thoughts to me are oaks, to thee like oſiers bow'd.
Study his bias leaves, and makes his book thine eyes;
Where all thoſe pleaſures live, that art would comprehend:
If knowledge be the mark, to know thee ſhall ſuffice;
Well learned is that tongue, that well can thee commend.
All ignorant that ſoul, that ſees thee without wonder:
Which is to me ſome praiſe, that I thy parts admire;
Thy eye Jove's lightning bears, thy voice his dreadful thunder;
Which, not to anger bent, is muſic, and ſweet fire.
Celeſtial as thou art, oh pardon, love, this wrong,
That ſings heav'n's praiſe with ſuch an earthly tongue.

*Hol.* You find not the apoſtrophes, and ſo miſs the accent. Let me ſuperviſe the canzonet. Here are only numbers ratify'd; but for the elegancy, facility, and golden cadence of poeſy, *caret: Ovidius Naſo* was



* He means *Baptiſta Spagnolus*, ſurnamed *Mantuanus* from the place of his birth, a writer of poems, who lived towards the end of the fifteenth century.

the man. And why, indeed, *Naſo;* but for ſmelling out the odoriferous flowers of fancy? the jerks of invention? *imitari*, is nothing: ſo doth the hound his maſter, the ape his keeper, the try'd horſe his rider. But, *Damoſella Virgin*, was this directly to you?

*Jaq.* Ay, Sir, from one Monſieur Biron, to one of the ſtrange Queen's ladies.

*Hol.* I will overglance the ſuperſcript. *To the ſnow-white hand of the moſt beauteous Lady Roſaline.* I will look again on the intellect of the letter, for the nomination of the party writing to the perſon written unto.

*Your Ladyſhip's in all deſired employment,* Biron.

This Biron is one of the votaries with the King; and here he hath fram'd a letter to a ſequent of the ſtranger Queen's, which accidentally, or by the way of progreſſion, hath miſcarry'd. Trip and go, my ſweet; deliver this paper into the hand of the King; it may concern much; ſtay not thy compliment; I forgive thy duty: adieu.

*Jaq.* Good Coſtard, go with me. Sir, God ſave your life.

*Coſt.* Have with thee, my girl.

[*Exeunt Coſt. and Jaq.*

*Nath.* Sir you have done this in the fear of God very religiouſly: and as a certain father ſaith——

*Hol.* Sir, tell me not of the father, I do fear colourable colours. But, to return to the verſes; did they pleaſe you, Sir Nathaniel?

*Nath.* Marvellous well for the pen.

*Hol.* I do dine to-day at the father's of a certain pupil of mine; where if (being repaſt) it ſhall pleaſe you to gratify the table with a grace, I will, on my privilege I have with the parents of the aforeſaid child or pupil, undertake your *ben venuto;* where will I prove thoſe verſes to be very unlearned, neither ſavouring of poetry, wit, nor invention. I beſeech your ſociety.

*Nath.* And thank you too: for ſociety (ſaith the text) is the happineſs of life.

*Hol.*

*Hol.* And, certes, the text moſt infallibly concludes it. Sir, I do invite you too; [*To Dull.*] you ſhall not ſay me, Nay: *Pauca verba.* Away, the gentles are at their game, and we will to our recreation.

[*Exeunt.*

## SCENE IV.

*Enter Biron, with a paper in his hand, alone.*

*Biron.* The King is hunting the deer, I am courſing myſelf. They have pitcht a toil, I am toiling in a pitch; pitch, that defiles; defile! a foul word: well, ſet thee down, ſorrow; for ſo they ſay the fool ſaid, and ſo ſay I, and I the fool. Well prov'd wit. By the Lord, this love is as mad as Ajax, it kills ſheep, it kills me, I a ſheep. Well prov'd again on my ſide. I will not love; if I do, hang me; i'faith, I will not. O, but her eye: by this light, but for her eye, I would not love; yes, for her two eyes. Well, I do nothing in the world but lie, and lie in my throat. By heaven, I do love; and it hath taught me to rhyme, and to be melancholy; and here is part of my rhyme, and here my melancholy. Well, ſhe hath one o' my ſonnets already; the clown bore it; the fool ſent it, and the lady hath it: ſweet clown, ſweeter fool, ſweeteſt lady! By the world, I would not care a pin if the other three were in. Here comes one with a paper; God give him grace to groan. [*He ſtands aſide.*

*Enter the King.*

*King.* Ay me!

*Biron.* Shot, by heav'n! proceed, ſweet Cupid; thou haſt thumpt him with thy bird-bolt under the left pap: in faith, ſecrets.——

*King.* [*reads.*] So ſweet a kiſs the golden ſun gives not
To thoſe freſh morning-drops upon the roſe,
As thy eye-beams, when their freſh rays have ſmote
The night of dew, that on my cheeks down flows;
Nor ſhines the ſilver moon one half ſo bright,
Through the tranſparent boſom of the deep,

As

As doth thy face through tears of mine give light;
Thou ſhin'ſt in every tear that I do weep;
No drop, but as a coach doth carry thee,
So rideſt thou triumphing in my woe.
Do but behold the tears that ſwell in me,
And they thy glory through my grief will ſhew;
But do not love thyſelf, then thou wilt keep
My tears for glaſſes, and ſtill make me weep.
O Queen of Queens, how far doſt thou excel!
No thought can think, no tongue of mortal tell.—

How ſhall ſhe know my griefs? I'll drop the paper;
Sweet leaves, ſhade folly. Who is he comes here?
[*The King ſteps aſide.*

*Enter Longaville.*

What! Longaville! and reading! liſten, ear.
*Biron.* Now in thy likeneſs one more fool appears.
*Long.* Ay me! I am forſworn.
*Biron.* Why, he comes in like a perjure, wearing papers.
*King.* In love, I hope; ſweet fellowſhip in ſhame.
*Biron.* One drunkard loves another of the name.
*Long.* Am I the firſt that have been perjur'd ſo?
*Biron.* I could put thee in comfort: not by two that I know;
Thou mak'ſt the triumviry, the three-corner-cap of ſociety,
The ſhape of love's Tyburn, that hangs up ſimplicity.
*Long.* I fear, theſe ſtubborn lines lack power to move:
O ſweet Maria, Empreſs of my love,
Theſe numbers will I tear, and write in proſe.
*Biron.* O, rhymes are guards on wanton Cupid's hoſe:
Diſfigure not his ſlop.
*Long.* The ſame ſhall go. [*He reads the ſonnet.*

*Did not the heavenly rhetoric of thine eye*
*('Gainſt whom the world cannot hold argument)*
*Perſuade my heart to this falſe perjury?*
*Vows, for thee broke, deſerve not puniſhment:*
*A woman I forſwore; but I will prove,*
*Thou being a goddeſs, I forſwore not thee.*

My

*My vow was earthy, thou a heav'nly love:*
*Thy grace being gain'd, cures all disgrace in me.*
*Vows are but breath, and breath a vapour is;*
*Then thou fair sun, which on my earth dost shine,*
*Exhal'st this vapour-vow; in thee it is;*
*If broken then, it is no fault of mine;*
*If by me broke, what fool is not so wise*
*To lose an oath to win a paradise?*

*Biron.* This is the liver-vein, which makes flesh a deity;
A green goose a goddess: pure, pure idolatry.
God amend us, God amend, we are much out o' th' way.

*Enter Dumain.*

*Long.* By whom shall I send this?——— company; stay.———
*Biron.* All hid, all hid, an old infant play;
Like a demy-god, here sit I in the sky,
And wretched fools' secrets headfully o'er-eye:
More sacks to the mill! O heav'ns, I have my wish;
Dumain transform'd, four woodcocks in a dish?
*Dum.* O most divine Kate!
*Biron.* O most profane coxcomb! [*aside.*
*Dum.* By heav'n, the wonder of a mortal eye!
*Biron.* By earth, she is but corporal; there you lie. [*aside.*
*Dum.* Her amber hairs for foul have amber coted.
*Biron,* An amber-colour'd raven was well noted. [*aside.*
*Dum.* As upright as the cedar.
*Biron.* Stoop, I say;
Her shoulder is with child. [*aside.*
*Dum.* As fair as day.
*Biron.* Ay, as some days; but then no sun must shine. [*aside.*
*Dum.* O that I had my wish!
*Long.* And I had mine! [*aside.*
*King.* And mine too, good Lord! [*aside.*

*Biron.*

*Biron.* Amen, ſo I had mine! Is not that a good word? [*aſide.*

*Dum.* I would forget her, but a fever ſhe
Reigns in my blood, and will rememb'red be.

*Biron.* A fever in your blood! why then, inciſion
Would let her out in ſawcers, ſweet miſpriſion. [*aſide.*

*Dum.* Once more I'll read the ode, that I have writ.

*Biron.* Once more I'll mark, how love can vary wit. [*aſide.*

*Dumain reads his ſonnet.*

*On a day, (alack, the day!)*
*Love, whoſe month is ever May,*
*Spy'd a bloſſom paſſing fair,*
*Playing in the wanton air:*
*Through the velvet leaves the wind,*
*All unſeen, 'gan paſſage find;*
*That the lover, ſick to death,*
*Wiſh'd himſelf the heaven's breath.*
*Air, (quoth he,) thy cheeks may blow*
*Air, would I might triumph ſo!*
*But, alack, my hand is ſworn,*
*Ne'er to pluck thee from thy thorn:*
*Vow, alack, for youth unmeet,*
*Youth ſo apt to pluck a ſweet.*
*Do not call it ſin in me,*
*That I am forſworn for thee:*
*Thou, for whom ev'n Jove would ſwear,*
*Juno but an Ethiope were;*
*And deny himſelf for Jove,*
*Turning mortal for thy love.*

This will I ſend, and ſomething elſe more plain,
That ſhall expreſs my true love's feſt'ring pain;
O, would the King, Biron, and Longaville,
Were lovers too! ill, to example ill,
Would from my forehead wipe a perjur'd note:
For none offend, where all alike do doat.

*Long.* Dumain, thy love is far from charity,
That in love's grief deſir'ſt ſociety: [*coming forward.*

You

You may look pale; but I ſhould bluſh, I know,
To be o'er-heard, and taken napping ſo.

*King.* Come, Sir, you bluſh; as his, your caſe is ſuch;
[*coming forward.*
You chide at him, offending twice as much.
You do not love Maria? Longaville
Did never ſonnet for her ſake compile?
Nor never laid his wreathed arms athwart
His loving boſom, to keep down his heart?
I have been cloſely ſhrowded in this buſh,
And mark'd you both, and for you both did bluſh.
I heard your guilty rhymes, obſerv'd your faſhion;
Saw ſighs reek from you, noted well your paſſion.
Ah me! ſays one; O Jove! the other cries;
Her hairs were gold, cryſtal the other's eyes.
You would for paradiſe break faith and troth;
And Jove, for your love, would infringe an oath.
What will Biron ſay, when that he ſhall hear
A faith infringed, which ſuch zeal did ſwear!
How will he ſcorn? How will he ſpend his wit?
How will he triumph, leap, and laugh at it?
For all the wealth that ever I did ſee,
I would not have him know ſo much by me.

*Biron.* Now ſtep I forth to whip hypocriſy.
Ah, good my Leige, I pray thee, pardon me.
[*coming forward.*
Good heart, what grace haſt thou thus to reprove
Theſe worms for loving, that art moſt in love?
Your eyes do make no coaches in your tears,
There is no certain Princeſs that appears?
You'll not be perjur'd, 'tis a hateful thing;
Tuſh; none but minſtrels like of ſonnetting.
But are you not aſham'd? nay, are you not
All three of you, to be thus much o'erſhot?
You found his mote, the King your mote did ſee:
But I a beam do find in each of three.
O, what a ſcene of fool'ry have I ſeen,
Of ſighs, of groans, of ſorrow, and of teen?
O me, with what ſtrict patience have I ſat,
To ſee a King transformed to a knot!
To ſee great Hercules whipping a gig,
And profound Solomon tuning a jig!

And

And Neſtor play at puſh-pin with the boys,
And Cynic Timon laugh at idle toys!
Where lies thy grief? O tell me, good Dumain;
And gentle Longaville, where lies thy pain?
And where my Liege's? all about the breaſt?
A caudle, hoa!

*King.* Too bitter is thy jeſt.
Are we betray'd thus to thy over-view?

*Biron.* Not you by me, but I betray'd by you.
I that am honeſt, I that hold it ſin
To break the vow I am engaged in,
I am betray'd by keeping company
With vane-like men, of ſtrange inconſtancy.
When ſhall you ſee me write a thing in rhyme?
Or groan for Joan? or ſpend a minute's time
In pruning me? when ſhall you hear, that I
Will praiſe a hand, a foot, a face, an eye,
A gait, a ſtate, a brow, a breaſt, a waſte,
A leg, a limb?

*King.* Soft, whither away ſo faſt?
A true man or a thief, that gallops ſo?

*Biron.* I poſt from love; good lover, let me go.

*Enter Jaquenetta and Coſtard.*

*Jaq.* God bleſs the King!

*King.* What preſent haſt thou there?

*Coſt.* Some certain treaſon.

*King.* What makes treaſon here?

*Coſt.* Nay, it makes nothing, Sir.

*King.* If it mar nothing neither,
The treaſon and you go in peace away together.

*Jaq.* I beſeech your Grace, let this letter be read,
Our Parſon miſdoubts it: it was treaſon, he ſaid.

*King.* Biron, read it over. [*He reads the letter.*
Where hadſt thou it?

*Jaq.* Of Coſtard.

*King.* Where hadſt thou it?

*Coſt.* Of Dun Adramadio, Dun Adramadio.

*King.* How now, what is in you? why doſt thou tear it?

*Biron.* A toy, my Liege, a toy: your Grace needs not fear it.

*Long.*

*Long.* It did move him to paſſion, and therefore let's hear it.

*Dum.* It is Biron's writing, and here is his name.

*Biron.* Ah, you whoreſon loggerhead, you were born to do me ſhame. [*To Coſtard.*

Guilty, my Lord, guilty: I confeſs, I confeſs.

*King.* What?

*Biron.* That you three fools lack'd me fool to make up the meſs.

He, he and you; and you, my Liege, and I
Are pick-purſes in love, and we deſerve to die.
O, diſmiſs this audience, and I ſhall tell you more.

*Dum.* Now the number is even.

*Biron.* True, true; we are four:
Will theſe turtles be gone?

*King.* Hence, Sirs, away.

*Coſt.* Walk aſide the true folk, and let the traitors ſtay.
[*Exeunt Coſt. and Jaquen.*

*Biron.* Sweet Lords, ſweet lovers, O, let us embrace:
As true we are as fleſh and blood can be.
The ſea will ebb and flow, heaven will ſhew his face:
Young blood doth not obey an old decree.
We cannot croſs the cauſe why we were born,
Therefore of all hands muſt we be forſworn.

*King.* What, did theſe rent lines ſhew ſome love of thine?

*Biron.* Did they, quoth you? Who ſees the heavenly Roſaline,
That (like a rude and ſavage man of Inde,
At the firſt opening of the gorgeous eaſt)
Bows not his vaſſal head, and, ſtrucken blind,
Kiſſes the baſe ground with obedient breaſt?
What peremptory eagle-ſighted eye
Dares look upon the heaven of her brow,
That is not blinded by her majeſty?

*King.* What zeal, what fury, hath inſpir'd thee now?
My love (her miſtreſs) is a gracious moon;
She (an attending ſtar) ſcarce ſeen a light.

*Biron.* My eyes are then no eyes, nor I Biron.
O, but for my love, day would turn to night,
Of all complexions the cull'd ſovereignty
Do meet, as at a fair, in her fair cheek?

Where ſeveral worthies make one dignity;
Where nothing wants, that want itſelf doth ſeek.
Lend me the flouriſh of all gentle tongues;
Fie, painted rhetoric! O, ſhe needs it not:
To things of ſale a ſeller's praiſe belongs:
She paſſes praiſe; the praiſe, too ſhort, doth blot.
A wither'd hermit, fiveſcore winters worn,
Might ſhake off fifty, looking in her eye:
Beauty doth varniſh age, as if new-born,
And gives the crutch the cradle's infancy;
O, 'tis the ſun that maketh all things ſhine.
*King.* By heav'n, thy love is black as ebony.
*Biron.* Is ebony like her? O wood divine!
A wife of ſuch wood were felicity.
O, who can give an oath? where is a book,
That I may ſwear, Beauty doth beauty lack,
If that ſhe learn not of her eye to look?
No face is fair, that is not full ſo black?
*King.* O paradox, black is the badge of hell:
The hue of dungeons, and the ſcowl of night;
And beauty's crete becomes the heavens well.
*Biron.* Devils ſooneſt tempt, reſembling ſpirits of light;
O, if in black my Lady's brow be deckt,
It mourns, that painting and uſurping hair
Should raviſh doaters with a falſe aſpect:
And therefore is ſhe born to make black fair.
Her favour turns the faſhion of the days,
For native blood is counted painting now;
And therefore red, that would avoid diſpraiſe,
Paints itſelf black to imitate her brow.
*Dum.* To look like her are chimney-ſweepers black.
*Long.* And ſince her time are colliers counted bright.
*King.* And Ethiops of their ſweet complexion crack.
*Dum.* Dark needs no candles now, for dark is light.
*Biron.* Your miſtreſſes dare never come in rain,
For fear their colours ſhould be waſh'd away.
*King.* 'Twere good, yours did: for, Sir, to tell you plain,
I'll find a fairer face not waſh'd to-day.
*Biron.* I'll prove her fair, or talk till dooms-day here.
*King.* No devil will fright thee then ſo much as ſhe.

*Dum.*

*Dum.* I never knew man hold vile ſtuff ſo dear.
*Long.* Look, here's thy love; my foot in her face ſee.
*Biron.* O, if the ſtreets were paved with thine eyes,
Her feet were much too dainty for ſuch tread.
*Dum.* O vile! then as ſhe goes, what upward lies
The ſtreet ſhould ſee as ſhe walk'd over-head.
*King.* But what of this, are we not all in love?
*Biron.* Nothing ſo ſure, and thereby all forſworn.
*King.* Then leave this chat; and, good Biron, now prove
Our loving lawful, and our faith not torn.
*Dum.* Ay, marry, there;——ſome flattery for this evil.
*Long.* O, ſome authority how to proceed;
Some tricks, ſome quillets, how to cheat the devil.
*Dum.* Some ſalve for perjury.
*Biron.* O, 'tis more than need.
Have at you then, Affection's men at arms;
Conſider what you firſt did ſwear unto:
To faſt, to ſtudy, and to ſee no woman;
Flat treaſon 'gainſt the kingly ſtate of youth.
Say, can you faſt? your ſtomachs are too young:
And abſtinence ingenders maladies.
And where that you have vow'd to ſtudy, (Lords,)
In that each of you hath forſworn his book,
Can you ſtill dream, and pore, and thereon look?
For when would you, my Lord, or you, or you,
Have found the ground of ſtudy's excellence,
Without the beauty of a woman's face?
Why, univerſal plodding priſons up
The nimble ſpirits in the arteries;
As motion and long-during action tires
The ſinewy vigour of the traveller.
Now, for not looking on a woman's face,
You have in that forſworn the uſe of eyes;
And ſtudy too, the cauſer of your vow.
For where is any author in the world
Teaches ſuch duty as a woman's eye?
Learning is but an adjunct to ourſelf;
And where we are, our learning likewiſe is.
Then, when ourſelves we ſee in ladies' eyes,
Do we not likewiſe ſee our learning there?
O, we have made a vow to ſtudy, Lords;

And in that vow we have forſworn our books:
For when would you, my Liege, or you, or you,
In leaden contemplation have found out
Such fiery numbers, as the prompting eyes
Of beauteous tutors have enrich'd you with?
Other ſlow arts entirely keep the brain;
And therefore finding barren practiſers,
Scarce ſhew a harveſt of their heavy toil.
'But love, firſt learned in a lady's eyes,
'Lives not alone immured in the brain:
'But with the motion of all elements,
'Courſes as ſwift as thought in every power;
'And gives to every power a double power,
'Above their functions and their offices.
'It adds a precious ſeeing to the eye:
'A lover's eyes will gaze an eagle blind!
'A lover's ear will hear the loweſt ſound,
'When the ſuſpicious head of theft is ſtopt.
'Love's feeling is more ſoft and ſenſible,
'Than are the tender horns of cockled ſnails.'
Love's tongue proves dainty Bacchus groſs in taſte;
For valour, is not Love a Hercules,
Still climbing trees in the Heſperides?
Subtle as Sphinx; as ſweet and muſical
As bright Apollo's lute, ſtrung with his hair:
And when Love ſpeaks the voice of all the gods,
Mark, heaven drowſy with the harmony!
Never durſt poet touch a pen to write,
Until his ink were temper'd with Love's ſighs;
O then his lines would raviſh ſavage ears,
And plant in tyrants mild humility,———
From womens' eyes this doctrine I derive:
They ſparkle ſtill the right Promethean fire;
They are the books, the arts, the academies,
That ſhew, contain, and nouriſh all the world;
Elſe none at all in aught proves excellent.
Then fools you were theſe women to forſwear:
Or, keeping what is ſworn, you will prove fools.
For Wiſdom's ſake, (a word that all men love.)
Or for Love's ſake, (a word all women love;)
Or for mens' ſake, (the author of theſe women;)
Or womens' ſake, (by whom we men are men:)

Let

Let us once loſe our oaths to find ourſelves;
Or elſe we loſe ourſelves to keep our oaths.
It is religion to be thus forſworn,
For charity itſelf fulfils the law:
And who can ſever love from charity?

*King.* Saint Cupid, then! and, ſoldiers, to the field!

*Biron.* Advance your ſtandards, and upon them, Lords;
Pell-mell, down with them; but be firſt advis'd,
In conflict that you get the ſun of them.

*Long.* Now to plain-dealing, lay theſe glozes by;
Shall we reſolve to woo theſe girls of France?

*King.* And win them too; therefore let us deviſe
Some entertainment for them in their tents.

*Biron.* Firſt, from the park let us conduct them thither;
Then homeward every man attach the hand
Of his fair miſtreſs; in the afternoon
We will with ſome ſtrange paſtime ſolace them,
Such as the ſhortneſs of the time can ſhape:
For revels, dances, maſks, and merry hours,
Forerun fair love, ſtrewing her way with flowers.

*King.* Away, away! no time ſhall be omitted,
That will be time, and may by us be fitted.

*Biron.* Allons! Allons! ſown cockle reap'd no corn;
And juſtice always whirls in equal meaſure:
Light wenches may prove plagues to men forſworn;
If ſo, our copper buys no better treaſure. [*Exeunt.*

## ACT V. SCENE I.

*The ſtreet.*

*Enter Holofernes, Nathaniel, and Dull.*

*Hol.* SATIS, *quod ſufficit.*

*Nath.* I praiſe God for you, Sir, your reaſons at dinner have been ſharp and ſententious; pleaſant without ſcurrility, witty without affectation, audacious without impudency, learned without opinion, and ſtrange without hereſy. I did converſe this *quondam* day with a compa-

nion of the King's, who is intitled, nominated, or called, *Don Adriano de Armado.*

*Hol. Novi hominem, tanquam te.* His humour is lofty, his diſcourſe peremptory, his tongue filed, his eye ambitious, his gate majeſtical, and his general behaviour vain, ridiculous, and thraſonical. He is too piqued, too ſpruce, too affected, too odd, as it were; too peregrinate, as I may call it.

*Nath.* A moſt ſingular and choice epithet.

[*Draws out his table-book.*

*Hol.* He draweth out the thread of his verboſity finer than the ſtaple of his argument. I abhor ſuch fanatical phantaſms, ſuch inſociable and point-deviſe companions; ſuch rackers of orthography, as to ſpeak, dout, fine, when he ſhould ſay, doubt; det, when he ſhould pronounce debt; d, e, b, t; not d, e, t: he clepeth a calf, cauf; half, hauf; neighbour *vocatur* nebour; neigh abbreviated ne. This is abominable, which we would call abhominable: it inſinuateth me of inſanity: *Ne intelligis, Domine,* to make frantic, lunatic?

*Nath. Laus Deo, bone intelligo.*

*Hol. Bone?*——*bone,* for *benè*; Priſcian a little ſcratch'd; 'twill ſerve.

## SCENE II. *Enter Armado, Moth, and Coſtard.*

*Nath. Videſne quis venit?*

*Hol. Video, & gaudeo.*

*Arm.* Chirra.

*Hol. Quare* chirra, not ſirrah?

*Arm.* Men of peace, well encounter'd.

*Hol.* Moſt military Sir, ſalutation.

*Moth.* They have been at a great feaſt of languages, and ſtole the ſcraps.

*Coſt.* O, they have liv'd long on the alms-baſket of words. I marvel thy maſter hath not eaten thee for a word; for thou art not ſo long by the head as *honorificabilitudinitatibus:* thou art eaſier ſwallow'd than a flap-dragon.

*Moth.* Peace, the peal begins.

*Arm.* Monſieur, are you not letter'd?

*Moth.*

*Moth.* Yes, yes, he teaches boys the horn-book: What is A B ſpelt backward with a horn on his head?

*Hol.* Ba, *pueritia*, with a horn added.

*Moth.* Ba, moſt ſilly ſheep, with a horn. You hear his learning.

*Hol.* *Quis*, *quis*, thou conſonant?

*Moth.* The third of the five vowels, if you repeat them; or the fifth, if I.

*Hol.* I will repeat them, a, e, I.——

*Moth.* The ſheep; the other two concludes it, o, u.

*Arm.* Now, by the ſalt wave of the Mediterraneum, a ſweet touch, a quick venew of wit: ſnip, ſnap, quick and home; it rejoiceth my intellect; true wit.

*Moth.* Offer'd by a child to an old man: which is wit-old.

*Hol.* What is the figure? what is the figure?

*Moth.* Horns.

*Hol.* Thou diſputeſt like an infant; go, whip thy gigg.

*Moth.* Lend me your horn to make one, and I will whip about your infamy *circùm circà*, a gigg of a cuckold's horn.

*Coſt.* An' I had but one penny in the world, thou ſhouldſt have it to buy ginger-bread; hold, there is the very remuneration I had of thy maſter, thou halfpenny purſe of wit, thou pidgeon-egg of diſcretion. O, that the heav'ns were ſo pleaſed, that thou wert but my baſtard! what a joyful father wouldſt thou make me? go to, thou haſt it *ad dunghill;* at the finger's ends, as they ſay.

*Hol.* O, I ſmell falſe Latin, *dunghill* for *unguem.*

*Arm* Arts-man, *præambula;* we will be ſingled from the barbarous. Do you not educate youth at the charge-houſe on the top of the mountain?

*Hol.* Or *mons* the hill.

*Arm.* At your ſweet pleaſure, for the mountain.

*Hol.* I do, *ſans queſtion.*

*Arm.* Sir, it is the King's moſt ſweet pleaſure and affection, to congratulate the Princeſs at her pavilion, in the *poſteriors* of this day, which the rude multitude call the afternoon.

*Hol.* The *poſterior* of the day, moſt generous Sir, is liable, congruent, and meaſurable for the afternoon: the

the word is well cull'd, choice, ſweet, and apt, I do aſſure you, Sir, I do aſſure.

*Arm.* Sir, the King is a noble gentleman, and my familiar; I do aſſure you, my very good friend; for what is inward between us, let it paſs—I do beſeech thee, remember thy courteſy———I beſeech thee, apparel thy head,——and among other importunate and moſt ſerious deſigns, and of great import indeed too—but let that paſs:—for I muſt tell thee, it will pleaſe his Grace (by the world) ſometime to lean upon my poor ſhoulder, and with his royal finger thus dally with my excrement, with my muſtachio; but, ſweet heart, let that paſs. By the world, I recount no fable; ſome certain ſpecial honours it pleaſeth his Greatneſs to impart to Armado, a ſoldier, a man of travel, that hath ſeen the world; but let that paſs——the very all of all is——but, ſweet heart, I do implore ſecrecy——that the King would have me preſent the Princeſs (ſweet chuck) with ſome delightful oſtentation, or ſhow, or pageant, or antic, or fire-work. Now, underſtanding that the curate and your ſweet ſelf are good at ſuch eruptions, and ſudden breaking out of mirth, (as it were,) I have acquainted you withal, to the end to crave your aſſiſtance.

*Hol.* Sir, you ſhall preſent before her the nine worthies. Sir, as concerning ſome entertainment of time, ſome ſhow in the *poſterior* of this day, to be rendered by our aſſiſtants at the King's command, and this moſt gallant, illuſtrate, and learned gentleman, before the Princeſs: I ſay, none ſo fit as to preſent the nine worthies.

*Nath.* Where will you find men worthy enough to preſent them?

*Hol.* Joſhua, yourſelf; this gallant man, Judas Maccabeus; this ſwain (becauſe of his great limb or joint) ſhall paſs Pompey the great; and the page, Hercules.

*Arm.* Pardon, Sir, error: he is not quantity enough for that worthy's thumb; he is not ſo big as the end of his club.

*Hol.* Shall I have audience? he ſhall preſent Hercules in minority; his *Enter* and *Exit* ſhall be ſtrangling a ſnake; and I will have an apology for that purpoſe.

*Moth.* An excellent device: for if any of the audience hiſs,

hiſs, you may cry; "Well done, Hercules, now thou "cruſheſt the ſnake;" that is the way to make an offence gracious, tho' few have the grace to do it.

*Arm.* For the reſt of the worthies,———

*Hol.* I will play three myſelf.

*Moth.* Thrice-worthy gentleman!

*Arm.* Shall I tell you a thing?

*Hol.* We attend.

*Arm.* We will have, if this fadge not, an antic. I beſeech you, follow.

*Hol. Via!* good-man Dull, thou haſt ſpoken no word all this while.

*Dull.* Nor underſtood none neither, Sir.

*Hol. Allons;* we will employ thee.

*Dull.* I'll make one in a dance, or ſo: or I will play on the tabor to the worthies, and let them dance the hay.

*Hol.* Moſt dull, honeſt, Dull, to our ſport away.

[*Exeunt.*

## SCENE III. *Before the Princeſs's pavilion.*

*Enter Princeſs, and Ladies.*

*Prin.* Sweet hearts, we ſhall be rich ere we depart,
If fairings come thus plentifully in.
A lady wall'd about with diamonds!———
Look you, what I have from the loving King.

*Roſ.* Madam, came nothing elſe along with that?

*Prin.* Nothing but this? yes, as much love in rhyme,
As would be cramm'd up in a ſheet of paper,
Writ on both ſides the leaf, margent and all;
That he was fain to ſeal on Cupid's name.

*Roſ.* That was the way to make his godhead wax,
For he hath been five thouſand years a boy.

*Cath.* Ay, and a ſhrewd unhappy gallows too.

*Roſ.* You'll ne'er be friends with him; he kill'd your ſiſter.

*Cath.* He made her melancholy, ſad and heavy,
And ſo ſhe died; had ſhe been light, like you,
Of ſuch a merry, nimble, ſtirring ſpirit,

She

She might have been a grandam ere ſhe dy'd.
And ſo may you; for a light heart lives long.
*Roſ.* What's your dark meaning, mouſe, of this light word?
*Cath.* A light condition, in a beauty dark.
*Roſ.* We need more light to find your meaning out.
*Cath.* You'll mar the light, by taking it in ſnuff:
Therefore I'll darkly end the argument.
*Roſ.* Look, what you do; and do it ſtill i' th' dark.
*Cath.* So do not you, for you are a light wench.
*Roſ.* Indeed, I weigh not you; and therefore light.
*Cath.* You weigh me not; O, that's, you care not for me.
*Roſ.* Great reaſon; for paſt cure is ſtill paſt care.
*Prin.* Well bandied both; a ſet of wit well play'd.
But, Roſaline, you have a favour too.
Who ſent it? and what is it?
*Roſ.* I would you knew.
And if my face were but as fair as yours,
My favour were as great; be witneſs this.
Nay, I have verſes too, I thank Biron.
The numbers true, and were the numb'ring too,
I were the faireſt goddeſs on the ground.
I am compar'd to twenty thouſand fairs.
O, he hath drawn my picture in his letter.
*Prin.* Any thing like?
*Roſ.* Much in the letters, nothing in the praiſe.
*Prin.* Beauteous as ink; a good concluſion.
*Cath.* Fair as a text B in a copy-book.
*Roſ.* Ware pencils *. How? let me not die your debtor,
My red dominical, my golden letter.
O, that your face were not ſo full of Oes!
*Cath.* Pox of that jeſt, and I beſhrew all ſhrews.
*Prin.* But what was ſent to you from fair Dumain?
*Cath.* Madam, this glove.
*Prin.* Did he not ſend you twain?
*Cath.* Yes, Madam; and moreover,
Some thouſand verſes of a faithful lover.
A huge tranſlation of hypocriſy,
Vilely

* Meaning to check Catharine for her painting, pencil being a painting-bruſh.

Vilely compil'd, profound ſimplicity.

*Mar.* This, and theſe pearls, to me ſent Longaville;
The letter is too long by half a mile.

*Prin.* I think no leſs; doſt thou not wiſh in heart,
The chain were longer, and the letter ſhort?

*Mar.* Ay, or I would theſe hands might never part.

*Prin.* We are wiſe girls, to mock our lovers for't.

*Roſ.* They are worſe fools to purchaſe mocking ſo.
That ſame Biron, I'll torture ere I go.
O, that I knew he were but in by th' week!
How I would make him fawn, and beg, and ſeek,
And wait the ſeaſon, and obſerve the times,
And ſpend his prodigal wits in bootleſs rhymes,
And ſhape his ſervice all to my beheſts,
And make him proud to make me proud with jeſts:
So portent like * would I o'er-ſway his ſtate,
That he ſhould be my fool, and I his fate †.

*Prin.* None are ſo ſurely caught, when they are catch'd,
As wit turn'd fool; folly, in wiſdom hatch'd,
Hath wiſdom's warrant, and the help of ſchool;
And wit's own grace to grace a learned fool.

*Roſ.* The blood of youth burns not in ſuch exceſs,
As gravity's revolt to wantonneſs.

*Mar.* Folly in fools bears not ſo ſtrong a note,
As fool'ry in the wiſe, when wit doth doat:
Since all the power thereof it doth apply,
To prove, by wit, worth in ſimplicity.

## SCENE IV. *Enter Boyet.*

*Prin.* Here comes Boyet, and mirth is in his face.

*Boyet.* O, I am ſtabb'd with laughter; where's her Grace?

*Prin.* Thy news, Boyet?

*Boyet.* Prepare, Madam, prepare.
Arm, wenches, arm; encounters mounted are
Againſt your peace; love doth approach diſguis'd,
Armed

* *Portents* have been always look'd upon not only as the *tokens* and *ſignals*, but the *inſtruments* alſo of *deſtiny*.

† *See* vol. 1. p. 287. note 2.

Armed in arguments; you'll be ſurpris'd.
Muſter your wits, ſtand in your own defence,
Or hide your heads like cowards, and fly hence.

*Prin.* Saint Dennis, to Saint Cupid! what are they
That charge their breath againſt us? ſay, ſcout, ſay.

*Boyet.* Under the cool ſhade of a ſycamore,
I thought to cloſe mine eyes ſome half an hour;
When, lo! to interrupt my purpos'd reſt,
Toward that ſhade, I might behold, addreſt
The King and his companions; warily
I ſtole into a neighbour thicket by,
And overheard what you ſhall overhear;
That, by and by, diſguis'd they will be here.
Their herald is a pretty knaviſh page,
That well by heart hath conn'd his embaſſage.
Action and accent did they teach him there;
Thus muſt thou ſpeak, and thus thy body bear;
And ever and anon they made a doubt,
Preſence majeſtical would put him out:
For, quoth the King, an angel ſhalt thou ſee;
Yet fear not thou, but ſpeak audaciouſly.
The boy replied, An angel is not evil;
I ſhould have fear'd her, had ſhe been a devil.———
With that all laugh'd, and clapp'd him on the ſhoulder,
Making the bold wag by their praiſes bolder.
One rubb'd his elbow thus, and ſleer'd, and ſwore,
A better ſpeech was never ſpoke before.
Another with his finger and his thumb,
Cry'd *Via!* we will do't, come what will come.
The third he caper'd, and cry'd, All goes well.
The fourth turn'd on the toe, and down he fell.
With that they all did tumble on the ground,
With ſuch a zealous laughter, ſo profound,
That in this ſpleen ridiculous appears,
To check their folly, paſſion's ſolemn tears.

*Prin.* But what, but what, come they to viſit us?

*Boyet.* They do, they do; and are apparell'd thus,
Like Muſcovites, or Ruſſians, as I gueſs.
Their purpoſe is to parley, court, and dance;
And every one his love-feat will advance
Unto his ſev'ral miſtreſs; which they'll know,
By favours ſev'ral, which they did beſtow.

*Prin.*

*Prin.* And will they ſo? the gallants ſhall be taſk'd;
For, Ladies, we will every one be maſk'd:
And not a man of them ſhall have the grace,
Deſpight of ſuit, to ſee a lady's face.
Hold, Roſaline; this favour thou ſhalt wear,
And then the King will court thee for his dear:
Hold, take you this, my ſweet, and give me thine;
So ſhall Biron take me for Roſaline,
And change your favours too; ſo ſhall your loves
Woo contrary, deceiv'd by theſe removes.

*Roſ* Come on then, wear the favours moſt in ſight.

*Cath.* But in this changing, what is your intent?

*Prin.* Th' effect of my intent is to croſs theirs;
They do it but in mocking merriment,
And mock for mock is only my intent.
Their ſeveral councils they unboſom ſhall
To loves miſtook, and ſo be mock'd withal,
Upon the next occaſion that we meet,
With viſages diſplay'd, to talk and greet.

*Roſ.* But ſhall we dance, if they deſire us to't?

*Prin.* No; to the death, we will not move a foot;
Nor to their penn'd ſpeech render we no grace:
But while 'tis ſpoke, each turn away her face.

*Boyet.* Why, that contempt will kill the ſpeaker's heart,
And quite divorce his memory from his part.

*Prin.* Therefore I do it; and I make no doubt,
The reſt will ne'er come in, if he be out.
There's no ſuch ſport, as ſport by ſport o'erthrown,
To make theirs ours, and ours none but our own;
So ſhall we ſtay, mocking intended game;
And they, well mock'd, depart away with ſhame.

[*Sound.*

*Boyet.* The trumpet ſounds; be maſk'd, the maſkers come.

## SCENE V.

*Enter the King, Biron, Longaville, Dumain, and attendants, diſguis'd like Muſcovites; Moth with muſic, as for a maſquerade.*

*Moth. All hail, the richeſt beauties on the earth!*

*Boyet.* Beauties no richer than rich taffata.

*Moth. A holy parcel of the faireſt dames,*
*That ever turn'd their backs to mortal views.*

[*The ladies turn their backs to him.*

*Biron.* Their eyes, villain, their eyes.

*Moth. That ever turn'd their eyes to mortal views. Out*———

*Biron.* True: *out*, indeed.

*Moth. Out of your favours, heav'nly ſpirits, vouchſafe*
*Not to behold.*

*Biron.* Once to behold, rogue.

*Moth. Once to behold with your ſun-beamed eyes*——
*With your ſun-beamed eyes*———

*Boyet.* They will not anſwer to that epithet;
You were beſt call it daughter-beamed eyes.

*Moth.* They do not mark me, and that brings me out.

*Biron.* Is this your perfectneſs? be gone, you rogue.

*Roſ.* What would theſe ſtrangers? know their minds, Boyet.
If they do ſpeak our language, 'tis our will
That ſome plain man recount their purpoſes.
Know what they would.

*Boyet.* What would you with the Princeſs?

*Biron.* Nothing, but peace and gentle viſitation.

*Roſ.* What would they, ſay they?

*Boyet.* Nothing, but peace and gentle viſitation.

*Roſ.* Why, that they have; and bid them ſo be gone.

*Boyet.* She ſays, you have it; and you may be gone.

*King.* Say to her, we have meaſur'd many miles,
To tread a meaſure with her on the graſs.

*Boyet.* They ſay, that they have meaſur'd many a mile,
To tread a meaſure with you on this graſs,

*Roſ.* It is not ſo. Aſk them, how many inches
Is in one mile: if they have meaſur'd many,
The meaſure then of one is eaſily told.

*Boyet.* If to come hither you have meaſur'd miles,
And many miles; the Princeſs bids you tell,
How many inches doth fill up one mile?

*Biron.* Tell her, we meaſure them by weary ſteps.

*Boyet.* She hears herſelf.

*Roſ.*

*Roſ.* How many weary ſteps
Of many weary miles you have o'ergone,
Are number'd in the travel of one mile?
*Biron.* We number nothing that we ſpend for you:
Our duty is ſo rich, ſo infinite,
That we may do it ſtill without accompt.
Vouchſafe to ſhew the ſunſhine of your face,
That we (like ſavages) may worſhip it.
*Roſ.* My face is but a moon, and clouded too.
*King.* Bleſſed are clouds, to do as ſuch clouds do.
Vouchſafe, bright moon, and theſe thy ſtars, to ſhine
(Thoſe clouds remov'd) upon our watery eyne.
*Roſ.* O vain petitioner, beg a greater matter;
Thou now requeſt'ſt but moonſhine in the water.
*King.* Then in our meaſure vouchſafe but one change;
Thou bid'ſt me beg, this begging is not ſtrange.
*Roſ.* Play, muſic, then; nay, you muſt do it ſoon,
Not yet? no dance? thus change I, like the moon.
*King.* Will you not dance? how come you thus eſtrang'd?
*Roſ.* You took the moon at full, but now ſhe's chang'd.
*King.* Yet ſtill ſhe is the moon, and I the man.
The muſic plays, vouchſafe ſome motion to it.
*Roſ.* Our ears vouchſafe it.
*King.* But your legs ſhould do it.
*Roſ.* Since you are ſtrangers, and come here by chance,
We'll not be nice; take hands;—we will not dance.
*King.* Why take you hands then!
*Roſ.* Only to part friends;
Court'ſy, ſweet hearts, and ſo the meaſure ends.
*King.* More meaſure of this meaſure; be not nice.
*Roſ.* We can afford no more at ſuch a price.
*King.* Prize yourſelves then; what buys your company?
*Roſ.* Your abſence only.
*King.* That can never be.
*Roſ.* Then cannot we be bought; and ſo adieu;
Twice to your viſor, and half once to you.
*King.* If you deny to dance, let's hold more chat.
*Roſ.* In private then.
*King.* I am beſt pleas'd with that.

*Biron.* White-handed miſtreſs, one ſweet word with thee.

*Prin.* Honey, and milk, and ſugar, there is three.

*Biron.* Nay then, two treys; and if you grow ſo nice, Methegline, wort, and malmſey;——well run, dice: There's half a dozen ſweets.

*Prin.* Seventh ſweet, adieu; Since you can cog, I'll play no more with you.

*Biron.* One word in ſecret.

*Prin.* Let it not be ſweet.

*Biron.* Thou griev'ſt my gall.

*Prin.* Gall? bitter——

*Biron.* Therefore meet.

*Dum.* Will you vouchſafe with me to change a word?

*Mar.* Name it.

*Dum.* Fair Lady,——

*Mar.* Say you ſo? fair Lord: Take that for your fair Lady.

*Dum.* Pleaſe it you; As much in private, and I'll bid adieu.

*Cath.* What, was your viſor made without a tongue?

*Long.* I know the reaſon, Lady, why you aſk.

*Cath.* O, for your reaſon! quickly, Sir; I long.

*Long.* You have a double tongue within your maſk, And would afford my ſpeechleſs vizor half.

*Cath.* Veal, quoth the Dutch-man; is not veal a calf?

*Long.* A calf, fair Lady?

*Cath.* No, a fair Lord calf.

*Long.* Let's part the word.

*Cath.* No, I'll not be your half; Take all, and wean it; it may prove an ox.

*Long.* Look, how you butt yourſelf in theſe ſharp mocks! Will you give horns, chaſte Lady? do not ſo.

*Cath.* Then die a calf, before your horns do grow.

*Long.* One word in private with you, ere I die.

*Cath.* Bleat ſoftly then, the butcher hears you cry.

*Boyet.* The tongues of mocking wenches are as keen As is the razor's edge, invincible, Cutting a ſmaller hair than may be ſeen: Above the ſenſe of ſenſible, ſo ſenſible

Seemeth

Seemeth their conference, their conceits have wings;
Fleeter than arrows, bullets, wind, thought, ſwifter things.

*Roſ.* Not one word more, my maids; break off, break off.

*Biron.* By heaven, all dry-beaten with pure ſcoff.——

*King.* Farewell, mad wenches; you have ſimple wits.

[*Exeunt King and Lords.*

## SCENE VI.

*Prin.* Twenty adieus, my frozen Muſcovites.
Are theſe the breed of wits ſo wonder'd at?

*Boyet.* Tapers they are with your ſweet breaths puff'd out.

*Roſ.* Well-liking wits they have; groſs, groſs; fat, fat.

*Prin.* O poverty in wit, kingly poor flout!
Will they not (think you) hang themſelves to-night?
Or ever, but in vizors, ſhew their faces!
This pert Biron was out of count'nance quite.

*Roſ.* O! they were all in lamentable caſes.
The King was weeping-ripe for a good word.

*Prin.* Biron did ſwear himſelf out of all ſuit.

*Mar.* Dumain was at my ſervice, and his ſword:
No, *point*, quoth I; my ſervant ſtraight was mute.

*Cath.* Lord Longaville ſaid I came o'er his heart,
And trow you what he call'd me?

*Prin.* Qualm, perhaps.

*Cath.* Yes, in good faith.

*Prin.* Go, ſickneſs as thou art!

*Roſ.* Well, better wits have worn plain ſtatute-caps.
But will you hear? the King is my love ſworn.

*Prin.* And quick Biron hath plighted faith to me.

*Cath.* And Longaville was for my ſervice born.

*Mar.* Dumain is mine, as ſure as bark on tree.

*Boyet.* Madam, and pretty miſtreſſes, give ear;
Immediately they will again be here
In their own ſhapes; for it can never be
They will digeſt this harſh indignity.

*Prin.* Will they return?
*Boyet.* They will, they will, God knows;
And leap for joy, though they are lame with blows:
Therefore change favours; and, when they repair,
Blow like ſweet roſes in this ſummer-air.
*Prin.* How, blow? how, blow? ſpeak to be underſtood.
*Boyet.* "Fair ladies maſk'd, are roſes in the bud,
"Or angels veil'd in clouds: are roſes blown,
"Diſmaſk'd, their damaſk ſweet commixture ſhewn."
*Prin.* Avaunt, perplexity! what ſhall we do
If they return in their own ſhapes to woo?
*Roſ.* Good Madam, if by me you'll be adviſ'd,
Let's mock them ſtill, as well known, as diſguiſ'd;
Let us complain to them what fools were here,
Diſguiſ'd, like Muſcovites, in ſhapeleſs * gear;
And wonder what they were, and to what end
Their ſhallow ſhows, and prologue vilely penn'd,
And their rough carriage ſo ridiculous,
Should be preſented at our tent to us.
*Boyet.* Ladies, withdraw, the gallants are at hand.
*Prin.* Whip to our tents, as roes run o'er the land.
[*Exeunt.*

## SCENE VII. *Before the Princeſs's pavilion.*

*Enter the King, Biron, Longaville, and Dumain, in their own habits; Boyet meeting them.*

*King.* Fair Sir, God ſave you! Where's the Princeſs?
*Boyet.* Gone to her tent.
Pleaſe it your Majeſty, command me any ſervice to her?
*King.* That ſhe vouchſafe me audience for one word.
*Boyet.* I will; and ſo will ſhe, I know, my Lord [*Exit.*
*Biron.* This fellow pick up wit, as pigeons peaſe;
And utters it again, when Jove doth pleaſe;
He is wit's pedlar, and retails his wares
At wakes and waſſals, meetings, markets, fairs:
And we that ſell by groſs, the Lord doth know,
Have not the grace to grace it with ſuch ſhow.

This

* Uncouth.

This gallant pins the wenches on his ſleeve;
Had he been Adam, he had tempted Eve.
He can carve too, and liſp: why, this is he
That kiſs'd away his hand in courteſy;
This is the ape of form, Monſieur the nice,
That, when he plays at tables, chides the dice
In honourable terms: nay, he can ſing
A mean moſt mainly; and, in uſhering,
Mend him who can; the ladies call him ſweet;
The ſtairs, as he treads on them, kiſs his feet.
This is the flower that ſmiles on every one,
To ſhew his teeth as white as whale's bone.——
And conſciences that will not die in debt,
Pay him the due of honey-tongu'd Boyet.

*King.* A bliſter on his ſweet tongue with my heart.
That put Armado's page out of his part!

## SCENE VIII.

*Enter the Princeſs, Roſaline, Maria, Catharine, Boyet, and attendants* *.

*King.* We come to viſit you, and purpoſe now
To lead you to our court; vouchſafe it then.

*Prin.* This field ſhall hold me, and ſo hold your vow:
Nor God, nor I, delight in perjur'd men.

*King.* Rebuke me not for that which you provoke;
The virtue of your eye muſt break my oath.

*Prin.* You nick-name virtue; vice you ſhould have ſpoke.
For virtue's office never breaks mens' troth.
Now, by my maiden honour, yet as pure
As the unſully'd lily, I proteſt,
A world of torments though I ſhould endure,



* ——— *attendants.*
*Biron.* See, where it comes; behaviour, what wert thou,
Till this man ſhew'd thee? and what art thou now?
*King.* All hail, ſweet Madam, and fair time of day!
*Prin.* Fair in all hail is foul, as I conceive.
*King.* Conſtrue my ſpeeches better, if you may.
*Prin.* Then wiſh me better, I will give you leave.
*King.* We come, &c.

I would not yield to be your houſe's gueſt:
So much I hate a breaking cauſe to be
Of heav'nly oaths, vow'd with integrity.
*King.* O, you have liv'd in deſolation here,
Unſeen, unviſited, much to our ſhame.
*Prin.* Not ſo, my Lord; it is not ſo, I ſwear;
We have had paſtimes here, and pleaſant game.
A meſs of Ruſſians left us but of late.
*King.* How, Madam? Ruſſians?
*Prin.* Ay, in truth, my Lord;
Trim gallants, full of courtſhip, and of ſtate.
*Roſ.* Madam, ſpeak true. It is not ſo, my Lord:
My Lady (to the manner of the days)
In courteſy gives undeſerving praiſe.
We four indeed, confronted were with four
In Ruſſian habit: here they ſtaid an hour,
And talk'd apace; and in that hour, my Lord,
They did not bleſs us with one happy word.
I dare not call them fools; but this I think,
When they are thirſty, fools would fain have drink.
*Biron.* This jeſt is dry to me. Fair, gentle, ſweet,
Your wit makes wiſe things fooliſh; when we greet
With eyes beſt ſeeing heaven's fiery eye,
By light we loſe light; your capacity
Is of that nature, as to your huge ſtore
Wiſe things ſeem fooliſh, and rich things but poor.
*Roſ.* This proves you wiſe and rich; for in my eye—
*Biron.* I am a fool, and full of poverty.
*Roſ.* But that you take what doth to you belong,
It were a fault to ſnatch words from my tongue.
*Biron.* O, I am yours, and all that I poſſeſs.
*Roſ.* All the fool mine?
*Biron.* I cannot give you leſs.
*Roſ.* Which of the vizors was it that you wore?
*Biron.* Where? when? what vizor? why demand you this?
*Roſ.* There, then, that vizor, that ſuperfluous caſe,
That hid the worſe, and ſhew'd the better face.
*King.* We are deſcried: they'll mock us now downright.
*Dum.* Let us confeſs, and turn it to a jeſt.
*Frin.* Amaz'd, my Lord? why looks your Highneſs ſad?

*Roſ.*

*Roſ.* Help, hold his brows, he'll ſoon: why look you pale?
Sea-ſick, I think, coming from Muſcovy.
*Biron.* Thus pour the ſtars down plagues for perjury.
Can any face of braſs hold longer out?
Here ſtand I, Lady, dart thy ſkill at me;
Bruiſe me with ſcorn, confound me with a flout,
Thruſt thy ſharp wit quite through my ignorance;
Cut me to pieces with thy keen conceit;
And I will wiſh thee never more to dance,
Nor never more in Ruſſian habit wait.
O! never will I truſt to ſpeeches penn'd,
Nor to the motion of a ſchool-boy's tongue;
Nor never come in vizor to my friend,
Nor woo in rhyme, like a blind harper's ſong.
Taffata-phraſes, ſilken terms preciſe,
Three pil'd hyperboles, ſpruce affectation,
Figures pedantical, theſe ſummer-flies,
Have blown me full of maggot oſtentation:
I do forſwear them; and I here proteſt,
By this white glove, (how white the hand, God knows!
Henceforth my wooing mind ſhall be expreſs'd
In ruſſet *Yeas*, and honeſt kerſy *Noes:*
And to begin, wench, (ſo God help me, law!)
My love to thee is ſound, *ſans* crack or flaw.
*Roſ. Sans, ſans*, I pray you.
*Biron.* Yet I have a trick
Of the old rage: bear with me, I am ſick.
I'll leave it by degrees: ſoft, let us ſee;
Write, *Lord have mercy on us.* on thoſe three;
They are infected, in their hearts it lies;
They have the plague, and caught it of your eyes:
Theſe Lords are viſited, you are not free;
For the Lords tokens on you both I ſee.
*Prin.* No, they are free that gave theſe tokens to us.
*Biron.* Our ſtates are forfeit, ſeek not to undo us.
*Roſ.* It is not ſo; for how can this be true,
That you ſtand forfeit, being thoſe that ſue?
*Biron.* Peace, for I will not have to do with you.
*Roſ.* Nor ſhall not, if I do as I intend.
*Biron.* Speak for yourſelves, my wit is at an end.

*King.*

*King.* Teach us, ſweet Madam, for our rude tranſgreſ-
Some fair excuſe. [ſion
*Prin.* The faireſt is confeſſion.
Were you not here, but even now, diſguis'd?
*King.* Madam, I was.
*Prin.* And were you well adviſ'd?
*King.* I was, fair madam.
*Prin.* When you then were here,
What did you whiſper in your lady's ear?
*King.* That more than all the world I did reſpect her.
*Prin.* When ſhe ſhall challenge this, you will reject her.
*King.* Upon mine honour, no.
*Prin.* Peace, peace, forbear:
Your oath once broke, you force not to forſwear.
*King.* Deſpiſe me when I break this oath of mine.
*Prin.* I will, and therefore keep it, Roſaline,
What did the Ruſſian whiſper in your ear?
*Roſ.* Madam, he ſwore that he did hold me dear
As precious eye-ſight; and did value me
Above this world; adding thereto, moreover,
That he would wed me, or elſe die my lover.
*Prin.* God give thee joy of him! the Noble Lord
Moſt honourably doth uphold his word.
*King.* What mean you, Madam? by my life, my troth,
I never ſwore this lady ſuch an oath.
*Roſ.* By Heav'n, you did; and to confirm it plain,
You gave me this: but take it, Sir, again.
*King* My faith, and this, to th' Princeſs I did give;
I knew her by this jewel on her ſleeve.
*Prin.* Pardon me, Sir, this jewel did ſhe wear:
And Lord Biron, I thank him, is my dear.
What? will you have me; or your pearl again?
*Biron.* Neither of either: I remit both twain.
I ſee the trick on't; here was a conſent,
(Knowing aforehand of our merriment,)
To daſh it, like a Chriſtmas comedy.
Some carry-tale, ſome pleaſe-man, ſome ſlight zany,
Some mumble-news, ſome trencher-knight, ſome Dick,
That ſmiles his cheek in years, and knows the trick
To make my Lady laugh, when ſhe's diſpos'd,
Told our intents before; which once diſclos'd,
The ladies did change favours, and then we,

Following

Following the ſigns, woo'd but the ſign of ſhe:
Now to our perjury to add more terror,
We are again forſworn; in will, and error.
Much upon this it is.—And might not you [*To Boyet.*
Foreſtal our ſport, to make us thus untrue?
Do not you know my Lady's foot by th' ſquire,
And laugh upon the apple of her eye,
And ſtand between her back, Sir, and the fire,
Holding a trencher, jeſting merrily?
You put our page out: go, you are allow'd:
Die when you will, a ſmock ſhall be your ſhrowd.
You leer upon me, do you? there's an eye,
Wounds like a leaden ſword.

*Boyet.* Full merrily
Hath this brave manage, this career, been run.

*Biron.* Lo, he is tilting ſtrait. Peace, I have done.

*Enter Coſtard.*

Welcome, pure wit, thou parteſt a fair fray.

*Coſt.* O Lord, Sir, they would know
Whether the three worthies ſhall come in, or no.

*Biron.* What, are there but three?

*Coſt.* No, Sir, but it is vera fine;
For every one purſents three.

*Biron.* And three times three is nine?

*Coſt.* Not ſo, Sir, under correction, Sir; I hope it is not ſo.
You cannot beg us, Sir; I can aſſure you, Sir, we know what we know: I hope three times thrice, Sir—

*Biron.* Is not nine?

*Coſt.* Under correction, Sir, we know whereuntil it doth amount.

*Biron.* By Jove, I always took three threes for nine.

*Coſt.* O Lord, Sir, it were pity you ſhould get your living by reckoning, Sir.

*Biron.* How much is it?

*Coſt.* O Lord, Sir, the parties themſelves, the actors, Sir, will ſhew whereuntil it doth amount; for my own part, I am, as they ſay, but to perfect one man in one poor man, Pompion the Great, Sir.

*Biron.* Art thou one of the worthies?

*Coſt.*

*Coſt.* It pleaſed them to think me worthy of Pompion the Great: for mine own part, I know not the degree of the worthy; but I am to ſtand for him.

*Biron.* Go bid them prepare.

*Coſt.* We will turn it finely off, Sir, we will take ſome care.

*King.* Biron, they will ſhame us; let them not approach. [*Exit Coſt.*

*Biron.* We are ſhame-proof, my Lord; and 'tis ſome policy
To have one ſhow worſe than the King's and his company.

*King.* I ſay, they ſhall not come.

*Prin.* Nay, my good Lord, let me o'er-rule you now;
That ſport beſt pleaſes, that doth leaſt know how.
Where zeal ſtrives to content, and the contents
Die in the zeal of that which it preſents;
Their form, confounded, makes moſt form in mirth;
When great things, labouring, periſh in their birth.

*Biron.* A right deſcription of our ſport, my Lord.

## SCENE IX. *Enter Armado.*

*Arm.* Anointed, I implore ſo much expence of thy Royal ſweet breath, as will utter a brace of words.

*Prin.* Doth this man ſerve God?

*Biron.* Why aſk you?

*Prin.* He ſpeaks not like a man of God's making.

*Arm.* That's all one, my fair, ſweet, honey monarch; for, I proteſt, the ſchoolmaſter is exceeding fantaſtical; too, too vain; too, too vain: but we will put it, as they ſay, to *fortuna de la guerra.* I wiſh you the peace of mind, moſt Royal couplement.

*King.* Here is like to be a good preſence of worthies: He preſents Hector of Troy; the ſwain, Pompey the Great; the pariſh-curate, Alexander; Armado's page, Hercules; the pedant, Judas Machabeus.
And if theſe four worthies in their firſt ſhow thrive,
Theſe four will change habits, and preſent the other five.

*Biron.* There are five in the firſt ſhow.

*King.* You are deceiv'd, 'tis not ſo.

*Biron.* The pedant, the braggart, the hedge-prieſt, the fool, and the boy.

A bare throw at *novum*, and the whole world again
Cannot prick out five ſuch, take each one in's vein.

*King.* The ſhip is under ſail, and here ſhe comes amain.

*Enter Coſtard for Pompey.*

*Coſt.* I Pompey am———

*Boyet.* You lie, you are not he.

*Coſt. I Pompey am*———

*Boyet.* With Libbard's head on knee.

*Biron.* Well ſaid, old mocker: I muſt needs be friends with thee.

*Coſt. I Pompey am, Pompey ſurnam'd the Big.*

*Dum.* The Great.

*Coſt.* It is Great, Sir; *Pompey, ſurnam'd the Great;*
*That oft in field, with targe and ſhield,*
*Did make my foe to ſweat:*
*And travelling along this coaſt, I here am come by chance;*
*And lay my arms before the legs of this ſweet laſs of France.*
If your Ladyſhip would ſay, "Thanks,—Pompey, I had done.

*Prin.* Great thanks, Great Pompey.

*Coſt.* 'Tis not ſo much worth; but I hope was perfect. I made a little fault in *great.*

*Biron.* My hat to a halfpenny, Pompey proves the beſt worthy.

*Enter Nathaniel for Alexander.*

*Nath. When in the world I liv'd, I was the world's commander;*
*By eaſt, weſt, north, and ſouth, I ſpread my conquering might:*
*My 'ſcutcheon plain declares, that I am Aliſander.*

*Boyet.* Your noſe ſays, no, you are not; for it ſtands too right.

*Biron.* Your noſe ſmells, no, in this, moſt tender-ſmelling knight.

*Prin.* The conqueror is diſmaid: proceed, good Alexander.

*Nath. When in the world I liv'd, I was the world's commander.*

*Boyet.* Moſt true, 'tis right; you were ſo, Aliſander.

*Biron.* Pompey the Great,———

*Coſt.* Your ſervant, and Coſtard.

*Biron.* Take away the conqueror, take away Aliſander.

*Coſt.* O Sir, you have overthrown Aliſander the conqueror. [*To Nath.*] You will be ſcraped out of the painted cloth for this; your lion, that holds the poll-ax ſitting on a cloſe-ſtool, will be given to A-jax *; he will be then the ninth worthy. A conqueror, and afraid to ſpeak? run away for ſhame, Aliſander. There, an't ſhall pleaſe you; a fooliſh mild man; an honeſt man, look you, and ſoon daſh'd. He is a marvellous good neighbour, inſooth, and a very good bowler; but for Aliſander, alas, you ſee, how 'tis a little o'erparted: but there are worthies a-coming will ſpeak their mind in ſome other ſort.

*Biron.* Stand aſide, good Pompey.

*Enter Holofernes for Judas, and Moth for Hercules.*

*Hol.* Great Hercules is preſented by this imp,
Whoſe club kill'd Cerberus, that three-headed *canis;*
And when he was a babe, a child, a ſhrimp,
Thus did he ſtrangle ſerpents in his *manus*
*Quoniam* he ſeemeth in minority,
*Ergo* I come with this apology.———
Keep ſome ſtate in thy *Exit* and vaniſh. [*Exit Moth.*
*Judas I am.*

*Dum.* A Judas!

*Hol.* Not Iſcariot, Sir;
*Judas I am, ycleped Machabeus.*

*Dum.* Judas Machabeus clipt, is plain Judas.

*Biron.* A kiſſing traitor. How art thou prov'd Judas?

*Hol. Judas I am.*

*Dum.* The more ſhame for you, Judas.

*Hol.* What mean you, Sir?

*Boyet.* To make Judas hang himſelf.

*Hol.* Begin, Sir, you are my elder.

*Biron.*

* A ridicule upon the arms given to Alexander in the hiſtory of the nine worthies; and it ends in a wretched quibble upon the words *Ajax and A-jakes.*

*Biron.* Well follow'd; Judas was hang'd on an elder.
*Hol.* I will not be put out of countenance.
*Biron.* Becauſe thou haſt no face.
*Hol.* What is this?
*Boyet.* A cittern head.
*Dum.* The head of a bodkin.
*Biron.* A death's face in a ring.
*Long.* The face of an old Roman coin, ſcarce ſeen.
*Boyet.* The pummel of Cæſar's faulchion.
*Dum.* The carv'd bone face on a flaſk.
*Biron.* St. George's half-cheek in a brooch.
*Dum.* Ay, and in a brooch of lead.
*Biron.* Ay, and worn in the cap of a tooth-drawer;
And now, forward; for we have put thee in countenance.
*Hol.* You have put me out of countenance.
*Biron.* Falſe; we have given thee faces.
*Hol.* But you have out-fac'd them all.
*Biron.* An thou wert a lion, we would do ſo.
*Boyet.* Therefore as he is an aſs, let him go.
And ſo adieu, ſweet *Jude;* nay, why doſt thou ſtay?
*Dum.* For the latter end of his name.
*Biron.* For the *aſs* to the *Jude*; give it him. *Jud-as*, away.
*Hol.* This is not generous, not gentle, not humble.
*Boyet.* A light for Monſieur Judas; it grows dark, he may ſtumble.
*Prin.* Alas! poor Machabeus, how he hath been baited!

*Enter Armado.*

*Biron.* Hide thy head, Achilles, here comes Hector in arms.
*Dum.* Tho' my mocks come home by me, I will now be merry.
*King.* Hector was but a Trojan in reſpect of this.
*Boyet.* But is this Hector?
*King.* I think, Hector was not ſo clean-timber'd.
*Long.* His leg is too big for Hector.
*Dum.* More calf, certain.
*Boyet.* No; he is beſt endu'd in the ſmall.

*Biron.* This can't be Hector.

*Dum.* He's a God or a painter, for he makes faces.

*Arm.* *The armipotent Mars, of launces the almighty,*
*Gave Hector a gift,*———

*Dum.* A gilt nutmeg.

*Biron.* A lemon.

*Long.* Stuck with cloves.

*Dum.* No, cloven.

*Arm.* *The armipotent Mars, of launces the almighty,*
*Gave Hector a gift, the heir of Ilion;*
*A man so breath'd, that certain he would fight ye*
*From morn till night, out of his pavilion.*
*I am that flower.*

*Dum.* That mint.

*Long.* That columbine.

*Arm.* Sweet Lord Longaville, rein thy tongue.

*Long.* I must rather give it the rein; for it runs against Hector.

*Dum.* Ay, and Hector's a grey-hound.

*Arm.* The sweet war-man is dead and rotten;
Sweet chucks, beat not the bones of the bury'd:
But I will forward with my device;
Sweet Royalty, bestow on me the sense of hearing.

*Prin.* Speak, brave Hector; we are much delighted.

*Arm.* I do adore thy sweet Grace's slipper.

*Boyet.* Loves her by the foot.

*Dum.* He may not by the yard.

*Arm.* *This Hector far surmounted Hannibal.*

*Cost.* The party is gone, fellow Hector, she is gone; she is two months on her way.

*Arm.* What mean'st thou?

*Cost.* Faith, unless you play the honest Trojan, the poor wench is cast away; she's quick, the child brags in her belly already. 'Tis yours.

*Arm.* Dost thou infamonize me among potentates? Thou shalt die.

*Cost.* Then shall Hector be whipt for Jaquenetta, that is quick by him; and hang'd for Pompey, that is dead by him.

*Dum.* Most rare Pompey!

*Boyet.* Renowned Pompey!

*Biron.*

*Biron.* Greater than great, great, great, great Pompey! Pompey the huge!

*Dum.* Hector trembles.

*Biron.* Pompey is mov'd; more *Atès*, more *Atès*: ſtir them on, ſtir them on.

*Dum.* Hector will challenge him.

*Biron.* Ay, if he have no more man's blood in's belly than will ſup a flea.

*Arm.* By the north pole, I do challenge thee.

*Coſt.* I will not fight with a pole, like a northern man: I'll ſlaſh; I'll do't by the ſword: I pray you, let me borrow my arms again.

*Dum.* Room for the incenſed worthies.

*Coſt.* I'll do it in my ſhirt.

*Dum.* Moſt reſolute Pompey!

*Moth.* Maſter, let me take you a button-hole lower. Do ye not ſee, Pompey is uncaſing for the combat? What mean you? you will loſe your reputation.

*Arm.* Gentlemen, and ſoldiers, pardon me; I will not combat in my ſhirt.

*Dum.* You may not deny it, Pompey hath made the challenge.

*Arm.* Sweet bloods, I both may and will.

*Biron.* What reaſon have you for't?

*Arm.* The naked truth of it is, I have no ſhirt; I go woolward for penance.

*Boyet.* "True, and it was injoin'd him in Rome for "want of linen; ſince when, I'll be ſworn, he wore none "but a diſh-clout of Jaquenetta's, and that he wears next "his heart for a favour."

## SCENE X. *Enter Macard.*

*Mac.* God ſave you, Madam!

*Prin.* Welcome, Macard, but that thou interrupteſt our merriment.

*Mac.* I'm ſorry, Madam, for the news I bring
Is heavy in my tongue. The King your father——

*Prin.* Dead! for my life.

*Mac.* Even ſo, my tale is told.

*Biron.* Worthies, away; the ſcene begins to cloud.

*Arm.* For my own part, I breathe free breath; I have ſeen the day of right through the little hole of diſcretion, and I will right myſelf like a ſoldier.

[*Exeunt worthies.*

*King.* How fares your Majeſty?

*Prin.* Boyet, prepare; I will away to-night.

*King.* Madam, not ſo; I do beſeech you, ſtay.

*Prin.* Prepare, I ſay.—I thank you, gracious Lords,
For all your fair endeavours; and intreat,
Out of a new-ſad ſoul, that you vouchſafe
In your rich wiſdom to excuſe, or hide,
The liberal oppoſition of our ſpirits;
If over-boldly we have borne ourſelves
In the converſe of breath, your gentleneſs
Was guilty of it. Farewell, worthy Lord;
An heavy heart bears not a nimble tongue:
Excuſe me ſo, coming ſo ſhort of thanks,
For my great ſuit ſo eaſily obtain'd.

*King.* The extreme part of time extremely forms
All cauſes to the purpoſe of his ſpeed;
And often, at his very looſe, decides
That which long proceſs could not arbitrate.
And though the mourning brow of progeny
Forbid the ſmiling courteſy of love,
The holy ſuit which fain it would convince;
Yet ſince love's argument was firſt on foot,
Let not the cloud of ſorrow juſtle it
From what it purpos'd: ſince, to wail friends loſt,
Is not by much ſo wholeſome, profitable,
As to rejoice at friends but newly found.

*Prin.* I underſtand you not, my griefs are double.

*Biron.* Honeſt plain words beſt pierce the ear of grief;
And by theſe badges underſtand the King,
For your fair ſakes have we neglected time,
Play'd foul play with our oaths: your beauty, Ladies,
Hath much deform'd us, faſhioning our humours
Even to th' oppoſed end of our intents;
And what in us hath ſeem'd ridiculous,
As love is full of unbefitting ſtrains,
All wanton as a child, ſkipping in vain,
Form'd by the eye, and therefore like the eye,
Full of ſtraying ſhapes, of habits, and of forms,

Varying

Varying in ſubjects as the eye doth roll,
To every varied object in his glance;
Which party-coated preſence of looſe love
Put on by us, if, in your heav'nly eyes,
Have miſbecom'd our oaths and gravities;
Thoſe heav'nly eyes, that look into theſe faults,
Suggeſted us to make them: therefore, Ladies,
Our love being yours, the error that love makes
Is likewiſe yours. We to ourſelves prove falſe,
By being once falſe, for ever to be true
To thoſe that make us both; fair Ladies, you:
And even that falſehood, in itſelf a ſin,
Thus purifies itſelf, and turns to grace.

*Prin.* We have receiv'd your letters, full of love;
Your favours, the ambaſſadors of love:
And in our maiden council rated them
At courtſhip, pleaſant jeſt, and courteſy;
As bombaſt, and as lining to the time:
But more devout than this, (ſave our reſpects,)
Have we not been; and therefore met your loves
In their own faſhion, like a merriment.

*Dum.* Our letters, Madam, ſhew'd much more than jeſt.

*Long.* So did our looks.

*Roſ.* We did not quote them ſo.

*King.* Now at the lateſt minute of the hour,
Grant us your loves.

*Prin.* A time, methinks, too ſhort,
To make a world without-end bargain in;
No, no, my Lord, your Grace is perjur'd much,
Full of dear guiltineſs; and therefore, this——
If for my love (as there is no ſuch cauſe)
You will do aught, this ſhall you do for me;
Your oath I will not truſt; but go with ſpeed
To ſome forlorn and naked hermitage,
Remote from all the pleaſures of the world;
There ſtay, until the twelve celeſtial ſigns
Have brought about their annual reckoning.
If this auſtere inſociable life
Change not your offer made in heat of blood;
If froſts, and faſts, hard lodging, and thin weeds
Nip not the gaudy bloſſoms of your love,

But

But that it bear this trial, and laſt love;
Then, at the expiration of the year,
Come challenge me; challenge me, by theſe deſerts;
And by this virgin palm, now kiſſing thine,
I will be thine; and till that inſtant ſhut
My woeful ſelf up in a mourning houſe,
Raining the tears of lamentation,
For the remembrance of my father's death.
If this thou do deny, let our hands part;
Neither intitled in the other's heart.

*King.* If this, or more than this, I would deny,
To fetter up theſe powers of mine with reſt;
The ſudden hand of death cloſe up mine eye!
Hence, ever then, my heart is in thy breaſt.

[* *Biron.* And what to me, my love? and what to me?

*Roſ.* You muſt be purged too, your ſins are rank,
You are attaint with fault and perjury;
Therefore if you my favour mean to get,
A twelvemonth ſhall you ſpend, and never reſt,
But ſeek the weary beds of people ſick.]

*Dum.* But what to me, my love? but what to me?

*Cath.* A wife!—a beard, fair health and honeſty;
With three-fold love I wiſh you all theſe three.

*Dum.* O, ſhall I ſay, I thank you, gentle wife?

*Cath.* Not ſo, my Lord, a twelvemonth and a day,
I'll mark no words that ſmooth fac'd lovers ſay.
Come, when the King doth to my Lady come;
Then if I have much love, I'll give you ſome.

*Dum.* I'll ſerve thee true and faithfully till then.

*Cath.* Yet ſwear not, leſt ye be forſworn again.

*Long.* What ſays Maria?

*Mar.* At the twelvemonth's end.
I'll change my black gown for a faithful friend.

*Long.* I'll ſtay with patience; but the time is long.

*Mar.* The liker you; few taller are ſo young.

*Biron.* Studies my Lady? Miſtreſs, look on me,
Behold the window of my heart the eye,
What humble ſuit attends thy anſwer there;

Impoſe

* Theſe ſix lines are miſplaced, and ought to be expunged, as being the author's firſt draught only, of what he afterwards improved and made more perfect. Mr. Warburton.

Impoſe ſome ſervice on me for my love.

*Roſ.* Oft have I heard of you, my Lord Biron,
Before I ſaw you; and the world's large tongue
Proclaims you for a man replete with mocks;
Full of compariſons and wounding flouts;
Which you on all eſtates will execute,
That lie within the mercy of your wit:
To weed this wormwood from your fruitful brain,
And therewithal to win me, if you pleaſe,
(Without the which I am not to be won;)
You ſhall this twelvemonth term from day to day
Viſit the ſpeechleſs ſick, and ſtill converſe
With groaning wretches; and your taſk ſhall be,
With all the fierce endeavour of your wit,
T' enforce the pained impotent to ſmile.

*Biron.* To move wild laughter in the throat of death?
It cannot be, it is impoſſible;
Mirth cannot move a ſoul in agony.

*Roſ.* Why, that's the way to choak a gibing ſpirit,
Whoſe influence is begot of that looſe grace,
Which ſhallow laughing hearers give to fools:
A jeſt's proſperity lies in the ear
Of him that hears it, never in the tongue
Of him that makes it: then, if ſickly ears,
Deaf'd with the clamours of their own dear groans,
Will hear your idle ſcorns; continue then,
And I will have you, and that fault withal:
But if they will not, throw away that ſpirit;
And I ſhall find you empty of that fault,
Right joyful of your reformation.

*Biron.* A twelvemonth? well; befal, what will befal,
I'll jeſt a twelvemonth in an hoſpital.

*Prin.* Ay, ſweet my Lord, and ſo I take my leave.
[*To the King.*

*King.* No, Madam; we will bring you on your way.

*Biron.* Our wooing doth not end like an old play;
Jack hath not Jill; theſe ladies' courteſy
Might well have made our ſport a comedy.

*King.* Come, Sir, it wants a twelvemonth and a day,
And then, 'twill end.

*Biron.* That's too long for a play.

*Enter*

*Enter Armado.*

*Arm.* Sweet Majeſty, vouchſafe me———

*Prin.* Was not that Hector?

*Dum.* That worthy knight of Troy.

*Arm.* I will kiſs thy royal finger, and take leave. I am a votary: I have vow'd to Jaquenetta to hold the plough for her ſweet love three years. But, moſt-eſteem'd Greatneſs, will you hear the dialogue that the two learned men have compiled, in praiſe of the owl and the cuckow? it ſhould have follow'd in the end of our ſhow.

*King.* Call them forth quickly, we will do ſo.

*Arm.* Holla! approach.———

*Enter all, for the ſong.*

This ſide is *Hiems*, winter.
This *Ver*, the ſpring: The one maintain'd by the owl,
The other by the cuckow.
*Ver*, begin.

## *THE SONG.*

### SPRING.

*When daiſies pied, and violets blue,*
*And lady-ſmocks all ſilver-white,*
*And cuckow-buds of yellow hue,*
*Do paint the meadows much-bedight;*
*The cuckow then on every tree*
*Mocks married men; for thus ſings he,*
*Cuckow!*
*Cuckow! cuckow! O word of fear,*
*Unpleaſing to a married ear!*

*When ſhepherds pipe on oaten ſtraws,*
*And merry larks are ploughmens' clocks:*
*When turtles tread, and rooks and daws;*
*And maidens bleach their ſummer-ſmocks;*
*The cuckow then on every tree*
*Mocks married men; for thus ſings he,*
*Cuckow!*
*Cuckow! cuckow! O word of fear,*
*Unpleaſing to a married ear!*

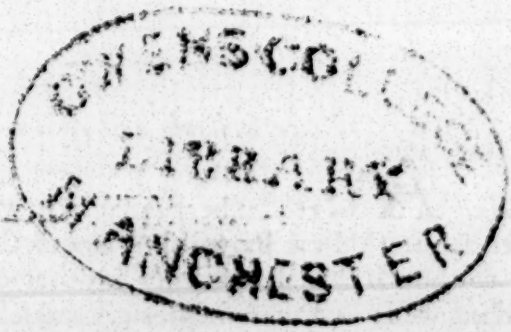
WINTER.

## WINTER.

*When icicles hang by the wall,*
*And Dick the ſhepherd blows his nail;*
*And Tom bears logs into the hall,*
*And milk comes frozen home in pail;*
*When blood is nipt, and ways be foul,*
*Then nightly ſings the ſtaring owl,*
*Tu-whit! to-whoo!*
*A merry note,*
*While greaſy Joan doth keel the pot.*

*When all aloud the wind doth blow,*
*And coughing drowns the parſon's ſaw;*
*And birds ſit brooding in the ſnow,*
*And Marian's noſe looks red and raw;*
*When roaſted crabs hiſs in the bowl,*
*Then nightly ſings the ſtaring owl,*
*Tu-whit! to-whoo!*
*A merry note,*
*While greaſy Joan doth keel the pot.*

*Arm.* The words of Mercury
Are harſh after the ſongs of Apollo:
You, that way; we, this way. [*Exeunt omnes.*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# AS YOU LIKE IT.

## DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

Duke.
Frederick, *brother to the Duke, and uſurper of his dukedom.*
Amiens, Jaques, } *Lords attending upon the Duke in his baniſhment.*
Le Beau, *a courtier attending on Frederick.*
Oliver, *eldeſt ſon to Sir Rowland de Boys, who had formerly been a ſervant to the Duke.*
Jaques, Orlando, } *younger brothers to Oliver.*
Adam, *an old ſervant of Sir Rowland de Boys, now following the fortunes of Orlando.*
Dennis, *ſervant to Oliver.*
Charles, *a wreſtler, and ſervant to the uſurping Duke Frederick.*
Touchſtone, *a clown attending on Celia and Roſalind.*
Corin, Sylvius, } *ſhepherds.*
*A clown in love with Audrey.*
William, *another clown, in love with Audrey.*
Sir Oliver Mar-text, *a country curate.*
Roſalind, *daughter to the Duke.*
Celia, *daughter to Frederick.*
Phebe, *a ſhepherdeſs.*
Audrey, *a country wench.*

*Lords belonging to the two Dukes; with Pages, Foreſters, and other attendants.*

*The SCENE lies, firſt, near Oliver's houſe; and afterwards, partly in the Duke's court, and partly in the foreſt of Arden.*

## ACT I. SCENE I.

*Oliver's orchard.*

*Enter Orlando and Adam.*

*Orla.* AS I remember, Adam, it was upon this my father bequeath'd me by will but a poor thouſand crowns; and, as thou ſay'ſt, charged my brother on his bleſſing to breed me well; and there begins my ſadneſs. My brother Jaques he keeps at ſchool, and report ſpeaks goldenly of his profit; for my part he keeps me ruſtically at home; or, to ſpeak more properly, ſtys me here at home, unkept; for call you that keeping for a gentleman of my birth,

birth, that differs not from the ſtalling of an ox? His horſes are bred better; for beſides that they are fair with their feeding, they are taught their manage, and to that end riders dearly hired: but I, his brother, gain nothing under him but growth; for the which his animals on his dunghills are as much bound to him as I. Beſides this nothing that he ſo plentifully gives me, the ſomething that nature gave me, his diſcountenance ſeems to take from me. He lets me feed with his hinds, bars me the place of a brother, and, as much as in him lies, mines my gentility with my education. This is it, Adam, that grieves me; and the ſpirit of my father, which I think is within me, begins to mutiny againſt this ſervitude. I will no longer endure it, tho' yet I know no wiſe remedy how to avoid it.

## SCENE II. *Enter Oliver.*

*Adam.* Yonder comes my maſter, your brother.

*Orla.* Go apart, Adam, and thou ſhalt hear how he will ſhake me up.

*Oli.* Now, Sir, what make you here?

*Orla.* Nothing: I am not taught to make any thing.

*Oli.* What mar you then, Sir?

*Orla.* Marry, Sir, I am helping you to mar that which God made; a poor unworthy brother of yours, with idleneſs.

*Oli.* Marry, Sir, be better employ'd, and be nought a while.

*Orla.* Shall I keep your hogs, and eat huſks with them? What prodigal's portion have I ſpent, that I ſhould come to ſuch penury?

*Oli.* Know you where you are, Sir?

*Orla.* O, Sir, very well; here in your orchard.

*Oli.* Know you before whom, Sir?

*Orla.* Ay, better than he I am before, knows me. I know, you are my eldeſt brother; and, in the gentle condition of blood, you ſhould ſo know me: the courteſy of nations allows you my better, in that you are the firſt-born; but the ſame tradition takes not away my blood, were there twenty brothers betwixt us. I

have as much of my father in me, as you; albeit I confeſs your coming before me is nearer to his revenue.

*Oli.* What, boy!

*Orla.* Come, come, elder brother, you are too young in this.

*Oli.* Wilt thou lay hands on me, villain!

*Orla.* I am no villain. I am the youngeſt ſon of Sir Rowland de Boys; he was my father, and he is thrice a villain that ſays, ſuch a father begot villains. Wert thou not my brother, I would not take this hand from thy throat, till this other had pull'd out thy tongue for ſaying ſo; thou haſt rail'd on thyſelf.

*Adam.* Sweet maſters, be patient; for your father's remembrance, be at accord.

*Oli.* Let me go, I ſay.

*Orla.* I will not, till I pleaſe; you ſhall hear me. My father charg'd you in his will to give me good education: you have train'd me up like a peaſant, obſcuring and hiding from me all gentleman-like qualities; the ſpirit of my father grows ſtrong in me, and I will no longer endure it: therefore allow me ſuch exerciſes as may become a gentleman; or give me the poor allottery my father left me by teſtament; with that I will go buy my fortunes.

*Oli.* And what wilt thou do? beg, when that is ſpent? well, Sir, get you in. I will not long be troubled with you: you ſhall have ſome part of your will. I pray you, leave me.

*Orla.* I will no further offend you, than becomes me for my good.

*Oli.* Get you with him, you old dog.

*Adam.* Is old dog my reward? moſt true, I have loſt my teeth in your ſervice. God be with my old maſter, he would not have ſpoke ſuch a word.

[*Exeunt Orlando and Adam.*

## SCENE III.

*Oli.* Is it even ſo? begin you to grow upon me? I will phyſic your rankneſs, and yet give no thouſand crowns neither. Holla, Dennis!

*Enter*

*Enter Dennis.*

*Den.* Calls your Worſhip!

*Oli.* Was not Charles, the Duke's wreſtler, here to ſpeak with me?

*Den.* So pleaſe you, he is here at the door, and importunes acceſs to you.

*Oli.* Call on him;—'twill be a good way; and to-morrow the wreſtling is.

*Enter Charles.*

*Cha.* Good morrow to your Worſhip.

*Oli.* Good Monſieur Charles, what's the new news at the new court?

*Cha.* There's no news at the court, Sir, but the old news; that is, the old Duke is baniſh'd by his younger brother the new Duke, and three or four loving Lords have put themſelves into voluntary exile with him; whoſe lands and revenues enrich the new Duke, therefore he gives them good leave to wander.

*Oli.* Can you tell, if Roſalind, the Duke's daughter, be baniſh'd with her father?

*Cha.* O, no; for the new Duke's daughter her couſin ſo loves her, being ever from their cradles bred together, that ſhe would have follow'd her exile, or have died to ſtay behind her. She is at the court, and no-leſs beloved of her uncle than his own daughter; and never two ladies loved as they do.

*Oli.* Where will the old Duke live?

*Cha.* They ſay, he is already in the foreſt of Arden, and a many merry men with him: and there they live like the *old Robin Hood* of England: they ſay, many young gentlemen flock to him every day, and fleet the time careleſsly, as they did in the golden world.

*Oli.* What, you wreſtle to-morrow before the new Duke?

*Cha.* Marry, do I, Sir; and I came to acquaint you with a matter. I am given, Sir, ſecretly to underſtand, that your younger brother Orlando hath a diſpoſition to come in diſguis'd againſt me to try a fall; to-morrow, Sir, I wreſtle for my credit; and he that eſcapes me

without ſome broken limb, ſhall acquit him well. Your brother is but young and tender, and for your love I would be loath to foil him; as I muſt for mine own honour, if he come in; therefore, out of my love to you, I came hither to acquaint you withal, that either you might ſtay him from his intendment, or brook ſuch diſgrace well as he ſhall run into; in that it is a thing of his own ſearch, and altogether againſt my will.

*Oli.* Charles, I thank thee for thy love to me, which thou ſhalt find I will moſt kindly requite. I had myſelf notice of my brother's purpoſe herein, and have by underhand means laboured to diſſuade him from it; but he is reſolute. I tell thee, Charles, he is the ſtubborneſt young fellow of France; full of ambition, an envious emulator of every man's good parts, a ſecret and villanous contriver againſt me his natural brother; therefore uſe thy diſcretion; I had as lief thou didſt break his neck, as his finger. And thou wert beſt look to't; for if thou doſt him any ſlight diſgrace, or if he do not mightily grace himſelf on thee, he will practiſe againſt thee by poiſon; intrap thee by ſome treacherous device; and never leave thee, till he hath ta'en thy life by ſome indirect means or other; for I aſſure thee, (and almoſt with tears I ſpeak it,) there is not one ſo young and ſo villanous this day living. I ſpeak but brotherly of him; but ſhould I anatomize him to thee as he is, I muſt bluſh and weep, and thou muſt look pale, and wonder.

*Cha.* I am heartily glad I came hither to you: if he come to-morrow, I'll give him his payment; if ever he go alone again, I'll never wreſtle for prize more; and ſo God keep your Worſhip. [*Exit.*

*Oli.* Farewell, good Charles. Now will I ſtir this gameſter: I hope I ſhall ſee an end of him; for my ſoul, yet I know not why, hates nothing more than he. Yet he's gentle; never ſchool'd, and yet learned; full of noble device, of all ſorts inchantingly beloved; and indeed ſo much in the heart of the world, and eſpecially of my own people who beſt know him, that I am altogether miſpriſed. But it ſhall not be ſo long; this wreſtler ſhall clear all; nothing remains but that I kindle the boy thither, which now I'll go about. [*Exit.*

SCENE.

## SCENE IV.

*Changes to an open walk before the Duke's palace.*

*Enter Roſalind and Celia.*

*Cel.* I pray thee, Roſalind, ſweet my coz, be merry.

*Roſ.* Dear Celia, I ſhow more mirth than I am miſtreſs of; and would you yet I were merrier? Unleſs you could teach me to forget a baniſh'd father, you muſt not learn me how to remember any extraordinary pleaſure.

*Cel.* Herein I ſee thou lov'ſt me not with the full weight that I love thee. If my uncle, thy baniſhed father, had baniſhed thy uncle the Duke my father, ſo thou hadſt been ſtill with me, I could have taught my love to take thy father for mine; ſo would'ſt thou, if the truth of thy love to me were ſo righteouſly temper'd as mine is to thee.

*Roſ.* Well, I will forget the condition of my eſtate, to rejoice in yours.

*Cel.* You know my father hath no child but I, nor none is like to have; and, truly, when he dies, thou ſhalt be his heir: for what he hath taken away from thy father perforce, I will render thee again in affection; by mine honour I will; and when I break that oath, let me turn monſter: therefore, my ſweet Roſe, my dear Roſe, be merry.

*Roſ.* From henceforth I will, coz, and deviſe ſports. Let me ſee, what think you of falling in love?

*Cel.* Marry, I pr'ythee, do, to make ſport withal: but love no man in good earneſt, nor no further in ſport neither, than with ſafety of a pure bluſh thou may'ſt in honour come off again.

*Roſ.* What ſhall be our ſport then?

*Cel.* Let us ſit, and mock the good houſewife Fortune from her wheel, that her gifts may henceforth be beſtowed equally.

*Roſ.* I would we could do ſo; for her benefits are mightily miſplaced, and the bountiful blind woman doth moſt miſtake in her gifts to women.

*Cel.* 'Tis true; for thoſe that ſhe makes fair, ſhe

ſcarce makes honeſt; and thoſe that ſhe makes honeſt, ſhe makes very ill-favoured.

*Roſ.* Nay, now thou goeſt from Fortune's office to Nature's: Fortune reigns in gifts of the world, not in the lineaments of Nature.

*Enter Touchſtone, a clown.*

*Cel.* No! when Nature hath made a fair creature, may ſhe not by fortune fall into the fire? though Nature hath given us wit to flout at Fortune, hath not Fortune ſent in this fool to cut off this argument?

*Roſ.* Indeed there is fortune too hard for Nature; when Fortune makes Nature's natural the cutter off of Nature's wit.

*Cel.* Peradventure this is not Fortune's work neither, but Nature's; who, perceiving our natural wits too dull to reaſon of ſuch goddeſſes, hath ſent this natural for our whetſtone: for always the dulneſs of the fool is the whetſtone of the wits. How now, Wit, whither wander you?

*Clo.* Miſtreſs, you muſt come away to your father.

*Cel.* Were you made the meſſenger?

*Clo.* No, by mine honour; but I was bid to come for you.

*Roſ.* Where learned you that oath, fool?

*Clo.* "Of a certain Knight, that ſwore by his honour "they were good pancakes, and ſwore by his honour the "muſtard was naught." Now, I'll ſtand to it, the pancakes were naught, and the muſtard was good, and yet was not the Knight forſworn.

*Cel.* How prove you that in the great heap of your knowledge?

*Roſ.* Ay, marry; now unmuzzle your wiſdom.

*Clo.* Stand you both forth now; ſtroke your chins, and ſwear by your beards that I am a knave.

*Cel.* By our beards, if we had them, thou art.

*Clo.* By my knavery, if I had it, then I were; but if you ſwear by that that is not, you are not forſworn: no more was this Knight ſwearing by his honour, for he never had any; or if he had, he had ſworn it away before ever he ſaw thoſe pancakes or that muſtard.

*Cel.* Pr'ythee, who is that thou mean'ſt?

*Clo.*

*Clo.* One that old Frederick your father loves.

*Cel.* My father's love is enough to honour him enough; ſpeak no more of him, you'll be whipp'd for taxation one of theſe days.

*Clo.* The more pity that fools may not ſpeak wiſely what wiſe men do fooliſhly.

*Cel.* By my troth, thou ſay'ſt true; for ſince the little wit that fools have was ſilenc'd, the little foolery that wiſe men have makes a great ſhow. Here comes Monſieur Le Beau.

## SCENE V. *Enter Le Beau.*

*Roſ.* With his mouth full of news.

*Cel.* Which he will put on us, as pigeons feed their young.

*Roſ.* Then ſhall we be news-cramm'd.

*Cel.* All the better, we ſhall be the more marketable. Bon jour, Monſieur Le Beau, what news?

*Le Beau.* Fair Princeſs, you have loſt much good ſport.

*Cel.* Sport; of what colour?

*Le Beau.* What colour, Madam? how ſhall I anſwer you?

*Roſ.* As wit and fortune will.

*Clo.* Or as the deſtinies decree.

*Cel.* Well ſaid; that was laid on with a trowel.

*Clo.* Nay, if I keep not my rank,——

*Roſ.* Thou loſeſt thy old ſmell.

*Le Beau.* You amaze me, Ladies; I would have told you of good wreſtling, which you have loſt the ſight of.

*Roſ.* Yet tell us the manner of the wreſtling.

*Le Beau.* I will tell you the beginning; and, if it pleaſe your Ladyſhips, you may ſee the end, for the beſt is yet to do; and here where you are they are coming to perform it

*Cel.* Well, the beginning that is dead and buried.

*Le Beau.* There comes an old man and his three ſons,——

*Cel.* I could match this beginning with an old tale.

*Le Beau.* Three proper young men, of excellent growth and preſence;——

*Roſ.* With bills on their necks.

*Clo. Be it known unto all men by theſe preſents*——

*Le Beau.*

*Le Beau.* The eldeſt of the three wreſtled with Charles the Duke's wreſtler: which Charles in a moment threw him, and broke three of his ribs, that there is little hope of life in him: ſo he ſerv'd the ſecond, and ſo the third: yonder they lie, the poor old man their father making ſuch pitiful dole over them, that all the beholders take his part with weeping.

*Roſ.* Alas!

*Clo.* But what is the ſport, Monſieur, that the ladies have loſt?

*Le Beau.* Why this that I ſpeak of.

*Clo.* Thus men may grow wiſer every day! It is the firſt time that ever I heard breaking of ribs was ſport for ladies.

*Cel.* Or I, I promiſe thee.

*Roſ.* But is there any elſe longs to ſet this broken muſic in his ſide? is there yet another doats upon rib-breaking? ſhall we ſee this wreſtling, couſin?

*Le Beau.* You muſt, if you ſtay here; for here is the place appointed for the wreſtling; and they are ready to perform it.

*Cel.* Yonder, ſure, they are coming; let us now ſtay and ſee it.

## SCENE VI.

*Flouriſh. Enter Duke Frederick, Lords, Orlando, Charles, and attendants.*

*Duke.* Come on; ſince the youth will not be intreated, his own peril on his forwardneſs.

*Roſ.* Is yonder the man?

*Le Beau.* Even he, Madam.

*Cel.* Alas, he is too young; yet he looks ſucceſsfully.

*Duke.* How now, daughter and couſin; are you crept hither to ſee the wreſtling?

*Cel.* Ay, my Liege, ſo pleaſe you give us leave.

*Duke.* You will take little delight in it, I can tell you, there is ſuch odds in the men. In pity of the challenger's youth, I would fain diſſuade him, but he will not be intreated. Speak to him, Ladies, ſee if you can move him.

*Cel.*

*Cel.* Call him hither, good Monſieur Le Beau.

*Duke.* Do ſo; I'll not be by. [*Duke goes apart.*

*Le Beau.* Monſieur the challenger, the Princeſſes call for you.

*Orla.* I attend them with all reſpect and duty.

*Roſ.* Young man, have you challeng'd Charles the wreſtler?

*Orla.* No, fair Princeſs; he is the general challenger: I come but in, as others do, to try with him the ſtrength of my youth.

*Cel.* Young Gentleman, your ſpirits are too bold for your years: you have ſeen cruel proof of this man's ſtrength. If you ſaw yourſelf with our eyes, or knew yourſelf with our judgment, the fear of your adventure would counſel you to a more equal enterpriſe. We pray you, for your own ſake, to embrace your own ſafety, and give over this attempt.

*Roſ.* Do, young Sir; your reputation ſhall not therefore be miſpriſed: we will make it our ſuit to the Duke, that the wreſtling might not go forward.

*Orla.* I beſeech you, puniſh me not with your hard thoughts, wherein I confeſs me much guilty, to deny ſo fair and excellent ladies any thing. But let your fair eyes and gentle wiſhes go with me to my trial; wherein if I be foil'd, there is but one ſham'd that was never gracious; if kill'd, but one dead that is willing to be ſo. I ſhall do my friends no wrong, for I have none to lament me; the world no injury, for in it I have nothing; only in the world I fill up a place, which may be better ſupplied when I have made it empty.

*Roſ.* The little ſtrength that I have I would it were with you.

*Cel.* And mine to eke out hers.

*Roſ.* Fare you well; pray Heav'n I be deceiv'd in you.

*Orla.* Your heart's deſires be with you!——

*Cha.* Come, where is this young gallant that is ſo deſirous to lie with his mother earth?

*Orla.* Ready, Sir; but his will hath in it a more modeſt working.

*Duke.* You ſhall try but one fall.

*Cha.* No, I warrant your Grace, you ſhall not intreat

treat him to a ſecond, that have ſo mightily perſuaded him from a firſt.

*Orla.* You mean to mock me after; you ſhould not have mock'd me before; but come your ways.

*Roſ.* Now Hercules be thy ſpeed, young man!

*Cel.* I would I were inviſible, to catch the ſtrong fellow by the leg! [*They wreſtle.*

*Roſ.* O excellent young man!

*Cel.* If I had a thunderbolt in mine eye, I can tell who ſhould down. [*Shout.*

*Duke.* No more, no more. [*Charles is thrown.*

*Orla.* Yes, I beſeech your Grace; I am not yet well breathed.

*Duke.* How doſt thou, Charles?

*Le Beau.* He cannot ſpeak, my Lord.

*Duke.* Bear him away. What is thy name, young man?

*Orla.* Orlando, my Liege, the youngeſt ſon of Sir Rowland de Boys.

*Duke.* I would thou hadſt been ſon to ſome man elſe!
The world eſteem'd thy father honourable,
But I did find him ſtill mine enemy:
Thou ſhould'ſt have better pleas'd me with this deed,
Hadſt thou deſcended from another houſe.
But fare thee well, thou art a gallant youth;
I would thou hadſt told me of another father.

[*Exit Duke, with his train.*

## SCENE VII. *Manent Celia, Roſalind, Orlando.*

*Cel.* Were I my father, coz, would I do this?

*Orla.* I am more proud to be Sir Rowland's ſon,
His youngeſt ſon, and would not change that calling
To be adopted heir to Frederick.

*Roſ.* My father lov'd Sir Rowland as his ſoul,
And all the world was of my father's mind:
Had I before known this young man his ſon,
I ſhould have giv'n him tears unto intreaties,
Ere he ſhould thus have ventur'd.

*Cel.* Gentle couſin,
Let us go thank him, and encourage him;
My father's rough and envious diſpoſition
Sticks me at heart. Sir, you have well deſerv'd:

If

If you do keep your promiſes in love,
But juſtly as you have exceeded all in promiſe,
Your miſtreſs ſhall be happy.

*Roſ.* Gentleman,
Wear this for me; one out of ſuits with fortune,
That could give more, but that her hand lacks means.
Shall we go, coz? [*Giving him a chain from her neck.*

*Cel.* Ay, fare you well, fair Gentleman.

*Orla.* Can I not ſay, I thank you?——my better parts
Are all thrown down; and that, which here ſtands up,
Is but a quintain, a mere lifeleſs block.

*Roſ.* He calls us back: my pride fell with my fortunes.
I'll aſk him what he would. Did you call, Sir?
Sir, you have wreſtled well, and overthrown
More than your enemies.

*Cel.* Will you go, coz?

*Roſ.* Have with you: fare you well.
[*Exeunt Roſ. and Cel.*

*Orla.* What paſſion hangs theſe weights upon my tongue?
I cannot ſpeak to her; yet ſhe urg'd conference.

*Enter Le Beau.*

O poor Orlando! thou art overthrown;
Or Charles, or ſomething weaker, maſters thee.

*Le Beau.* Good Sir, I do in friendſhip counſel you
To leave this place. Albeit you have deſerv'd
High commendation, true applauſe, and love;
Yet ſuch is now the Duke's condition,
That he miſconſtrues all that you have done.
The Duke is humorous; what he is indeed,
More ſuits you to conceive, than me to ſpeak of.

*Orla.* I thank you, Sir; and, pray you, tell me this:
Which of the two was daughter of the Duke
That here was at the wreſtling?

*Le Beau.* Neither his daughter, if we judge by manners;
But yet, indeed, the ſhorter is his daughter:
The other's daughter to the baniſh'd Duke,
And here detain'd by her uſurping uncle
To keep his daughter company; whoſe loves

Are

Are dearer than the natural bond of ſiſters.
But I can tell you, that of late this Duke
Hath ta'en diſpleaſure 'gainſt his gentle niece;
Grounded upon no other argument,
But that the people praiſe her for her virtues,
And pity her for her good father's ſake:
And, on my life, his malice 'gainſt the lady
Will ſuddenly break forth. Sir, fare you well;
Hereafter, in a better world than this,
I ſhall deſire more love and knowledge of you. [*Exit.*

*Orla.* I reſt much bounden to you: fare you well!
Thus muſt I from the ſmoak into the ſmother;
From tyrant Duke, unto a tyrant brother:
But, heav'nly Roſalind!—— [*Exit.*

## SCENE VIII.

*Changes to an apartment in the palace.*

*Re-enter Celia and Roſalind.*

*Cel.* Why, couſin; why Roſalind; Cupid have mercy; not a word!

*Roſ.* Not one to throw at a dog.

*Cel.* No, thy words are too precious to be caſt away upon curs, throw ſome of them at me; come, lame me with reaſons.

*Roſ.* Then there were two couſins laid up; when the one ſhould be lam'd with reaſons, and the other mad without any.

*Cel.* But is all this for your father?

*Roſ.* No, ſome of it is for my father's child. Oh, how full of briars is this working-day-world!

*Cel.* They are but burs, couſin, thrown upon thee in holiday foolery; if we walk not in the trodden paths, our very petticoats will catch them.

*Roſ.* I could ſhake them off my coat; theſe burs are in my heart.

*Cel.* Hem them away.

*Roſ.* I would try, if I could cry, Hem, and have him.

*Cel.* Come, come, wreſtle with thy affections.

*Roſ.* O, they take the part of a better wreſtler than myſelf.

*Cel.*

*Cel.* O, a good wiſh upon you! you will try in time, in deſpight of a fall;—but, turning theſe jeſts out of ſervice, let us talk in good earneſt: is it poſſible on ſuch a ſudden you ſhould fall into ſo ſtrong a liking with old Sir Rowland's youngeſt ſon?

*Roſ.* The Duke my father lov'd his father dearly.

*Cel.* Doth it therefore enſue that you ſhould love his ſon dearly? By this kind of chaſe I ſhould hate him; for my father hated his father dearly; yet I hate not Orlando.

*Roſ.* No, faith, hate him not, for my ſake.

*Cel.* Why ſhould I? doth he not deſerve well?

## SCENE IX. *Enter Duke, with Lords.*

*Roſ.* Let me love him for that; and do you love him becauſe I do. Look, here comes the Duke.

*Cel.* With his eyes full of anger.

*Duke.* Miſtreſs, diſpatch you with your ſafeſt haſte,
And get you from our court.

*Roſ.* Me, uncle!

*Duke.* You, couſin.
Within theſe ten days, if that thou be'ſt found
So near our public court as twenty miles,
Thou dieſt for it.

*Roſ.* I do beſeech your Grace,
Let me the knowledge of my fault bear with me:
If with myſelf I hold intelligence,
Or have acquaintance with my own deſires;
If that I do not dream, or be not frantic,
(As I do truſt, I am not,) then, dear uncle,
Never ſo much as in a thought unborn
Did I offend your Highneſs.

*Duke.* Thus do all traitors;
If their purgation did conſiſt in words,
They are as innocent as grace itſelf:
Let it ſuffice thee that I truſt thee not.

*Roſ.* Yet your miſtruſt cannot make me a traitor,
Tell me wherein the likelihood depends.

*Duke.* Thou art thy father's daughter, there's enough.

*Roſ.* So was I when your Highneſs took his dukedom;
So was I when your Highneſs baniſh'd him;
Treaſon is not inherited, my Lord:

Or if we did derive it from our friends,
What's that to me? my father was no traitor:
Then, good my Liege, miſtake me not ſo much,
To think my poverty is treacherous.

*Cel.* Dear Sovereign, hear me ſpeak.

*Duke.* Ay, Celia, we but ſtaid her for your ſake;
Elſe had ſhe with her father rang'd along.

*Cel.* I did not then intreat to have her ſtay;
It was your pleaſure, and your own remorſe;
I was too young that time to value her;
But now I know her; if ſhe be a traitor,
Why ſo am I; we ſtill have ſlept together,
Roſe at an inſtant, learn'd, play'd, eat together,
And whereſoe'er we went, like Juno's ſwans,
Still we went coupled, and inſeparable.

*Duke.* She is too ſubtle for thee; and her ſmoothneſs,
Her very ſilence and her patience,
Speak to the people, and they pity her:
Thou art a fool; ſhe robs thee of thy name,
And thou wilt ſhow more bright, and ſhine more virtuous,
When ſhe is gone; then open not thy lips:
Firm and irrevocable is my doom,
Which I have paſs'd upon her; ſhe is baniſh'd.

*Cel.* Pronounce that ſentence then on me, my Liege;
I cannot live out of her company.

*Duke.* You are a fool: you, niece, provide yourſelf;
If you out-ſtay the time, upon mine honour,
And in the greatneſs of my word, you die.

[*Exeunt Duke, &c.*

## SCENE X.

*Cel.* O my poor Roſalind, where wilt thou go?
Wilt thou change fathers! I will give thee mine:
I charge thee, be not thou more griev'd than I am.

*Roſ.* I have more cauſe.

*Cel.* Thou haſt not, couſin:
Pr'ythee, be chearful; know'ſt thou not, the Duke
Has baniſh'd me his daughter?

*Roſ* That he hath not.

*Cel.* No? hath not? Roſalind lacks then the love,
Which teacheth me that thou and I am one:

Shall

Shall we be ſunder'd? ſhall we part, ſweet girl?
No, let my father ſeek another heir.
Therefore deviſe with me how we may fly;
Whither to go, and what to bear with us;
And do not ſeek to take your charge upon you,
To bear your griefs yourſelf, and leave me out:
For by this heav'n, now at our ſorrows pale,
Say what thou can'ſt, I'll go along with thee.

*Roſ.* Why, whither ſhall we go?

*Cel.* To ſeek my uncle in the foreſt of Arden.

*Roſ.* Alas, what danger will it be to us,
Maids as we are, to travel forth ſo far!
Beauty provoketh thieves ſooner than gold.

*Cel.* I'll put myſelf in poor and mean attire,
And with a kind of umber ſmirch my face;
The like do you; ſo ſhall we paſs along,
And never ſtir aſſailants.

*Roſ.* Were't not better,
Becauſe that I am more than common tall,
That I did ſuit me all points like a man?
A gallant curtle-ax upon my thigh,
A boar-ſpear in my hand, and (in my heart
Lie there what hidden woman's fear there will)
We'll have a ſwaſhing and a martial outſide,
As many other manniſh cowards have,
That do outface it with their ſemblances.

*Cel.* What ſhall I call thee when thou art a man?

*Roſ.* I'll have no worſe a name than Jove's own page;
And therefore look you call me *Ganymede*.
But what will you be call'd?

*Cel.* Something that hath a reference to my ſtate:
No longer *Celia*, but *Aliena*.

*Roſ.* But, couſin, what if we aſſay'd to ſteal
The clowniſh fool out of your father's court?
Would he not be a comfort to our travel?

*Cel.* He'll go along o'er the wide world with me.
Leave me alone to woo him; let's away,
And get our jewels and our wealth together;
Deviſe the fitteſt time, and ſafeſt way
To hide us from purſuit that will be made
After my flight: now go we in content
To liberty, and not to baniſhment. [*Exeunt.*

## ACT II. SCENE I.

*Arden foreſt.*

*Enter Duke ſenior, Amiens, and two or three Lords like foreſters.*

*Duke ſenior.* NOW, my co-mates, and brothers in exile,
'Hath not old cuſtom made this life more ſweet
'Than that of painted pomp? are not theſe woods
'More free from peril, than the envious court?
'Here feel we but the penalty of Adam,
'The ſeaſon's difference; as, the icy fang,
'And churliſh chiding of the winter's wind;
'Which, when it bites and blows upon my body,
'Even till I ſhrink with cold, I ſmile, and ſay,
'This is no flattery: theſe are counſellors,
'That feelingly perſuade me what I am.
'Sweet are the uſes of adverſity,
'Which, like the toad, ugly and venomous,
'Wears yet a precious jewel in his head:
'And this our life, exempt from public haunt,
'Finds tongues in trees, books in the running brooks,
'Sermons in ſtones, and good in every thing.'

*Ami.* I would not change it; happy is your Grace,
That can tranſlate the ſtubbornneſs of fortune
Into ſo quiet and ſo ſweet a ſtyle.

*Duke ſen.* Come, ſhall we go, and kill us veniſon?
And yet it irks me, the poor dappled fools,
Being native burghers of this deſart city,
Should, in their own confines, with forked heads
Have their round haunches gor'd.

1 *Lord.* Indeed, my Lord,
The melancholy Jaques grieves at that;
And in that kind ſwears you do more uſurp
Than doth your brother, that hath baniſh'd you.
To-day my Lord of Amiens, and myſelf,
Did ſteal behind him, as he lay along

Under

Under an oak, whoſe antique root peeps out
Upon the brook that brawls along this wood;
To the which place a poor ſequeſter'd ſtag,
That from the hunters' aim had ta'en a hurt,
Did come to languiſh; and, indeed, my Lord,
The wretched animal heav'd forth ſuch groans
That their diſcharge did ſtretch his leathern coat
Almoſt to burſting; and the big round tears
Cours'd one another down his innocent noſe
In piteous chaſe; and thus the hairy fool,
Much marked of the melancholy Jaques,
Stood on th' extremeſt verge of the ſwift brook,
Augmenting it with tears.

*Duke ſen.* But what ſaid Jaques?
Did he not moralize this ſpectacle?

1 *Lord.* O yes, into a thouſand ſimilies.
Firſt, for his weeping in the needleſs ſtream;
Poor Deer, quoth he, thou mak'ſt a teſtament
As worldlings do, giving thy ſum of more
To that which had too much. Then being alone,
Left and abandon'd of his velvet friends;
'Tis right, quoth he, thus miſery doth part
The flux of company. Anon a careleſs herd,
Full of the paſture, jumps along by him,
And never ſtays to greet him: Ay, quoth Jaques,
Sweep on, you fat and greaſy citizens,
'Tis juſt the faſhion: wherefore do you look
Upon that poor and broken bankrupt there?
Thus moſt invectively he pierceth through
The body of the country, city, court,
Yea, and of this our life; ſwearing, that we
Are mere uſurpers, tyrants, and what's worſe,
To fright the animals, and to kill them up
In their aſſign'd and native dwelling-place.

*Duke ſen.* And did you leave him in this contemplation?

2 *Lord.* We did, my Lord, weeping and commenting
Upon the ſobbing deer.

*Duke ſen.* Show me the place;
I love to cope him in theſe ſullen fits.
For then he's full of matter.

2 *Lord.* I'll bring you to him ſtraight. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE II. *Changes to the palace again.*

*Enter Duke Frederick, with Lords.*

*Duke.* Can it be poſſible, that no man ſaw them?
It cannot be; ſome villains of my court
Are of conſent and ſufferance in this.
1 *Lord.* I cannot hear of any that did ſee her.
The Ladies, her attendants of her chamber,
Saw her a-bed, and in the morning early
They found the bed untreaſur'd of their miſtreſs.
2 *Lord.* My Lord, the roynish clown at whom ſo oft
Your Grace was wont to laugh, is alſo miſſing:
Heſperia, the Princeſs' gentlewoman,
Confeſſes, that ſhe ſecretly o'erheard
Your daughter and her couſin much commend
The parts and graces of the wreſtler,
That did but lately foil the ſinewy Charles;
And ſhe believes, where-ever they are gone,
That youth is ſurely in their company.
*Duke.* Send to his brother, fetch that gallant hither:
If he be abſent, bring his brother to me,
I'll make him find him; do this ſuddenly;
And let not ſearch and inquiſition quail
To bring again theſe fooliſh runaways. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE III. *Changes to Oliver's houſe.*

*Enter Orlando and Adam.*

*Orla.* Who's there?
*Adam.* What! my young maſter? oh, my gentle maſter,
Oh, my ſweet maſter, O you memory
Of old Sir Rowland! why, what make you here?
Why are you virtuous? why do people love you?
And wherefore are you gentle, ſtrong, and valiant?
Why would you be ſo fond to overcome
The bony priſer of the humorous Duke?
Your praiſe is come too ſwiftly home before you.
Know you not, Maſter, to ſome kind of men

Their

Their graces ſerve them but as enemies?
No more do yours; your virtues, gentle Maſter,
Are ſanctified and holy traitors to you.
Oh, what a world is this, when what is comely
Invenoms him that bears it!

*Orla.* Why, what's the matter?

*Adam.* O unhappy youth,
Come not within theſe doors; within this roof
The enemy of all your graces lives:
Your brother—(no; no brother; yet the ſon—
Yet not the ſon; I will not call him ſon
Of him I was about to call his father,)
Hath heard your praiſes, and this night he means
To burn the lodging where you uſe to lie,
And you within it; if he fail of that,
He will have other means to cut you off;
I overheard him, and his practices:
This is no place, this houſe is but a butchery;
Abhor it, fear it, do not enter it.

*Orla.* Why, whither, Adam, wouldſt thou have me go?

*Adam.* No matter whither, ſo you come not here.

*Orla.* What, wouldſt thou have me go and beg my food?
Or with a baſe and boiſterous ſword enforce
A thieviſh living on the common road?
This I muſt do, or know not what to do:
Yet this I will not do, do how I can;
I rather will ſubject me to the malice
Of a diverted blood, and bloody brother.

*Adam.* " But do not ſo; I have five hundred crowns,
' The thrifty hire I ſav'd under your father,
' Which I did ſtore, to be my foſter-nurſe
' When ſervice ſhould in my old limbs lie lame,
' And unregarded age in corners thrown:
' Take that; and he that doth the ravens feed,
' Yea, providently caters for the ſparrow,
' Be comfort to my age! Here is the gold,
' All this I give you, let me be your ſervant;
' Though I look old, yet I am ſtrong and luſty;
' For in my youth I never did apply
' Hot and rebellious liquors in my blood;
' Nor did I with unbaſhful forehead woo
' The means of weakneſs and debility;

' Therefore

'Therefore my age is as a luſty winter,
'Froſty, but kindly; let me go with you;'
I'll do the ſervice of a younger man
In all your buſineſs and neceſſities.

*Orla.* Oh! good old man, how well in thee appears
The conſtant ſervice of the antique world;
When ſervice ſweet for duty, not for meed!
Thou art not for the faſhion of theſe times,
Where none will ſweat, but for promotion;
And having that, do choak their ſervice up
Even with the having; it is not ſo with thee;
But, poor old man, thou prun'ſt a rotten tree,
That cannot ſo much as a bloſſom yield,
In lieu of all thy pains and huſbandry.
But come thy ways, we'll go along together;
And ere we have thy youthful wages ſpent,
We'll light upon ſome ſettled low content.

*Adam.* Maſter, go on; and I will follow thee
To the laſt gaſp with truth and loyalty.
From ſeventeen years till now almoſt fourſcore
Here lived I, but now live here no more.
At ſeventeen years many their fortunes ſeek;
But at fourſcore, it is too late a week;
Yet Fortune cannot recompenſe me better
Than to die well, and not my maſter's debtor. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE IV. *Changes to the foreſt of Arden.*

*Enter Roſalind in boy's clothes for Ganymede, Celia dreſs'd like a ſhepherdeſs for Aliena, and Clown.*

*Roſ.* O Jupiter! how weary are my ſpirits?

*Clo.* I care not for my ſpirits, if my legs were not weary.

*Roſ.* I could find in my heart to diſgrace my man's apparel, and cry like a woman: but I muſt comfort the weaker veſſel, as doublet and hoſe ought to ſhow itſelf couragious to petticoat: therefore, courage good Aliena.

*Cel.* I pray you, bear with me, I can go no further.

*Clo.* For my part, I had rather bear with you, than bear

bear you; yet I ſhould bear no croſs, if I did bear you; for I think you have no money in your purſe.

*Roſ.* Well, this is the foreſt of Arden.

*Clo.* Ay; now I am in Arden, the more fool I; when I was at home, I was in a better place; but travellers muſt be content.

*Roſ.* Ay, be ſo, good Touchſtone. Look you, who comes here; a young man and an old in ſolemn talk.

*Enter Corin and Sylvius.*

*Cor.* That is the way to make her ſcorn you ſtill.

*Syl.* O Corin, that thou knew'ſt how I do love her!

*Cor.* I partly gueſs; for I have lov'd ere now.

*Syl.* No, Corin, being old, thou can'ſt not gueſs,
Though in thy youth thou waſt as true a lover,
As ever ſigh'd upon a midnight pillow:
But if thy love were ever like to mine,
(As ſure, I think, did never man love ſo,)
How many actions moſt ridiculous
Haſt thou been drawn by thy fantaſy?

*Cor.* Into a thouſand that I have forgotten.

*Syl.* 'O, thou didſt then ne'er love ſo heartily;
'If thou remember'ſt not the ſlighteſt folly,
'That ever love did make thee run into;
'Thou haſt not lov'd.———
'Or if thou haſt not ſat as I do now,
'Wearying the hearer in thy miſtreſs' praiſe,
'Thou haſt not lov'd.———
'Or if thou haſt not broke from company
'Abruptly, as my paſſion now makes me;
'Thou haſt not lov'd.'
O Phebe! Phebe! Phebe! [*Exit Syl.*

*Roſ.* Alas, poor ſhepherd! ſearching of thy wound, I have by hard adventure found my own.

*Clo.* "And I mine. I remember, when I was in "love, I broke my ſword upon a ſtone, and bid him take "that for coming a-nights to Jane Smile; and I re- "member the kiſſing of her batlet, and the cow's dugs "that her pretty chopt hands had milk'd: and I re- "member the wooing of a peaſcod inſtead of her, from "whom I took two cods, and giving her them again,

"ſaid

" ſaid with weeping tears, Wear theſe for my ſake.
" We that are true lovers, run into ſtrange capers;
" but as all is mortal in nature, ſo is all nature in love
" mortal in folly."

*Roſ.* Thou ſpeak'ſt wiſer, than thou art ware of.

*Clo.* Nay, I ſhall ne'er be ware of mine own wit, till I break my ſhins againſt it.

*Roſ.* Jove! Jove! this ſhepherd's paſſion is much upon my faſhion.

*Clo.* And mine; but it grows ſomething ſtale with me,

*Cel.* I pray you, one of you queſtion yond man,
If he for gold will give us any food;
I faint almoſt to death.

*Clo.* Holla; you, clown!

*Roſ.* Peace, fool; he's not thy kinſman.

*Cor.* Who calls?

*Clo.* Your betters, Sir.

*Cor.* Elſe they are very wretched.

*Roſ.* Peace, I ſay; Good even to you, friend.

*Cor.* And to you, gentle Sir, and to you all.

*Roſ.* I p'rythee, ſhepherd, if that love or gold
Can in this deſart place buy entertainment,
Bring us where we may reſt ourſelves and feed;
Here's a young maid with travel much oppreſs'd,
And faints for ſuccour.

*Cor.* Fair Sir, I pity her,
And wiſh for her ſake, more than for mine own:
My fortunes were more able to relieve her:
But I am ſhepherd to another man,
And do not ſheer the fleeces that I graſe;
My maſter is of churliſh diſpoſition,
And little recks to find the way to heav'n
By doing deeds of hoſpitality:
Beſides, his cote, his flocks, and bounds of feed
Are now on ſale, and at our ſheep-cote now,
By reaſon of his abſence, there is nothing
That you will feed on; but what is, come ſee,
And in my voice moſt welcome ſhall you be.

*Roſ.* What is he that ſhall buy his flock and paſture?

*Cor.* That young ſwain that you ſaw here but ere while,
That little cares for buying any thing.

*Roſ.*

*Roſ.* I pray thee, if it ſtand with honeſty,
Buy thou the cottage, paſture, and the flock,
And thou ſhalt have to pay for it of us.
*Cel.* And we will mend thy wages.
I like this place, and willingly could waſte
My time in it.
*Cor.* Aſſuredly, the thing is to be ſold;
Go with me; if you like, upon report,
The ſoil, the profit, and this kind of life,
I will your very faithful feeder be;
And buy it with your gold right ſuddenly. [*Exeunt.*

SCENE V. *Changes to a deſart part of the foreſt.*

*Enter Amiens, Jaques and others.*

*SONG.*

*Under the greenwood-tree,*
*Who loves to lie with me,*
*And tune his merry note,*
*Unto the ſweet bird's throat,*
*Come hither, come hither, come hither:*
*Here ſhall he ſee*
*No enemy,*
*But winter and rough weather.*

*Jaq* More, more, I pr'ythee, more.
*Ami.* It will make you melancholy, Monſieur Jaques.
*Jaq.* I thank it; more, I pr'ythee, more; I can ſuck melancholy out of a ſong, as a weaſel ſucks eggs: more, I pr'ythee more.
*Ami.* My voice is rugged; I know I cannot pleaſe you.
*Jaq.* "I do not deſire you to pleaſe me, I do deſire "you to ſing;" come, come, another ſtanzo; call you em ſtanzo's?
*Ami.* What you will, Monſieur Jaques.
*Jaq.* Nay, I care not for their names, they owe me nothing,——Will you ſing?
*Ami.* More at your requeſt, than to pleaſe myſelf.
*Jaq.* Well then, if ever I thank any man, I'll thank you; but that they call compliments, is like the encounter of two dog-apes, And when a man thanks me

me heartily, methinks I have given him a penny, and he renders me the beggarly thanks. Come, ſing; and you that will not, hold your tongues.———

*Ami.* Well, I'll end the ſong, Sirs; cover the while; the Duke will dine under this tree; he hath been all this day to look you.

*Jaq* And I have been all this day to avoid him. He is too diſputable for my company: I think of as many matters as he, but I give Heav'n thanks, and make no boaſt of them. Come, warble, come.

*SONG.*

*Who doth ambition ſhun,*
*And loves to lie i' th' ſun,*
*Seeking the food he eats,*
*And pleas'd with what he gets;*
*Come hither, come hither, come hither;*
*Here ſhall he ſee*
*No enemy*
*But winter and rough weather.*

*Jaq.* I'll give you a verſe to this note, that I made yeſterday in deſpight of my invention.

*Ami.* And I'll ſing it.

*Jaq.* Thus it goes.

*If it do come to paſs,*
*That any man turn aſs;*
*Leaving his wealth and eaſe*
*A ſtubborn will to pleaſe,*
*Duc ad me, duc ad me, duc ad me;*
*Here ſhall he ſee*
*Groſs fools as he,*
*An if he will come to me.*

*Ami.* What's that *Duc ad me?*

*Jaq.* 'Tis a Greek invocation, to call fools into a circle. I'll go to ſleep if I can; if I cannot, I'll rail againſt all the firſt born of Egypt.

*Ami.* And I'll go ſeek the Duke; his banquet is prepar'd. [*Exeunt, ſeverally.*

## SCENE VI. *Enter Orlando and Adam.*

*Adam.* Dear maſter, I can go no further; O, I die for

for food! here lie I down, and meaſure out my grave. Farewell, kind maſter.

*Orla.* Why, how now, Adam! no greater heart in thee? live a little; comfort a little; cheer thyſelf a little. If this uncouth foreſt yield any thing ſavage, I will either be food for it, or bring it for food to thee: thy conceit is nearer death, than thy powers. For my ſake be comfortable, hold death a while at the arm's end. I will be here with thee preſently; and if I bring thee not ſomething to eat, I'll give thee leave to die. But if thou dieſt before I come, thou art a mocker of my labour. Well, ſaid, thou look'ſt cheerly. And I'll be with thee quickly; yet thou lieſt in the bleak air. Come, I will bear thee to ſome ſhelter, and thou ſhalt not die for lack of a dinner, if there live any thing in this deſart. Cheerly, good Adam. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE VII.

*Enter Duke ſen. and Lords.* [*A table ſet out.*

*Duke ſen.* I think he is transform'd into a beaſt.
For I can no where find him like a man.

1 *Lord.* My Lord, he is but even now gone hence.
Here was he merry, hearing of a ſong.

*Duke ſen.* If he, compact of jars, grow muſical,
We ſhall have ſhortly diſcord in the ſpheres:
Go, ſeek him; tell him, I would ſpeak with him.

*Enter Jaques.*

1 *Lord.* He ſaves my labour by his own approach.

*Duke ſen.* Why, how now, Monſieur, what a life is this,
That your poor friends muſt woo your company?
What? you look merrily.

*Jaq.* A fool, a fool;——I met a fool i' th' foreſt,
A motley fool; a miſerable varlet!
As I do live by food, I met a fool,
Who laid him down and baſk'd him in the ſun,
And rail'd on Lady Fortune in good terms,
In good ſet terms, and yet a motley fool.
'Good morrow, fool, quoth I: No, Sir, quoth he,
'Call me not fool, till Heaven hath ſent me fortune;

'And then he drew a dial from his poak,
'And looking on it with lack-luſtre eye,
'Says, very wiſely, it is ten o' clock:
'Thus may we ſee, quoth he, how the world wags;
'Tis but an hour ago ſince it was nine,
'And after one hour more 'twill be eleven;
'And ſo from hour to hour we ripe and ripe,
'And then from hour to hour we rot and rot,
'And thereby hang a tale.' When I did hear
The motley fool thus moral on the time,
My lungs began to crow like chanticleer,
That fools ſhould be ſo deep contemplative:
And I did laugh, ſans intermiſſion,
An hour by his dial. O noble fool,
A worthy fool! motley's the only wear.

*Duke ſen.* What fool is this?

*Jaq.* "O worthy fool! one that hath been a courtier,
"And ſays, if ladies be but young and fair,
"They have a gift to know it: and in his brain,
"Which is as dry as the remainder-biſket
"After a voyage, he hath ſtrange places cramm'd
"With obſervation, the which he vents
"In mangled forms." O that I were a fool!
I am ambitious for a motley coat.

*Duke ſen.* Thou ſhalt have one.

*Jaq.* It is my only ſuit;
Provided that you weed your better judgments
Of all opinion, that grows rank in them,
That I am wiſe. "I muſt have liberty
"Withal, as large a charter as the wind,
"To blow on whom I pleaſe; for ſo fools have;
"And they that are moſt galled with my folly,
"They moſt muſt laugh. And why, Sir, muſt they ſo?
"The why is plain, as way to pariſh-church;
"He whom a fool doth very wiſely hit,
"Doth very fooliſhly, although he ſmart,
"Not to ſeem ſenſeleſs of the bob. If not,
"The wiſe man's folly is anatomiz'd
"Even by the ſquand'ring glances of a fool."
Inveſt me in my motley, give me leave
To ſpeak my mind, and I will through and through
Cleanſe the foul body of th' infected world,

If

If they will patiently receive my medicine.

*Duke ſen.* Fie on thee! I can tell what thou wouldſt do.

*Jaq.* What, for a counter, would I do but good?

*Duke ſen.* Moſt miſchievous foul ſin, in chiding ſin:
For thou thyſelf haſt been a libertine,
As ſenſual as the brutiſh ſting itſelf;
And all th' embоſſed ſores and headed evils,
That thou with licence of free foot haſt caught
Wouldſt thou diſgorge into the general world.

*Jaq.* " Why, who cries out on pride,
" That can therein tax any private party?
" Doth it not flow as hugely as the ſea,
" 'Till that the very very means do ebb?
" What woman in the city do I name,
" When that I ſay, the city-woman bears
" The coſt of princes on unworthy ſhoulders?
" Who can come in, and ſay, that I mean her?
" When ſuch a one as ſhe, ſuch is her neighbour?
" Or what is he of baſeſt function,
" That ſays, his bravery is not on my coſt;
" Thinking, that I mean him; but therein ſuits
" His folly to the metal of my ſpeech?
" There then; how then? what then? let me ſee
wherein
" My tongue hath wrong'd him; if it do him right,
" Then he hath wrong'd himſelf; if he be free,
" Why, then my taxing, like a wild gooſe, flies
" Unclaim'd of any man." But who comes here?

SCENE VIII. *Enter Orlando, with his ſword drawn.*

*Orla.* Forbear, and eat no more.——

*Jaq.* Why, I have eat none yet.

*Orla.* Nor ſhalt thou; till neceſſity be ſerv'd.

*Jaq.* Of what kind ſhould this cock come of?

*Duke ſen.* Art thou thus bolden'd, man, by thy diſtreſs?
Or elſe a rude deſpiſer of good manners,
That in civility thou ſeem'ſt ſo empty?

*Orla.* You touch'd my vein at firſt; the thorny point
Of bare diſtreſs hath ta'en from me the ſhew
Of ſmooth civility; yet am I in-land bred,
And know ſome nurture. But forbear, I ſay.

He dies that touches any of this fruit,
Till I and my affairs are anſwered.
*Jaq.* If you will not
Be anſwered with reaſon, I muſt die.
*Duke ſen.* What would you have? Your gentleneſs ſhall force,
More than your force move us to gentleneſs.
*Orla.* I almoſt die for food, and let me have it.
*Duke ſen.* Sit down and feed, and welcome to our table.
*Orla.* Speak you ſo gently? pardon me, I pray you;
I thought that all things had been ſavage here;
And therefore put I on the countenance
Of ſtern commandment. But whate'er you are,
'That in this deſart inacceſſible,
'Under the ſhade of melancholy boughs,
'Loſe and neglect the creeping hours of time;
'If ever you have look'd on better days;
'If ever been where bells have knoll'd to church;
'If ever ſat at any good man's feaſt;
'If ever from your eye-lids wip'd a tear;
'And know what 'tis to pity, and be pity'd;'
Let gentleneſs my ſtrong inforcement be,
In the which hope I bluſh, and hide my ſword.
*Duke ſen.* True is it that we have ſeen better days;
And have with holy bell been knoll'd to church;
And ſat at good mens' feaſts, and wip'd our eyes
Of drops that ſacred pity had engender'd:
And therefore ſit you down in gentleneſs,
And take upon command what help we have,
That to your wanting may be miniſtred.
*Orla.* Then but forbear your food a little while,
Whiles, like a doe, I go to find my fawn,
And give it food. There is an old poor man,
Who after me hath many a weary ſtep
Limp'd in pure love; till he be firſt ſuffic'd,
Oppreſs'd with two weak evils, age and hunger,
I will not touch a bit.
*Duke ſen.* Go find him out,
And we will nothing waſte till you return.
*Orla.* I thank ye; and be bleſs'd for your good comfort! [*Exit.*

SCENE

## SCENE IX.

*Duke ſen.* Thou ſeeſt, we are not all alone unhappy;
This wide and univerſal theatre
Preſents more woful pageants, than the ſcene
Wherein we play in.

*Jaq.* 'All the world's a ſtage,
'And all the men and women merely players
'They have their *Exits* and their entrances,
'And one man in his time plays many parts;
'His acts being ſeven ages. At firſt the infant,
'Mewling and puking in the nurſe's arms.
'And then the whining ſchool-boy, with his ſatchel,
'And ſhining morning-face, creeping like ſnail
'Unwillingly to ſchool. And then the lover,
'Sighing like furnace, with a woful balad
'Made to his miſtreſs' eye-brow. Then a ſoldier,
'Full of ſtrange oaths, and bearded like the pard,
'Jealous in honour, ſudden and quick in quarrel;
'Seeking the bubble reputation
'Even in the cannon's mouth. And then the juſtice,
'In fair round belly, with good capon lin'd,
'With eyes ſevere, and beard of formal cut,
'Full of wiſe ſaws and modern inſtances,
'And ſo he plays his part. The ſixth age ſhifts
'Into the lean and ſlipper'd pantaloon,
'With ſpectacles on noſe, and pouch on ſide;
'His youthful hoſe well ſav'd, a world too wide
'For his ſhrunk ſhank; and his big manly voice,
'Turning again toward childiſh treble, pipes,
'And whiſtles in his ſound. Laſt ſcene of all,
'That ends this ſtrange eventful hiſtory,
'Is ſecond childiſhneſs, and mere oblivion,
'Sans teeth, ſans eyes, ſans taſte, ſans every thing.'

## SCENE X. *Enter Orlando, with Adam.*

*Duke ſen.* Welcome: ſet down your venerable burden,
And let him feed.

*Orla.* I thank you moſt for him.

*Adam.* So had you need,

I ſcarce can ſpeak to thank you for myſelf.

*Duke ſen.* Welcome, fall to: I will not trouble you,
As yet to queſtion you about your fortunes.
Give us ſome muſic; and, good couſin, ſing.

*SONG.*

*Blow, blow, thou winter wind,*
*Thou art not ſo unkind*
*As man's ingratitude;*
*Thy tooth is not ſo keen,*
*Becauſe thou art not ſheen,*
*Altho' thy breath be rude.*
*Heigh ho! ſing, heigh ho! unto the green holly;*
*Moſt friendſhip is feigning; moſt loving mere folly.*
*Then heigh ho, the holly!*
*This life is moſt jolly.*

*Freeze, freeze, thou bitter ſky,*
*That doſt not bite ſo nigh*
*As benefits forgot:*
*Tho' thou the waters warp,*
*Thy ſting is not ſo ſharp*
*As friend remember'd not.*
*Heigh ho! ſing,* &c.

*Duke ſen.* If that you were the good Sir Rowland's ſon,
As you have whiſper'd faithfully you were,
And as mine eye doth his effigies witneſs,
Moſt truly limn'd, and living in your face,
Be truly welcome hither. I'm the Duke,
That lov'd your father. The reſidue of your fortune
Go to my cave and tell me. Good old man,
Thou art right welcome, as thy maſter is;
Support him by the arm; give me your hand,
And let me all your fortunes underſtand. [*Exeunt.*

## ACT III. SCENE I.

*The palace.*

*Enter Duke, Lords, and Oliver.*

*Duke.* NOT ſee him ſince? Sir, Sir, that cannot be:
But were I not the better part made mercy,

I ſhould not ſeek an abſent argument
Of my revenge, thou preſent: but look to it;
Find out thy brother, whereſoe'er he is;
Seek him with candle; bring him dead or living,
Within this twelvemonth; or turn thou no more
To ſeek a living in our territory.
Thy lands and all things that thou doſt call thine,
Worth ſeizure, do we ſeize into our hands;
Till thou canſt quit thee by thy brother's mouth,
Of what we think againſt thee.

*Oli.* Oh that your Highneſs knew my heart in this:
I never lov'd my brother in my life.

*Duke.* More villain thou. Well, puſh him out of doors:
And let my officers of ſuch a nature
Make an extent upon his houſe and lands:
Do this expediently, and turn him going. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE II. *Changes to the foreſt.*

*Enter Orlando.*

*Orla.* Hang there, my verſe, in witneſs of my love;
And thou thrice crowned queen of night ſurvey,
With thy chaſte eye, from thy pale ſphere above,
Thy huntreſs' name that my full life doth ſway,
O Roſalind! theſe trees ſhall be my books,
And in their barks my thoughts I'll character;
That every eye which in this foreſt looks,
Shall ſee thy virtue witneſs'd every where.
Run, run, Orlando, carve, on every tree,
The fair, the chaſte, and unexpreſſive ſhe. [*Exit.*

## SCENE III. *Enter Corin and Clown.*

*Cor.* And how like you this ſhepherd's life, Mr. Touchſtone?

*Clo.* "Truly, ſhepherd, in reſpect of itſelf, it is a "good life; but in reſpect that it is a ſhepherd's life, "it is naught. In reſpect that it is ſolitary, I like it "very well; but in reſpect that it is private, it is a "very vile life. Now, in reſpect it is in the fields, it "pleaſeth me well; but in reſpect it is not in the "court, it is tedious. As it is a ſpare life, look you,

"it

" it fits my humour well; but as there is no more " plenty in it, it goes much againſt my ſtomach. Haſt " any philoſophy in thee, ſhepherd?"

*Cor.* " No more, but that I know, the more one ſic- " kens, the worſe at eaſe he is; and that he that " wants money, means, and content, is without three " good friends: that the property of rain is to wet, " and fire to burn: that good paſture makes fat ſheep; " and that a great cauſe of the night, is lack of the ſun; " and that he that hath learned no wit by nature nor art, " may complain of groſs breeding, or comes of a very " dull kindred."

*Clo.* Such a one is a natural philoſopher. Waſt ever in court, ſhepherd?

*Cor.* No, truly.

*Clo.* Then thou art damn'd.

*Cor.* Nay, I hope——

*Clo.* Truly thou art damn'd, like an ill-roaſted egg, all on one ſide.

*Cor.* For not being at court? Your reaſon.

*Clo.* Why, if thou never waſt at court, thou never ſaw'ſt good manners; if thou never ſaw'ſt good manners, then thy manners muſt be wicked; and wickedneſs is ſin, and ſin is damnation: thou art in a parlous ſtate, ſhepherd.

*Cor.* Not a whit, Touchſtone: thoſe that are good manners at the court, are as ridiculous in the country, as the behaviour of the country is moſt mockable at the court. You told me, you ſalute not at the court, but you kiſs your hands: that courteſy would be uncleanly, if courtiers were ſhepherds.

*Clo.* Inſtance, briefly; come, inſtance.

*Cor.* Why, we are ſtill handling our ewes; and their fells, you know, are greaſy.

*Clo.* Why, do not your courtiers' hands ſweat? and is not the greaſe of a mutton as wholſome as the ſweat of a man? Shallow, ſhallow;——a better inſtance, I ſay: come.

*Cor.* Beſides, our hands are hard.

*Clo.* Your lips will feel them the ſooner. Shallow again;——a more ſounder inſtance, come.

*Cor.* And they are often tarr'd over with the ſurgery of

of our ſheep: and would you have us kiſs tar? the courtier's hands are perfumed with civet.

*Clo.* Moſt ſhallow man! thou worms-meat, in reſpect of a good piece of fleſh, indeed! learn of the wiſe and perpend; civet is of a baſer birth than 'tar; the very uncleanly flux of a cat. Mend the inſtance, ſhepherd.

*Cor.* You have too courtly a wit for me; I'll reſt.

*Clo.* Wilt thou reſt damn'd? God help thee, ſhallow man; God make inciſion in thee, thou art raw.

*Cor.* 'Sir, I am a true labourer; I earn that I eat; 'get that I wear; owe no man hate; envy no man's 'happineſs; glad of other mens' good; content with 'my harm; and the greateſt of my pride is, to ſee my 'ewes graſe, and my lambs ſuck.'

*Clo.* That is another ſimple ſin in you, to bring the ewes and the rams together: and to offer to get your living by the copulation of cattle; to be a bawd to the bell-weather; and to betray a ſhe-lamb of a twelvemonth to a crooked-pated old cuckoldy ram, out of all reaſonable match. If thou be'ſt not damn'd for this, the devil himſelf will have no ſhepherds; I cannot ſee elſe how thou ſhould'ſt 'ſcape.

*Cor.* Here comes young Mr. Ganymede, my new miſtreſs's brother.

## SCENE IV. *Enter Roſalind, with a paper.*

*Roſ. From the eaſt to weſtern Inde,*
*No jewel is like Roſalind*
*Her worth, being mounted on the wind,*
*Through all the world bears Roſalind.*
*All the pictures, faireſt lin'd,*
*Are but black to Roſalind;*
*Let no face be kept in mind,*
*But the face of Roſalind.*

*Clo.* I'll rhyme you ſo eight years together, dinners, and ſuppers, and ſleeping hours, excepted: it is the right butter-womens' rank to market.

*Roſ.* Out, fool!

*Clo.* For a taſte.——

*If*

*If a hart doth lack a hind,*
*Let him ſeek out Roſalind.*
*If the cat will after kind,*
*So, be ſure, will Roſalind.*
*Winter garments muſt be lin'd,*
*So muſt ſlender Roſalind.*
*They that reap muſt ſheaf and bind;*
*Then to cart with Roſalind.*
*Sweeteſt nut hath ſoureſt rind,*
*Such a nut is Roſalind.*
*He that ſweeteſt roſe will find,*
*Muſt find love's prick, and Roſalind.*

This is the very falſe gallop of verſes; why do you infect yourſelf with them?

*Roſ.* Peace, you dull fool, I found them on a tree.

*Clo.* Truly the tree yields bad fruit.

*Roſ.* I'll graff it with you, and then I ſhall graff it with a medlar; then it will be the earlieſt fruit i' th' country: for you'll be rotten ere you be half ripe; and that's the right virtue of the medlar.

*Clo.* You have ſaid; but whether wiſely or no, let the foreſter judge.

## SCENE V. *Enter Celia, with a writing.*

*Roſ.* Peace, here comes my ſiſter reading; ſtand aſide.

*Cel.* *Why ſhould this a deſart be?*
*For it is unpeopled. No;*
*Tongues I'll hang on every tree,*
*That ſhall civil ſayings ſhow:*
*Some, how brief the life of man*
*Runs his erring pilgrimage,*
*That the ſtretching of a ſpan*
*Buckles in his ſum of age;*
*Some of violated vows,*
*'Twixt the ſouls of friend and friend;*
*But upon the faireſt boughs,*
*Or at every ſentence-end,*
*Will I Roſalinda write;*
*Teaching all that read, to know,*
*This quinteſſence of every ſprite*
*Heaven would in little ſhow.*

*Therefore*

*Therefore heaven nature charg'd,*
*That one body ſhould be fill'd*
*With all graces wide enlarg'd;*
*Nature preſently diſtill'd*
*Helen's cheeks, but not her heart,*
*Cleopatra's majeſty,*
*Atalanta's better part,*
*Sad Lucretia's modeſty.*
*Thus Roſalind of many parts*
*By heav'nly ſynod was devis'd;*
*Of many faces, eyes, and hearts,*
*To have the touches deareſt priz'd.*
*Heav'n would that ſhe theſe gifts ſhould have,*
*And I to live and die her ſlave.*

*Roſ.* O moſt gentle juniper!—what tedious homily of love have you wearied your pariſhioners withal, and never cry'd, Have patience, good people?

*Cel.* How now? back-friends! ſhepherd, go off a little: go with him, ſirrah.

*Clo.* Come, ſhepherd, let us make an honourable retreat; though not with bag and baggage, yet with ſcrip and ſcrippage. [*Exeunt Cor. and Clown.*

## SCENE VI.

*Cel.* Didſt thou hear theſe verſes?

*Roſ.* O yes, I heard them all, and more too: for ſome of them had in them more feet than the verſes would bear.

*Cel.* That's no matter; the feet might bear the verſes.

*Roſ.* Ay, but the feet were lame, and could not bear themſelves without the verſe, and therefore ſtood lamely in the verſe.

*Cel.* But didſt thou hear without wondering, how thy name ſhould be hang'd and carv'd upon theſe trees?

*Roſ.* I was ſeven of the nine days out of wonder, before you came: for, look here, what I found on a palm-tree; I was never ſo be-rhymed ſince Pythagoras's time, that I was an Iriſh rat, which I can hardly remember.

*Cel.*

*Cel.* Trow you, who hath done this?

*Roſ.* Is it a man?

*Cel.* And a chain, that you once wore, about his neck. Change you colour?

*Roſ.* I pr'ythee, who?

*Cel.* O Lord, Lord, it is a hard matter for friends to meet; but mountains may be removed with earthquakes, and ſo encounter.

*Roſ.* Nay, but who is it?

*Cel.* Is it poſſible?

*Roſ.* Nay, I pr'ythee now, with moſt petitionary vehemence, tell me who it is.

*Cel.* O wonderful, wonderful, and moſt wonderful wonderful, and yet again wonderful, and after that out of all whooping———

*Roſ.* Good my complexion! doſt thou think, though I am capariſon'd like a man, I have a doublet and hoſe in my diſpoſition? One inch of delay more is a South-ſea off diſcovery. I pr'ythee, tell me who is it; quickly, and ſpeak apace; I would thou could'ſt ſtammer, that thou might'ſt pour this concealed man out of thy mouth, as wine comes out of a narrow-mouth'd bottle; either too much at once, or none at all. I pr'ythee, take the cork out of thy mouth, that I may drink thy tidings.

*Cel.* So you may put a man in your belly.

*Roſ.* Is he of God's making? what manner of man? is his head worth a hat? or his chin worth a beard?

*Cel* Nay, he hath but a little beard.

*Roſ.* Why, God will ſend more, if the man will be thankful; let me ſtay the growth of his beard, if thou delay me not the knowledge of his chin.

*Cel.* It is young Orlando, that tripp'd up the wreſtler's heels and your heart both in an inſtant.

*Roſ.* Nay, but the devil take mocking; ſpeak, ſad brow, and true maid.

*Cel.* I' faith, coz, tis he.

*Roſ.* Orlando!

*Cel.* Orlando.

*Roſ.* Alas the day, what ſhall I do with my doublet and hoſe? what did he when thou ſaw'ſt him? what ſaid he? how look'd he? wherein went he? what makes he here? did he aſk for me? where remains he? how

how parted he with thee? and when ſhalt thou ſee him again? Anſwer me in one word.

*Cel.* You muſt borrow me Garagantua's mouth firſt; 'tis a word too great for any mouth of this age's ſize: to ſay Ay and No to theſe particulars, is more than to anſwer in a catechiſm.

*Roſ.* But doth he know that I am in this foreſt, and in man's apparel? looks he as freſhly as he did the day he wreſtled?

*Cel.* It is as eaſy to count atoms, as to reſolve the propoſitions of a lover: but take a taſte of my finding him, and reliſh it with good obſervance. I found him under a tree like a dropp'd acorn.

*Roſ.* It may well be call'd Jove's tree, when it drops forth ſuch fruit.

*Cel.* Give me audience, good Madam.

*Roſ.* Proceed.

*Cel.* There lay he ſtretch'd along like a wounded knight.

*Roſ.* Though it be pity to ſee ſuch a ſight, it well becomes the ground.

*Cel.* Cry, Holla! to thy tongue, I pr'ythee; it curvets unſeaſonably. He was furniſh'd like a hunter.

*Roſ.* Oh, ominous! he comes to kill my heart.

*Cel.* I would ſing my ſong without a burthen; thou bring'ſt me out of tune.

*Roſ.* Do you not know I am a woman? when I think, I muſt ſpeak. Sweet, ſay on.

## SCENE VII. *Enter Orlando and Jaques.*

*Cel.* You bring me out. Soft, comes he not here?

*Roſ.* 'Tis he; ſlink by, and note him.

[*Cel. and Roſ. retire.*

*Jaq.* "I thank you for your company; but, good faith, "I had as lief have been myſelf alone."

*Orla.* "And ſo had I; but yet, for faſhion ſake, I "thank you too for your ſociety."

*Jaq.* "God be wi' you; let's meet as little as we can."

*Orla.* "I do deſire we may be better ſtrangers."

*Jaq.* "I pray you, mar no more trees with writing "love-ſongs in their barks."

*Orla.* "I pray you, mar no more of my verſes with "reading them ill-favouredly."

*Jaq.* Roſalind, is your love's name?

*Orla.* Yes, juſt.

*Jaq.* I do not like her name.

*Orla.* There was no thought of pleaſing you when ſhe was chriſten'd.

*Jaq.* What ſtature is ſhe of.

*Orla.* Juſt as high as my heart.

*Jaq.* You are full of pretty anſwers; have you not been acquainted with goldſmiths wives, and conn'd them out of rings?

*Orla.* Not ſo: but I anſwer you right painted cloth, from whence you have ſtudied your queſtions.

*Jaq.* You have a nimble wit; I think it was made of Atalanta's heels. Will you ſit down with me, and we two will rail againſt our miſtreſs, the world, and all our miſery.

*Orla.* I will chide no breather in the world but myſelf, againſt whom I know moſt faults.

*Jaq.* The worſt fault you have, is to be in love.

*Orla.* 'Tis a fault I will not change for your beſt virtue; I am weary of you.

*Jaq.* By my troth, I was ſeeking for a fool when I found you.

*Orla.* He is drown'd in the brook; look but in, and you ſhall ſee him.

*Jaq.* There I ſhall ſee mine own figure.

*Orla.* Which I take to be either a fool, or a cypher.

*Jaq.* I'll ſtay no longer with you; farewell, good Signior Love! [*Exit.*

## SCENE VIII.

*Orla.* I am glad of your departure; adieu, good Monſieur Melancholy! [*Cel. and Roſ. come forward.*

*Roſ.* I will ſpeak to him like a ſaucy lacquey, and under that habit play the knave with him. Do you hear, foreſter?

*Orla.* Very well; what would you?

*Roſ.* I pray you, what is't a clock?

*Orla.* You ſhould aſk me, What time o'day? there's no clock in the foreſt.

*Roſ.*

*Roſ.* Then there is no true lover in the foreſt; elſe, ſighing every minute, and groaning every hour, would detect the lazy foot of Time, as well as a clock.

*Orla.* And why not the ſwift foot of Time? had not that been as proper?

*Roſ.* By no means, Sir. Time travels in divers paces with divers perſons. I'll tell you who Time ambles withal, who Time trots withal, who Time gallops withal, and who he ſtands ſtill withal.

*Orla.* I pr'ythee, whom doth he trot withal?

*Roſ.* Marry, he trots hard with a young maid between the contract of her marriage and the day it is ſolemniz'd: if the interim be but a ſe'nnight, Time's pace is ſo hard, that it ſeems the length of ſeven years.

*Orla.* Who ambles Time withal?

*Roſ.* With a prieſt that lacks Latin, and a rich man that hath not the gout: for the one ſleeps eaſily, becauſe he cannot ſtudy; and the other lives merrily, becauſe he feels no pain: the one lacking the burthen of lean and waſteful learning, the other knowing no burthen of heavy tedious penury. Theſe Time ambles withal.

*Orla.* Whom doth he gallop withal?

*Roſ.* With a thief to the gallows: for though he go as ſoftly as foot can fall, he thinks himſelf too ſoon there.

*Orla.* Whom ſtays it ſtill withal?

*Roſ.* With lawyers in the vacation; for they ſleep between term and term, and then they perceive not how Time moves.

*Orla.* Where dwell you, pretty youth?

*Roſ.* With this ſhepherdeſs, my ſiſter; here in the ſkirts of the foreſt, like fringe upon a petticoat.

*Orla.* Are you native of this place?

*Roſ.* As the coney, that you ſee dwell where ſhe is kindled.

*Orla.* Your accent is ſomething finer than you could purchaſe in ſo removed a dwelling.

*Roſ.* I have been told ſo of many; but, indeed, an old religious uncle of mine taught me to ſpeak, who was in his youth an inland man, one that knew courtſhip too well; for there he fell in love. I have heard

him read many lectures againſt it; I thank God I am not a woman, to be touch'd with ſo many giddy offences as he hath generally tax'd their whole ſex withal.

*Orla.* Can you remember any of the principal evils that he laid to the charge of women?

*Roſ.* There were none principal, they were all like one another, as half-pence are; every one fault ſeeming monſtrous, till his fellow fault came to match it.

*Orla.* I pr'ythee, recount ſome of them.

*Roſ.* No; I will not caſt away my phyſic, but on thoſe that are ſick. There is a man haunts the foreſt, that abuſes our young plants with carving Roſalind on their barks; hangs odes upon hawthorns, and elegies on brambles; all, forſooth, deifying the name of Roſalind. If I could meet that fancy-monger, I would give him ſome good counſel, for he ſeems to have the quotidian of love upon him.

*Orla.* I am he that is ſo love-ſhak'd; I pray you, tell me your remedy.

*Roſ.* There is none of my uncle's marks upon you; he taught me how to know a man in love; in which cage of ruſhes I am ſure you are not priſoner.

*Orla.* What were his marks?

*Roſ.* A lean cheek, which you have not; a blue eye and ſunken, which you have not; an unqueſtionable ſpirit, which you have not; a beard neglected, which you have not;——but I pardon you for that, for ſimply your Having in beard is a younger brother's revenue;——then your hoſe ſhould be ungarter'd, your bonnet unbanded, your ſleeve unbutton'd, your ſhoe untied, and every thing about you demonſtrating a careleſs deſolation: but you are no ſuch man; you are rather, point-device in your accoutrements, as loving yourſelf, than ſeeming the lover of any other.

*Orla.* Fair youth, I would I could make thee believe I love.

*Roſ.* Me believe it? you may as ſoon make her that you love, believe it; which, I warrant, ſhe is apter to do, than to confeſs ſhe does; that is one of the points in the which women ſtill give the lie to their conſciences. But, in good ſooth, are you he that hangs the verſes on the trees, wherein Roſalind is ſo admired?

*Orla.*

*Orla.* I ſwear to thee, youth, by the white hand of Roſalind, I am that he, that unfortunate he.

*Roſ.* But are you ſo much in love as your rhymes ſpeak?

*Orla.* Neither rhyme nor reaſon can expreſs how much.

*Roſ.* Love is merely a madneſs; and, I tell you, deſerves as well a dark houſe and a whip, as madmen do: and the reaſon why they are not ſo puniſh'd and cured, is, that the lunacy is ſo ordinary, that the whippers are in love too. Yet I profeſs curing it by counſel.

*Orla.* Did you ever cure any ſo?

*Roſ.* Yes, one, and in this manner. He was to imagine me his love, his miſtreſs: and I ſet him every day to woo me. At which time would I, being but a mooniſh youth, grieve, be effeminate, changeable, longing, and liking; proud, fantaſtical, apiſh, ſhallow, inconſtant, full of tears, full of ſmiles; for every paſſion ſomething, and for no paſſion truly any thing, as boys and women are for the moſt part cattle of this colour; would now like him, now loath him; then entertain him, then forſwear him; now weep for him, then ſpit at him; that I drave my ſuitor from his mad humour of love, to a living humour of madneſs, which was, to forſwear the full ſtream of the world, and to live in a nook merely monaſtic: and thus I cur'd him, and this way will I take upon me to waſh your liver as clear as a ſound ſheep's heart, that there ſhall not be one ſpot of love in't.

*Orla.* I will not be cur'd, youth.

*Roſ.* I would cure you if you would but call me Roſalind, and come every day to my cote, and woo me.

*Orla.* Now, by the faith of my love, I will; tell me where it is.

*Roſ.* Go with me to it, and I will ſhew it you; and, by the way, you ſhall tell me where in the foreſt you live. Will you go?

*Orla.* With all my heart, good youth.

*Roſ.* Nay, nay, you muſt call me Roſalind. Come, ſiſter, will you go? [*Exeunt.*

SCENE IX. *Enter Clown, Audrey, and Jaques.*

*Clo.* Come apace, good Audrey, I will fetch up your goats, Audrey; and now, Audrey, am I the man yet? doth my ſimple feature content you?

*Aud.* Your features, Lord warrant us! what features?

*Clo.* I am here with thee and thy goats, as the moſt capricious poet honeſt Ovid was among the Goths.

*Jaq.* O knowledge ill-inhabited, worſe than Jove in a thatch'd houſe!

*Clo.* When a man's verſes cannot be underſtood, nor a man's good wit ſeconded with the forward child, underſtanding; it ſtrikes a man more dead than a great reckoning in a little room: truly, I would the gods had made thee poetical.

*Aud.* I do not know what poetical is; is it honeſt in deed and word? is it a true thing?

*Clo.* No, truly; for the trueſt poetry is the moſt feigning; and lovers are given to poetry; and what they ſwear in poetry, may be ſaid, as lovers, they do feign.

*Aud.* Do you wiſh then, that the gods had made me poetical?

*Clo.* I do, truly; for thou ſwear'ſt to me, thou art honeſt: now, if thou wert a poet, I might have ſome hope thou didſt feign.

*Aud.* Would you not have me honeſt?

*Clo.* No, truly, unleſs thou wert hard-favour'd; for honeſty coupled to beauty, is, to have honey a ſauce to ſugar.

*Jaq.* A material fool!

*Aud.* Well, I am not fair; and therefore I pray the gods make me honeſt!

*Clo.* Truly, and to caſt away honeſty upon a foul ſlut, were to put good meat into an unclean diſh.

*Aud.* I am not a ſlut, though I thank the gods I am foul.

*Clo.* Well, praiſed be the gods for thy foulneſs! ſluttiſhneſs may come hereafter! but be it as it may be, I will marry thee; and to that end I have been with Sir Oliver Mar-text, the vicar of the next village, who hath promis'd to meet me in this place of the foreſt, and to couple us.

*Jaq.*

*Jaq.* I would fain ſee this meeting.

*Aud.* Well, the gods give us joy!

*Clo.* Amen. A man may, if he were of a fearful heart, ſtagger in this attempt; for here we have no temple but the wood, no aſſembly but horn-beaſts. But what tho'? courage. As horns are odious, they are neceſſary. It is ſaid, many a man knows no end of his goods: right; many a man has good horns, and knows no end of them. Well, that is the dowry of his wife, 'tis none of his own getting. Horns? even ſo——poor men alone?——No, no, the nobleſt deer hath them as huge as the raſcal. Is the ſingle man therefore bleſſed? No, As a wall'd town is more worthier than a village, ſo is the forehead of a married man more honourable than the bare brow of a bachelor; and by how much defence is better than no ſkill, ſo much is a horn more precious than to want.

*Enter Sir Oliver Mar-text.*

Here comes Sir Oliver. Sir Oliver Mar-text, you are well met. Will you diſpatch us here under this tree, or ſhall we go with you to your chapel?

*Sir Oli.* Is there none here to give the woman?

*Clo.* I will not take her on gift of any man.

*Sir Oli.* Truly, ſhe muſt be given, or the marriage is not lawful.

*Jaq.* Proceed, proceed! I'll give her.

*Clo.* Good even, good Maſter What-ye-call't: how do you, Sir? you are very well met. God'ild you for your laſt company! I am very glad to ſee you; even a toy in hand here, Sir: nay; pray, be covered.

*Jaq.* Will you be married, Motley?

*Clo.* As the ox hath his bow, Sir, the horſe his curb, and the faulcon his bells, ſo man hath his deſire; and as pigeons bill, ſo wedlock would be nibbling.

*Jaq.* And will you, being a man of your breeding, be married under a buſh like a beggar? Get you to church, and have a good prieſt that can tell you what marriage is: this fellow will but join you together as they join wainſcot; then one of you will prove a ſhrunk pannel, and, like green timber, warp, warp.

*Clo.* I am not in the mind, but I were better to be, married

married of him than of another: for he is not like to marry me well: and not being well married, it will be a good excuſe for me hereafter to leave my wife.

*Jaq.* Go thou with me, and let me counſel thee.

*Clo.* Come, ſweet Audrey, we muſt be married, or we muſt live in bawdry. Farewell, good Sir Oliver; not *O ſweet Oliver, O brave Oliver, leave me not behind thee;* but wind away, begone, I ſay, I will not to wedding with thee.

*Sir Oli.* 'Tis no matter: ne'er a fantaſtical knave of them all ſhall flout me out of my calling. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE X. *Changes to a cottage in the foreſt.*

*Enter Roſalind and Celia.*

*Roſ.* Never talk to me, I will weep.

*Cel.* Do, I pr'ythee; but yet have the grace to conſider, that tears do not become a man.

*Roſ.* But have I not cauſe to weep?

*Cel.* As good cauſe as one would deſire, therefore weep.

*Roſ.* His very hair is of the diſſembling colour.

*Cel.* Something browner than Judas's: marry, his kiſſes are Judas's own children.

*Roſ.* I' faith, his hair is of a good colour.

*Cel.* An excellent colour: your chefnut was ever the only colour.

*Roſ.* And his kiſſing is as full of ſanctity, as the touch of holy beard *.

*Cel.* He hath bought a pair of caſt lips of Diana; a nun of Winter's ſiſterhood kiſſes not more religiouſly; the very ice of chaſtity is in them.

*Roſ.* But why did he ſwear he would come this morning, and comes not?

*Cel.* Nay, certainly, there is no truth in him.

*Roſ.* Do you think ſo?

*Cel.* Yes; I think he is not a pick-purſe nor a horſe-ſtealer; but for his verity in love, I do think him as concave as a cover'd goblet, or a worm-eaten nut.

*Roſ.* Not true in love?

*Cel.* Yes, when he is in; but I think he is not in.

*Roſ.* You have heard him ſwear downright, he was.

*Cel.*

* Meaning the kiſs of charity from hermits and holy men.

*Cel.* Was, is not is: beſides, the oath of a lover is no ſtronger than the word of a tapſter; they are both the confirmers of falſe reckonings; he attends here in the foreſt on the Duke your father.

*Roſ.* I met the Duke yeſterday, and had much queſtion with him: he aſk'd me, of what parentage I was; I told him, of as good as he; ſo he laugh'd, and let me go. But what talk we of fathers, when there is ſuch a man as Orlando?

*Cel.* O, that's a brave man! he writes brave verſes, ſpeaks brave words, ſwears brave oaths, and breaks them bravely, quite travers, athwart the heart of his lover; as a puiſny tilter, that ſpurs his horſe but on one ſide, breaks his ſtaff like a noble gooſe; but all's brave that youth mounts, and folly guides. Who comes here?

*Enter Corin.*

*Cor.* Miſtreſs and Maſter, you have oft inquired
After the ſhepherd that complain'd of love;
Whom you ſaw ſitting by me on the turf,
Praiſing the proud diſdainful ſhepherdeſs.
That was his miſtreſs.

*Cel.* Well, and what of him?

*Cor.* If you will ſee a pageant truly play'd,
Between the pale complexion of true love,
And the red glow of ſcorn and proud diſdain;
Go hence a little, and I ſhall conduct you,
If you will mark it.

*Roſ.* O come, let us remove;
The ſight of lovers feedeth thoſe in love:
Bring us but to this ſight, and you ſhall ſay
I'll prove a buſy actor in their play. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE XI. *Changes to another part of the foreſt.*

*Enter Sylvius and Phebe.*

*Syl.* Sweet Phebe, do not ſcorn me; do not, Phebe;
Say, that you love me not; but ſay not ſo
In bitterneſs. The common executioner,
Whoſe heart th' accuſtom'd ſight of death makes hard,
Falls not the ax upon the humble neck,
But firſt begs pardon: will you ſterner be
Than he that deals, and lives by, bloody drops.

*Enter*

*Enter Roſalind, Celia, and Corin.*

*Phe.* I would not be thy executioner;
I fly thee, for I would not injure thee.
Thou tell'ſt me, there is murder in thine eyes;
'Tis pretty, ſure, and very probable,
That eyes, that are the frail'ſt and ſofteſt things,
Who ſhut their coward gates on atomies,
Should be call'd tyrants, butchers, murderers!—
Now do I frown on thee with all my heart,
And if mine eyes can wound, now let them kill thee:
Now counterfeit to ſwoon; why, now fall down;
Or if thou can'ſt not, oh, for ſhame, for ſhame,
Lie not, to ſay mine eyes are murderers.
Now ſhew the wound mine eyes have made in thee;
Scratch thee but with a pin, and there remains
Some ſcar of it; lean but upon a ruſh,
The cicatrice and capable impreſſure
Thy palm ſome moment keeps; but now mine eyes,
Which I have darted at thee, hurt thee not;
Nor, I am ſure, there is no force in eyes
That can do hurt.

*Syl.* O dear Phebe,
If ever (as that ever may be near)
You meet in ſome freſh cheek the power of fancy,
Then ſhall you know the wounds inviſible
That love's keen arrows make.

*Phe.* But till that time,
Come not thou near me; and when that time comes,
Afflict me with thy mocks, pity me not;
As, till that time, I ſhall not pity thee.

*Roſ.* And why, I pray you? who might be your mother,
That you inſult, exalt, and rail, at once
Over the wretched? what though you have beauty,
(As, by my faith, I ſee no more in you
Than without candle may go dark to bed,)
Muſt you be therefore proud and pitileſs?
Why, what means this? why do you look on me?
I ſee no more in you than in the ordinary
Of nature's ſale-work: odds, my little life!
I think ſhe means to tangle mine eyes too:
No, faith, proud miſtreſs, hope not after it;

'Tis

'Tis not your inky brows, your black ſilk hair,
Your bugle eye-balls, nor your cheek of cream,
That can entame my ſpirits to your worſhip
You fooliſh ſhepherd, wherefore do you follow her
Like foggy ſouth, puffing with wind and rain?
You are a thouſand times a properer man,
Than ſhe a woman. 'Tis ſuch fools as you,
That make the world full of ill-favour'd children;
'Tis not her glaſs, but you, that flatter her;
And out of you ſhe ſees herſelf more proper,
Than any of her lineaments can ſhow her.
But, Miſtreſs, know yourſelf; down on your knees,
And thank Heav'n, faſting, for a good man's love;
For I muſt tell you friendly in your ear,
Sell when you can, you are not for all markets,
Cry the man mercy, love him, take his offer;
Foul * is moſt foul, being found to be a ſcoffer:
So take her to thee, ſhepherd; fare you well.

*Phe.* Sweet youth, I pray you chide a year together; I had rather hear you chide, than this man woo.

*Roſ.* He's fallen in love with your foulneſs, and ſhe'll fall in love with my anger.——If it be ſo, as faſt as ſhe anſwers thee, with frowning looks, I'll ſauce her with bitter words. Why look you ſo upon me?

*Phe.* For no ill-will I bear you.

*Roſ.* I pray you, do not fall in love with me;
For I am falſer than vows made in wine;
Beſides, I like you not. If you will know my houſe,
'Tis at the tuft of olives, here hard by.
Will you go, ſiſter? ſhepherd, ply her hard;
Come, ſiſter; ſhepherdeſs, look on him better,
And be not proud; tho' all the world could ſee,
None could be ſo abus'd in ſight as he.
Come, to our flock. [*Exeunt Roſ. Cel. and Corin.*

*Phe.* Deed ſhepherd, now I find thy ſaw of might;
Who ever lov'd that lov'd not at firſt ſight?

*Syl.* Sweet Phebe!

*Phe.* Hah: what ſay'ſt thou, Silvius?

*Syl.* Sweet Phebe, pity me.

*Phe.* Why I am ſorry for thee, gentle Sylvius.

*Syl.*

* By the word *foul* here is meant *ill favoured.*

*Syl.* Where-ever ſorrow is, relief would be;
If you do ſorrow at my grief in love,
By giving love, your ſorrow and my grief
Were both extermin'd.

*Phe.* Thou haſt my love; is not that neighbourly?

*Syl.* I would have you.

*Phe.* Why, that were covetouſneſs.
Sylvius, the time was that I hated thee;
And yet it is not that I bear thee love;
But ſince that thou canſt talk of love ſo well,
Thy company, which erſt was irkſome to me,
I will endure; and I'll employ thee too:
But do not look for further recompenſe,
Than thine own gladneſs that thou art employ'd.

*Syl.* So holy and ſo perfect is my love,
And I in ſuch a poverty of grace,
That I ſhall think it a moſt plenteous crop
To glean the broken ears after the man
That the main harveſt reaps; looſe now and then
A ſcatter'd ſmile, and that I'll live upon.

*Phe.* Know'ſt thou the youth that ſpoke to me ere while?

*Syl.* Not very well, but I have met him oft;
And he hath bought the cottage and the bounds
That the old Carlot once was maſter of.

*Phe.* " Think not I love him, tho' I aſk for him;
" 'Tis but a peeviſh boy, yet he talks well.
" But what care I for words? yet words do well,
" When he that ſpeaks them, pleaſes thoſe that hear,
" It is a pretty youth, not very pretty;
" But, ſure, he's proud; and yet his pride becomes him.
" He'll make a proper man; the beſt thing in him
" Is his complexion; and faſter than his tongue
" Did make offence, his eye did heal it up:
" He is not very tall, yet for his years he's tall;
" His leg is but ſo ſo, and yet 'tis well;
" There was a pretty redneſs in his lip,
" A little riper, and more luſty red,
" Than that mix'd in his cheek: 'twas juſt the difference
" Betwixt the conſtant red and mingled damaſk.
" There be ſome women, Sylvius, had they mark'd him
" In parcels as I did, would have gone near

" To

" To fall in love with him; but, for my part,
" I love him not, nor hate him not; and yet
" I have more cauſe to hate him than to love him;
" For what had he to do to chide at me?
" He ſaid mine eyes were black, and my hair black;
" And, now I am remember'd, ſcorn'd at me.
" I marvel why I anſwer'd not again:
" But that's all one, omittance is no quittance."
I'll write to him a very taunting letter,
And thou ſhalt bear it: wilt thou, Sylvius?

*Syl.* Phebe, with all my heart.

*Phe.* I'll write it ſtraight:
The matter's in my head, and in my heart,
I will be bitter with him, and paſſing ſhort.
Go with me, Sylvius. [*Exeunt.*

## ACT IV. SCENE I.

*Continues in the foreſt.*

*Enter Roſalind, Celia, and Jaques.*

*Jaq.* I PR'YTHEE, pretty youth, let me be better acquainted with thee.

*Roſ.* They ſay you are a melancholy fellow.

*Jaq.* I am ſo; I do love it better than laughing.

*Roſ.* Thoſe that are in extremity of either are abominable fellows; and betray themſelves to every modern cenſure, worſe than drunkards.

*Jaq.* Why, 'tis good to be ſad, and ſay nothing.

*Roſ.* Why then, 'tis good to be a poſt.

*Jaq.* I have neither the ſcholar's melancholy, which is emulation; nor the muſician's, which is fantaſtical; nor the courtier's, which is proud; nor the ſoldier's, which is ambitious; nor the lawyer's which is politic; nor the lady's, which is nice; nor the lover's, which is all theſe: but it is a melancholy of mine own, compounded of many ſimples, extracted from many objects, and, indeed, the ſundry contemplation of my travels, in which my often rumination wraps me in a moſt humorous ſadneſs.

*Roſ.* A traveller! by my faith, you have great reaſon to be ſad: I fear you have ſold your own lands to ſee other mens; then, to have ſeen much, and to have nothing, is to have rich eyes, and poor hands.

*Jaq.* Yes, I have gain'd me experience.

*Enter Orlando.*

*Roſ.* And your experience makes you ſad: I had rather have a fool to make me merry, than experience to make me ſad, and to travel for it too.

*Orla.* Good day and happineſs, dear Roſalind!

*Jaq.* Nay, then God be wi' you, an you talk in blank verſe. [*Exit.*

## SCENE II.

*Roſ.* "Farewell, Monſieur Traveller; look you liſp, "and wear ſtrange ſuits; diſable all the benefits of "your own country; be out of love with your nativity, "and almoſt chide God for making you that counte- "nance you are; or I will ſcarce think you have ſwam "in a gondola. Why, how now, Orlando, where "have you been all this while? You a lover? an you "ſerve me ſuch another trick, never come in my ſight "more.

*Orla.* My fair Roſalind, I come within an hour of my promiſe.

*Roſ.* "Break an hour's promiſe in love! he that will "divide a minute into a thouſand parts, and break but "a part of the thouſandth part of a minute in the affairs "of love, it may be ſaid of him, that Cupid hath "clapt him o' th' ſhoulder, but I'll warrant him heart- "whole."

*Orla.* Pardon me, dear Roſalind.

*Roſ.* Nay, an you be ſo tardy, come no more in my ſight; I had as lief be woo'd of a ſnail.

*Orla.* Of a ſnail?

*Roſ.* "Ay, of a ſnail; for though he comes ſlowly, "he carries his houſe on his head: a better jointure, I "think, than you make a woman. Beſides, he brings "his deſtiny with him."

*Orla.* What's that?

*Roſ.* "Why, horns; which ſuch as you are fain to "be

" be beholden to your wives for: but he comes armed " in his fortune, and prevents the ſlander of his wife."

*Orla.* Virtue is no horn-maker; and my Roſalind is virtuous.

*Roſ.* And I am your Roſalind.

*Cel.* It pleaſes him to call you ſo; but he hath a Roſalind of a better leer than you.

*Roſ.* Come, woo me, woo me; for now I am in a holiday humour, and like enough to conſent. What would you ſay to me now an I were your very, very Roſalind?

*Orla.* I would kiſs before I ſpoke.

*Roſ.* Nay, you were better ſpeak firſt; and when you were gravell'd for lack of matter, you might take occaſion to kiſs. Very good orators, when they are out, they will ſpit; and for lovers lacking, God warn us, matter, the cleanlieſt ſhift is to kiſs.

*Orla.* How if the kiſs be denied?

*Roſ.* Then ſhe puts you to intreaty, and there begins new matter.

*Orla.* Who could be out, being before his beloved miſtreſs?

*Roſ.* Marry, that ſhould you, if I were your miſtreſs; or I ſhould think my honeſty ranker than my wit.

*Orla.* What, of my ſuit?

*Roſ.* Not out of your apparel, and yet out of your ſuit. Am not I your Roſalind?

*Orla.* I take ſome joy to ſay you are; becauſe I would be talking of her.

*Roſ.* Well, in her perſon, I ſay, I will not have you.

*Orla.* Then in mine own perſon I die.

*Roſ.* No, faith, die by attorney: the poor world is almoſt ſix thouſand years old, and in all this time there was not any man died in his own perſon, *videlicet*, in a love-cauſe. Troilus had his brains daſh'd out with a Grecian club, yet he did what he could to die before; and he is one of the patterns of love. Leander, he would have liv'd many a fair year, though Hero had turn'd nun, if it had not been for a hot midſummer-night; for, good youth, he went but forth to waſh in the Helleſpont, and, being taken with the cramp, was drown'd; and the fooliſh chroniclers of that age found it was,—Hero of Seſtos. But theſe are all lies; men

have died from time to time, and worms have eaten them, but not for love.

*Orla.* I would not have my right Roſalind of this mind; for I proteſt her frown might kill me.

*Roſ.* By this hand, it will not kill a fly: but come; now I will be your Roſalind in a more coming-on diſpoſition; and aſk me what you will, I will grant it.

*Orla.* Then love me, Roſalind.

*Roſ.* Yes, faith, will I, Fridays and Saturdays, and all.

*Orla.* And wilt thou have me?

*Roſ.* Ay, and twenty ſuch.

*Orla.* What ſay'ſt thou?

*Roſ.* Are you not good?

*Orla.* I hope ſo.

*Roſ.* Why then, can one deſire too much of a good thing? Come, ſiſter, you ſhall be the prieſt, and marry us. Give me your hand, Orlando. What do you ſay, ſiſter?

*Orla.* Pray thee, marry us.

*Cel.* I cannot ſay the words.

*Roſ.* You muſt begin,——Will you, Orlando——

*Cel.* Go to; will you, Orlando, have to wife this Roſalind?

*Orla.* I will.

*Roſ.* Ay, but when?

*Orla.* Why now, as faſt as ſhe can marry us.

*Roſ.* Then you muſt ſay, I take thee, Roſalind for wife.

*Orla.* I take thee Roſalind for wife.

*Roſ.* I might aſk you for your commiſſion, but I do take thee Orlando for my huſband: there's a girl goes before the prieſt, and certainly a woman's thought runs before her actions.

*Orla.* So do all thoughts; they are wing'd.

*Roſ.* Now tell me, how long would you have her, after you have poſſeſs'd her?

*Orla.* For ever and a day.

*Roſ.* 'Say a day, without the ever. No, no, Or-
'lando: men are April when they woo, December
'when they wed; maids are May when they are maids,
'but the ſky changes when they are wives: I will be
'more jealous of thee than a Barbary cock-pigeon
'over

'over his hen; more clamorous than a parrot againſt rain; 'more new-fangled than an ape; more giddy in my de- 'ſires than a monkey: I will weep for nothing, like Diana 'in the fountain, and I will do that when you are diſpos'd 'to be merry: I will laugh like a hyen, and that when 'you are inclin'd to weep.'

*Orla.* But will my Roſalind do ſo?

*Roſ.* By my life, ſhe will do as I do.

*Orla.* O, but ſhe is wiſe.

*Roſ.* Or elſe ſhe could not have the wit to do this; the wiſer, the waywarder: make the doors faſt upon a woman's wit, and it will out at the caſement; ſhut that, and 'twill out at the key hole; ſtop that, it will fly with the ſmoak out at the chimney.

*Orla.* A man that had a wife with ſuch a wit, he might ſay, Wit, whither wilt?

*Roſ.* Nay, you might keep that check for it, till you met your wife's wit going to your neighbour's bed.

*Orla.* And what wit could wit have to excuſe that?

*Roſ.* Marry, to ſay ſhe came to ſeek you there: you ſhall never take her without her anſwer, unleſs you take her without her tongue. O that woman that cannot make her fault her huſband's occaſion, let her never nurſe her child herſelf, for ſhe will breed it like a fool!

*Orla.* For theſe two hours, Roſalind, I will leave thee.

*Roſ.* Alas, dear love, I cannot lack thee two hours.

*Orla.* I muſt attend the Duke at dinner; by two o'clock I will be with thee again.

*Roſ.* Ay, go your ways, go your ways; I knew what you would prove, my friends told me as much, and I thought no leſs; that flattering tongue of yours won me; 'tis but one caſt away, and ſo come death. Two o' th' clock is your hour!

*Orla.* Ay, ſweet Roſalind.

*Roſ.* By my troth, and in good earneſt, and ſo God mend me, and by all pretty oaths that are not dangerous, if you break one jot of your promiſe, or come one minute behind your hour, I will think you the moſt atheiſtical break-promiſe, and the moſt hollow lover, and the moſt unworthy of her you call Roſalind, that may be choſen out of the groſs band of the unfaithful; therefore beware my cenſure, and keep your promiſe.

*Orla.* With no leſs religion, than if thou wert indeed my Roſalind; ſo adieu.

*Roſ.* Well, Time is the old juſtice that examines all ſuch offenders, and let Time try. Adieu! [*Exit Orla.*

## SCENE III.

*Cel.* You have ſimply miſus'd our ſex in your love-prate: we muſt have your doublet and hoſe pluck'd over your head, and ſhew the world what the bird hath done to her own neſt.

*Roſ.* O coz, coz, coz, my pretty little coz, that thou didſt know how many fathom deep I am in love; but it cannot be ſounded: my affection hath an unknown bottom, like the bay of Portugal.

*Cel.* Or rather, bottomleſs; that as faſt as you pour affection in it, it runs out.

*Roſ.* 'No, that ſame wicked baſtard of Venus, that 'was begot of thought, conceiv'd of ſpleen, and born of 'madneſs; that blind raſcally boy, that abuſes every one's 'eyes, becauſe his own are out; let him be judge how 'deep I am in love;' I'll tell thee, Aliena, I cannot be out of the ſight of Orlando; I'll go find a ſhadow, and ſigh till he come.

*Cel.* And I'll ſleep. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE IV. *Enter Jaques, Lords, and Foreſters.*

*Jaq.* Which is he that kill'd the deer?

*Lord.* Sir, it was I.

*Jaq.* Let's preſent him to the Duke, like a Roman conqueror; and it would do well to ſet the deer's horns upon his head, for a branch of victory. Have you no ſong, Foreſter for this purpoſe?

*For.* Yes, Sir.

*Jaq.* Sing it; 'tis no matter how it be in tune, ſo it make noiſe enough.

*Muſic, Song.*

*What ſhall he have that kill'd the deer;*
*His leather ſkin and horns to wear;*

*Then*

*Then ſing him home:——take thou no ſcorn*
*To wear the horn, the horn, the horn:*
*It was a creſt ere thou waſt born.*
*Thy father's father wore it,*
*And thy father bore it;*
*The horn, the horn, the luſty horn,*
*Is not a thing to laugh to ſcorn.*

} The reſt ſhall bear this burthen.

[*Exeunt.*

## SCENE V. *Enter Roſalind and Celia.*

*Roſ.* How ſay you now, is it not paſt two o'clock? I wonder much Orlando is not here.

*Cel.* I warrant you, with pure love and troubled brain, he hath ta'en his bow and arrows, and is gone forth to ſleep. Look, who comes here.

*Enter Silvius.*

*Syl.* My errand is to you, fair youth,
My gentle Phebe bid me give you this:
I know not the contents; but, as I gueſs,
By the ſtern brow and waſpiſh action
Which ſhe did uſe as ſhe was writing of it,
It bears an angry tenor; pardon me,
I am but as a guiltleſs meſſenger.

*Roſ.* Patience herſelf would ſtartle at this letter,
And play the ſwaggerer; bear this, bear all,
She ſays I am not fair; that I lack manners;
She calls me proud, and that ſhe could not love me
Were man as rare as phœnix: 'odds my will!
Her love is not the hare that I do hunt.
Why writes ſhe ſo to me? Well, ſhepherd, well,
This is a letter of your own device.

*Syl.* No, I proteſt I know not the contents;
Phebe did write it.

*Roſ.* Come, come, you're a fool,
And turn'd into th' extremity of love.
I ſaw her hand, ſhe has a leathern hand,
A free-ſtone-colour'd hand; I verily did think,
That her old gloves were on, but 'twas her hands;
She has a huſwife's hand, but that's no matter;
I ſay, ſhe never did invent this letter;
This is a man's invention, and his hand.

*Syl.* Sure it is hers.

*Roſ.*

*Roſ.* Why, 'tis a boiſterous and a cruel ſtyle,
A ſtyle for challengers; why, ſhe defies me,
Like Turk to Chriſtian; woman's gentle brain
Could not drop forth ſuch giant rude invention;
Such Ethiop words, blacker in their effect
Than in their countenance. Will you hear the letter?

*Syl.* So pleaſe you, for I never heard it yet;
Yet heard too much of Phebe's cruelty.

*Roſ.* She Phebe's me; mark how the tyrant writes.
[Reads.] *Art thou God to ſhepherd turn'd,*
*That a maiden's heart hath burn'd?*
Can a woman rail thus?

*Syl.* Call you this railing?

*Roſ.* [Reads.] *Why, thy Godhead laid apart,*
*Warr'ſt thou with a woman's heart?*
Did you ever hear ſuch railing?
*Whiles the eye of man did woo me,*
*That could do no vengeance to me.*
Meaning me a beaſt!
*If the ſcorn of your bright eyne*
*Have power to raiſe ſuch love in mine,*
*Alack, in me, what ſtrange effect*
*Would they work in mild aſpect?*
*Whiles you chid me, I did love;*
*How then might your prayers move?*
*He that brings this love to thee,*
*Little knows this love in me;*
*And by him ſeal up thy mind,*
*Whether that thy youth and kind*
*Will the faithful offer take*
*Of me, and all that I can make;*
*Or elſe by him my love deny,*
*And then I'll ſtudy how to die.*

*Syl.* Call you this chiding?

*Cel.* Alas, poor ſhepherd!

*Roſ.* Do you pity him! no, he deſerves no pity. Wilt thou love ſuch a woman? what, to make thee an inſtrument, and play falſe ſtrains upon thee? not to be endured! Well, go your way to her; (for I ſee love hath made thee a tame ſnake,) and ſay this to her, *That if ſhe love me, I charge her to love thee; if ſhe will not,*

*not, I will never have her, unleſs thou intreat for her.* If you be a true lover, hence, and not a word; for here comes more company. [*Exit Syl.*

## SCENE VI. *Enter Oliver.*

*Oli.* Good morrow, fair ones: pray you, if you know,
Where, in the purlieus of this foreſt, ſtands
A ſheep-cote fenc'd about with olive-trees?

*Cel.* Weſt of this place, down in the neighbour bottom,
The rank of oſiers, by the murmuring ſtream,
Left on your right hand, brings you to the place;
But at this hour the houſe doth keep itſelf,
There's none within.

*Oli.* If that an eye may profit by a tongue,
Then ſhould I know you by deſcription,
Such garments, and ſuch years: *the boy is fair,*
*Of female favour, and beſtows himſelf*
*Like a ripe ſiſter: but the woman low,*
*And browner than her brother.* Are not you
The owner of the houſe I did enquire for?

*Cel.* It is no boaſt, being aſk'd, to ſay, we are.

*Oli.* Orlando doth commend him to you both,
And to that youth he calls his Roſalind,
He ſends his bloody napkin. Are you he?

*Roſ.* I am; what muſt we underſtand by this?

*Oli.* Some of my ſhame, if you will know of me
What man I am, and how, and why, and where
This handkerchief was ſtain'd.

*Cel.* I pray you, tell it.

*Oli.* When laſt the young Orlando parted from you,
He left a promiſe to return again
Within an hour; and pacing through the foreſt,
Chewing the food of ſweet and bitter fancy,
Lo, what befel! he threw his eye aſide,
And mark what object did preſent itſelf.
'Under an oak, whoſe boughs were moſs'd with age,
'And high top bald with dry antiquity;
'A wretched ragged man, o'ergrown with hair,
'Lay ſleeping on his back; about his neck
'A green and gilded ſnake had wreath'd itſelf,
'Who with her head, nimble in threats, approach'd
'The opening of his mouth; but ſuddenly

'Seeing

'Seeing Orlando, it unlink'd itſelf,
'And with indented glides did ſlip away
'Into a buſh; under which buſh's ſhade
'A lioneſs, with udders all drawn dry,
'Lay couching head on ground, with cat-like watch
'When that the ſleeping man ſhould ſtir; for 'tis
'The royal diſpoſition of that beaſt,
'To prey on nothing that doth ſeem as dead:'
This ſeen, Orlando did approach the man,
And found it was his brother, his eldeſt brother.

*Cel.* O, I have heard him ſpeak of that ſame brother,
And he did render him the moſt unnatural
That liv'd 'mongſt men.

*Oli.* And well he might ſo do;
For, well I know, he was unnatural.

*Roſ.* But, to Orlando; did he leave him there,
Food to the ſuck'd and hungry lioneſs?

*Oli.* Twice did he turn his back, and purpoſ'd ſo:
But kindneſs, nobler ever than revenge,
And nature ſtronger than his juſt occaſion,
Made him give battle to the lioneſs,
Who quickly fell before him; in which hurtling
From miſerable ſlumber I awak'd.

*Cel.* Are you his brother?

*Roſ.* Was it you he reſcu'd?

*Cel.* Was it you that did ſo oft contrive to kill him?

*Oli.* 'Twas I; but 'tis not I; I do not ſhame
To tell you what I was, ſince my converſion
So ſweetly taſtes, being the thing I am.

*Roſ.* But for the bloody napkin?—

*Oli.* By, and by.
When from the firſt to laſt, betwixt us two,
Tears our recountments had moſt kindly bath'd,
As how I came into that deſart place;
In brief, he led me to the gentle Duke,
Who gave me freſh array and entertainment,
Committing me unto my brother's love;
Who led me inſtantly unto his cave,
There ſtrip'd himſelf, and here upon his arm
The lioneſs had torn ſome fleſh away,
Which all this while had bled; and now he fainted,
And cry'd, in fainting, upon Roſalind.———

Brief,

Brief, I recover'd him; bound up his wound;
And, after ſome ſmall ſpace, being ſtrong at heart,
He ſent me hither, ſtranger as I am,
To tell this ſtory, that you might excuſe
His broken promiſe; and to give this napkin,
Dy'd in his blood, unto the ſhepherd youth,
That he in ſport doth call his Roſalind.

*Cel.* Why, how now Ganymede, ſweet, Ganymede?

[*Roſ. faints.*

*Oli.* Many will ſwoon when they do look on blood.

*Cel.* There is more in it:—Couſin Ganymede!

*Oli.* Look, he recovers.

*Roſ.* Would I were at home!

*Cel.* We'll lead you thither.
I pray you, will you take him by the arm?

*Oli.* Be of good cheer, youth; you a man? you lack a man's heart.

*Roſ.* I do ſo, I confeſs it. Ah, Sir, a body would think this was well counterfeited. I pray you, tell your brother how well I counterfeited: heigh ho!—

*Oli.* This was not counterfeit, there is too great teſtimony in your complexion, that it was a paſſion of earneſt.

*Roſ.* Counterfeit, I aſſure you.

*Oli.* Well then, take a good heart, and counterfeit to be a man.

*Roſ.* So I do: but, i'faith, I ſhould have been a woman by right.

*Cel.* Come, you look paler and paler; pray you, draw homewards; good Sir, go with us.

*Oli.* That will I; for I muſt bear anſwer back,
How you excuſe my brother, Roſalind.

*Roſ.* I ſhall deviſe ſomething; but, I pray you, commend my counterfeiting to him. Will you go?

[*Exeunt.*

## ACT V. SCENE I.

*The foreſt.*

*Enter Clown and Audrey.*

*Clown.* WE ſhall find a time, Audrey; patience, gentle Audrey.

*Aud.*

*Aud.* Faith, the prieſt was good enough, for all the old gentleman's ſaying.

*Clo.* A moſt wicked Sir Oliver, Audrey; a moſt vile Mar-text! but, Audrey, there is a youth here in the foreſt lays claim to you.

*Aud.* Ay, I know who 'tis, he hath no intereſt in me in the world; here comes the man you mean.

*Enter William.*

*Clo.* It is meat and drink to me to ſee a clown: by my troth, we that have good wits, have much to anſwer for: we ſhall be flouting; we cannot hold.

*Will.* Good ev'n, Audrey.

*Aud.* God ye good ev'n, William.

*Will.* And good ev'n to you, Sir.

*Clo.* Good ev'n, gentle friend. Cover thy head, cover thy head; nay, pr'ythee be cover'd. How old are you friend?

*Will.* Five and twenty, Sir.

*Clo.* A ripe age. Is thy name William?

*Will.* William, Sir.

*Clo.* A fair name. Waſt born i' th' foreſt here!

*Will.* Ay, Sir, I thank God.

*Clo.* Thank God: a good anſwer. Art rich?

*Will.* 'Faith, Sir, ſo, ſo.

*Clo.* So, ſo, is good, very good, very excellent good: and yet it is not; it is but ſo ſo. Art thou wiſe?

*Will.* Ay, Sir, I have a pretty wit.

*Clo.* Why, thou ſay'ſt well: I do now remember a ſaying, *The fool doth think he is wiſe, but the wiſe man knows himſelf to be a fool.* The heathen philoſopher, when he had a deſire to eat a grape, would open his lips when he put it into his mouth; meaning thereby, that grapes were made to eat, and lips to open. You do love this maid?

*Will.* I do, Sir.

*Clo.* Give me your hand. Art thou learned?

*Will.* No, Sir.

*Clo.* Then learn this of me; to have, is to have. For it is a figure in rhetoric, that drink being poured out of a cup into a glaſs, by filling the one doth empty the other.

ther. For all your writers do conſent, that *ipſe* is he: now you are not *ipſe*; for I am he.

*Will.* Which he, Sir?

*Clo.* He, Sir, that muſt marry this woman; therefore you, Clown, abandon, which is in the vulgar, leave the ſociety, which in the booriſh, is company, of this female; which in the common, is woman; which together is, abandon the ſociety of this female: or Clown, thou periſheſt; or, to thy better underſtanding, dieſt; or, to wit, I kill thee, make thee away, tranſlate thy life into death, thy liberty into bondage; I will deal in poiſon with thee, or in baſtinado, or in ſteel; I will bandy with thee in faction; I will over-run thee with policy; I will kill thee a hundred and fifty ways; therefore tremble and depart.

*Aud.* Do, good William.

*Will.* God reſt you merry, Sir. [*Exit.*

*Enter Corin.*

*Cor.* Our maſter and miſtreſs ſeek you; come away, away.

*Clo.* Trip, Audrey; trip, Audrey; I attend, I attend. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE II. *Enter Orlando and Oliver.*

*Orla.* Is't poſſible, that on ſo little acquaintance you ſhould like her? that, but ſeeing, you ſhould love her; and loving, woo? and wooing, ſhe ſhould grant? and will you perſevere to enjoy her?

*Oli.* Neither call the giddineſs of it in queſtion, the poverty of her, the ſmall acquaintance, my ſudden wooing, nor her ſudden conſenting; but ſay with me, I love Aliena; ſay with her, that ſhe loves me; conſent with both, that we may enjoy each other; it ſhall be to your good; for my father's houſe, and all the revenue that was old Sir Rowland's, will I eſtate upon you, and here live and die a ſhepherd.

*Enter Roſalind.*

*Orla* You have my conſent. Let your wedding be to-morrow; thither will I invite the Duke, and all his contented followers; go you, and prepare Aliena; for, look you, here comes my Roſalind.

*Roſ.* God ſave you, brother.

*Oli.* And you, fair ſiſter.

*Roſ.* Oh, my dear Orlando, how it grieves me to ſee thee wear thy heart in a ſcarf.

*Orla.* It is my arm.

*Roſ.* I thought thy heart had been wounded with the claws of a lion.

*Orla.* Wounded it is, but with the eyes of a lady.

*Roſ.* Did your brother tell you how I counterfeited to ſwoon, when he ſhew'd me your handkerchief?

*Orla.* Ay, and greater wonders than that.

*Roſ.* O, I know where you are: nay, 'tis true: there was never any thing ſo ſudden, but the ſight of two rams, and Cæſar's thraſonical brag of I *came*, *ſaw*, and *overcame:* for your brother and my ſiſter no ſooner met, but they look'd; no ſooner look'd, but they lov'd; no ſooner lov'd, but they ſigh'd; no ſooner ſigh'd, but they aſk'd one another the reaſon; no ſooner knew the reaſon, but they ſought the remedy; and in theſe degrees have they made a pair of ſtairs to marriage, which they will climb incontinent, or elſe be incontinent before marriage. They are in the very wrath of love, and they will together. Clubs cannot part them.

*Orla.* They ſhall be married to-morrow; and I will bid the Duke to the nuptial. But, O, how bitter a thing it is, to look into happineſs through another man's eyes! by ſo much the more ſhall I to-morrow be at the height of heart-heavineſs, by how much I ſhall think my brother happy, in having what he wiſhes for.

*Roſ.* Why, then, to-morrow I cannot ſerve your turn for Roſalind?

*Orla.* I can live no longer by thinking.

*Roſ.* I will weary you then no longer with idle talking. Know of me then, for now I ſpeak to ſome purpoſe, that I know you are a gentleman of good conceit. I ſpeak not this, that thou ſhould bear a good opinion of my knowledge; inſomuch, I ſay, I know what you are; neither do I labour for a greater eſteem than may in ſome little meaſure draw a belief from you to do yourſelf good, and not to grace me. Believe then, if you pleaſe, that I can do ſtrange things. I have, ſince I was three years old, convers'd with a magician, moſt profound

profound in his art, and yet not damnable. If you do love Roſalind ſo near the heart, as your geſture cries it out, when your brother marries Aliena, you ſhall marry her. I know into what ſtraits of fortune ſhe is driven; and it is not impoſſible to me, if it appear not inconvenient to you, to ſet her before your eyes to-morrow; human as ſhe is, and without any danger.

*Orla.* Speak'ſt thou in ſober meanings?

*Roſ.* By my life, I do; which I tender dearly, though I ſay, I am a magician: therefore put you on your beſt array; bid your friends, for if you will be married to-morrow, you ſhall; and to Roſalind, if you will.

## SCENE III. *Enter Sylvius and Phebe.*

Look, here comes a lover of mine, and a lover of hers.

*Phe.* Youth, you have done me much ungentleneſs,
To ſhew the letter that I writ to you.

*Roſ* I care not, if I have: it is my ſtudy
To ſeem deſpightful and ungentle to you,
You are there follow'd by a faithful ſhepherd?
Look upon him, love him; he worſhips you.

*Phe.* 'Good ſhepherd, tell this youth what 'tis to love.'

*Syl.* 'It is to be made all of ſighs and tears,
'And ſo am I for Phebe.'

*Phe.* And I for Ganymede.

*Orla.* And I for Roſalind.

*Roſ.* And I for no woman.

*Syl.* 'It is to be made all of faith and ſervices;
'And ſo am I for Phebe.'

*Phe.* And I for Ganymede.

*Orla.* And I for Roſalind.

*Roſ.* And I for no woman.

*Syl.* 'It is to be all made fantaſy,
'All made of paſſion, and all made of wiſhes,
'All adoration, duty, and obſervance,
'All humbleneſs, all patience, and impatience,
'All purity, all trial, all obſervance;
'And ſo am I for Phebe.'

*Phe.* And ſo am I for Ganymede.

*Orla.* And ſo am I for Roſalind.

*Roſ.* And ſo am I for no woman.

*Phe.* If this be ſo, why blame you me to love you? [*To Roſ.*

*Syl.* If this be ſo, why blame you me to love you? [*To Phe.*

*Orla.* If this be ſo, why blame you me to love you?

*Roſ.* Who do you ſpeak to, Why blame you me to love you?

*Orla.* To her that is not here, nor doth not hear.

*Roſ.* Pray you, no more of this; 'tis like the howling of Iriſh wolves againſt the moon; I will help you if I can; I would love you if I could; to-morrow meet me all together. I will marry you, if ever I marry woman, and I'll be married to-morrow; [*To Phebe.*] I will ſatisfy you, if ever I ſatisfy'd man, and you ſhall be married to-morrow; [*To Orla*] I will content you, if what pleaſes you contents you; and you ſhall be married to-morrow; [*To Syl.*] As you love Roſalind, meet; as you love Phebe, meet; and as I love no woman, I'll meet. So fare you well; I have left you commands.

*Syl.* I'll not fail, if I live.

*Phe.* Nor I.

*Orla.* Nor I. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE IV. *Enter Clown and Audrey.*

*Clo.* To-morrow is the joyful day, Audrey: to-morrow will we be married.

*Aud.* "I do deſire it with all my heart; and I hope "it is no diſhoneſt deſire, to deſire to be a woman of "the world." Here come two of the baniſh'd Duke's pages.

*Enter two pages.*

1 *Page.* Well met, honeſt gentleman.

*Clo.* By my troth, well met: come, ſit, ſit, and a ſong.

2 *Page.* We are for you, ſit i' th' middle.

1 *Page.* Shall we clap into't roundly, without hawking, or ſpitting, or ſaying we are hoarſe, which are the only prologues to a bad voice?

2 *Page.* I'faith, i'faith, and both in a tune, like two gypſies on a horſe.

*SONG.*

*SONG.*

*It was a lover and his laſs,*
*With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino,*
*That o'er the green corn-field did paſs*
*In the ſpring-time; the pretty ſpring-time,*
*When birds do ſing, hey ding a ding, ding,*
*Sweet lovers love the ſpring.*

*And therefore take the preſent time,*
*With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino;*
*For love is crowned with the prime,*
*In the ſpring-time,* &c.

*Between the acres of the rye,*
*With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino,*
*Theſe pretty country-folks would lie,*
*In the ſpring-time,* &c.

*The carol they began that hour,*
*With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino,*
*How that a life was but a flower,*
*In the ſpring-time,* &c.

*Clo.* Truly, young gentleman, though there was no great matter in the ditty, yet the note was very untimeable.

1 *Page.* You are deceiv'd Sir, we kept time, we loſt not our time.

*Clo.* By my troth, yes; I count it but time loſt to hear ſuch a fooliſh ſong. God be wi' you, and God mend your voices. Come, Audrey. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE V.

*Changes to another part of the foreſt.*

*Enter Duke ſenior, Amiens, Jaques, Orlando, Oliver, and Celia.*

*Duke ſen.* Doſt thou believe, Orlando, that the boy Can do all this that he hath promiſed?

*Orla.* I ſometimes do believe, and ſometimes do not; As thoſe that fear their hap, and know their fear.

*Enter Roſalind, Sylvius, and Phebe.*

*Roſ.* Patience once more, whiles our compact is urg'd:
You ſay, if I bring in your Roſalind, [*To the Duke.*
You will beſtow her on Orlando here?
*Duke ſen.* That would I, had I kingdoms to give with her.
*Roſ.* And you ſay, you will have her when I bring her. [*To Orlando.*
*Orla.* That would I, were I of all kingdoms king.
*Roſ.* You ſay you'll marry me, if I be willing. [*To Phebe.*
*Phe.* That will I, ſhould I die the hour after.
*Roſ.* But if you do refuſe to marry me,
You'll give yourſelf to this moſt faithful ſhepherd.
*Phe.* So is the bargain.
*Roſ.* You ſay, that you'll have Phebe if ſhe will? [*To Sylvius.*
*Syl.* Tho' to have her and death were both one thing.
*Roſ.* I've promis'd to make all this matter even.
Keep you your word, O Duke, to give your daughter;
You yours, Orlando, to receive his daughter:
Keep your word, Phebe, that you'll marry me,
Or elſe, refuſing me, to wed this ſhepherd:
Keep your word, Sylvius, that you'll marry her,
If ſhe refuſe me; and from hence I go
To make theſe doubts all even. [*Exeunt Roſ. and Celia.*
*Duke ſen.* I do remember in this ſhepherd-boy
Some lively touches of my daughter's favour.
*Orla.* My Lord, the firſt time that I ever ſaw him,
Methought he was a brother to your daughter;
But, my good Lord, this boy is foreſt-born,
And hath been tutor'd in the rudiments
Of many deſperate ſtudies by his uncle;
Whom he reports to be a great magician,
Obſcured in the circle of this foreſt.

## SCENE VI. *Enter Clown and Audrey.*

*Jaq.* There is, ſure, another flood toward, and theſe couples are coming to the ark. Here come a pair

pair of unclean beaſts *, which in all tongues are call'd fools.

*Clo.* Salutation, and greeting, to you all!

*Jaq.* Good my Lord, bid him welcome. This is the motley-minded gentleman, that I have ſo often met in the foreſt: he hath been a courtier, he ſwears.

*Clo.* 'If any man doubt that, let him put me to my 'purgation, I have trod a meaſure; I have flatter'd 'a lady; I have been politic with my friend, ſmooth 'with mine enemy; I have undone three tailors; I have 'had four quarrels, and like to have fought one.'

*Jaq.* And how was that ta'en up?

*Clo.* 'Faith, we met; and found, the quarrel was upon the ſeventh cauſe.

*Jaq.* How the ſeventh cauſe?——Good my Lord, like this fellow.

*Duke ſen.* I like him very well.

*Clo.* God'ild you, Sir, I deſire of you the like. I preſs in here, Sir, amongſt the reſt of the country copulatives, to ſwear, and to forſwear, according as marriage binds, and blood breaks; a poor virgin, Sir, an "ill-favour'd thing, Sir, but mine own; a poor humour "of mine, Sir, to take that that no man elſe will." Rich honeſty dwells like a miſer, Sir, in a poor houſe; as your pearl in your foul oyſter.

*Duke ſen.* By my faith, he is very ſwift and ſententious.

*Clo.* According to the fool's bolt, Sir, and ſuch dulcet diſeaſes †.

*Jaq.* But, for the ſeventh cauſe; how did you find the quarrel on the ſeventh cauſe?

*Clo.* "Upon a lie ſeven times removed; (bear your "body more ſeeming, Audrey;) as thus, Sir. I did "diſlike the cut of a certain courtier's beard; he ſent "me word, if I ſaid his beard was not cut well, he "was in the mind it was. This is call'd the *Retort* "*courteous*. If I ſent him word again, it was not well "cut, he would ſend me word, he cut it to pleaſe himſelf.

"This

* Noah was ordered to take into the ark the clean-beaſts by ſevens, and the unclean by pairs.

† Meaning *love*, as what is apt to make folks ſententious.

" This is call'd the *Quip modeſt*. If again, it was not " well cut, he diſabled my judgment. This is call'd the " *Reply churliſh*. If again, it was not well cut, he would " anſwer, I ſpake not true. This is call'd the *Reproof* " *valiant*. If again, it was not well cut, he would ſay, I " lie. This is call'd the *Counter-check quarrelſome;* and " ſo, the *Lie circumſtantial*, and the *Lie direct*."

*Jaq.* And how oft did you ſay, his beard was not well cut?

*Clo.* " I durſt go no further than the *Lie circumſtantial;* " nor he durſt not give me the *Lie direct*, and ſo we mea- " ſur'd ſwords and parted."

*Jaq.* Can you nominate in order now the degrees of the Lie?

*Clo.* " O Sir, we quarrel in print, by the book; as " you have books for good manners. I will name you " the degrees. The firſt, the Retort courteous; the ſe- " cond, the Quip modeſt; the third, the Reply churliſh; " the fourth, the Reproof valiant; the fifth, the Coun- " tercheck quarrelſome; the ſixth, the Lie with circum- " ſtance; the ſeventh, the Lie direct. All theſe you " may avoid, but the Lie direct; and you may avoid " that too, with an If. I knew, when ſeven juſtices " could not take up a quarrel; but when the parties were " met themſelves, one of them thought but of an If; as, " If you ſaid ſo, then I ſaid ſo; and they ſhook hands, " and ſwore brothers. Your If is the only peace-maker; " much virtue in If."

*Jaq.* Is not this a rare fellow, my Lord? he's good at any thing, and yet a fool.

*Duke ſen.* He uſes his folly like a ſtalking-horſe, and under the preſentation of that he ſhoots his wit.

## SCENE VII.

*Enter Hymen, Roſalind in woman's clothes, and Celia.*

*Still muſic.*

*Hym. Then is there mirth in heav'n,*
*When earthly things made even*
*Atone together.*

*Good*

*Good Duke, receive thy daughter,*
*Hymen from heaven brought her,*
*Yea, brought her hither:*
*That thou might'ſt join her hand with his,*
*Whoſe heart within her boſom is.*

*Roſ.* To you I give myſelf; for I am yours.
[*To the Duke.*
To you I give myſelf; for I am yours. [*To Orlando.*

*Duke ſen.* If there be truth in ſight, you are my daughter.

*Orla.* If there be truth in ſight, you are my Roſalind.

*Phe.* If ſight and ſhape be true,
Why, then, my love adieu!

*Roſ.* I'll have no father, if you be not he;
I'll have no huſband, if you be not he;
Nor ne'er wed woman, if you be not ſhe.

*Hym.* Peace, hoa! I bar confuſion:
'Tis I muſt make concluſion
Of theſe moſt ſtrange events.
Here's eight that muſt take hands,
To join in Hymen's bands,
If truth holds true contents.
You and you no croſs ſhall part;
You and you are heart in heart;
You to his love muſt accord,
Or have a woman to your lord;
You and you are ſure together,
As the winter to foul weather:
Whiles a wedlock-hymn we ſing,
Feed yourſelves with queſtioning;
That reaſon wonder may diminiſh,
How thus we met, and theſe things finiſh.

## *SONG.*

*Wedding is great Juno's crown,*
*O bleſſed bond of board and bed!*
*'Tis Hymen peoples every town,*
*High wedlock then be honoured:*
*Honour, high honour and renown*
*To Hymen, God of every town!*

*Duke*

*Duke ſen.* O my dear niece, welcome thou art to me;
Ev'n daughter welcome, in no leſs degree.
*Phe.* I will not eat my word, now thou art mine;
Thy faith my fancy to thee doth combine.

## SCENE VIII. *Enter Jaques de Boys.*

*Jaq. de B.* Let me have audience for a word or two.
I am the ſecond ſon of old Sir Rowland,
That brings theſe tidings to this fair aſſembly.
Duke Frederick hearing, how that every day
Men of great worth reſorted to this foreſt,
Addreſs'd a mighty power, which were on foot
In his own conduct purpoſely to take
His brother here, and put him to the ſword:
And to the ſkirts of this wild wood he came;
Where meeting with an old religious man,
After ſome queſtion with him, was converted
Both from his enterpriſe, and from the world;
His crown bequeathing to his baniſh'd brother,
And all their lands reſtor'd to them again,
That were with him exil'd. This to be true,
I do engage my life.
*Duke ſen.* Welcome, young man:
Thou offer'ſt fairly to thy brother's wedding;
To one, his lands with-held; and to the other,
A land itſelf at large, a potent dukedom.
Firſt, in this foreſt, let us do thoſe ends
That here were well begun, and well begot:
And after, every of this happy number,
That have endur'd ſhrewd days and nights with us,
Shall ſhare the good of our returned fortune,
According to the meaſure of their ſtates.
Mean time, forget this new-fall'n dignity,
And fall into our ruſtic revelry:
Play, muſic; and you brides and bridegrooms all,
With meaſure heap'd in joy, to th' meaſures fall.
*Jaq.* Sir, by your patience: if I heard you rightly,
The Duke hath put on a religious life,
And thrown into neglect the pompous court.
*Jaq. de B.* He hath.
*Jaq.* To him will I: out of theſe convertites

There

There is much matter to be heard and learn'd.
You to your former honour I bequeath; [*To the Duke.*
Your patience and your virtue well deſerve it:
You to a love, that your true faith doth merit;
[*To Orla.*
You to your land, and love, and great allies; [*To Oli.*
You to a long and well deſerved bed; [*To Sylv.*
And you to wrangling; for thy loving voyage
[*To the Clown.*
Is but for two months victual'd: ſo to your pleaſures:
I am for other than for dancing meaſures.

*Duke ſen.* Stay, Jaques, ſtay.

*Jaq.* To ſee no paſtime, I: what you would have,
I'll ſtay to know at your abandon'd cave. [*Exit.*

*Duke ſen.* Proceed, proceed; we will begin theſe rites,
As we do truſt they'll end, in true delights.

## *EPILOGUE.*

*Roſ.* It is not the faſhion to ſee the lady the epilogue; but it is no more unhandſome, than to ſee the lord the prologue. If it be true, that *good wine needs no buſh*, 'tis true, that a good play needs no epilogue. Yet to good wine they do uſe good buſhes; and good plays prove the better by the help of good epilogues. What a caſe am I in then, that am neither a good epilogue, nor can inſinuate with you in the behalf of a good play? I am not furniſh'd like a beggar; therefore to beg will not become me. My way is to conjure you, and I'll begin with the women. I charge you, O women, for the love you bear to men, to like as much of this play as pleaſes them: and I charge you, O men, for the love you bear to women, (as I perceive by your ſimpering, none of you hate them,) to like as much as pleaſes them: that between you and the women, the play may pleaſe. If I were a woman *, I would kiſs as many of you as had beards that pleas'd me, complexions that lik'd me, and breaths that I defy'd not: and, I am ſure, as many as have good beards, or good faces, or ſweet breaths, will, for my kind offer, when I make my courteſy, bid me farewell. [*Exeunt omnes.*

The

* Note, that in this author's time the parts of women were always performed by men or boys.

THE

# TAMING OF THE SHREW.

CHARACTERS IN THE INDUCTION.

*A Lord, before whom the play is ſuppos'd to be play'd.*
Chriſtopher Sly, *a drunken Tinker.*
Hoſteſs.
*Page, Players, Huntſmen, and other Servants attending on the Lord.*

DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

BAPTISTA, *father to Catharina and Bianca; very rich.*
Vincentio, *an old gentleman of Piſa.*
Lucentio, *ſon to Vincentio, in love with Bianca.*
Petruchio, *a gentleman of Verona, a ſuitor to Catharina.*
Gremio, Hortenſio, } *pretenders to Bianca.*
Tranio, Biondello, } *ſervants to Lucentio.*
Grumio, *ſervant to Petruchio.*
Pedant, *an old fellow ſet up to perſonate Vincentio.*
Catharina, *the ſhrew.*
Bianca, *her ſiſter.*
*Widow.*
*Taylor, Haberdaſhers; with ſervants attending on Baptiſta and Petruchio.*

*SCENE, ſometimes in Padua, and ſometimes in Petruchio's houſe in the country.*

## INDUCTION.

### SCENE I.

*Before an alehouſe on a heath.*

*Enter Hoſteſs and Sly.*

*Sly.* I'LL pheeze you, in faith.

*Hoſt.* A pair of ſtocks, you rogue!

*Sly.* Y'are a baggage; the Slies are no rogues. Look in the chronicles, we came in with Richard Conqueror; therefore *paucus pallabris**; let the world ſlide: *Seſſa.*

*Hoſt.*

* Meaning *pocas palabras*, Spaniſh, *few words.* Mr. Theobald.

*Hoſt.* You will not pay for the glaſſes you have burſt?

*Syl.* No, not a denier: go by, Jeronimo*—— go to thy cold bed, and warm thee.

*Hoſt.* I know my remedy; I muſt go fetch the third borough.

*Sly.* Third, or fourth, or fifth borough, I'll anſwer him by law; I'll not budge an inch, boy; let him come, and kindly. [*Falls aſleep.*

## SCENE II.

*Wind horns. Enter a Lord from hunting, with a train.*

*Lord.* Huntſman, I charge thee, tender well my hounds:
Leech Merriman, the poor cur is imboſt;
And couple Clowder with the deep-mouth'd Brach.
Saw'ſt thou not, boy, how ſilver made it good
At the hedge-corner in the coldeſt fault?
I would not loſe the dog for twenty pound.

*Hun.* Why, Belman is as good as he, my Lord;
He cried upon it at the mereſt loſs,
And twice to-day pick'd out the dulleſt ſcent:
Truſt me, I take him for the better dog.

*Lord.* Thou art a fool; if Echo were as fleet,
I would eſteem him worth a dozen ſuch.
But ſup them well, and look unto them all,
To-morrow I intend to hunt again.

*Hun.* I will, my Lord.

*Lord.* What's here? one dead or drunk? See, doth he breathe?

2 *Hun.* He breathes, my Lord. Were he not warm'd with ale,
This were a bed but cold to ſleep ſo ſoundly.

*Lord.* O monſtrous beaſt! how like a ſwine he lies!
Grim death, how foul and loathſome is thy image!



* *Go by, Jeronimo*, was a kind of by-word in the author's days, as appears by its being uſed in the ſame manner by Ben Johnſon, Beaumont, and Fletcher, and other writers near that time. It aroſe firſt from a paſſage in an old play called *Hieronyme*, or, *The Spaniſh tragedy*.

Sirs, I will practiſe on this drunken man.
What think you, if he were convey'd to bed,
Wrapp'd in ſweet clothes; rings put upon his fingers;
A moſt delicious banquet by his bed,
And brave attendants near him when he wakes;
Would not the beggar then forget himſelf?

1 *Hun.* Believe me, Lord, I think he cannot chuſe.

2 *Hun.* It would ſeem ſtrange unto him when he wak'd.

*Lord.* Even as a flatt'ring dream, or worthleſs fancy.
Then take him up, and manage well the jeſt:
Carry him gently to my faireſt chamber,
And hang it round with all my wanton pictures;
Balm his foul head with warm diſtilled waters,
And burn ſweet wood to make the lodging ſweet.
Procure me muſic ready when he wakes,
To make a dulcet and a heav'nly ſound;
And if he chance to ſpeak, be ready ſtraight,
And with a low ſubmiſſive reverence
Say, What is it your Honour will command?
Let one attend him with a ſilver baſon
Full of roſe-water, and beſtrew'd with flowers;
Another bear the ewer; a third a diaper;
And ſay, Wilt pleaſe your Lordſhip cool your hands?
Some one be ready with a coſtly ſuit,
And aſk him what apparel he will wear;
Another tell him of his hounds and horſe,
And that his lady mourns at his diſeaſe;
Perſuade him that he hath been lunatic
And when he ſays he is,——ſay that he dreams;
For he is nothing but a mighty Lord.
This do, and do it kindly, gentle Sirs:
It will be paſtime paſſing excellent,
If it be huſbanded with modeſty.

1 *Hun.* My Lord, I warrant you, we'll play our part,
As he ſhall think, by our true diligence,
He is no leſs than what we ſay he is.

*Lord.* Take him up gently, and to bed with him;
And each one to his office when he wakes.
[*Some bear out Sly. Sound trumpets.*
Sirrah, go ſee what trumpet is that ſounds.
Belike, ſome noble gentleman that means, [*Ex. ſervant.*
Travelling ſome journey, to repoſe him here.

SCENE

SCENE III. *Re-enter Servant.*

How now? who is it?

*Ser.* An't pleaſe your Honour, players
That offer ſervice to your Lordſhip.

*Lord.* Bid them come near.

*Enter Players.*

Now, fellows, you are welcome.

*Play.* We thank your Honour.

*Lord.* Do you intend to ſtay with me to-night?

2 *Play.* So pleaſe your Lordſhip to accept our duty.

*Lord.* With all my heart. This fellow I remember,
Since once he play'd a farmer's eldeſt ſon:
'Twas where you woo'd the gentlewoman ſo well:
I have forgot your name; but, ſure, that part
Was aptly fitted, and naturally perform'd.

*Sim.* I think 'twas Soto that your Honour means.

*Lord.* 'Tis very true; thou didſt it excellent.
Well, you are come to me in happy time,
The rather for I have ſome ſport in hand,
Wherein your cunning can aſſiſt me much.
There is a Lord will hear you play to-night;
But I am doubtful of your modeſties,
Leſt, over-eying of his odd behaviour,
(For yet his honour never heard a play,)
You break into ſome merry paſſion,
And ſo offend him: for I tell you, Sirs,
If you ſhould ſmile, he grows impatient.

*Play.* Fear not, my Lord, we can contain ourſelves;
Were he the verieſt antic in the world.

2 *Play.* [*to the other.*] Go get a diſhclout to make clean your ſhoes, and I'll ſpeak for the properties.

[*Exit Player.*

My Lord, we muſt have a ſhoulder of mutton for a property, and a little vinegar to make our devil roar.

*Lord.* Go, ſirrah, take them to the buttery,
And give them friendly welcome every one:
Let them want nothing that the houſe affords.

[*Exit one with the players.*

Sirrah, go you to Bartholomew my page,
And ſee him dreſs'd in all ſuits like a lady.

That done, conduct him to the drunkard's chamber,
And call him Madam, do him all obeiſance,
Tell him from me, (as he will win my love,)
He bear himſelf with honourable action,
Such as he hath obſerv'd in noble ladies
Unto their Lords, by them accompliſhed;
Such duty to the drunkard let him do,
With ſoft low tongue, and lowly courteſy;
And ſay, What is't your Honour will command,
Wherein your lady, and your humble wife,
May ſhew her duty, and make known her love?
And then with kind embracements, tempting kiſſes,
And with declining head into his boſom,
Bid him ſhed tears, as being overjoy'd
To ſee her Noble Lord reſtor'd to health,
Who for twice ſeven years hath eſteem'd himſelf
No better than a poor and loathſome beggar.
And if the boy have not a woman's gift
To rain a ſhower of commanded tears,
An onion will do well for ſuch a ſhift;
Which in a napkin being cloſe convey'd,
Shall in deſpight enforce a wat'ry eye.
See this diſpatch'd with all the haſte thou canſt;
Anon I'll give thee more inſtructions. [*Exit Servant.*
I know the boy will well uſurp the grace,
Voice, gait, and action of a gentlewoman.
I long to hear him call the drunkard huſband;
And how my men will ſtay themſelves from laughter,
When they do homage to this ſimple peaſant.
I'll in to counſel them: haply my preſence
May well abate the over-merry ſpleen,
Which otherwiſe will go into extremes. [*Exit Lord.*

## SCENE IV.

*Changes to a bedchamber in the Lord's houſe.*

*Enter Sly with attendants, ſome with apparel, baſon, and ewer, and other appurtenances. Re-enter Lord.*

*Sly.* For God's ſake, a pot of ſmall ale.

1 *Serv.* Will't pleaſe your Lordſhip drink a cup of ſack?

2 *Serv.*

2 *Serv.* Will't pleaſe your Honour taſte of theſe conſerves?

3 *Serv.* What raiment will your Honour wear to-day?

*Sly.* I am Chriſtopher Sly, call not me Honour, nor Lordſhip: I ne'er drank ſack in my life; and if you give me any conſerves, give me conſerves of beef: ne'er aſk me what raiment I'll wear, for I have no more doublets than backs, no more ſtockings than legs, nor no more ſhoes than feet; nay ſometimes more feet than ſhoes, or ſuch ſhoes as my toes look through the over-leather.

*Lord.* Heav'n ceaſe this idle humour in your Honour!
Oh that a mighty man of ſuch deſcent,
Of ſuch poſſeſſions, and ſo high eſteem,
Should be infuſed with ſo foul a ſpirit!——

*Sly.* What, would you make me mad? Am not I Chriſtopher Sly, old Sly's ſon of Burton-heath, by birth a pedlar, by education a card-maker, by tranſmutation a bear-herd, and now by preſent profeſſion a tinker? Aſk Marian Hacket, the fat ale-wife of Wincot, if ſhe know me not; if ſhe ſay I am not fourteen pence on the ſcore for ſheer ale, ſcore me up for the lying'ſt knave in Chriſtendom. What! I am not beſtraught: here's——

1 *Man.* Oh, this it is that makes your lady mourn.

2 *Man.* Oh, this it is that makes your ſervants droop.

*Lord.* Hence comes it that your kindred ſhun your houſe,
As beaten hence by your ſtrange lunacy.
Oh, Noble Lord, bethink thee of thy birth,
Call home thy ancient thoughts from baniſhment,
And baniſh hence theſe abject lowly dreams.
Look how thy ſervants do attend on thee,
Each in his office ready at thy beck.
Wilt thou have muſic? hark, Apollo plays; [*Muſic.*
And twenty caged nightingales do ſing.
Or wilt thou ſleep? we'll have thee to a couch,
Softer and ſweeter than the luſtful bed
On purpoſe trimm'd up for Semiramis.
Say thou wilt walk, we will beſtrew the ground:
Or wilt thou ride? thy horſes ſhall be trapp'd,
Their harneſs ſtudded all with gold and pearl.
Doſt thou love hawking? thou haſt hawks will ſoar
Above the morning-lark. Or wilt thou hunt?

Thy hounds ſhall make the welkin anſwer them,
And fetch ſhrill echos from the hollow earth.

1 *Man.* Say thou wilt courſe, thy greyhounds are as
As breathed ſtags; ay, fleeter than the roe. [ſwift

2 *Man.* Doſt thou love pictures? we will fetch thee
Adonis, painted by a running brook; [ſtraight
And Cytherea all in ſedges hid;
Which ſeem to move, and wanton with her breath,
Ev'n as the waving ſedges play with wind.

*Lord.* We'll ſhew thee Io, as ſhe was a maid,
And how ſhe was beguiled and ſurpris'd,
As lively painted as the deed was done.

3 *Man.* Or Daphne roaming through a thorny wood,
Scratching her legs, that one ſhall ſwear ſhe bleeds:
And at that ſight ſhall ſad Apollo weep:
So workmanly the blood and tears are drawn.

*Lord.* Thou art a Lord, and nothing but a Lord,
Thou haſt a Lady far more beautiful
Than any woman in this waining age.

1 *Man.* And till the tears that ſhe hath ſhed for thee,
Like envious floods, o'er-ran her lovely face,
She was the faireſt creature in the world,
And yet ſhe is inferior to none.

*Sly.* Am I a Lord, and have I ſuch a Lady;
Or do I dream? or have I dream'd till now?
I do not ſleep; I ſee, I hear, I ſpeak:
I ſmell ſweet ſavours, and I feel ſoft things.
Upon my life, I am a Lord indeed;
And not a tinker, nor Chriſtophero Sly.—
Well, bring our Lady hither to our ſight,
And once again a pot o' th' ſmalleſt ale.

2 *Man.* Will't pleaſe your Mightineſs to waſh your [hands?
Oh, how we joy to ſee your wits reſtor'd!
Oh, that once more you knew but what you are!
Theſe fifteen years you have been in a dream,
Or, when you wak'd, ſo wak'd as if you ſlept.

*Sly.* Theſe fifteen years! by my fay, a goodly nap:
But did I never ſpeak of all that time?

1 *Man.* Oh, yes, my Lord, but very idle words.
For tho' you lay here in this goodly chamber,
Yet would you ſay, ye were beaten out of door,
And rail'd upon the hoſteſs of the houſe;

And

And ſay, you would preſent her at the leet.
Becauſe ſhe bought ſtone-jugs, and no ſeal'd quarts.
Sometimes you would call out for Cicely Hacket.

*Sly.* Ay, the woman's maid of the houſe.

3 *Man.* Why, Sir, you know no houſe, nor no ſuch maid,
Nor no ſuch men, as you have reckon'd up;
As Stephen Sly, and old John Naps of Greece,
And Peter Turf, and Henry Pimpernell,
And twenty more ſuch names and men as theſe,
Which never were, nor no man ever ſaw.

*Sly.* Now Lord be thanked for my good amends!

*All. Amen.*——

*Sly.* By th' maſs, I think I am a Lord indeed.
What is thy name?

*Man. Sim*, an't pleaſe your Honour.

*Sly* Sim? that's as much as to ſay Simeon or Simon; put forth thy hand and fill the pot.

[*The ſervant gives him drink.*

## SCENE V. *Enter Lady, with attendants.*

I thank thee;——thou ſhalt not loſe by it.

*Lady.* How fares my Noble Lord?

*Sly.* Marry, I fare well? for here is cheer enough. Where's my wife?

*Lady.* Here, Noble Lord, what is thy will with her?

*Sly.* Are you my wife, and will not call me huſband? My men ſhould call me Lord, I am your good-man.

*Lady.* My huſband and my lord, my lord and huſband; I am your wife in all obedience.

*Sly.* I know it well: what muſt I call her?

*Lord. Madam.*

*Sly. Alce Madam*, or *Joan Madam?*

*Lord. Madam*, and nothing elſe; ſo Lords call Ladies.

*Sly.* Come, ſit down on my knee. Sim, drink to her. Madam wife, they ſay that I have dream'd, and ſlept above ſome fifteen years and more.

*Lord.* Ay, and the time ſeems thirty unto me,
Being all this time abandon'd from your bed.

*Sly.* 'Tis much. Servants, leave me and her alone.—Madam, undreſs you, and come now to bed. Sim, drink to her.

*Lady.*

*Lady.* Thrice-noble Lord, let me intreat of you
To pardon me yet for a night or two:
Or, if not ſo, until the ſun be ſet;
For your phyſicians have expreſsly charg'd,
In peril to incur your former malady,
That I ſhould yet abſent me from your bed;
I hope this reaſon ſtands for my excuſe.

*Sly.* Ay, it ſtands ſo, that I may hardly tarry ſo long; but I would be loath to fall into my dream again. I will therefore tarry in deſpight of the fleſh and the blood.

## SCENE VI. *Enter a Meſſenger.*

*Meſſ.* Your Honour's players, hearing your amendment,
Are come to play a pleaſant comedy;
For ſo your Doctors hold it very meet,
Seeing too much ſadneſs hath congeal'd your blood;
And melancholy is the nurſe of frenzy.
Therefore they thought it good you hear a play,
And frame your mind to mirth and merriment;
Which bars a thouſand harms, and lengthens life.

*Sly.* Marry, I will; let them play: is it not a commodity? a Chriſtmas gambol, or a tumbling trick?

*Lady.* No, my good Lord, it is more pleaſing ſtuff.

*Sly.* What, houſhold-ſtuff?

*Lady.* It is a kind of hiſtory.

*Sly.* Well, we'll ſee't: come, Madam wife, ſit by my ſide, and let the world ſlip, we ſhall ne'er be younger.

THE

OWENS COLLEGE MANCHESTER

THE

# TAMING OF THE SHREW.

## ACT I. SCENE I.

*A ſtreet in Padua.*

*Flouriſh. Enter Lucentio and Tranio.*

*Luc.* TRANIO, ſince for the great deſire I had
To ſee fair Padua, nurſery of arts,
I am arriv'd from fruitful Lombardy,
The pleaſant garden of great Italy;
And, by my father's love and leave, am arm'd
With his good-will, and thy good company:
Moſt truſty ſervant, well approv'd in all,
Here let us breathe, and haply inſtitute
A courſe of learning, and ingenious ſtudies.
Piſa, renowned for grave citizens,
Gave me my being: and my father firſt,
A merchant of great traffic through the world:
Vincentio's come of the Bentivolii,
Vincentio his ſon, brought up in Florence,
It ſhall become to ſerve all hopes conceiv'd,
To deck his fortune with his virtuous deeds:
And therefore, Tranio, for the time I ſtudy,
To virtue and that part of philoſophy
Will I apply, that treats of happineſs
By virtue ſpecially to be atchiev'd.
Tell me thy mind, for I have Piſa left,
And am to Padua come, as he that leaves
A ſhallow plaſh, to plunge him in the deep,
And with ſatiety ſeeks to quench his thirſt.

*Tra. Me pardonato*, gentle maſter mine,
I am in all affected as yourſelf:
Glad that you thus continue your reſolve,
To ſuck the ſweets of ſweet philoſophy:
Only, good maſter, while we do admire
This virtue, and this moral diſcipline,
Let's be no Stoics, nor no ſtocks, I pray;
Or ſo devote to Ariſtotle's checks,

As

As Ovid be an outcaſt quite abjur'd,
Talk logic with acquaintance that you have,
And practiſe rhetoric in your common talk;
Muſic and poeſy uſe to quicken you;
The mathematics, and the metaphyſics,
Fall to them, as you find your ſtomach ſerves you.
No profit grows, where is no pleaſure ta'en:
In brief, Sir, ſtudy what you moſt affect.

*Luc.* Gramercies, Tranio, well doſt thou adviſe;
If, Biondello, thou wert come aſhore,
We could at once put us in readineſs;
And take a lodging fit to entertain
Such friends, as time in Padua ſhall beget.
But ſtay a while, what company is this?

*Tra.* Maſter, ſome ſhow to welcome us to town.

## SCENE II.

*Enter Baptiſta, with Catharina and Bianca, Gremio and Hortenſio. Lucentio and Tranio ſtand by.*

*Bap.* Gentlemen both, importune me no farther,
For how I firmly am reſolv'd, you know;
That is, not to beſtow my youngeſt daughter,
Before I have a huſband for the elder;
If either of you both love Catharina,
Becauſe I know you well, and love you well,
Leave ſhall you have to court her at your pleaſure.

*Gre.* To cart her rather.—She's too rough for me:
There, there, Hortenſio, will you any wife?

*Cath.* I pray you, Sir, is it your will
To make a ſtale of me amongſt theſe mates?

*Hor.* Mates, maid, how mean you that? no mates for you;
Unleſs you were of gentler, milder mould.

*Cath.* I'faith, Sir, you ſhall never need to fear,
I wis, it is not half-way to her heart:
But if it were, doubt not, her care ſhall be
To comb your noddle with a three-legg'd ſtool,
And paint your face, and uſe you like a fool.

*Hor.* From all ſuch devils, good Lord, deliver us.

*Gre.* And me too, good Lord.

*Tra.*

*Tra.* Huſh, Maſter, here's ſome good paſtime toward;
That wench is ſtark mad, or wonderful froward.
*Luc.* But in the other's ſilence I do ſee
Maids mild behaviour and ſobriety.
Peace, Tranio.
*Tra.* Well ſaid, Maſter; mum! and gaze your fill. *Aſide.*

*Bap.* Gentlemen, that I may ſoon make good
What I have ſaid, Bianca, get you in;
And let it not diſpleaſe thee, good Bianca;
For I will love thee ne'er the leſs, my girl.

*Cath.* A pretty peat! it is beſt put finger in the eye—an ſhe knew why.

*Bian.* Siſter, content you in my diſcontent.
Sir, to your pleaſure humbly I ſubſcribe:
My books and inſtruments ſhall be my company,
On them to look, and practiſe by myſelf.

*Luc.* Hark, Tranio, thou may'ſt hear Minerva ſpeak. [*Aſide.*

*Hor.* Signior Baptiſta, will you be ſo ſtrange!
Sorry am I, that our good will effects
Bianca's grief.

*Gre.* Why will you mew her up,
Signior Baptiſta, for this fiend of hell,
And make her bear the penance of her tongue?

*Bap.* Gentlemen, content ye; I am reſolv'd:
Go in, Bianca.—— [*Exit Bianca.*
And for I know, ſhe taketh moſt delight
In muſic, inſtruments, and poetry;
Schoolmaſters will I keep within my houſe,
Fit to inſtruct her youth. If you, Hortenſio,
Or Signior Gremio, you, know any ſuch,
Prefer them hither; for to cunning men
I will be very kind; and liberal
To mine own children, in good bringing up;
And ſo farewell. Catharina you may ſtay,
For I have more to commune with Bianca. [*Exit.*

*Cath.* Why, and, I truſt, I may go too, may I not?
What, ſhall I be appointed hours, as though, belike, I knew

As Ovid be an outcaſt quite abjur'd,
Talk logic with acquaintance that you have,
And practiſe rhetoric in your common talk;
Muſic and poeſy uſe to quicken you;
The mathematics, and the metaphyſics,
Fall to them, as you find your ſtomach ſerves you.
No profit grows, where is no pleaſure ta'en:
In brief, Sir, ſtudy what you moſt affect.

*Luc.* Gramercies, Tranio, well doſt thou adviſe;
If, Biondello, thou wert come aſhore,
We could at once put us in readineſs;
And take a lodging fit to entertain
Such friends, as time in Padua ſhall beget.
But ſtay a while, what company is this?

*Tra.* Maſter, ſome ſhow to welcome us to town.

## SCENE II.

*Enter Baptiſta, with Catharina and Bianca, Gremio and Hortenſio. Lucentio and Tranio ſtand by.*

*Bap.* Gentlemen both, importune me no farther,
For how I firmly am reſolv'd, you know;
That is, not to beſtow my youngeſt daughter,
Before I have a huſband for the elder;
If either of you both love Catharina,
Becauſe I know you well, and love you well,
Leave ſhall you have to court her at your pleaſure.

*Gre.* To cart her rather.—She's too rough for me:
There, there, Hortenſio, will you any wife?

*Cath.* I pray you, Sir, is it your will
To make a ſtale of me amongſt theſe mates?

*Hor.* Mates, maid, how mean you that? no mates for you;
Unleſs you were of gentler, milder mould.

*Cath.* I'faith, Sir, you ſhall never need to fear,
I wis, it is not half-way to her heart:
But if it were, doubt not, her care ſhall be
To comb your noddle with a three-legg'd ſtool,
And paint your face, and uſe you like a fool.

*Hor.* From all ſuch devils, good Lord, deliver us.

*Gre.* And me too, good Lord.

*Tra.*

*Tra.* Huſh, Maſter, here's ſome good paſtime toward;
That wench is ſtark mad, or wonderful froward.
*Luc.* But in the other's ſilence I do ſee } *Aſide.*
Maids mild behaviour and ſobriety.
Peace, Tranio.
*Tra.* Well ſaid, Maſter; mum! and gaze your fill.

*Bap.* Gentlemen, that I may ſoon make good
What I have ſaid, Bianca, get you in;
And let it not diſpleaſe thee, good Bianca;
For I will love thee ne'er the leſs, my girl.

*Cath.* A pretty peat! it is beſt put finger in the eye—an ſhe knew why.

*Bian.* Siſter, content you in my diſcontent.
Sir, to your pleaſure humbly I ſubſcribe:
My books and inſtruments ſhall be my company,
On them to look, and practiſe by myſelf.

*Luc.* Hark, Tranio, thou may'ſt hear Minerva ſpeak. [*Aſide.*

*Hor.* Signior Baptiſta, will you be ſo ſtrange!
Sorry am I, that our good will effects
Bianca's grief.

*Gre.* Why will you mew her up,
Signior Baptiſta, for this fiend of hell,
And make her bear the penance of her tongue?

*Bap.* Gentlemen, content ye; I am reſolv'd:
Go in, Bianca.—— [*Exit Bianca.*
And for I know, ſhe taketh moſt delight
In muſic, inſtruments, and poetry;
Schoolmaſters will I keep within my houſe,
Fit to inſtruct her youth. If you, Hortenſio,
Or Signior Gremio, you, know any ſuch,
Prefer them hither; for to cunning men
I will be very kind; and liberal
To mine own children, in good bringing up;
And ſo farewell. Catharina you may ſtay,
For I have more to commune with Bianca. [*Exit.*

*Cath.* Why, and, I truſt, I may go too, may I not?
What, ſhall I be appointed hours, as though, belike, I knew

knew not what to take, and what to leave? ha!

[*Exit.*

## SCENE III.

*Gre.* You may go to the devil's dam: your gifts are ſo good, here is none will hold you. Our love is not ſo great, Hortenſio, but we may blow our nails together, and faſt it fairly out. Our cake's dough on both ſides. Farewell; yet for the love I bear my ſweet Bianca, if I can by any means light on a fit man to teach her that wherein ſhe delights, I will wiſh him to her father.

*Hor.* So will I, Signior Gremio. But a word, I pray: tho' the nature of our quarrel never yet brook'd parle, know now, upon advice, it toucheth us both, that we may yet again have acceſs to our fair miſtreſs, and be happy rivals in Bianca's love, to labour and effect one thing 'ſpecially.

*Gre.* What's that I pray?

*Hor.* Marry, Sir to get a huſband for her ſiſter.

*Gre.* A huſband! a devil.———

*Hor.* I ſay, a huſband.

*Gre.* I ſay, a devil. Think'ſt thou, Hortenſio, tho' her father be very rich, any man is ſo very a fool to be married to hell?

*Hor.* Tuſh, Gremio; tho' it paſs your patience and mine to endure her loud alarms, why, man, there be good fellows in the world, an a man could light on them, would take her with all her faults, and money enough.

*Gre.* I cannot tell; but I had as lief take her dowry with this condition, to be whipp'd at the high-croſs every morning.

*Hor.* 'Faith, as you ſay, there's a ſmall choice in rotten apples. But, come, ſince this bar in law makes us friends, it ſhall be ſo far forth friendly maintain'd, till by helping Baptiſta's eldeſt daughter to a huſband, we ſet his youngeſt free for a huſband, and then have to't afreſh. Sweet Bianca! happy man be his dole! he that runs faſteſt gets the ring; how ſay you, Signior Gremio?

*Gre.* I am agreed; and would I had given him the beſt

beſt horſe in Padua to begin his wooing, that would throughly woo her, wed her, and bed her, rid the houſe of her. Come on.

[*Exeunt Gremio and Hortenſio.*

## SCENE IV. *Manent Tranio and Lucentio.*

*Tra.* I pray, Sir, tell me, is it poſſible
That love ſhould on a ſudden take ſuch hold?

*Luc.* Oh Tranio, till I found it to be true,
I never thought it poſſible or likely.
But ſee, while idly I ſtood looking on,
I found th' effect of *love in idleneſs*:
And now in plainneſs do confeſs to thee,
(That art to me as ſecret, and as dear,
As Anna to the Queen of Carthage was;)
Tranio, I burn, I pine, I periſh, Tranio,
If I atchieve not this young modeſt girl:
Counſel me, Tranio, for I know thou wilt.

*Tra.* Maſter, it is no time to chide you now;
Affection is not rated from the heart.
If love hath toil'd you, nought remains but ſo,
*Redime te captum quàm queas minimo.*

*Luc.* Gramercy, lad; go forward, this contents;
The reſt will comfort, for thy counſel's ſound.

*Tra.* Maſter, you look'd ſo longly on the maid,
Perhaps you mark'd not what's the pith of all.

*Luc.* O yes, I ſaw ſweet beauty in her face;
Such as the daughter of Agenor had,
That made great Jove to humble him to her hand,
When with his knees he kiſs'd the Cretan ſtrand.

*Tra.* Saw you no more? mark'd you not, how her ſiſter
Began to ſcold, and raiſe up ſuch a ſtorm,
That mortal ears might hardly endure the din?

*Luc.* Tranio, I ſaw her coral lips to move,
And with her breath ſhe did perfume the air;
Sacred and ſweet was all I ſaw in her.———

*Tra.* Nay, then 'tis time to ſtir him from his trance:
I pray, awake, Sir; if you love the maid,
Bend thoughts and wit t' atchieve her. Thus it ſtands:
Her eldeſt ſiſter is ſo curs'd and ſhrewd,

That till the father rids his hands of her,
Maſter, your love muſt live a maid at home;
And therefore has he cloſely mew'd her up,
Becauſe ſhe ſhall not be annoy'd with ſuitors.

*Luc.* Ah, Tranio, what a cruel father's he!
But art thou not advis'd, he took ſome care
To get her cunning ſchoolmaſters to inſtruct her?

*Tra.* Ay, marry, am I, Sir; and now 'tis plotted.

*Luc.* I have it, Tranio.

*Tra.* Maſter, for my hand,
Both our inventions meet and jump in one.

*Luc.* Tell me thine firſt.

*Tra.* You will be ſchoolmaſter,
And undertake the teaching of the maid:
That's your device.

*Luc.* It is: may it be done?

*Tra.* Not poſſible: for who ſhall bear your part,
And be in Padua here Vincentio's ſon,
Keep houſe, and ply his book, welcome his friends,
Viſit his countrymen, and banquet them?

*Luc.* Baſta;—content thee; for I have it full.
We have not yet been ſeen in any houſe,
Nor can we be diſtinguiſh'd by our faces,
For man or maſter: then it follows thus.
Thou ſhalt be maſter, Tranio, in my ſtead;
Keep houſe, and port, and ſervants, as I ſhould.
I will ſome other be, ſome Florentine,
Some Neapolitan, or meaner man of Piſa.
'Tis hatch'd, and ſhall be ſo: Tranio, at once
Uncaſe thee: take my colour'd hat and cloak.
When Biondello comes, he waits on thee;
But I will charm him firſt to keep his tongue.

*Tra.* So had you need. [*They exchange habits.*
In brief, good Sir, ſith it your pleaſure is,
And I am ty'd to be obedient,
(For ſo your father charg'd me at our parting;
Be ſerviceable to my ſon, quoth he,)
Altho', I think, 'twas in another ſenſe;
I am content to be Lucentio,
Becauſe ſo well I love Lucentio.

*Luc.* Tranio, be ſo; becauſe Lucentio loves;

And

And let me be a ſlave t' atchieve that maid,
Whoſe ſudden ſight hath thrall'd my wounded eye.

*Enter Biondello.*

Here comes the rogue. Sirrah, where have you been?

*Bion.* Where have I been? nay, how now, where are you? Maſter, has my fellow Tranio ſtol'n your clothes, or you ſtol'n his, or both? Pray, what's the news?

*Luc.* Sirrah, come hither: 'tis no time to jeſt;
And therefore frame your manners to the time.
Your fellow Tranio here, to ſave my life,
Puts my apparel and my count'nance on,
And I for my eſcape have put on his:
For in a quarrel, ſince I came aſhore,
I kill'd a man, and fear I am deſcry'd:
Wait you on him, I charge you, as becomes;
While I make way from hence to ſave my life.
You underſtand me?

*Bion.* Ay, Sir, ne'er a whit.—

*Luc.* And not a jot of Tranio in your mouth;
Tranio is chang'd into Lucentio.

*Bion.* The better for him: would I were ſo too.

*Tra.* So would I, 'faith, boy, to have the next wiſh after; that Lucentio indeed had Baptiſta's youngeſt daughter. But, ſirrah, not for my ſake, but your maſter's, I adviſe you, uſe your manners diſcreetly in all kind of companies: when I am alone, why, then I am Tranio; but in all places elſe, your maſter Lucentio.

*Luc.* Tranio, let's go: one thing more reſts, that thyſelf execute, to make one among theſe wooers; if thou aſk me why, ſufficeth my reaſons are both good and weighty. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE V. *Before Hortenſio's houſe in Padua.*

*Enter Petruchio, and Grumio.*

*Pet.* Verona, for a while I take my leave,
To ſee my friend's in Padua; but of all
My beſt beloved and approved friend,

Hortenſio; and, I trow, this is the houſe;
Here, ſirrah, Grumio, knock, I ſay *.

*Enter Hortenſio* †.

*Hor. Alla noſtra caſa ben venuto, molto honorato Signor mio Petruchio* ‡.

And

*————knock, I ſay.

*Gru.* Knock, Sir? whom ſhould I knock? is there any man has rebus'd your worſhip?

*Pet.* Villain, I ſay, knock me here ſoundly.

*Gru.* Knock you here, Sir! why, Sir, what am I, Sir,
That I ſhould knock you here, Sir?

*Pet.* Villain, I ſay, knock me at this gate,
And rap me well; or I'll knock your knave's pate

*Gru.* My maſter is grown quarrelſome: I ſhould knock you firſt,
And then I know after who comes by the worſt.

*Pet.* Will it not be?
Faith, ſirrah, an you'll not knock, I'll ring it,
I'll try how you can Sol, Fa, and ſing it. [*He wrings him by the ears.*

*Gru.* Help, Maſters, help: my maſter is mad.

*Pet.* Now knock, when I bid you: Sirrah! Villain!

*Enter, &c.*

†———— Hortenſio.

*Hor.* How now, what's matter? my old friend Grumio, and my good friend Petruchio! how do you all at Verona?

*Pet.* Signior Hortenſio, come you to part the fray!
*Con tutto il core ben trovato*, may I ſay.

*Hor. Alla, &c.*

†————*mio Petruchio.*
Riſe, Grumio, riſe; we will compound this quarrel.

*Gru* Nay, 'tis no matter, what he leges in Latin. If this be not a lawful cauſe for me to leave his ſervice, look you, Sir: he bid me knock him, and rap him ſoundly, Sir. Well, was it fit for a ſervant to uſe his maſter ſo, being, perhaps, for aught I ſee, two and thirty, a pip out?
Whom, would to God, I had well knock'd at firſt,
Then had not Grumio come by the worſt.

*Pet.* A ſenſeleſs villain!————Good Hortenſio,
I bid the raſcal knock upon your gate,
And could not get him for my heart to do it.

*Gru.* Knock at the gate? O heav'ns! ſpake you not theſe words plain! Sirrah, knock me here, rap me here, knock me well, and knock me ſoundly? and come you now with knocking at the gate?

*Pet.* Sirrah, be gone, or talk not, I adviſe you.

*Hor.* Petruchio, patience; I am Grumio's pledge:
Why, this is a heavy chance 'twixt him and you,
Your ancient, truſty, pleaſant ſervant Grumio;
And tell me now, &c.

And tell me now, ſweet friend, what happy gale
Blows you to Padua here, from old Verona?

*Pet.* Such wind as ſcatters young men through the world,
To ſeek their fortunes farther than at home;
Where ſmall experience grows but in a mew.
Signior Hortenſio, thus it ſtands with me:
Antonio my father is deceas'd:
And I have thruſt myſelf into this maze,
Haply to wive and thrive, as beſt I may:
Crowns in my purſe I have, and goods at home,
And ſo am come abroad to ſee the world.

*Hor.* Petruchio, ſhall I then come roundly to thee,
And wiſh thee to a ſhrewd ill-favour'd wife?
Thou'dſt thank me but a little for my counſel;
And yet I'll promiſe thee, ſhe ſhall be rich,
And very rich: but thou'rt too much my friend,
And I'll not wiſh thee to her.

*Pet.* Signior Hortenſio, 'twixt ſuch friends as us
Few words ſuffice; and therefore if you know
One rich enough to be Petruchio's wife;
(As wealth is burden of my wooing dance,)
Be ſhe as foul as was Florentius' * love,
As old as Sibyl, and as curs'd and ſhrewd
As Socrates' Xantippe, or a worſe,
She moves me not; or not removes, at leaſt,
Affection ſieg'd in coin. Were ſhe as rough
As are the ſwelling Adriatic ſeas.
I come to wive it wealthily in Padua:
If wealthily, then happily, in Padua.

*Gru.* Nay, look you, Sir, he tells you flatly what his mind is: why, give him gold enough, and marry him to a puppet, or an aglet-baby, or an old trot with ne'er a tooth in her head, tho' ſhe have as many diſeaſes as two and fifty horſes; why, nothing comes amiſs, ſo money comes withal.

*Hor.* Petruchio, ſince we are ſtept thus far in,
I will continue that I broach'd in jeſt.
I can, Petruchio, help thee to a wife



* This I ſuppoſe relates to a circumſtance in ſome Italian novel, and ſhould be read, *Florentio's*. Mr. Warburton.

With wealth enough, and young and beauteous,
Brought up as beſt becomes a gentlewoman.
Her only fault, and that is fault enough,
Is, that ſhe is intolerably curs'd:
And ſhrewd, and froward, ſo beyond all meaſure,
That, were my ſtate far worſer than it is,
I would not wed her for a mine of gold.

*Pet.* Hortenſio, peace; thou know'ſt not gold's effect;
Tell me her father's name, and 'tis enough:
For I will board her, though ſhe chide as loud
As thunder when the clouds in autumn crack.

*Hor.* Her father is *Baptiſta Minola*,
An affable and courteous gentleman;
Her name is *Catharina Minola*,
Renown'd in Padua for her ſcolding tongue.

*Pet.* I know her father, tho' I know not her;
And he knew my deceaſed father well.
I will not ſleep, Hortenſio, till I ſee her,
And therefore let me be thus bold with you,
To give you over at this firſt encounter,
Unleſs you will accompany me thither.

*Gru.* I pray you, Sir, let him go while the humour laſts. O' my word, an ſhe knew him as well as I do, ſhe would think ſcolding would do little good upon him. She may, perhaps, call him half a ſcore knaves, or ſo: why, that's nothing; an' he begin once, he'll rail in his rope-tricks. I'll tell you what, Sir, an' ſhe ſtand him but a little, he will throw a figure in her face, and ſo diſfigure her with it, that ſhe ſhall have no more eyes to ſee withal than a cat: you know him not, Sir.

*Hor.* Tarry, Petruchio, I muſt go with thee,
For in Baptiſta's houſe my treaſure is:
He hath the jewel of my life in hold,
His youngeſt daughter, beautiful Bianca;
And her with-holds he from me, and others more
Suitors to her, and rivals in my love:
Suppoſing it a thing impoſſible,
(For thoſe defects I have before rehears'd,)
That ever Catharina will be woo'd;
Therefore this order hath Baptiſta ta'en,
That none ſhall have acceſs unto Bianca,
Till Catharine the curs'd have got a huſband.

*Gru.*

*Gru.* Catharine the curſt?
A title for a maid of all titles the worſt!
*Hor.* Now ſhall my friend Petruchio do me grace,
And offer me diſguis'd in ſober robes
To old Baptiſta as a ſchoolmaſter,
We'll ſeem in muſic, to inſtruct Bianca;
That ſo I may by this device, at leaſt,
Have leave and leiſure to make love to her;
And, unſuſpected, court her by herſelf.

## SCENE VI.

*Enter Gremio, and Lucentio diſguis'd.*

*Gru.* Here's no knavery! ſee, to beguile the old folks, how the young folks lay their heads together. Maſter, look about you: who goes there? ha.
*Hor.* Peace, Grumio, 'tis the rival of my love. Petruchio, ſtand by a while.
*Gru.* A proper ſtripling, and an amorous.—
*Gre.* O, very well; I have perus'd the note,
Hark you, Sir, I'll have them very fairly bound,
All books of love; ſee that, at any hand;
And ſee you read no other lectures to her:
You underſtand me. Over and beſide
Signior Baptiſta's liberality,
I'll mend it with a largeſs. Take your papers too,
And let me have them very well perfum'd;
For ſhe is ſweeter than perfume itſelf,
To whom they go. What will you read to her?
*Luc.* Whate'er I read to her, I'll plead for you,
As for my patron, ſtand you ſo aſſured,
As firmly, as yourſelf were ſtill in place;
Yea, and, perhaps, with more ſucceſsful words
Than you, unleſs you were a ſcholar, Sir.
*Gre.* Oh this learning, what a thing it is!
*Gru.* Oh this woodcock, what an aſs it is!
*Pet.* Peace, ſirrah.
*Hor.* Grumio, mum! God ſave you, Signior Gremio.
*Gre.* And you are well met, Signior Hortenſio. Trow you whither I am going? to Baptiſta Minola; I promis'd to inquire carefully about a ſchoolmaſter for the fair

fair Bianca; and by good fortune I have lighted well on this young man; for learning and behaviour fit for her turn, well read in poetry, and other books, good ones, I warrant ye.

*Hor.* 'Tis well; and I have met a gentleman
Hath promis'd me to help me to another,
A fine muſician to inſtruct our miſtreſs;
So ſhall I no whit be behind in duty
To fair Bianca, ſo belov'd of me.

*Gre.* Belov'd of me,———and that my deeds ſhall prove.

*Gru.* And that his bags ſhall prove.

*Hor.* Gremio, 'tis now no time to vent our love.
Liſten to me; and if you ſpeak me fair,
I'll tell you news indifferent good for either.
Here is a gentleman whom by chance I met,
Upon agreement from us to his liking,
Will undertake to woo curs'd Catharine;
Yea, and to marry her, if her dowry pleaſe.

*Gre.* So ſaid, ſo done, is well;———
Hortenſio, have you told him all her faults!

*Pet.* I know ſhe is an irkſome brawling ſcold;
If that be all, Maſters, I hear no harm.

*Gre.* No, ſayeſt me ſo, friend? What countryman?

*Pet.* Born in Verona, old Antonio's ſon;
My father's dead, my fortune lives for me,
And I do hope good days and long to ſee.

*Gre.* Oh, Sir, ſuch a life with ſuch a wife were ſtrange;
But if you have a ſtomach, to't o' God's name;
You ſhall have me aſſiſting you in all.
But will you woo this wild cat?

*Pet.* Will I live?

*Gru.* Will he woo her? ay, or I'll hang her.

*Pet.* Why came I hither, but to that intent?
'Think you, a little din can daunt my ears?
'Have I not in my time heard lions roar?
'Have I not heard the ſea, puff'd up with winds,
'Rage like an angry boar, chafed with ſweat?
'Have I not heard great ordnance in the field;
'And heav'n's artillery thunder in the ſkies?
'Have I not in a pitched battle heard
'Loud larums, neighing ſteeds, and trumpets clange?

'And

'And do you tell me of a woman's tongue,
'That gives not half ſo great a blow to th' ear,
'As will a cheſnut in a farmer's fire?'
Tuſh, tuſh, fear boys with bugs.

*Gru.* For he fears none.——

*Gre.* Hortenſio, hark:
This gentleman is happily arrived,
My mind preſumes, for his own good, and ours.

*Hor.* I promis'd we would be contributors;
And bear his charge of wooing whatſoe'er.

*Gre.* And ſo we will, provided that he win her.

*Gru.* I would I were as ſure of a good dinner.

## SCENE VII.

*To them Tranio bravely apparell'd, and Biondello.*

*Tra.* Gentlemen, God ſave you. If I may be bold, tell me, I beſeech you, which is the readieſt way to the houſe of Signior Baptiſta Minola?

*Bion.* He that has the two fair daughters? is't he you mean?

*Tra.* Even he, Biondello.

*Gre.* Hark you, Sir, you mean not her, to——

*Tra.* Perhaps him and her; what have you to do?

*Pet.* Not her that chides, Sir, at any hand, I pray.

*Tra.* I love no chiders, Sir. Biondello, let's away.

*Luc.* Well begun, Tranio. [*Aſide.*

*Hor.* Sir, a word, ere you go:
Are you a ſuitor to the maid you talk of, yea or no?

*Tra.* An if I be, Sir, is it any offence?

*Gre.* No, if without more words you will get you hence.

*Tra.* Why, Sir, I pray, are not the ſtreets as free
For me as for you?

*Gre.* But ſo is not ſhe.

*Tra.* For what reaſon, I beſeech you?

*Gre.* For this reaſon, if you'll know:
That ſhe's the choice love of Signior Gremio.

*Hor.* That ſhe's the choſen of Signior Hortenſio.

*Tra.* Softly, my Maſters; if you be gentlemen,
Do me this right; hear me with patience.

Baptiſta

Baptiſta is a noble gentleman,
To whom my father is not all unknown;
And were his daughter fairer than ſhe is,
She may more ſuitors have, and me for one.
Fair Leda's daughter had a thouſand wooers;
Then well one more may fair Bianca have,
And ſo ſhe ſhall. Lucentio ſhall make one,
Tho' Paris came, in hope to ſpeed alone.

*Gre.* What! this gentleman will out-talk us all!

*Luc.* Sir, give him head; I know he'll prove a jade.

*Pet.* Hortenſio, to what end are all theſe words?

*Hor.* Sir, let me be ſo bold as to aſk you,
Did you yet ever ſee Baptiſta's daughter?

*Tra.* No, Sir; but hear I do that he hath two:
The one as famous for a ſcolding tongue,
As the other is for beauteous modeſty.

*Pet.* Sir, Sir, the firſt's for me; let her go by.

*Gre.* Yea, leave that labour to great Hercules;
And let it be more than Alcides' twelve.

*Pet.* Sir, underſtand you this of me, inſooth:
The youngeſt daughter, whom you harken for,
Her father keeps from all acceſs of ſuitors;
And will not promiſe her to any man,
Until the eldeſt ſiſter firſt be wed:
The younger then is free, and not before.

*Tra.* If it be ſo, Sir, that you are the man
Muſt ſtead us all, and me among the reſt;
And if you break the ice, and do this feat,
Atchieve the elder, ſet the younger free
For our acceſs; whoſe hap ſhall be to have her,
Will not ſo graceleſs be, to be ingrate.

*Hor.* Sir, you ſay well, and well you do conceive:
And ſince you do profeſs to be a ſuitor,
You muſt, as we do, gratify this gentleman,
To whom we all reſt generally beholden.

*Tra.* Sir, I ſhall not be ſlack; in ſign whereof,
Pleaſe ye, we may contrive this afternoon,
And quaff carouſes to our miſtreſs' health;
And do as adverſaries do in law,
Strive mightily, but eat and drink as friends.

*Gru. Bion.* O excellent motion! fellows, let's be gone.

*Hor.* The motion's good indeed, and be it ſo.

Petruchio,

Petruchio, I ſhall be your *ben venuto.* [*Exeunt.*

[The preſenters above ſpeak here.

1 *Man. My Lord, you nod; you do not mind the play.*

*Sly. Yea, by St. Ann, do I: a good matter, ſurly! comes there any more of it?*

*Lady. My Lord, 'tis but begun.*

*Sly. 'Tis a very excellent piece of work, Madam Lady. Would 'twere done!*———

## ACT II. SCENE 1.

*Baptiſta's houſe in Padua.*

*Enter Catharina and Bianca.*

*Bian.* GOOD ſiſter, wrong me not, nor wrong yourſelf,
To make a bondmaid and a ſlave of me;
That I diſdain; but for theſe other gawds,
Unbind my hands, I'll pull them off myſelf;
Yea, all my raiment, to my petticoat;
Or what you will command me, will I do;
So well I know my duty to my elders.

*Cath.* Of all thy ſuitors here, I charge thee, tell
Whom thou lov'ſt beſt: ſee thou diſſemble not.

*Bian.* Believe me, ſiſter, of all men alive
I never yet beheld that ſpecial face,
Which I could fancy more than any other.

*Cath.* Minion, thou lieſt; is't not Hortenſio?

*Bian.* If you affect him, ſiſter, here I ſwear,
I'll plead for you myſelf, but you ſhall have him.

*Cath.* Oh, then, belike you fancy riches more;
You will have Gremio, to keep you fair.

*Bian.* Is it for him you do ſo envy me;
Nay, then you jeſt; and now, I well perceive,
You have but jeſted with me all this while;
I pr'ythee, ſiſter Kate, untie my hands.

*Cath.* If that be jeſt, then all the reſt was ſo.

[*Strikes her.*

*Enter Baptiſta.*

*Bap.* Why, how now, dame, whence grows this inſolence?
Bianca, ſtand aſide; poor girl, ſhe weeps;

Go

Go ply thy needle, meddle not with her.
For ſhame, thou hilding of a deviliſh ſpirit,
Why doſt thou wrong her, that did ne'er wrong thee?
When did ſhe croſs thee with a bitter word?

*Cath.* Her ſilence flouts me; and I'll be reveng'd.
[*Flies after Bianca.*

*Bap.* What, in my ſight? Bianca, get thee in.
[*Exit Bianca.*

*Cath.* Will you not ſuffer me? nay, now I ſee,
She is your treaſure; ſhe muſt have a huſband;
I muſt dance bare-foot on her wedding-day,
And, for your love to her, lead apes in hell.
Talk not to me, I will go ſit and weep,
Till I can find occaſion of revenge. [*Exit Cath.*

*Bap.* Was ever gentleman as griev'd as I?
But who comes here?

## SCENE II.

*Enter Gremio; Lucentio in the habit of a mean man; Petruchio, with Hortenſio like a muſician; Tranio and Biondello bearing a lute and books.*

*Gre.* Good morrow, neighbour Baptiſta.

*Bap.* Good morrow, neighbour Gremio. God ſave you, Gentlemen.

*Pet.* And you, good Sir. Pray have you not a daughter called Catharina, fair and virtuous?

*Bap.* I have a daughter, Sir, called Catharina.

*Gre.* You are too blunt; go to it orderly.

*Pet.* You wrong me, Signior Gremio, give me leave.
I am a gentleman of Verona, Sir,
That, hearing of her beauty and her wit,
Her affability and baſhful modeſty,
Her wondrous qualities, and mild behaviour,
Am bold to ſhew myſelf a forward gueſt
Within your houſe, to make mine eye the witneſs
Of that report, which I ſo oft have heard.
And, for an entrance to my entertainment,
[*Preſenting Hor.*
I do preſent you with a man of mine,
Cunning in muſic, and the mathematics,
To inſtruct her fully in thoſe ſciences,

Whereof

Whereof I know ſhe is not ignorant.
Accept of him, or elſe you do me wrong,
His name is Licio, born in Mantua.

*Bap.* You're welcome, Sir, and he for your good ſake.
But for my daughter Catharine, this I know,
She is not for your turn, the more's my grief.

*Pet.* I ſee you do not mean to part with her;
Or elſe you like not of my company.

*Bap.* Miſtake me not, I ſpeak but what I find.
Whence are you, Sir? what may I call your name?

*Pet.* Petruchio is my name, Antonio's ſon,
A man well known throughout all Italy.

*Bap.* I know him well: you are welcome for his ſake.

*Gre.* Saving your tale, Petruchio, I pray, let us that are poor petitioners ſpeak too. *Baccare!*——you are marvellous forward.

*Pet.* Oh, pardon me, Signior Gremio, I would fain be doing.

*Gre.* I doubt it not, Sir, but you will curſe your wooing.—Neighbour, this is a gift very grateful, I am ſure of it. To expreſs the like kindneſs myſelf, that have been more kindly beholden to you than any, free leave give to this young ſcholar, that hath been long ſtudying at Rheims, [*Preſenting Luc.*] as cunning in Greek, Latin, and other languages, as the other in muſic and mathematics; his name is Cambio; pray accept his ſervice.

*Bap.* A thouſand thanks, Signior Gremio: welcome, good Cambio. But, gentle Sir, methinks you walk like a ſtranger, [*To Tranio.*] may I be ſo bold to know the cauſe of your coming?

*Tra.* Pardon me, Sir, the boldneſs is mine own,
That, being a ſtranger in this city here,
Do make myſelf a ſuitor to your daughter,
Unto Bianca, fair and virtuous:
Nor is your firm reſolve unknown to me,
In the preferment of the eldeſt ſiſter.
This liberty is all that I requeſt;
That, upon knowledge of my parentage,
I may have welcome 'mongſt the reſt that woo,
And free acceſs and favour as the reſt.
And, toward the education of your daughters,

I here beſtow a ſimple inſtrument,
And this ſmall packet of Greek and Latin books.
If you accept them, then their worth is great.

[*They greet privately.*

*Bap.* *Lucentio* is your name? of whence I pray?
*Tra.* Of Piſa, Sir, ſon to Vincentio.
*Bap.* A mighty man of Piſa; by report
I know him well; you are very welcome, Sir.
Take you the lute, and you the ſet of books.

[*To Hortenſio and Lucentio.*

You ſhall go ſee your pupils preſently,
Holla, within!———

*Enter a Servant.*

Sirrah, lead theſe gentlemen
To my two daughters; and then tell them both,
Theſe are their tutors; bid them uſe them well.

[*Exit Serv. with Hortenſio and Lucentio.*

We will go walk a little in the orchard,
And then to dinner. You are paſſing welcome;
And ſo I pray you all to think yourſelves.
*Pet.* Signior Baptiſta, my buſineſs aſketh haſte,
And every day I cannot come to woo.
You knew my father well, and in him me,
Left ſolely heir to all his lands and goods,
Which I have better'd, rather than decreas'd;
Then tell me, if I get your daughter's love,
What dowry ſhall I have with her to wife?
*Bap.* After my death the one half of my lands;
And in poſſeſſion twenty thouſand crowns.
*Pet.* And, for that dowry, I'll aſſure her of
Her widowhood, be it that ſhe ſurvive me,
In all my lands and leaſes whatſoever;
Let ſpecialties be therefore drawn between us,
That covenants may be kept on either hand.
*Bap.* Ay, when the ſpecial thing is well obtain'd,
That is, her love; for that is all in all.
*Pet.* Why, that is nothing: for I tell you, father,
I am as peremptory as ſhe proud-minded.
And where two raging fires meet together,
They do conſume the thing that feeds their fury:
Though little fire grows great with little wind,

Yet

Yet extreme gusts will blow out fire and all:
So I to her, and so she yields to me,
For I am rough, and woo not like a babe.

*Bap.* Well may'st thou woo, and happy be thy speed!
But be thou arm'd for some unhappy words.

*Pet.* Ay, to the proof, as mountains are for winds;
That shake not, though they blow perpetually.

SCENE III. *Enter Hortensio with his head broke.*

*Bap.* How now, my friend? why dost thou look so pale?

*Hor.* For fear, I promise you, if I look pale.

*Bap.* What! will my daughter prove a good musician?

*Hor.* I think she'll sooner prove a soldier;
Iron may hold with her, but never lutes.

*Bap.* Why then, thou canst not break her to the lute?

*Hor.* Why, no; for she hath broke the lute to me.
I did but tell her she mistook her frets,
And bow'd her hand to teach her fingering,
When, with a most impatient devilish spirit,
Frets call you them? quoth she; I'll fume with them:
And with that word she struck me on the head,
And through the instrument my pate made way,
And there I stood amazed for a while,
As on a pillory, looking through the lute;
While she did call me *rascal, fidler*,
And *twangling Jack*, with twenty such vile terms,
As she had studied to misuse me so.

*Pet.* Now, by the world, it is a lusty wench:
I love her ten times more than e'er I did;
Oh, how I long to have some chat with her!

*Bap.* Well, go with me, and be not so discomfited;
Proceed in practice with my younger daughter,
She's apt to learn, and thankful for good turns.
Signior Petruchio, will you go with us,
Or shall I send my daughter Kate to you?

*Pet.* I pray you, do. I will attend her here,
[*Exit Bap. with Grem. Horten. and Tranio.*
And woo her with some spirit when she comes.
Say that she rail; why, then I'll tell her plain,
She sings as sweetly as a nightingale:
Say that she frowns; I'll say, she looks as clear

As morning-roſes newly waſh'd with dew:
Say ſhe be mute, and will not ſpeak a word;
Then I'll commend her volubility,
And ſay, ſhe uttereth piercing eloquence:
If ſhe do bid me pack, I'll give her thanks,
As tho' ſhe bid me ſtay by her a week;
If ſhe deny to wed, I'll crave the day
When I ſhall aſk the banns, and when be married.
But here ſhe comes, and now, Petruchio, ſpeak.

SCENE IV. *Enter Catharine.*

Good morrow, *Kate;* for that's your name, I hear.
*Cath.* Well have you heard, but ſomething hard of hearing.
They call me *Catharine* that do talk of me,
*Pet.* You lie in faith; for you are called *plain Kate*,
And *bonny Kate*, and ſometimes *Kate the curs'd:*
But *Kate*, the prettieſt *Kate* in Chriſtendom,
*Kate* of *Katehall*, my ſuper-dainty *Kate;*
(For dainties are all *cates*,) and therefore *Kate;*
Take this of me, *Kate* of my conſolation!
Hearing thy mildneſs prais'd in every town,
Thy virtues ſpoke of, and thy beauty ſounded,
Yet not ſo deeply as to thee belongs;
Myſelf am mov'd to woo thee for my wife.
*Cath.* Mov'd! in good time; let him that mov'd you hither,
Remove you hence; I knew you at the firſt
You were a moveable.
*Pet.* Why, what's a moveable?
*Cath.* A join'd ſtool.
*Pet.* Thou haſt hit it: come, ſit on me.
*Cath.* Aſſes are made to bear, and ſo are you.
*Pet.* Women are made to bear, and ſo are you.
*Cath.* No ſuch jade, Sir, as you; if me you mean.
*Pet.* Alas, good Kate, I will not burthen thee;
For knowing thee to be but young and light——
*Cath.* Too light for ſuch a ſwain as you to catch;
And yet as heavy as my weight ſhould be *.

*Pet.*

*——weight ſhould be.
*Pet.* Should *kee;*——ſhou'd *luz*——
*Cath.* Well ta'en, and like a buzzard.

*Pet.*

*Pet.* Nay, hear you, Kate; in ſooth you 'ſcape not ſo.
*Cath.* I chafe you if I tarry; let me go.
*Pet.* No, not a whit; I find you paſſing gentle:
'Twas told me, you were rough, and coy, and ſullen,
And now I find report a very liar;
For thou art pleaſant, gameſome, paſſing courteous,
But ſlow in ſpeech, yet ſweet as ſpring-time flowers.
Thou canſt not frown, thou canſt not look aſkance,
Nor bite the lip, as angry wenches will;
Nor haſt thou pleaſure to be croſs in talk.
But thou with mildneſs entertain'ſt thy wooers,
With gentle conf'rence, ſoft, and affable.



*Pet.* Oh, ſlow-wing'd turtle, ſhall a buzzard take thee?
*Cath.* Ay, for a turtle, as he takes a buzzard.
*Pet.* Come, come, you waſp, i'faith, you are too angry.
*Cath.* If I be waſpiſh, 'beſt beware my ſting.
*Pet.* My remedy is then to pluck it out.
*Cath.* Ah, if the fool could find it, where it lies.
*Pet.* Who knows not where a waſp doth wear his ſting?
In his tail.——
*Cath.* In his tongue.
*Pet.* Whoſe tongue?
*Cath.* Yours, if you talk of tails; and ſo farewell.
*Pet.* What with my tongue in your tail? nay, come again,
Good Kate, I am a gentleman.
*Cath.* That I'll try. [*She ſtrikes him.*
*Pet.* I ſwear, I'll cuff you, if you ſtrike again.
*Cath.* So may you loſe your arms.
If you ſtrike me, you are no gentleman;
And if no gentleman, why then, no arms.
*Pet.* A herald, Kate? oh, put me in thy books.
*Cath.* What is your creſt, a coxcomb?
*Pet.* A combleſs cock, ſo Kate will be my hen.
*Cath.* No cock of mine, you crow too like a craven.
*Pet.* Nay, come, Kate; come, you muſt not look ſo ſour.
*Cath.* It is my faſhion when I ſee a crab.
*Pet.* Why, here's no crab, and therefore look not ſo ſour.
*Cath.* There is, there is.
*Pet.* Then ſhew it me.
*Cath.* Had I a glaſs, I would.
*Pet.* What, you mean my face?
*Cath.* Well aim'd of ſuch a young one.——
*Pet.* Now, by St. George, I am too young for you.
*Cath.* Yet you are wither'd.
*Pet.* 'Tis with cares.
*Cath.* I care not.
*Pet.* Nay, &c.

Why doth the world report, that Kate doth limp?
Oh ſland'rous world! Kate like the hazle-twig,
Is ſtraight and ſlender; and as brown in hue
As hazle-nuts, and ſweeter than the kernels.
O, let me ſee thee walk: thou doſt not halt.

*Cath.* Go, fool, and whom thou keep'ſt command.

*Pet.* Did ever Dian ſo become a grove,
As Kate this chamber with her princely gait?
O, be thou Dian, and let her be Kate,
And then let Kate be chaſte, and Dian ſportful!——

*Cath.* Where did you ſtudy all this goodly ſpeech?

*Pet.* It is *extempore*, from my mother-wit.

*Cath.* A witty mother, witleſs elſe her ſon.

*Pet.* Am I not wiſe?

*Cath.* Yes; keep you warm.

*Pet.* Why, ſo I mean, ſweet Catharine, in thy bed;
And therefore ſetting all this chat aſide,
Thus in plain terms: Your father hath conſented,
That you ſhall be my wife; your dow'ry 'greed on;
And, will you, nill you, I will marry you.
Now, Kate, I am a huſband for your turn;
For by this light, whereby I ſee thy beauty,
(Thy beauty that doth make me like thee well,)
Thou muſt be married to no man but me.
For I am he am born to tame you, Kate,
And bring you from a wild cat to a Kate,
Conformable as other houſhold Kates.
Here comes your father, never make denial,
I muſt and will have Catharine to my wife.

SCENE V. *Enter Baptiſta, Gremio, and Tranio.*

*Bap.* Now, Signior Petruchio, how ſpeed you with my daughter?

*Pet.* How but well, Sir? how but well?
It were impoſſible I ſhould ſpeed amiſs.

*Bap.* Why, how now, daughter Catharine, in your dumps?

*Cath.* Call you me daughter? now, I promiſe you,
You've ſhew'd a tender fatherly regard,
To wiſh me wed to one half lunatic;
A madcap ruffian, and a ſwearing Jack,
That thinks with oaths to face the matter out.

*Pet.*

*Pet.* Father, 'tis thus: Yourſelf and all the world,
That talk'd of her, have talk'd amiſs of her;
If ſhe be curs'd, it is for policy,
For ſhe's not froward, but modeſt as the dove:
She is not hot, but temperate as the morn;
For patience, ſhe will prove a ſecond Grizel,
And Roman Lucrece for her chaſtity;
And to conclude, we've 'greed ſo well together,
That upon Sunday is my wedding-day.

*Cath.* I'll ſee thee hang'd on Sunday firſt.

*Gre.* Hark: Petruchio! ſhe ſays, ſhe'll ſee thee hang'd firſt.

*Tra.* Is this your ſpeeding? nay, then, good night, our part!

*Pet.* Be patient, Sirs, I chuſe her for myſelf;
If ſhe and I be pleas'd, what's that to you?
'Tis bargain'd 'twixt us twain, being alone,
That ſhe ſhall ſtill be curs'd in company.
I tell you, 'tis incredible to believe
How much ſhe loves me; oh, the kindeſt Kate!
She hung about my neck, and kiſs on kiſs
She vy'd ſo faſt, proteſting oath on oath,
That in a twink ſhe won me to her love.
Oh, you are novices; 'tis a world to ſee,
How tame (when men and women are alone)
A meacock wretch can make the curſteſt ſhrew.
Give me thy hand, Kate, I will unto Veniee,
To buy apparel 'gainſt the wedding-day;
Father, provide the feaſt, and bid the gueſts;
I will be ſure my Catharine ſhall be fine.

*Bap.* I know not what to ſay, but give your hands;
God ſend you joy, Petruchio! 'tis a match.

*Gre. Tra.* Amen, ſay we; we will be witneſſes.

*Pet.* Father, and wife, and gentlemen, adieu;
I will to Venice, Sunday comes apace,
We will have rings and things, and fine array;
And kiſs me, Kate, we will be married o' Sunday.

[*Exeunt Petruchio and Catherine ſeverally.*

## SCENE VI.

*Gre.* Was ever match clapt up ſo ſuddenly?

*Bap.* Faith, Gentlemen, I play a merchant's part,

And

And venture madly on a deſperate mart.
*Tra.* 'Twas a commodity lay fretting by you;
'Twill bring you gain, or periſh on the ſeas.
*Bap.* The gain I ſeek is quiet in the match.
*Gre.* No doubt but he hath got a quiet catch.
But now, Baptiſta, to your younger daughter.
Now is the day we long have looked for:
I am your neighbour, and was ſuitor firſt.
*Tra.* And I am one, that love Bianca more
Than words can witneſs, or your thoughts can gueſs.
*Gre.* Youngling! thou can'ſt not love ſo dear as I.
*Tra.* Grey-beard! thy love doth freeze.
*Gre.* But thine doth fry.
Skipper, ſtand back; 'tis age that nouriſheth.
*Tra.* But youth in ladies' eyes that flouriſheth.
*Bap.* Content you, Gentlemen, I will compound this ſtrife.
'Tis deeds muſt win the prize; and he, of both,
That can aſſure my daughter greateſt dower,
Shall have Bianca's love.———
Say, Signior Gremio, what can you aſſure her?
*Gre.* Firſt, as you know, my houſe within the city
Is richly furniſhed with plate and gold,
Baſons and ewers to lave her dainty hands;
My hangings all of Tyrian tapeſtry;
In ivory coffers I have ſtuff'd my crowns;
In cypreſs cheſts my arras, counterpanes,
Coſtly apparel, tents and canopies,
Fine linen, Turky cuſhions boſs'd with pearl;
Valance of Venice gold in needle-work;
Pewter and braſs, and all things that belong
To houſe, or houſe-keeping: then, at my farm,
I have a hundred milch-kine to the pail,
Sixſcore fat oxen ſtanding in my ſtalls;
And all things anſwerable to this portion.
Myſelf am ſtruck in years, I muſt confeſs;
And, if I die to-morrow, this is hers,
If, whilſt I live, ſhe will be only mine.
*Tra.* That *only* came well in.——Sir, liſt to me;
I am my father's heir, and only ſon;
If I may have your daughter to my wife,
I'll leave her houſes three or four as good,

Within

Within rich Piſa walls, as any one
Old Signior Gremio has in Padua;
Beſides two thouſand ducats by the year
Of fruitful land; all which ſhall be her jointure.
What, have I pinch'd you, Signior Gremio?
*Gre.* Two thouſand ducats by the year of land?
My land amounts but to ſo much in all.
That ſhe ſhall have, beſides an Argoſie
That now is lying in Marſeilles's road.
What, have I choak'd you with an Argoſie?
*Tra.* Gremio, 'tis known, my father hath no leſs
Than three great Argoſies, beſides two galliaſſes,
And twelve tight gallies: theſe I will aſſure her,
And twice as much, whate'er thou offer'ſt next.
*Gre.* Nay, I have offer'd all; I have no more;
And ſhe can have no more than all I have;
If you like me, ſhe ſhall have me and mine.
*Tra.* Why, then the maid is mine from all the world,
By your firm promiſe; Gremio is out-vied.
*Bap.* I muſt confeſs, your offer is the beſt;
And let your father make her the aſſurance,
She is your own: elſe you muſt pardon me;
If you ſhould die before him, where's her dower?
*Tra.* That's but a cavil; he is old, I young.
*Gre.* And may not young men die as well as old?
*Bap.* Well, Gentlemen, then I am thus reſolv'd.
On Sunday next, you know,
My daughter Catharine is to be married.
Now on the Sunday following ſhall Bianca
Be bride to you, if you make this aſſurance;
If not, to Signior Gremio:
And ſo I take my leave, and thank you both. [*Exit.*
*Gre.* Adieu, good neighbour —— Now I fear thee not.
Sirrah, young gameſter, your father were a fool
To give thee all; and in his waining age
Set foot under thy table: tut! a toy!
An old Italian fox is not ſo kind, my boy. [*Exit.*
*Tra.* A vengeance on your crafty wither'd hide!
Yet I have fac'd it with a card of ten:
'Tis in my head to do my maſter good.
I ſee no reaſon, but ſuppos'd Lucentio
May get a father, call'd, ſuppos'd Vincentio;

And

And that's a wonder: fathers commonly
Do get their children; but, in this caſe of wooing,
A child ſhall get a ſire, if I fail not of my cunning.
[*Exit.*

[The preſenters, above, ſpeak here.

*Sly. Sim, when will the fool come again?*

*Sim. Anon, my Lord.*

*Sly. Give's ſome more drink here——Where's the tapſter? Here, Sim, eat ſome of theſe things.*

*Sim. So I do, my Lord.*

*Sly. Here Sim, I drink to thee.*

## ACT III. SCENE I.

*Baptiſta's houſe.*

*Enter Lucentio, Hortenſio, and Bianca.*

*Luc.* FIDLER, forbear; you grow too forward, Sir:
Have you ſo ſoon forgot the entertainment
Her ſiſter Catharine welcom'd you withal?

*Hor.* Wrangling pedant, this is
The patroneſs of heavenly harmony;
Then give me leave to have prerogative;
And when in muſic we have ſpent an hour,
Your lecture ſhall have leiſure for as much.

*Luc.* Prepoſterous aſs! that never read ſo far
To know the cauſe why muſic was ordain'd:
Was it not to refreſh the mind of man
After his ſtudies, or his uſual pain?
Then give me leave to read philoſophy,
And, while I pauſe, ſerve in your harmony.

*Hor.* Sirrah, I will not bear theſe braves of thine.

*Bian.* Why, Gentlemen, you do me double wrong,
To ſtrive for that which reſteth in my choice.
I am no breeching ſcholar in the ſchools;
I'll not be tied to hours, nor 'pointed times,
But learn my leſſons as I pleaſe myſelf;
And to cut off all ſtrife, here ſit we down,
Take you your inſtrument, play you the while;
His lecture will be done ere you have turn'd,

*Hor.* You'll leave his lecture, when I am in tune?

[*Hortenſio retires.*

*Luc.* That will be never: tune your inſtrument.

*Bian.* Where left we laſt?

*Luc.* Here Madam: *Hic ibat Simois; hic eſt Sigeia tellus;*
*Hic ſteterat Priami regia celſa ſenis.*

*Bian.* Conſtrue them.

*Luc.* *Hic ibat*, as I told you before; *Simois*, I am Lucentio; *hic eſt*, ſon unto Vincentio of Piſa; *Sigeia tellus*, diſguiſed thus to get your love: *hic ſteterat*, and that Lucentio that comes a wooing; *Priami*, is my man Tranio; *regia*, bearing my port; *celſa ſenis*, that we might beguile the old pantaloon.

*Hor.* Madam, my inſtrument's in tune. [*Returning.*

*Bian.* Let's hear. O fie! the treble jars.

*Luc.* Spit in the hole, man, and tune again.

*Bian.* Now let me ſee if I can conſtrue it. *Hic ibat Simois*, I know you not; *hic eſt Sigeia tellus*, I truſt you not; *hic ſteterat Priami*, take heed he hear us not; *regia*, preſume not; *celſa ſenis*, deſpair not.

*Hor.* Madam, 'tis now in tune.

*Luc.* All but the baſe.

*Hor.* The baſe is right; 'tis the baſe knave that jars.
How fiery and how froward is our pedant!
Now, for my life, that knave doth court my love;
*Pedaſcale* *, I'll watch you better yet.

*Bian.* In time I may believe, yet I miſtruſt.

*Luc.* Miſtruſt it not;——for, ſure, Æacides
Was Ajax, call'd ſo from his grandfather.

*Bian.* I muſt believe my maſter, elſe I promiſe you,
I ſhould be arguing ſtill upon that doubt;
But let it reſt. Now, Licio, to you:
Good maſters, take it not unkindly, pray,
That I have been thus pleaſant with you both.

*Hor.* You may go walk, and give me leave a while;
My leſſons make no muſic in three parts.

*Luc.* Are you ſo formal, Sir? well, I muſt wait,
And watch withal; for, but I be deceiv'd,
Our fine muſician groweth amorous.

*Hor.*

* He would have ſaid *didaſcale;* but thinking this too honourable, e coins the word *pedaſcale* in imitation of it, from *pedant.*

*Hor.* Madam, before you touch the inſtrument,
To learn the order of my fingering,
I muſt begin with rudiments of art:
To teach you gamut in a briefer ſort,
More pleaſant, pithy, and effectual,
Than hath been taught by any of my trade;
And there it is in writing fairly drawn.

*Bian.* Why, I am paſs'd my gamut long ago.

*Hor.* Yet read the gamut of Hortenſio.

*Bian.* [*reading.*] Gamut I am, the ground of all accord;
*A re*, to plead Hortenſio's paſſion;
*B mi*, Bianca, take him for thy lord;
*C ſaut*, that loves with all affection;
*D ſol re*, one cliff, but two notes have I;
*E lami*, ſhow pity, or I die.
Call you this *gamut?* tut, I like it not:
Old fathions pleaſe me beſt; I'm not ſo nice
To change true rules for new inventions.

*Enter a Servant.*

*Serv.* Miſtreſs, your father prays you leave your books,
And help to dreſs your ſiſter's chamber up;
You know, to-morrow is the wedding-day.

*Bian.* Farewell, ſweet maſters, both; I muſt be gone.

[*Exit.*

*Luc.* 'Faith, miſtreſs, then I have no cauſe to ſtay.

[*Exit.*

*Hor.* But I have cauſe to pry into this pedant;
Methinks he looks as tho' he were in love:
Yet if thy thoughts, Bianca, be ſo humble,
To caſt thy wand'ring eyes on every ſtale;
Seize thee who liſt; if once I find thee ranging,
Hortenſio will be quit with thee by changing. [*Exit.*

## SCENE II.

*Enter Baptiſta, Gremio, Tranio, Catharina, Lucentio, Bianca, and attendants.*

*Bap.* Signior Lucentio, this is the 'pointed day
That Cath'rine and Petruchio ſhould be married;
And yet we hear not of our ſon-in-law.

What

What will be ſaid? what mockery will it be,
To want the bridegroom, when the prieſt attends
To ſpeak the ceremonial rites of marriage?
What ſays Lucentio to this ſhame of ours!

*Cath.* No ſhame, but mine; I muſt, forſooth, be forc'd
To give my hand oppos'd againſt my heart,
Unto a mad-brain rudeſby, full of ſpleen;
Who woo'd in haſte, and means to wed at leiſure.
I told you, I, he was a frantic fool.
Hiding his bitter jeſts in blunt behaviour;
And to be noted for a merry man,
He'll woo a thouſand, 'point the day of marriage,
Make friends, invite, yes, and proclaim the banns;
Yet never means to wed, where he hath woo'd.
Now muſt the world point at poor Catharine,
And ſay, Lo! there is mad Petruchio's wife,
If it would pleaſe him come and marry her.

*Tra.* Patience, good Catharine, and Baptiſta too;
Upon my life, Petruchio means but well,
Whatever fortune ſtays him from his word.
Tho' he be blunt, I know him paſſing wiſe:
Tho' he be merry, yet withal he's honeſt.

*Cath.* Would Catharine had never ſeen him tho'!

[*Exit weeping.*

*Bap.* Go, girl; I cannot blame thee now to weep;
For ſuch an injury would vex a ſaint,
Much more a ſhrew of thy impatient humour.

## SCENE III. *Enter Biondello.*

*Bion.* Maſter, maſter; old news, and ſuch news as you never heard of.

*Bap.* Is it new and old too? how may that be?

*Bion.* Why, is it not news to hear of Petruchio's coming?

*Bap.* Is he come?

*Bion.* Why, no, Sir.

*Bap.* What then?

*Bion.* He is coming.

*Bap.* When will he be here?

*Bion.* When he ſtands where I am, and ſees you there.

*Tra.* But, ſay, what to thine old news?

*Bion.* 'Why, Petruchio is coming in a new hat and 'an old jerkin; a pair of old breeches thrice turn'd; 'a pair of boots that have been candle-caſes, one buc-'kled, another lac'd; an old ruſty ſword ta'en out of 'the town-armoury, with a broken hilt, and chapeleſs, 'with two broken points; his horſe hipp'd with an old 'mothy ſaddle, the ſtirrups of no kindred; beſides poſ-'ſeſs'd with the glanders, and like to moſe in the chine, 'troubled with the lampaſſe, infected with the faſhions, 'full of windgalls, ſped with ſpavins, raied with the 'yellows, paſt cure of the fives, ſtark ſpoiled with the 'ſtaggers, begnawn with the bots, ſway'd in the back 'and ſhoulder-ſhotten, near legg'd before, and with a 'half-check'd bit, and a headſtall of ſheep's leather; 'which being reſtrain'd, to keep him from ſtumbling, 'hath been often burſt, and now repair'd with knots; 'one girt ſix times piec'd, and a woman's crupper of 'velure, which hath two letters for her name, fairly 'ſet down in ſtuds, and here and there piec'd with 'pack-thread.'

*Bap.* Who comes with him?

*Bion.* 'Oh, Sir, his lackey, for all the world capa-'riſon'd like the horſe, with a linen ſtock on one leg, 'and a kerſey boot-hoſe on the other, garter'd with a 'red and blue liſt, an old hat, and * *the humour of forty 'fancies* prick'd up in't for a feather: a monſter, a very 'monſter in apparel, and not like a Chriſtian footboy, or 'a gentleman's lackey.'

*Tra.* 'Tis ſome odd humour pricks him to this faſhion; Yet ſometimes he goes but mean apparell'd.

*Bap.* I am glad he's come, howſoever he comes.

*Bion.* Why, Sir, he comes not.

*Bap.* Didſt thou not ſay, he comes?

*Bion.* Who? that Petruchio came not?

*Bap.* Ay, that Petruchio came.

*Bion.* No, Sir; I ſay, his horſe comes with him on his back.

*Bap.* Why, that's all one.

*Bion.* Nay, by St. Jamy, I hold you a penny,
A horſe and a man is more than one, and yet not many.

SCENE

* Some ballad or drollery of that time is here ridiculed.

## SCENE IV.

*Enter Petruchio and Grumio fantaſtically habited.*

*Pet.* Come, where be theſe gallants? who is at home?
*Bap.* You're welcome, Sir.
*Pet.* And yet I come not well.
*Bap.* And yet you halt not.
*Tra.* Not ſo well 'parell'd as I wiſh you were.
*Pet.* Were it better, I ſhould ruſh in thus.
But where is Kate? where is my lovely bride?
How does my father? Gentles, methinks you frown:
And wherefore gaze this goodly company,
As if they ſaw ſome wondrous monument,
Some comet, or unuſual prodigy?
*Bap.* Why, Sir, you know, this is your wedding-day:
Firſt were we ſad; fearing you would not come;
Now, ſadder, that you come ſo unprovided.
Fie, doff this habit, ſhame to your eſtate,
An eye-ſore to our ſolemn feſtival.
*Tra.* And tell us what occaſion of import
Hath all ſo long detain'd you from your wife,
And ſent you hither ſo unlike yourſelf?
*Pet.* Tedious it were to tell, and harſh to hear:
Sufficeth, I am come to keep my word,
Tho' in ſome part inforced to digreſs,
Which at more leiſure I will ſo excuſe,
As you ſhall well be ſatisfied withal.
But, where is Kate? I ſtay too long from her;
The morning wears; 'tis time we were at church.
*Tra.* See not your bride in theſe unreverent robes;
Go to my chamber, put on clothes of mine.
*Pet.* Not I; believe me, thus I'll viſit her.
*Bap.* But thus, I truſt, you will not marry her.
*Pet.* Good ſooth, even thus; therefore ha' done with words;
To me ſhe's married, not unto my clothes:
Could I repair what ſhe will wear in me,
As I could change theſe poor accoutrements,
'Twere well for Kate, and better for myſelf.
But what a fool am I to chat with you,
When I ſhould bid good morrow to my bride,

And ſeal the title with a lovely kiſs? [*Exit.*

*Tra.* He hath ſome meaning in his mad attire:
We will perſuade him, be it poſſible,
To put on better ere he go to church.

*Bap.* I'll after him, and ſee the event of this. [*Exit.*

## SCENE V.

*Tra.* But, Sir, our love concerneth us to add
Her father's liking; which to bring to paſs,
As I before imparted to your Worſhip,
I am to get a man, (whate'er he be,
It ſkills not much; we'll fit him to our turn;)
And he ſhall be Vincentio of Piſa,
And make aſſurance here in Padua
Of greater ſums than I have promiſed:
So ſhall you quietly enjoy your hope,
And marry ſweet Bianca with conſent.

*Luc.* Were it not that my fellow-ſchoolmaſter
Doth watch Bianca's ſteps ſo narrowly,
'Twere good, methinks, to ſteal our marriage;
Which once perform'd, let all the world ſay, No,
I'll keep my own, deſpight of all the world.

*Tra.* That by degrees we mean to look into,
And watch our vantage in this buſineſs:
We'll over-reach the grey-beard Gremio,
The narrow-prying father Minola,
The quaint muſician amorous Licio;
All for my maſter's ſake, Lucentio.

## SCENE VI. *Enter Gremio.*

Now, Signior Gremio, came you from the church?

*Gre.* As willingly as e'er I came from ſchool.

*Tra.* And is the bride and bridegroom coming home?

*Gre.* A bridegroom, ſay you? 'tis a groom, indeed,
A grumbling groom, and that the girl ſhall find.

*Tra.* Curſter than ſhe? why, 'tis impoſſible.

*Gre.* Why, he's a devil, a devil, a very fiend.

*Tra.* Why, ſhe's a devil, a devil, the devil's dam.

*Gre.* Tut, ſhe's a lamb, a dove, a fool to him.
I'll tell you, Sir Lucentio; when the prieſt
Should aſk, if Catharine ſhould be his wife?

Ay,

Ay, by gogs-woons, quoth he; and ſwore ſo loud,
That, all-amaz'd, the prieſt let fall the book;
And as he ſtoop'd again to take it up,
This mad-brain'd bridegroom took him ſuch a cuff,
That down fell prieſt and book, and book and prieſt.
Now take them up, quoth he, if any liſt.

*Tra.* What ſaid the wench, when he roſe up again?

*Gre.* Trembled and ſhook; for why, he ſtamp'd and ſwore.
As if the vicar meant to cozen him.
But after many ceremonies done,
" He calls for wine: a health, quoth he; as if
" H'ad been abroad carowſing to his mates
" After a ſtorm: quaft off the muſcadel,
" And threw the ſops all in the ſexton's face;
" Having no other cauſe, but that his beard
" Grew thin and hungerly, and ſeem'd to aſk
" His ſops as he was drinking. This done, he took
" The bride about the neck, and kiſs'd her lips
" With ſuch a clamorous ſmack, that at the parting
" All the church echo'd;" and I ſeeing this,
Came thence for very ſhame; and after me,
I know, the rout is coming. Such a mad marriage
Ne'er was before.—Hark, hark, I hear the minſtrels.

[*Muſic plays.*

## SCENE VII.

*Enter Petruchio, Catharina, Bianca, Hortenſio, and Baptiſta.*

*Pet.* Gentlemen and friends, I thank you for your pains:
I know, you think to dine with me to-day,
And have prepar'd great ſtore of wedding-cheer;
But ſo it is, my haſte doth call me hence;
And therefore here I mean to take my leave.

*Bap.* Is't poſſible you will away to-night?

*Pet.* I muſt away to-day, before night come.
Make it no wonder; if you knew my buſineſs,
You would intreat me rather go than ſtay.
And, honeſt company, I thank you all,

That have beheld me give away myſelf
To this moſt patient, ſweet, and virtuous wife.
Dine with my father, drink a health to me,
For I muſt hence, and farewell to you all.

*Tra.* Let us intreat you ſtay till after dinner.

*Pet.* It may not be.

*Gre.* Let me intreat you.

*Pet.* It cannot be.

*Cath.* Let me intreat you.

*Pet.* I am content———

*Cath.* Are you content to ſtay?

*Pet.* I am content you ſhall intreat me ſtay;
But yet not ſtay, intreat me how you can.

*Cath.* Now, if you love me, ſtay.

*Pet.* Grumio, my horſes.

*Gru.* Ay, Sir, they be ready: the oats have eaten the horſes *.

*Cath.* Nay, then,
Do what thou canſt, I will not go to-day;
No, nor to-morrow, nor till I pleaſe myſelf.
The door is open, Sir, there lies your way,
You may be jogging, while your boots are green;
For me, I'll not go till I pleaſe myſelf.
'Tis like you'll prove a jolly ſurly groom,
That take it on you at the firſt ſo roundly.

*Pet.* O Kate, content thee, pr'ythee, be not angry.

*Cath.* I will be angry; what haſt thou to do?
Father, be quiet; he ſhall ſtay my leiſure.

*Gre.* Ay, marry, Sir; now it begins to work.

*Cath.* Gentlemen, forward to the bridal dinner,
I ſee, a woman may be made a fool,
If ſhe had not a ſpirit to reſiſt.

*Pet.* They ſhall go forward, Kate, at thy command.
Obey the bride, you that attend on her:
Go to the feaſt, revel and domineer;
Carouſe full meaſure to her maidenhead;
Be mad and merry, or go hang yourſelves:
But for my bonny Kate, ſhe muſt with me.
Nay, look not big, nor ſtamp, nor ſtare, nor fret,
I will be maſter of what is mine own;
She is my goods, my chattels, ſhe is my houſe,

My

* That is, the diſtemper ſo called.

My houſhold-ſtuff, my field, my barn,
My horſe, my ox, my aſs, my any thing;
And here ſhe ſtands, touch her who ever dare.
I'll bring my action on the proudeſt he,
That ſtops my way in Padua: Grumio,
Draw forth thy weapon; we're beſet with thieves;
Reſcue thy miſtreſs, if thou be a man:
Fear not, ſweet wench, they ſhall not touch thee, Kate;
I'll buckler thee againſt a million.

[*Exeunt Pet. and Cath.*

*Bap.* Nay, let them go, a couple of quiet ones.
*Gre.* Went they not quickly, I ſhould die with laugh-
*Tra.* Of all mad matches, never was the like. [ing,
*Luc.* Miſtreſs, what's your opinion of your ſiſter?
*Bian.* That, being mad herſelf, ſhe's madly mated.
*Gre.* I warrant him, Petruchio is Kated.
*Bap.* Neighbours and friends, tho' bride and bridegroom want
For to ſupply the places at the table;
You know, there wants no junkets at the feaſt
Lucentio. you ſupply the bridegroom's place;
And let Bianca take her ſiſter's room.
*Tra.* Shall ſweet Bianca practiſe how to bride it?
*Bap.* She ſhall, Lucentio: Gentlemen, let's go.

[*Exeunt.*

## ACT IV. SCENE I.

*Petruchio's country-houſe.*

*Enter Grumio.*

*Grum.* FIE, fie on all tired jades, and all mad maſters, and all foul ways! Was ever man ſo beaten? was ever man ſo rayed; was ever man ſo weary? I am ſent before, to make a fire; and they are coming after, to warm them: now were I not a little pot, and ſoon hot, my very lips might freeze to my teeth, my tongue to the roof of my mouth, my heart in my belly, ere I ſhould come by a fire to thaw me; but I with

with blowing the fire ſhall warm myſelf; for, conſidering the weather, a taller man than I will take cold. Holla, hoa, Curtis!

*Enter Curtis.*

*Curt.* Who is it that calls ſo coldly?

*Gru.* A piece of ice. If thou doubt it, thou may'ſt ſlide from my ſhoulder to my heel, with no greater a run but my head and my neck. A fire, good Curtis.

*Curt.* Is my maſter and his wife coming, Grumio?

*Gru.* Oh, ay, Curtis, ay; and therefore, fire, fire; caſt on no water.

*Curt.* Is ſhe ſo hot a ſhrew as ſhe's reported?

*Gru.* She was, good Curtis, before this froſt; but thou know'ſt, winter tames man, woman, and beaſt; for it hath tam'd my old maſter, and my new miſtreſs, and thyſelf, fellow Curtis.

*Curt.* Away, you three-inch'd fool; I am no beaſt.

*Gru.* Am I but three inches? why, thy horn is a foot: and ſo long am I at the leaſt. But wilt thou make a fire, or ſhall I complain on thee to our miſtreſs? whoſe hand, ſhe being now at hand, thou ſhalt ſoon feel to thy cold comfort, for being ſlow in thy hot office.

*Curt.* I pr'ythee, good Grumio, tell me, how goes the the world?

*Gru.* A cold world, Curtis, in every office but thine; and, therefore, fire: do thy duty, and have thy duty; for my maſter and miſtreſs are almoſt frozen to death.

*Curt.* There's fire ready; and therefore, good Grumio, the news.

*Gru.* Why, *Jack boy, ho boy, and as much news as thou wilt* *.

*Curt.* Come, you are ſo full of coneycatching.

*Gru.* Why, therefore, fire; for I have caught extreme cold. Where's the cook? is ſupper ready, the houſe trimm'd, ruſhes ſtrew'd, cobweb ſwept, the ſerving-men in their new fuſtian, their white ſtockings, and every officer his wedding-garment on? be the Jacks fair within, the Jills fair without, carpets laid, and every thing in order?

*Curt.*

* This ſeems to be a fragment of ſome old ballad.

*Curt.* All ready: and therefore, I pray thee, what news?

*Gru.* Firſt, know, my horſe is tired, my maſter and miſtreſs fall'n out.

*Curt.* How?

*Gru.* Out of their ſaddles into the dirt; and thereby hangs a tale.

*Curt.* Let's ha't, good Grumio.

*Gru.* Lend thine ear.

*Curt.* Here.

*Gru.* There. [*Strikes him.*

*Curt.* This is to feel a tale, not to hear a tale.

*Gru.* And therefore 'tis call'd a ſenſible tale; and this cuff was but to knock at your ear, and beſeech liſtening. Now I begin: *Imprimis*, we came down a foul hill, my maſter riding behind my miſtreſs.

*Curt.* Both on one horſe?

*Gru.* What's that to thee?

*Curt.* Why, a horſe.

*Gru.* "Tell thou the tale——But hadſt thou not "croſs'd me, thou ſhould'ſt have heard how her horſe "fell, and ſhe under her horſe: thou ſhould'ſt have heard "in how miry a place, how ſhe was bemoiled, how "he left her with the horſe upon her, how he beat me "becauſe her horſe ſtumbled, how ſhe waded through "the dirt to pluck him off me; how he ſwore, how "ſhe pray'd that never pray'd before; how I cry'd; "how the horſes ran away; how her bridle was burſt; "how I loſt my crupper; with many things of worthy "memory, which now ſhall die in oblivion, and thou "return unexperienc'd to thy grave."

*Curt.* By this reckoning he is more ſhrew than ſhe.

*Gru.* Ay, and that thou and the proudeſt of you all ſhall find when he comes home. But what talk I of this? call forth Nathaniel, Joſeph, Nicholas, Philip, Walter, Sugarſop, and the reſt; let their heads be ſleekly comb'd, their blue coats bruſh'd, and their garters of an indifferent knit: let them court'ſy with their left legs, and not preſume to touch a hair of my maſter's horſe-tail, till they kiſs their hands. Are they all ready?

*Curt.* They are.

*Gru.*

*Gru.* Call them forth.

*Curt.* Do you hear, ho? you muſt meet my maſter or countenance my miſtreſs.

*Gru.* Why, ſhe hath a face of her own.

*Curt.* Who knows not that?

*Gru.* Thou, it ſeems, that call'ſt for company to countenance her.

*Curt.* I call them forth to credit her.

*Enter four or five ſerving-men.*

*Gru.* Why, ſhe comes to borrow nothing of them.

*Nat.* Welcome home, Grumio.

*Phil.* How now, Grumio?

*Joſ.* What, Grumio!

*Nich.* Fellow Grumio!

*Nath.* How now, old lad.

*Gru.* "Welcome, you; how now, you; what, you; "fellow, you; and thus much for greeting." Now, my ſpruce companions, is all ready, and all things neat?

*Nat.* All things are ready; how near is our maſter?

*Gru.* E'en at hand, alighted by this: and therefore be not——cock's paſſion, ſilence!——I hear my maſter.

## SCENE II. *Enter Petruchio and Kate.*

*Pet.* Where be theſe knaves? what, no man at door to hold my ſtirrup, nor to take my horſe? Where is Nathaniel, Gregory, Philip?

*All Serv.* Here, here, Sir; here, Sir.

*Pet.* Here, Sir, here, Sir, here, Sir, here, Sir!
You loggerheaded and unpoliſh'd grooms:
What! no attendance? no regard? no duty?
Where is the fooliſh knave I ſent before?

*Gru.* Here, Sir, as fooliſh as I was before.

*Pet.* You peaſant ſwain, you whoreſon, malt-horſe drudge,
Did I not bid thee meet me in the park,
And bring along theſe raſcal knaves with thee?

*Gru.* Nathaniel's coat, Sir, was not fully made;
And Gabriel's pumps were all unpink'd i' th' heel;
There was no link to colour Peter's hat;
And Walter's dagger was not come from ſheathing:

There

There were none fine, but Adam, Ralph, and Gregory;
The reſt were ragged, old, and beggarly;
Yet as they are, here are they come to meet you.
*Pet.* Go, raſcals, go, and fetch my ſupper in.
[*Exeunt Servants.*
*Where is the life that late I led?* [*Singing.*
*Where are thoſe*———Sit down, Kate,
And welcome. Soud, ſoud, ſoud, ſoud!

*Enter Servants with ſupper.*

Why, when, I ſay? nay, good ſweet Kate, be merry.
Off with my boots, you rogue: you villains, when?

*It was the friar of orders grey,* [*Sings.*
*As he forth walked on his way.*

Out, out, you rogue! you pluck my foot awry.
Take that, and mend the plucking off the other.
[*Strikes him.*
Be merry, Kate: ſome water, here; what, hoa!

*Enter one with water.*

Where's my ſpaniel Troilus? ſirrah, get you hence,
And bid my couſin Ferdinand come hither;
One, Kate, that you muſt kiſs, and be acquainted with.
Where are my ſlippers? ſhall I have ſome water?
Come, Kate, and waſh, and welcome heartily:
You whoreſon villain, will you let it fall?
*Cath.* Patience, I pray you, 'twas a fault unwilling.
*Pet.* A whoreſon, beetle-headed, flap-ear'd knave:
Come, Kate, ſit down; I know you have a ſtomach.
Will you give thanks, ſweet Kate, or elſe ſhall I?
What's this, mutton?
1 *Serv.* Yes.
*Pet.* Who brought it?
*Ser.* I.
*Pet.* 'Tis burnt, and ſo is all the meat:
What dogs are theſe? where is the raſcal cook?
How durſt you, villains, bring it from the dreſſer,
And ſerve it thus to me that love it not?
There, take it to you, trenchers, cups, and all.
[*Throws the meat, &c. about the ſtage.*
You heedleſs jolt heads, and unmanner'd ſlaves!

What,

What, do you grumble? I'll be with you ſtraight.

*Cath.* I pray you, huſband, be not ſo diſquiet;
The meat was well, if you were ſo contented.

*Pet.* I tell thee, Kate, 'twas burnt and dry'd away,
And I expreſsly am forbid to touch it:
For it ingenders choler, planteth anger;
And better 'twere that both of us did faſt,
Since, of ourſelves, ourſelves are choleric,
Than feed it with ſuch over-roaſted fleſh.
Be patient, for to-morrow't ſhall be mended,
And for this night we'll faſt for company.
Come, I will bring thee to thy bridal chamber. [*Exeunt.*

*Enter ſervants ſeverally.*

*Nath.* Peter, didſt ever ſee the like?

*Peter.* He kills her in her own humour.

*Gru.* Where is he?

*Enter Curtis, a ſervant.*

*Curt.* In her chamber, making a ſermon of continency to her,
And rails, and ſwears, and rates; that ſhe, poor ſoul,
Know not which way to ſtand, to look, to ſpeak;
And ſits as one new riſen from a dream.
Away, away, for he is coming hither. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE III. *Enter Petruchio.*

*Pet.* Thus have I politicly begun my reign,
And 'tis my hope to end ſucceſsfully:
My faulcon now is ſharp, and paſſing empty;
And till ſhe ſtoop, ſhe muſt not be full gorg'd,
For then ſhe never looks upon her lure.
Another way I have to man my haggard,
To make her come, and know her keeper's call;
That is, to watch her, as we watch thoſe kites,
That bait and beat, and will not be obedient.
She ate no meat to-day, nor none ſhall eat.
Laſt night ſhe ſlept not, nor to-night ſhall not:
As with the meat, ſome undeſerved fault
I'll find about the making of the bed.
And here I'll fling the pillow, there the bolſter,
This way the coverlet, that way the ſheets;

Ay;

Ay; and, amid this hurly, I'll pretend,
That all is done in reverend care of her;
And, in concluſion, ſhe ſhall watch all night:
And, if ſhe chance to nod, I'll rail and brawl,
And with the clamour keep her ſtill awake.
This is a way to kill a wife with kindneſs;—
And thus I'll curb her mad and headſtrong humour.
He that knows better how to tame a ſhrew,
Now let him ſpeak, 'tis charity to ſhew. [*Exit.*

## SCENE IV. *Before Baptiſta's houſe.*

*Enter Tranio and Hortenſio.*

*Tra.* Is't poſſible, friend Licio, that Bianca
Doth fancy any other but Lucentio?
I tell you, Sir, ſhe bears me fair in hand.

*Hor.* To ſatisfy you, Sir, in what I ſaid,
Stand by, and mark the manner of his teaching.
[*They ſtand by.*

*Enter Bianca and Lucentio.*

*Luc.* Now, Miſtreſs, profit you in what you read?

*Bian* What, Maſter, read you? firſt reſolve me that.

*Luc* I read that I profeſs, the art of love.

*Bian.* And may you prove, Sir, maſter of your art!

*Luc.* While you, ſweet dear, prove miſtreſs of my heart.
[*They retire backward.*

*Hor.* Quick proceeders! marry! now, tell me, I pray, you that durſt ſwear that your miſtreſs Bianca lov'd none in the world ſo well as Lucentio.

*Tra.* Deſpightful love, unconſtant womankind!
I tell thee, Licio, this is wonderful.

*Hor.* Miſtake no more, I am not Licio,
Nor a muſician, as I ſeem to be;
But one that ſcorn to live in this diſguiſe
For ſuch a one as leaves a gentleman,
And makes a god of ſuch a cullion:
Know, Sir, that I am call'd Hortenſio.

*Tra.* Signior Hortenſio, I have often heard
Of your entire affection to Bianca;
And ſince mine eyes are witneſs of her lightneſs,
I will with you, if you be ſo contented,

Forſwear Bianca and her love for ever.

*Hor.* See, how they kiſs and court!——Signior Lucentio,
Here is my hand, and here I firmly vow
Never to woo her more; but do forſwear her,
As one unworthy all the former favours
That I have fondly flatter'd her withal.

*Tra.* And here I take the like unfeigned oath,
Never to marry her, though ſhe intreat.
Fie on her! ſee, how beaſtly ſhe doth court him.

*Hor.* 'Would all the world, but he, had quite forſworn her!
For me, that I may ſurely keep mine oath,
I will be married to a wealthy widow
Ere three days paſs, which has as long lov'd me,
As I have lov'd this proud diſdainful haggard.
And ſo farewell, Signior Lucentio.
Kindneſs in women, not their beauteous looks,
Shall win my love: and ſo I take my leave,
In reſolution as I ſwore before. [*Exit Hor.*

*Tra.* Miſtreſs Bianca, bleſs you with ſuch grace,
As 'longeth to a lover's bleſſed caſe:
Nay, I have ta'en you napping, gentle Love,
And have forſworn you with Hortenſio.

[*Lucentio and Bianca come forward.*

*Bian.* Tranio, you jeſt: but have you both forſworn me?

*Tra.* Miſtreſs, we have.

*Luc.* Then we are rid of Licio.

*Tra.* I'faith, he'll have a luſty widow now,
That ſhall be woo'd and wedded in a day.

*Bian.* God give him joy!

*Tra.* Ay, and he'll tame her.

*Bian.* He ſays ſo, Tranio.

*Tra.* 'Faith, he's gone into the taming-ſchool.

*Bian.* The taming-ſchool? what, is there ſuch a place?

*Tra.* Ay, Miſtreſs, and Petruchio is the maſter;
That teacheth tricks eleven and twenty long,
To tame a ſhrew, and charm her chattering tongue.

## SCENE V. *Enter Biondello, running.*

*Bion.* Oh Maſter, Maſter, I have watch'd ſo long,
That I'm dog-weary; but at laſt I ſpy'd
An ancient engel, going down the hill,

Will

Will ſerve the turn.

*Tra.* What is he, Biondello?

*Bion.* Maſter, a mercantant; or elſe a pedant;
I know not what; but formal in apparel;
In gait and countenance ſurely like a father.

*Luc.* And what of him, Tranio?

*Tra.* If he be credulous, and truſt my tale,
I'll make him glad to ſeem Vincentio,
And give aſſurance to Baptiſta Minola,
As if he were the right Vincentio.
Take in your love, and then let me alone.

[*Exeunt Luc. and Bian.*

*Enter a Pedant.*

*Ped.* God ſave you, Sir,

*Tra.* And you, Sir; you are welcome:
Travel you far on, or are you at the fartheſt?

*Ped.* Sir, at the fartheſt for a week or two:
But then up farther, and as far as Rome;
And ſo to Tripoly, if God lend me life.

*Tra.* What countryman, I pray?

*Ped.* Of Mantua.

*Tra.* Of Mantua, Sir? God forbid!
And come to Padua, careleſs of your life?

*Ped.* My life, Sir? how, I pray? for that goes hard.

*Tra.* 'Tis death for any one in Mantua
To come to Padua. Know you not the cauſe?
Your ſhips are ſtaid at Venice, and the Duke
(For private quarrel 'twixt your Duke and him)
Hath publiſh'd and proclaim'd it openly:
'Tis marvel, but that you're but newly come,
You might have heard it elſe proclaim'd about.

*Ped.* Alas, Sir; it is worſe for me than ſo;
For I have bills for money by exchange
From Florence, and muſt here deliver them.

*Tra.* Well, Sir, to do you courteſy,
This will I do, and this will I adviſe you;
Firſt, tell me, have you ever been at Piſa?

*Ped.* Ay, Sir, in Piſa have I often been;
Piſa, renowned for grave citizens.

*Tra.* Among them know you one Vincentio?

*Ped.* I know him not, but I have heard of him;

A merchant of incomparable wealth.

*Tra.* He is my father, Sir; and, ſooth to ſay,
In count'nance ſomewhat doth reſemble you.

*Bion.* As much as an apple doth an oyſter, and all one.
[*Aſide.*

*Tra.* To ſave your life in this extremity,
This favour will I do you for his ſake
And think it not the worſt of all your fortunes,
That you are like to Sir Vincentio.
His name and credit ſhall you undertake,
And in my houſe you ſhall be friendly lodg'd:
Look, that you take upon you as you ſhould.
You underſtand me, Sir: ſo ſhall you ſtay,
Till you have done your buſineſs in the city.
If this be court'ſy, Sir, accept of it.

*Ped.* Oh, Sir, I do; and will repute you ever
The patron of my life and liberty.

*Tra.* Then go with me to make the matter good.
This by the way I let you underſtand.
My father is here look'd for every day,
To paſs aſſurance of a dower in marriage
'Twixt me and one Baptiſta's daughter here:
In all theſe circumſtances I'll inſtruct you:
Go with me, Sir, to clothe you as becomes you.
[*Exeunt.*

## SCENE VI. *Enter Catharina and Grumio.*

*Gru.* No, no, forſooth; I dare not for my life.

*Cath.* The more my wrong, the more his ſpite appears.
What, did he marry me to famiſh me?
Beggars that come unto my father's door,
Upon intreaty, have a preſent alms;
If not, elſewhere they meet with charity:
But I, who never knew how to intreat,
Nor never needed that I ſhould intreat,
Am ſtarv'd for meat, giddy for lack of ſleep;
With oaths kept waking, and with brawling fed:
And that which ſpites me more than all theſe wants,
He does it under name of perfect love;
As who would ſay, if I ſhould ſleep or eat,
'Twere deadly ſickneſs, or elſe preſent death.
I pr'ythee, go, and get me ſome repaſt;

I care not what, ſo it be wholeſome food.
*Gru.* What ſay you to a neat's foot?
*Cath.* 'Tis paſſing good; I pr'ythee, let me have it.
*Gru.* I fear it is too flegmatic a meat.
How ſay you to a fat tripe finely broil'd?
*Cath.* I like it well; good Grumio, fetch it me.
*Gru.* I cannot tell;—I fear it is choleric:
What ſay you to a piece of beef and muſtard?
*Cath.* A diſh that I do love to feed upon.
*Gru.* Ay, but the muſtard is too hot a little.
*Cath.* Why then the beef, and let the muſtard reſt.
*Gru.* Nay, then I will not; you ſhall have the muſtard,
Or elſe you get no beef of Grumio.
*Cath.* Then both, or one, or any thing thou wilt.
*Gru.* Why then the muſtard without the beef.
*Cath.* Go, get thee gone, thou falſe deluding ſlave,
[*Beats him.*
That feed'ſt me with the very name of meat:
Sorrow on thee, and all the pack of you,
That triumph thus upon my miſery!
Go, get thee gone, I ſay.

## SCENE VII.

*Enter Petruchio and Hortenſio, with meat.*

*Pet.* How fares my Kate? what, ſweeting, all amort?
*Hor.* Miſtreſs, what cheer?
*Cath.* 'Faith, as cold as can be.
*Pet.* Pluck up thy ſpirits; look cheerfully upon me;
Here, Love, thou ſeeſt how diligent I am
To dreſs thy meat myſelf, and bring it thee:
I'm ſure, ſweet Kate, this kindneſs merits thanks.
What, not a word? nay then, thou lov'ſt it not:
And all my pains is ſorted to no proof.
Here, take away the diſh.
*Cath.* I pray you, let it ſtand.
*Pet.* The pooreſt ſervice is repaid with thanks,
And ſo ſhall mine before you touch the meat.
*Cath.* I thank you, Sir.
*Hor.* Signior Petruchio, fie, you are to blame;
Come, Miſtreſs Kate, I'll bear you company.

*Pet.* Eat it up all, Hortenſio, if thou lov'ſt me:—
[*Aſide.*

Much good do it unto thy gentle heart;
Kate, eat apace. And now, my honey-love,
Will we return unto my father's houſe,
And revel it as bravely as the reſt,
With ſilken coats, and caps, and golden rings,
With ruffs, and cuffs, and fardingals, and things:
With ſcarfs, and fans, and double change of brav'ry,
With amber bracelets, beads, and all this knav'ry.
What, haſt thou din'd? the tailor ſtays thy leiſure,
To deck thy body with his ruſtling treaſure.

SCENE VIII. *Enter Tailor.*

Come, Tailor, let us ſee theſe ornaments.

*Enter Haberdaſher.*

Lay forth the gown. What news with you, Sir?

*Hab.* Here is the cap your Worſhip did beſpeak.

*Pet.* Why, this was moulded on a porringer,
A velvet diſh; fie, fie, 'tis lewd and filthy;
Why, 'tis a cockle or a walnut-ſhell,
A knack, a toy, a trick, a baby's cap.
Away with it, come, let me have a bigger.

*Cath.* I'll have no bigger, this doth fit the time;
And gentlewomen wear ſuch caps as theſe.

*Pet.* When you are gentle, you ſhall have one too,
And not till then.

*Hor.* That will not be in haſte.

*Cath.* Why, Sir, I truſt I may have leave to ſpeak,
And ſpeak I will. I am no child, no babe;
Your betters have endur'd me ſay my mind;
And, if you cannot, beſt you ſtop your ears.
My tongue will tell the anger of my heart,
Or elſe my heart, concealing it, will break:
And rather than it ſhall, I will be free
Even to the utmoſt as I pleaſe in words.

*Pet.* Why, thou ſay'ſt true, it is a paltry cap,
A cuſtard-coffin, a bauble, a ſilken pye,
I love thee well, in that thou lik'ſt it not.

*Cath.* Love me, or love me not, I like the cap;
And I will have it, or I will have none.

*Pet.*

*Pet.* Thy gown? why, ay; come, Tailor, let us ſee't.
O mercy, Heav'n, what maſking ſtuff is here?
What! this a ſleeve? 'tis like a demi-cannon;
What, up and down carv'd like an apple-tart?
Here's ſnip, and nip, and cut, and ſliſh, and ſlaſh,
Like to a cenſer in a barber's ſhop:
Why, what a devil's name, Tailor, call'ſt thou this?
*Hor.* I ſee ſhe's like to've neither cap nor gown.
[*Aſide.*
*Tai.* You bid me make it orderly and well,
According to the faſhion of the time.
*Pet.* Marry, and did: but if you be remember'd,
I did not bid you mar it to the time.
Go, hop me over every kennel home,
For you ſhall hop without my cuſtom, Sir:
I'll none of it; hence, make your beſt of it.
*Cath.* I never ſaw a better-faſhion'd gown,
More quaint, more pleaſing, nor more commendable:
Belike you mean to make a puppet of me.
*Pet.* Why, true, he means to make a puppet of thee.
*Tai.* She ſays, your Worſhip means to make a puppet of her.
*Pet.* O moſt monſtrous arrogance!
Thou lieſt, thou thread, thou thimble,
Thou yard, three-quarters, half-yard, quarter, nail,
Thou flea, thou nit, thou winter-cricket thou!
Brav'd in mine own houſe with a ſkein of thread:
Away, thou rag, thou quantity, thou remnant;
Or I ſhall ſo be-mete thee with thy yard,
As thou ſhalt think on prating whilſt thou liv'ſt.
I tell thee, I, that thou haſt marr'd her gown.
*Tai.* Your Worſhip is deceiv'd, the gown is made
Juſt as my maſter had direction.
Grumio gave order how it ſhould be done.
*Gru* I gave him no order, I gave him the ſtuff.
*Tai.* But how did you deſire it ſhould be made?
*Gru.* Marry, Sir, with needle and thread.
*Tai.* But did you not requeſt to have it cut?
*Gru.* Thou haſt fac'd many things.
*Tai.* I have.
*Gru.* Face not me: thou haſt brav'd many men, brave not me; I will neither be fac'd, nor brav'd. I

ſay unto thee, I bid thy maſter cut out the gown, but I did not bid him cut it to pieces. *Ergo* thou lieſt.

*Tai.* Why, here is the note of the faſhion to teſtify.

*Pet.* Read it.

*Gru.* The note lies in's throat, if he ſay I ſaid ſo.

*Tai.* *Imprimis*, a looſe-bodied gown.

*Gru.* "Maſter, if ever I ſaid looſe-bodied gown, ſow "me up in the ſkirts of it, and beat me to death with a "bottom of brown thread." I ſaid a gown.

*Pet.* Proceed.

*Tai.* With a ſmall compas'd cape.

*Gru.* I confeſs the cape.

*Tai.* With a trunk-ſleeve.

*Gru.* I confeſs two ſleeves.

*Tai.* The ſleeves curiouſly cut.

*Pet.* Ay, there's the villany.

*Gru.* Error i' th' bill, Sir, error i' th' bill: I commanded the ſleeves ſhould be cut out, and ſow'd up again; and that I'll prove upon thee, though thy little finger be arm'd in a thimble.

*Tai.* This is true that I ſay; an I had thee in place where, thou ſhould'ſt know it.

*Gru.* I am for thee ſtraight: take thou the bill, give me thy mete-yard, and ſpare not me.

*Hor.* God-a-mercy, Grumio, then he ſhall have no odds.

*Pet.* Well, Sir, in brief the gown is not for me.

*Gru.* You are i' th' right, Sir, 'tis for my miſtreſs.

*Pet.* Go, take it up unto thy maſter's uſe.

*Gru.* Villain, not for thy life: take up my miſtreſs's gown for thy maſter's uſe!

*Pet.* Why, Sir, what's your conceit in that?

*Gru.* Oh, Sir, the conceit is deeper than you think for;
Take up my miſtreſs's gown unto his maſter's uſe!
Oh, fie, fie, fie!

*Pet.* Hortenſio, ſay, thou wilt ſee the tailor paid. [*Aſide.*
Go, take it hence; be gone, and ſay no more.

*Hor.* Tailor, I'll pay thee for thy gown to-morrow,
Take no unkindneſs of his haſty words:
Away, I ſay; commend me to thy maſter. [*Exit Tailor.*

*Pet.* Well, come, my Kate, we will unto your father's,
Even in theſe honeſt mean habiliments:

Our

Our purſes ſhall be proud, our garments poor:
For 'tis the mind that makes the body rich;
And as the ſun breaks through the darkeſt clouds,
So honour peereth in the meaneſt habit.
What, is the jay more precious than the lark,
Becauſe his feathers are more beautiful?
Or is the adder better than the eel,
Becauſe his painted ſkin contents the eye?
Oh, no, good Kate; neither art thou the worſe
For this poor furniture and mean array;
If thou account'ſt it ſhame, lay it on me;
And therefore frolic; we will hence forthwith,
To feaſt and ſport us at thy father's houſe.
Go call my men, and let us ſtraight to him,
And bring our horſes unto Long-lane end,
There will we mount, and thither walk on foot.
Let's ſee, I think, 'tis now ſome ſeven o'clock,
And well we may come there by dinner-time.

*Cath.* I dare aſſure you, Sir, 'tis almoſt two;
And 'twill be ſupper-time ere you come there.

*Pet.* It ſhall be ſeven, ere I go to horſe.
Look, what I ſpeak, or do, or think to do,
You are ſtill croſſing it; Sirs, let's alone,
I will not go to-day; and ere I do,
It ſhall be what o'clock I ſay it is.

*Hor.* Why, ſo; this gallant will command the ſun.

[*Exeunt Pet. Cath. and Hor.*

[The preſenters, above, ſpeak here.]

*Lord. Who's within there?* [*Sly ſleeps.*

*Enter ſervants.*

*Aſleep again! go take him eaſily up, and put him in his own apparel again. But ſee you wake him not in any caſe.*

*Serv. It ſhall be done, my Lord; come help to bear him hence.* [*They bear off Sly.*

## SCENE IX. *Before Baptiſta's houſe.*

*Enter Tranio, and the Pedant dreſs'd like Vincentio.*

*Tra.* Sir, this is the houſe; pleaſe it you, that I call?

*Ped.* Ay, what elſe! and (but I be deceived,)
Signior Baptiſta may remember me

Near

Near twenty years ago in Genoa,
Where we were lodgers, at the Pegaſus.
*Tra.* 'Tis well, and hold your own in any caſe
With ſuch auſterity as 'longeth to a father.

*Enter Biondello.*

*Ped.* I warrant you: but, Sir, here comes your boy;
'Twere good he were ſchool'd.
*Tra.* Fear you not him; ſirrah, Biondello,
Now do your duty throughly, I adviſe you:
Imagine 'twere the right Vincentio.
*Bion.* Tut, fear not me.
*Tra.* But haſt thou done thy errand to Baptiſta?
*Bion.* I told him, that your father was in Venice;
And that you look'd for him this day in Padua.
*Tra.* Th' art a tall fellow, hold thee that to drink?
Here comes Baptiſta; ſet your countenance, Sir.

SCENE X. *Enter Baptiſta and Lucentio.*

*Tra.* Signior Baptiſta, you are happily met.
Sir, this is the gentleman I told you of;
I pray you ſtand, good father, to me now,
Give me Bianca for my patrimony.
*Ped.* Soft, ſon, Sir, by your leave, having come to Padua.
To gather in ſome debts, my ſon Lucentio
Made me acquainted with a weighty cauſe
Of love between your daughter and himſelf:
And for the good report I hear of you,
And for the love he beareth to your daughter,
And ſhe to him; to ſtay him not too long,
I am content in a good father's care
To have him match'd; and if you pleaſe to like
No worſe than I, Sir, upon ſome agreement,
Me ſhall you find moſt ready and moſt willing
With one conſent to have her ſo beſtowed:
For curious I cannot be with you,
Signior Baptiſta, of whom I hear ſo well.
*Bap.* Sir, pardon me in what I have to ſay:
Your plainneſs and your ſhortneſs pleaſe me well.
Right true it is, your ſon Lucentio here
Doth love my daughter, and ſhe loveth him,

Or

Or both diſſemble deeply their affections;
And therefore, if you ſay no more than this,
That like a father you will deal with him,
And paſs my daughter a ſufficient dowry,
The match is made, and all is done,
Your ſon ſhall have my daughter with conſent.

*Tra.* I thank you, Sir. Where then do you know beſt,
Be we affied; and ſuch aſſurance ta'en,
As ſhall with either part's agreement ſtand?

*Bap.* Not in my houſe, Lucentio; for, you know,
Pitchers have ears, and I have many ſervants;
Beſides, old Gremio is heark'ning ſtill;
And, haply, then we might be interrupted.

*Tra.* Then at my lodging, an it like you, Sir,
There doth my father lie; and there this night
We'll paſs the buſineſs privately and well:
Send for your daughter by your ſervant here,
My boy ſhall fetch the ſcrivener preſently.
The worſt is this, that at ſo ſlender warning
You're like to have a thin and ſlender pittance.

*Bap.* It likes me well. Go, Cambio, hie you home,
And bid Bianca make her ready ſtraight;
And if you will, tell what hath happen'd here:
Lucentio's father is arriv'd in Padua,
And how ſhe's like to be Lucentio's wife.

*Luc.* I pray the gods ſhe may, with all my heart!
[*Exit.*

*Tra.* Dally not with the gods, but get thee gone.
Signior Baptiſta, ſhall I lead the way?
Welcome! one meſs is like to be your cheer.
Come, Sir, we will better it in Piſa.

*Bap.* I'll follow you. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE XI. *Enter Lucentio and Biondello.*

*Bion.* Cambio.

*Luc.* What ſay'ſt thou, Biondello?

*Bion.* You ſaw my maſter wink and laugh upon you.

*Luc.* Biondello, what of that?

*Bion.* 'Faith, nothing; but h'as left me here behind to expound the meaning or moral of his ſigns and tokens.

*Luc.* I pray thee, moralize them.

*Bion.*

*Bion.* Then thus. Baptiſta is ſafe, talking with the deceiving father of a deceitful ſon.

*Luc.* And what of him?

*Bion.* His daughter is to be brought by you to the ſupper.

*Luc.* And then?

*Bion.* The old prieſt at St. Luke's church is at your command at all hours.

*Luc.* And what of all this?

*Bion.* I cannot tell, except they are buſied about a counterfeit aſſurance; take you aſſurance of her, *cum privilegio ad imprimendum ſolùm;* to th' church take the prieſt, clerk, and ſome ſufficient honeſt witneſſes: if this be not that you look for, I have no more to ſay, but bid Bianca farewell for ever and a day.

*Luc.* Hear'ſt thou, Biondello?

*Bion.* I cannot tarry; I knew a wench married in an afternoon as ſhe went to the garden for parſley to ſtuff a rabbet; and ſo may you, Sir; and ſo, adieu, Sir, my maſter hath appointed me to go to St. Luke's, to bid the prieſt be ready to come againſt you come with your appendix. [*Exit*

*Luc.* I may, and will, if ſhe be ſo contented:
She will be pleas'd, then wherefore ſhould I doubt?
Hap what hap may, I'll roundly go about her:
It ſhall go hard if Cambio go without her. [*Exit.*

## SCENE XII. *A green lane.*

*Enter Petruchio, Catharina, and Hortenſio.*

*Pet.* Come on, o' God's name, once more tow'rds our father's.
Good Lord, how bright and goodly ſhines the moon!

*Cath.* The moon! the ſun: it is not moon-light now.

*Pet.* I ſay, it is the moon that ſhines ſo bright.

*Cath.* I know it is the ſun that ſhines ſo bright.

*Pet.* Now by my mother's ſon, and that's myſelf,
It ſhall be moon, or ſtar, or what I liſt,
Or ere I journey to my father's houſe:
Go on, and fetch our horſes back again.
Evermore croſt and croſt, nothing but croſt!

*Hor.*

*Hor.* Say as he ſays, or we ſhall never go.

*Cath.* Forward I pray, ſince we are come ſo far,
And be it moon, or ſun, or what you pleaſe:
And if you pleaſe to call it a ruſh-candle,
Henceforth I vow it ſhall be ſo for me.

*Pet.* I ſay it is the moon.

*Cath.* I know it is the moon.

*Pet.* Nay, then you lie; it is the bleſſed ſun.

*Cath.* Then, God be bleſs'd, it is the bleſſed ſun.
But ſun it is not, when you ſay it is not;
And the moon changes, even as your mind.
What will you have it nam'd, even that it is,
And ſo it ſhall be ſo for Catharine.

*Hor.* Petruchio, go thy way, the field is won.

*Pet.* Well, forward, forward, thus the bowl ſhould run;
And not unluckily againſt the bias.
But ſoft, ſome company is coming here.

## SCENE XIII. *Enter Vincentio.*

Good-morrow, gentle Miſtreſs, where away? [*To Vincentio.*
Tell me, ſweet Kate, and tell me truly too,
Haſt thou beheld a freſher gentlewoman?
Such war of white and red within her cheeks!
What ſtars do ſpangle heaven with ſuch beauty,
As thoſe two eyes become that heav'nly face?
Fair lovely maid, once more good day to thee:
Sweet Kate, embrace her for her beauty's ſake.

*Hor.* He will make the man mad, to make a woman of him.

* *Cath.* Young budding virgin, fair, and freſh, and ſweet,



* *In the firſt ſketch of this play, printed in* 1607, *we find two ſpeeches in this place worth preſerving, and ſeeming to be of the hand of Shakeſpeare, tho' the reſt of that play is far inferior.* Mr. Pope.

Fair lovely maiden, young and affable,
More clear of hue, and far more beautiful
Than precious ſardonyx, or purple rocks,
Of amethyſts, or gliſtering hyacinth——
——Sweet Catharine, this lovely woman——

*Cath.*

Whither away, or where is thy abode?
Happy the parents of ſo fair a child;
Happier the man whom favourable ſtars
Allot thee for his lovely bedfellow!

*Pet.* Why, how now, Kate, I hope thou art not mad!
This is a man, old, wrinkled, faded, withered,
And not a madman, as thou ſay'ſt he is.

*Cath.* Pardon, old father, my miſtaken eyes;
That have been ſo bedazzled with the ſun,
That every thing I look on ſeemeth green.
Now I perceive, thou art a reverend father;
Pardon, I pray thee, for my mad miſtaking.

*Pet.* Do, good old grandſire, and withal make known
Which way thou travelleſt; if along with us,
We ſhall be joyful of thy company.

*Vin.* Fair Sir, and you my merry Miſtreſs,
That with your ſtrange encounter much amaz'd me;
My name is call'd *Vincentio*, my dwelling Piſa;
And bound I am to Padua, there to viſit
A ſon of mine, which long I have not ſeen.

*Pet.* What is his name?

*Vin.* *Lucentio*, gentle Sir.

*Pet.* Happily met, the happier for thy ſon;
And now by law, as well as reverend age,
I may intitle thee my loving father:
The ſiſter of my wife, this gentlewoman,
Thy ſon by this hath married. Wonder not,
Nor be not griev'd, ſhe is of good eſteem,
Her dowry wealthy, and of worthy birth;
Beſide, ſo qualified, as may beſeem
The ſpouſe of any noble gentleman.
Let me embrace with old Vincentio,
And wander we to ſee thy honeſt ſon,
Who will of thy arrival be full joyous.

*Vin.*

*Cath.* Fair lovely Lady, bright and chryſtalline,
Beauteous and ſtately as the eye-train'd bird;
As glorious as the morning waſh'd with dew,
Within whoſe eyes ſhe takes her dawning beams,
And golden ſummer ſleeps upon thy cheeks.
Wrap up thy radiations in ſome cloud,
Leſt that thy beauty make this ſtately town
Unhabitable as the burning zone,
With ſweet reflections of thy lovely face.

*Vin.* But is this true, or is it elſe your pleaſure,
Like pleaſant travellers, to break a jeſt
Upon the company you overtake?
*Hor.* I do aſſure thee, father, ſo it is.
*Pet.* Come, go along, and ſee the truth hereof:
For our firſt merriment hath made thee jealous.
[*Exeunt Pet. Cath. and Vin.*
*Hor.* Well, Petruchio, this hath put me in heart.
Have to my widow; and if ſhe be froward,
Then haſt thou taught Hortenſio to be untoward.
[*Exit.*

## ACT V. SCENE I.

*Before Lucentio's houſe.*

*Enter Biondello, Lucentio, and Bianca, Gremio, walking on one ſide.*

*Bion.* SOFTLY and ſwiftly, Sir, for the prieſt is ready.
*Luc.* I fly, Biondello; but they may chance to need thee at home, therefore leave us.
*Bion.* Nay, 'faith, I'll ſee the church o' your back, and then come back to my maſter as ſoon as I can.
[*Exit.*
*Gre.* I marvel Cambio comes not all this while.

*Enter Petruchio, Catharina, Vincentio, and Grumio, with attendants.*

*Pet.* Sir, here's the door, this is Lucentio's houſe,
My father's bears more towards the market-place;
Thither muſt I, and here I leave you, Sir.
*Vin.* You ſhall not chuſe but drink before you go;
I think I ſhall command your welcome here;
And by all likelihood ſome cheer is toward. [*Knocks.*
*Gre.* They're buſy within, you were beſt knock louder.
[*Pedant looks out of the window.*
*Ped.* What's he that knocks as he would beat down the gate?
*Vin.* Is Signior Lucentio within, Sir?

*Ped.* He's within, Sir, but not to be ſpoken withal.

*Vin.* What if a man bring him a hundred pound or two, to make merry withal?

*Ped.* Keep your hundred pounds to yourſelf, he ſhall need none as long as I live.

*Pet.* Nay, I told you, your ſon was beloved in Padua. Do you hear, Sir? to leave frivolous circumſtances, I pray you, tell Signior Lucentio that his father is come from Piſa, and is here at the door to ſpeak with him.

*Ped.* Thou lieſt; his father is come to Padua, and here looking out of the window.

*Vin.* Art thou his father?

*Ped.* Ay, Sir; ſo his mother ſays, if I may believe her.

*Pet.* Why, how now, gentleman! why, this is flat knavery, to take upon you another man's name.

*Ped.* Lay hands on the villain. I believe he means to cozen ſome body in this city under my countenance.

## SCENE II. *Enter Biondello.*

*Bion.* I have ſeen them in the church together. God ſend 'em good ſhipping! But who is here! mine old maſter Vincentio? now we are undone, and brought to nothing.

*Vin.* Come hither, crackhemp. [*Seeing Biondello.*

*Bion.* I hope I may chuſe, Sir.

*Vin.* Come hither, you rogue. What! have you forgot me?

*Bion.* Forgot you? no, Sir: I could not forget you, for I never ſaw you before in all my life.

*Vin.* What, you notorious villain! didſt thou never ſee thy maſter's father Vincentio?

*Bion.* What, my old worſhipful old maſter? yes, marry, Sir, ſee where he looks out of the window.

*Vin.* Is't ſo indeed? [*He beats Biondello.*

*Bion.* Help, help, help, here's a madman will murder me.

*Ped.* Help, ſon: help, Signior Baptiſta.

*Pet.* Pr'ythee, Kate, let's ſtand aſide, and ſee the end of this controverſy. [*They retire.*

*Enter*

*Enter Pedant with ſervants, Baptiſta, and Tranio.*

*Tra.* Sir, what are you, that offer to beat my ſervant?

*Vin.* What am I, Sir! Nay, what are you, Sir? Oh, immortal gods! oh, fine villain! a ſilken doublet, a velvet hoſe, a ſcarlet cloak and a copatain hat: oh, I am undone! I am undone! while I play the good huſband at home, my ſon and my ſervants ſpend all at the univerſity.

*Tra.* How now, what's the matter?

*Bap.* What, is this man lunatic?

*Tra.* Sir, you ſeem a ſober ancient gentleman by your habit, but your words ſhew you a madman. Why, Sir, what concerns it you, if I wear pearl and gold? I thank my good father, I am able to maintain it.

*Vin.* Thy father! oh villain, he is a ſailmaker in Bergamo.

*Bap.* You miſtake, Sir, you miſtake, Sir; pray, what do you think is his name?

*Vin.* His name? as if I knew not his name: I have brought him up ever ſince he was three years old, and his name is *Tranio.*

*Ped.* Away, away, mad aſs! his name is *Lucentio:* and he is mine only ſon, and heir to the lands of me Signior Vincentio.

*Vin.* Lucentio! oh, he hath murdered his maſter; lay hold of him, I charge you in the Duke's name; oh, my ſon, my ſon, tell me, thou villain, where is my ſon Lucentio?

*Tra.* Call forth an officer; carry this mad knave to the jail; Father Baptiſta, I charge you, ſee that he be forthcoming.

*Vin.* Carry me to jail!

*Gre.* Stay, officer, he ſhall not go to priſon.

*Bap.* Talk not, Signior Gremio: I ſay, he ſhall go to priſon.

*Gre.* Take heed, Signior Baptiſta, leſt you be coney-catch'd in this buſineſs; I dare ſwear this is the right Vincentio.

*Ped.* Swear, if thou dar'ſt.

*Gre.* Nay, I dare not ſwear it.

*Tra.* Then thou wert beſt ſay that I am not Lucentio?

*Gre.* Yes, I know thee to be Signior Lucentio.

*Bap.* Away with the dotard, to the jail with him.

*Enter Lucentio and Bianca.*

*Vin.* Thus ſtrangers may be hal'd and abus'd; oh, monſtrous villain!

*Bion.* Oh, we are ſpoil'd, and yonder he is; deny him, forſwear him, or elſe we are all undone.

[*Exeunt Biondello, Tranio, and Pedant.*

## SCENE III.

*Luc.* Pardon, ſweet father. [*Kneeling.*

*Vin.* Lives my ſweet ſon?

*Bian.* Pardon, dear father.

*Bap.* How haſt thou offended? where is Lucentio?

*Luc.* Here's Lucentio, right ſon to the right Vincentio,
That have by marriage made thy daughter mine:
While counterfeit ſuppoſers bleer'd thine eyne.

*Gre.* Here's packing with a witneſs to deceive us all.

*Vin.* Where is that damn'd villain Tranio,
That fac'd and brav'd me in this matter ſo?

*Bap.* Why, tell me, is not this my Cambio?

*Bian.* Cambio is chang'd into Lucentio.

*Luc.* Love wrought theſe miracles. Bianca's love
Made me exchange my ſtate with Tranio,
While he did bear my countenance in the town:
And happily I have arriv'd at laſt
Unto the wiſhed haven of my bliſs:
What Tranio did, myſelf inforc'd him to;
Then pardon him, ſweet father, for my ſake.

*Vin.* I'll ſlit the villain's noſe that would have ſent me to the jail.

*Bap.* But do you hear, Sir, have you married my daughter without aſking my good-will.

*Vin.* Fear not, Baptiſta, we will content you, go to: but I will in, to be reveng'd on this villain. [*Exit.*

*Bap.* And I, to ſound the depth of this knavery. [*Exit.*

*Luc.* Look not pale, Bianca, thy father will not frown. [*Exeunt.*

*Gre.* My cake is dough; but I'll in among the reſt,
Out of hope of all but my ſhare of the feaſt. [*Exit.*

*Petruchio.*

[*Petruchio and Catharina, advancing.*

*Cath.* Huſband, let's follow to ſee the end of this ado.

*Pet.* Firſt kiſs me, Kate, and we will,

*Cath.* What, in the midſt of the ſtreet?

*Pet.* What, art thou aſham'd of me?

*Cath.* No, Sir, God forbid! but aſham'd to kiſs.

*Pet.* Why, then let's home again: come, ſirrah, let's away.

*Cath.* Nay, I will give thee a kiſs; now, pray thee, love, ſtay.

*Pet.* Is not this well? come, my ſweet Kate;
Better once than never, for never too late. [*Exeunt.*

## SCENE IV. *Changes to Lucentio's apartments* *.

*Enter Baptiſta, Petruchio, Hortenſio, Lucentio, and the reſt.*

*Bap.* Now, in good ſadneſs, ſon Petruchio,
I think thou haſt the verieſt ſhrew of all.

*Pet.*

* ——*apartments,*

*Enter Baptiſta, Vincentio, Gremio, Pedant, Lucentio, Bianca, Tranio, Biondello, Petruchio, Catharina, Grumio, Hortenſio, and widow. Tranio's ſervants bringing in a banquet.*

*Luc.* At laſt, tho' long, our jarring notes agree:
And time it is, when raging war is done,
To ſmile at 'ſcapes and perils overblown.
My fair Bianca, bid my father welcome,
While I with ſelf-ſame kindneſs welcome thine;
Brother Petruchio, ſiſter Catharine,
And thou, Hortenſio, with thy loving widow,
Feaſt with the beſt, and welcome to my houſe:
My banquet is to cloſe our ſtomachs up
After our great good cheer: pray you, ſit down;
For now we ſit to chat, as well as eat.

*Pet.* Nothing but ſit and ſit, and eat and eat!

*Bap.* Padua affords this kindneſs, ſon Petruchio.

*Pet.* Padua affords nothing but what is kind.

*Hor.* For both our ſakes I would that word were true.

*Pet.* Now, for my life, Hortenſio fears his widow.

*Wid.* Then never truſt me, if I be afeard.

*Pet.* You are very ſenſible, and yet you miſs my ſenſe.
I mean, Hortenſio is afeard of you.

*Wid.* He that is giddy, thinks the world turns round.

*Pet.* Roundly replied.

*Cath.*

*Pet.* Well, I ſay, no; and therefore for aſſurance,
Let's each one ſend unto his wife, and he
Whoſe wife is moſt obedient to come firſt,
When he doth ſend for her, ſhall win the wager.

*Hor.*

*Cath.* Miſtreſs, how mean you that!
*Wid.* Thus I conceive by him.
*Pet.* Conceives by me, how likes Hortenſio that?
*Hor.* My widow ſays, thus ſhe conceives her tale.
*Pet.* Very well mended; kiſs him for that, good widow.
*Cath.* He that is giddy, thinks the world turns round——
I pray you, tell me what you meant by that.
*Wid.* Your huſband, being troubled with a ſhrew,
Meaſures my huſband's ſorrow by his woe.
And now you know my meaning.
*Cath.* A very mean meaning.
*Wid.* Right, I mean you.
*Cath.* And I am mean, indeed, reſpecting you.
*Pet.* To her, Kate.
*Hor.* To her, widow.
*Pet.* A hundred marks, my Kate does put her down.
*Hor.* That's my office.
*Pet.* Spoke like an officer; ha' to thee, lad. [*Drinks to Hortenſio.*
*Bap.* How likes Gremio theſe quick-witted folks?
*Gre.* Believe me, Sir, they butt heads together well.
*Bian.* Head and butt? an haſty-witted body
Would ſay, your head and butt were head and horn.
*Vin* Ay, Miſtreſs Bride, hath that awaken'd you?
*Bian.* Ay, but not frighted me, therefore I'll ſleep again.
*Pet.* Nay, that thou ſhalt not, ſince you have begun:
Have at you for a better jeſt or two.
*Bian.* Am I your bird? I mean to ſhift my buſh:
And then purſue me, as you draw your bow.
You are welcome all.

[*Exeunt Bianca, Catharine, and Widow.*

*Pet.* She hath prevented me. Here, Signior Tranio,
This bird you aim'd at, tho' you hit it not;
Therefore a health to all that ſhot and miſs'd.
*Tra.* Oh, Sir, Lucentio ſlipp'd me like his grey-hound,
Which runs himſelf, and catches for his maſter.
*Pet.* A good ſwift ſmile, but ſomething curriſh.
*Tra.* 'Tis well, Sir, that you hunted for yourſelf;
'Tis thought your dear does hold you at a bay.
*Bap.* Oh, oh, Petruchio, Tranio hits you now.
*Luc.* I thank thee for that gird, good Tranio.
*Hor.* Confeſs, confeſs, hath he not hit you there?
*Pet.* He has a little gall'd me, I confeſs;
And as the jeſt did glance away from me,
'Tis ten to one it maim'd you two outright.

*Enter Baptiſta, &c.*

*Hor.* Content,——what wager?
*Luc* Twenty crowns.
*Pet.* Twenty crowns!
I'll venture ſo much on my hawk or hound,
But twenty times ſo much upon my wife.
*Luc.* A hundred then.
*Hor.* Content.
*Pet.* A match; 'tis done.
*Hor.* Who ſhall begin?
*Luc.* That will I.
Go, Biondello, bid your miſtreſs come to me.
*Bion.* I go. [*Exit.*
*Bap.* Son, I'll be your half, Bianca comes.
*Luc.* I'll have no halves: I'll bear it all myſelf.

*Re-enter Biondello.*

How now, what news?
*Bion.* Sir, my miſtreſs ſends you word
That ſhe is buſy, and cannot come.
*Pet.* How? ſhe's buſy, and cannot come, is that an anſwer?
*Gre.* Ay, and a kind one too:
Pray God, Sir, your wife ſend you not a worſe.
*Pet.* I hope better.
*Hor.* Sirrah, Biondello, go, and intreat my wife to come to me forthwith. [*Exit Biondello.*
*Pet.* Oh, oh! intreat her! nay, then ſhe needs muſt come.
*Hor.* I am afraid, Sir, do you what you can,

*Enter Biondello.*

Yours will not be intreated. Now, where's my wife?
*Bion.* She ſays, you have ſome goodly jeſt in hand;
She will not come: ſhe bids you come to her.
*Pet.* Worſe and worſe, ſhe will not come!
Oh vile, intolerable, not to be endur'd.
Sirrah, Grumio, go to your miſtreſs,
Say, I command her to come to me. [*Exit Gru.*
*Hor.* I know her anſwer.
*Pet.* What?
*Hor.* She will not.
*Pet.* The fouler fortune mine, and there's an end.

SCENE

## SCENE V. *Enter Catharina.*

*Bap.* Now, by my holidame, here comes Catharine!
*Cath.* What is your will, Sir, that you ſend for me?
*Pet.* Where is your ſiſter, and Hortenſio's wife?
*Cath.* They ſit conferring by the parlour-fire.
*Pet.* Go fetch them hither; if they deny to come,
Swinge me them ſoundly forth unto their huſbands;
Away, I ſay, and bring them hither ſtraight.
[*Exit Catharina.*
*Luc.* Here is a wonder, if you talk of a wonder.
*Hor.* And ſo it is: I wonder what it bodes.
*Pet.* Marry, peace it bodes, and love, and quiet life,
And awful rule, and right ſupremacy:
And, to be ſhort, what not that's ſweet and happy.
*Bap.* Now fair befal thee, good Petruchio!
The wager thou haſt won; and I will add
Unto their loſſes twenty thouſand crowns,
Another dowry to another daughter;
For ſhe is chang'd as ſhe had never been.
*Pet.* Nay, I will win my wager better yet,
And ſhow more ſign of her obedience,
Her new-built virtue and obedience.

*Enter Catharina, Bianca, and Widow.*

See, where ſhe comes, and brings your froward wives
As priſoners to her womanly perſuaſion.
Catharine, that cap of yours becomes you not;
Off with that bauble, throw it under foot.
[*She pulls off her cap, and throws it down.*
*Wid.* Lord, let me never have a cauſe to ſigh,
Till I be brought to ſuch a ſilly paſs.
*Bian.* Fie, what a fooliſh duty call you this?
*Luc.* I would your duty were as fooliſh too!
The wiſdom of your duty, fair Bianca,
Coſt me an hundred crowns ſince ſupper-time.
*Bian.* The more fool you, for laying on my duty.
*Pet.* Catharine, I charge thee, tell theſe headſtrong women,
What duty they owe to their lords and huſbands.
*Wid.* Come, come, you're mocking; we will have no telling.

*Pet.*

*Pet.* Come on, I ſay, and firſt begin with her.
*Wid.* She ſhall not.
*Pet.* I ſay, ſhe ſhall; and firſt begin with her.
*Cath.* Fie! fie! unknit that threat'ning unkind brow,
And dart not ſcornful glances from thoſe eyes,
To wound thy lord, thy king, thy governor.
" It blots thy beauty, as froſts bite the meads;
" Confounds thy fame, as whirlwinds ſhake fair buds;
" And in no ſenſe is meet or amiable.
" A woman mov'd is like a fountain troubled,
" Muddy, ill-ſeeming, thick, bereft of beauty;
" And while it is ſo, none ſo dry or thirſty
" Will daign to ſip, or touch one ſip of it.
" Thy huſband is thy lord, thy life, thy keeper,
" Thy head, thy ſovereign; one that cares for thee,
" And for thy maintenance: commits his body
" To painful labour, both by ſea and land;
" To watch the night in ſtorms, the day in cold,
" While thou ly'ſt warm at home, ſecure and ſafe;
" And craves no other tribute at thy hands,
" But love, fair looks, and true obedience;
" Too little payment for ſo great a debt.
" Such duty as the ſubject owes the prince,
" Even ſuch a woman oweth to her huſband:
" And when ſhe's froward, peeviſh, ſullen, ſour,
" And not obedient to his honeſt will;
" What is ſhe but a foul contending rebel,
" And graceleſs traitor to her loving lord?
" I am aſham'd, that women are ſo ſimple
" To offer war where they ſhould kneel for peace;
" Or ſeek for rule, ſupremacy, and ſway,
" When they are bound to ſerve, love, and obey.
" Why are our bodies ſoft, and weak and ſmooth,
" Unapt to toil and trouble in the world,
" But that our ſoft conditions and our hearts
" Should well agree with our external parts?"
Come, come, you froward and unable worms,
My mind hath been as big as one of yours,
My heart as great, my reaſon haply more,
To bandy word for word, and frown for frown;
But now I ſee, our launces are but ſtraws,
Our ſtrength is weak, our weakneſs paſt compare;

That

That ſeeming to be moſt, which we indeed leaſt are *.

*Enter two ſervants bearing Sly in his own apparel, and leaving him on the ſtage. Then enter a Tapſter.*

*Sly awaking.*] *Sim, give's ſome more wine——What, all the players gone? am not I a Lord?*

*Tap. A Lord, with a murrain! come, art thou drunk ſtill?*

*Sly. Who's this? Tapſter! oh, I have had the braveſt dream that ever thou heardſt in all thy life.*

*Tap. Yea, marry, but thou hadſt beſt get thee home, for your wife will curſe you for dreaming here all night.*

*Sly. Will ſhe? I know how to* tame a ſhrew. *I dream'd upon it all this night, and thou haſt wak'd me out of the beſt dream that ever I had. But I'll to my wife, and tame her too, if ſhe anger me.*

* ——————indeed leaſt are.
Then vail your ſtomachs, for it is no boot,
And place your hands below your huſband's foot:
In token of which duty, if he pleaſe,
My hand is ready, may it do him eaſe.

*Pet.* Why, there's a wench: come on, and kiſs me, Kate.

*Luc.* Why, go thy ways, old lad, for thou ſhalt ha't.

*Vin.* 'Tis a good hearing, when children are toward.

*Luc.* But a harſh hearing, when women are froward.

*Pet.* Come, Kate, we'll to bed;
We two are married, but you two are ſped.
'Twas I won the wager, though you hit the white;
And being a winner, God give you good night.

[*Exeunt Petruchio and Catharina.*

*Hor.* Now, go thy ways, thou haſt tam'd a curs'd ſhrew.

*Luc.* 'Tis a wonder, by your leave, ſhe will be tam'd ſo.

[*Exeunt omnes.*

*Enter*, &c.

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THE END OF THE SECOND VOLUME.